"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cooler today; fair Friday; light northerly winds.
Max. 84, Min. 67.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,945. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

GEDDES RECOUNTS ELLIS ISLAND EVILS, SUGGESTS REMEDIES

Report to Curzon Lays Principal Stress on the Inadequacy of Housing Accommodations.

FOUND DIRT AND CONFUSION

But Admits That With Present Limitations Many Immigrant Hardships Are Inevitable.

APPEAL SYSTEM 'DIABOLIC'

Ambassador Gives Unpleasant Account of Medical Examinations With "Makeshift" Arrangements.

LONDON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Specific recommendations for the improvement of conditions at Ellis Island, the principal gateway into America for European emigrants, are contained in a report to the Foreign Secretary, Lord Curzon, from Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, made public here today.

The report, drafted by the Ambassador after a visit to the island last December, was issued in the form of a White Parliamentary Paper. The general criticism is that the Ellis Island plant is too small, that what additional space is available is useless because it is unventilated, and that the buildings are generally in a poor state of repair.

The Ambassador says that if he were asked to advise the responsible authorities he would make twelve recommendations. The most important of these would be:

Thoroughgoing repairs of the existing buildings, affording better detention quarters, and better facilities for medical examinations.

The building of a new station for immigrants requiring kosher food, or the retention of Ellis Island as such a station, the rest of the immigrants being accommodated elsewhere.

The providing of a new station for terminal departure.

The authorization of American Consuls to refuse visas to would-be immigrants who would obviously be rejected at Ellis Island, and the conclusion of arrangements for final American approval or disapproval of prospective immigrants in their home lands.

Ambassador Saw Many Dirty Corners.

"Greasy dirt," weeks, and perhaps months, old—was seen by the Ambassador in many corners, with the result that the place was "pervaded by a flat, stale smell * * * quite distinct from the pungent odor of unwashed humanity."

Sir Auckland thinks the staff got used to this odor, but he says for himself that "it took me thirty-six hours to get rid of the aroma, which flavored everything I ate or drank."

He says the sleeping accommodations are often unpleasant, but he found the food good and well cooked, although the place could not be kept clean owing to the "table manners" of some of the guests. He thinks detention on the island must be a hateful experience for all persons of any sensibility. The medical and board rooms he terms unsuitable and inadequate. All the arrangements for handling admitted immigrants, however, are efficient and reflect high credit upon those concerned.

Sir Auckland thinks that "the very heart of the tragedy of Ellis Island" concerns those temporarily detained, but says this is nobody's fault and cannot be avoided unless a plan be put into effect whereby the immigrants can finally be approved for admission into the United States before they leave thir own lands.

"As a matter of fact," he asserts, "what Ellis Island needs, in my judgment, is to be relieved of the presence of about one-half of the people who are penned into it."

TEXT OF THE REPORT.

Following is the text of Sir Auckland Geddes's report:

DISPATCH FROM H. M. AMBASSADOR AT WASHINGTON REPORTING ON CONDITIONS AT ELLIS ISLAND IMMIGRATION STATION.

Sir A. Geddes to the Marquess Curzon of Kedleston. (Received Jan. 29.)

My Lord—I have the honor to inform you that on the 18th December I received a courteous invitation from Mr. Davis, the Secretary of Labor, to visit Ellis Island. I accepted this invitation, and on the 28th December, 1922, I visited the island and inspected the institutions there.

Ellis Island consists of three islands. The buildings of the immigration station are on one island, the general hospital on another and the isolation hospital on the third.

I saw the immigration station thoroughly, and enough of the general hospital to arrive at a fair idea of its state of efficiency. I had time to glance at the isolation hospital. I propose to give my impression of these establishments in order.

1. THE IMMIGRATION STATION.

Administrative Officer—Mr. Robert E. Tod, Commissioner of Immigration, Port of New York.*

(a) STAFF—Mr. Tod is a gentleman of independent means who, some fourteen months ago, accepted office as Commissioner of Immigration at the Port of New York. He is a sympathetic, kindly, energetic and efficient man, who holds office for patriotic reasons. Any country might be proud to point to him as one of its officials. Mr. Tod has spared neither time, thought nor pocket in his efforts to make Ellis Island humanely efficient.

(b) BUILDINGS—I was not favorably impressed by the plan of the buildings of

*Mr. Tod has resigned since the date of this dispatch.

Continued on Page Seven.

Children's shoes and hosiery worn inside the Kaiser Boston Garter for its style, comfort and service. 50c a pair.—Advt.

Italy Will Test Army Units As Substitutes for Cavalry

ROME, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The army manoeuvres to be held soon in Northern Italy promise to be especially interesting because a new formation for the army will be experimented with.

Two types of units will be tried. One of these will be composed of a division of storm troops with wireless and flying sections intended to replace the cavalry, of which the last war is held to have shown the uselessness. The other will be a division of light infantry provided with all possible means to obtain the maximum mobility.

If the experiments prove successful the whole army will probably be remodeled on these lines.

SIGN PLAN TO GIVE MEXICO RECOGNITION

Envoys Conclude Conferences With the Approval of Records of Their Work.

PRESIDENTS TO ACT NEXT

Agreements on Oil and Land Rights Are Expected to Be Accepted.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 15.—The Mexican-American conferences on outstanding differences formally ended this afternoon with the signing of the minutes of the meetings which, it is believed, embrace an agreement that will lead to the recognition of the Mexican Government by the United States.

The records were signed by J. Ralph Ringe, secretary, for the American commissioners, and Juan F. Urquidi, for the Mexican delegates.

Charles B. Warren, speaking for the Americans, said that the results of the meetings would now be delivered to the Presidents of both countries, and that afterward a joint statement would be issued by both Governments. He expressed the view that the conferences had been successful and that the Mexican Commissioners had been very friendly and open. Mr. Warren said that he was departing with the greatest respect for the Mexican people and expected to arrive in Washington Monday morning. He and John Barton Payne, the other American Commissioner, will proceed to the border on a special train furnished by the Mexican Government.

Fernando Gonzales Roa of the Mexican Commission said that he was sure that the people of both countries were now very friendly and that if it depended only on the opinions of the people of Mexico and the United States not the slightest obstacle would present itself in the future.

The general feeling in Mexico City is that recognition is sure. Both Messrs. Warren and Payne have become very popular here and the American colony expresses the wish that the next Ambassador will be a man of the calibre of Mr. Warren.

Oil and Land Rights Defined.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The signing here today of the records of the conference between representatives of the United States and Mexico, embodying an agreement designed to make possible the resumption of diplomatic relations, brought to a successful conclusion negotiations extending more than thirteen weeks between Charles B. Warren and John Barton Payne, as personal representatives of the American President, and Fernando Gonzales Roa and Ramon Ross for President Obregon.

The American delegates will leave soon for Washington for the submission of the records, together with the accompanying claims conventions, to President Coolidge and Secretary of State Hughes. It is confidently expected here that the Mexican Government's interpretations of the subsoil-petroleum legislation and the agrarian laws contained in the records assigned will be acceptable to the American Administration and that the appointment of a United States Ambassador to Mexico will not long be delayed.

The indications are that the two claims conventions, which are intimately related to the Washington Government's determination to secure guarantees for American rights in Mexico, will soon be submitted to the American and Mexican Senates for approval, contingent upon the extension of recognition.

Rights Prior to 1917 Are Upheld.

The conference records contain Mexican Government interpretations of the subsoil-petroleum and agrarian legislation acceptable to the American delegates and an expression of the Government's intention to follow these interpretations in good faith. Under the subsoil-petroleum section American oil companies' rights to subsoil acquired prior to the going into effect of the

Continued on Page Six.

DE VALERA ARRESTED BY DUBLIN TROOPS FIRING BLANK SHOTS

Soldiers Swoop Down on Ennis Election Meeting as Rebel Leader Appears.

MANY TRAMPLED IN PANIC

Free State Publishes de Valera's Documents and Charges Him With Arson and Murder.

HOLD HIM WITH ASSOCIATES'

Statement Hints at Internment "Until Country Is Safe"—Republicans Voice Anger.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ENNIS, County Clare, Ireland, Aug. 14.—Eamon de Valera is in custody of Free State troops.

Early this afternoon he made his promised appearance at a Sinn Fein election meeting here, and the Government, accepting his challenge, promptly put him under arrest.

Whatever may be the case elsewhere, the electoral campaign is very keen in Ennis. The town was crowded today, with political sympathizers of the various parties streaming in from Limerick and the Clare countryside, parties in automobiles waving flags, lads on bicycles, farmers on horseback and peasants trudging along the roads. As one enters the town by the Limerick road the old Grand Hotel, headquarters of the Republicans, strikes the eye, so beplastered are its lower walls with posters of every color, mostly Republican, but including those issued by John MacNeill, Speaker of the Dail Eireann. Further up the narrow, crowded, dusty O'Connell Street are the hustings, on one side of which is written "Vote for MacNeill" and on another "Damn your concessions, England. We want our country. Up de Valera." Both sides thus have their say. An effective governmental poster asks, "Who looted your shops, robbed your banks, destroyed your bridges, murdered your sons?" Free State flags fly everywhere, and those of the Republicans bear the letters I. R. in crape.

During this morning the crowds were quiet but expectant. De Valera seemed to tarry and everywhere the question was "Will he come!" At a few minutes past 2 o'clock he appeared, driving up in an open car, preceded by a band. He was greeted with loud cheers by the crowd which had collected around the hustings, where O'Connell Street and Parnell Square join.

Scenes of Panic as Troops Fire.

After the usual demonstrations and rather tedious preliminary speeches de Valera arose and addressed the crowd. He looked pale and drawn, but his voice carried well.

He had uttered only a few sentences, however, when an armored car tried to pass through the crowd and troops began to move toward the hustings. Instantly there was panic in the crowd. The troops fired into the air and de Valera dropped, while some of his friends rushed to him, trying to drag him from the platform.

The scene as de Valera, pale and speechless, stepped from the platform and was instantly seized by the troops almost baffles description. Shrieks of terror rent the air. Several of de Valera's supporters leaped or fell from the platform and Mrs. O'Callaghan, candidate for Limerick, was thrown backward into a quarry, but escaped without serious injury.

Within a few minutes the centre of the square fronting the hustings was clear, except of abandoned banners and papers. The people, mainly republicans, fled madly toward every exit, and as shots continued to be fired flung themselves to the ground and lay two or three deep on the pavements, while others sought to escape across their struggling bodies. Many were bruised and cut, but no one was badly hurt. Though the troops at one point fixed bayonets, apparently fearing that the panic-stricken crowd might rush them, no bayonets were used.

As for de Valera, he seemed to recover as he was formally arrested and walked with the troops to their car, which hurried him to the county jail, now used as a barracks. Once he was gone the troops withdrew and within fifteen minutes the square was full of Clare men discussing the Government's stroke.

"'Tis cruel, clever, strong men they are, President Cosgrave and O'Higgins," said an old republican regretfully, but their opponents laughed as the republicans, who had swarmed into town in automobiles and jaunting cars all morning, waving flags, now swarmed out without their banners, using every available exit and at the best speed of

Continued on Page Eight.

Four Killed in Panic at French Bull Fight; 25 Hurt as Bull Drives Fighters to Stand

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Four persons were killed and twenty-five injured this afternoon when a bull stampeded the crowd at the annual amateur bull fight held near Arles on the Fête of the Assumption. Nine of the injured are in a serious condition.

It is customary for the youths of Provence who possess skill in the bull ring to participate in this festival combat, which is a great attraction for the Provencal fair once. This explains the incident of today, which could not have occurred at a professional fight.

The maddened animal leaped the barrier into the inclosure reserved for the amateur fighters who were waiting for a chance to demonstrate their skill. Instantly the young men climbed into the grandstand, where the crowd was thrown into panic. As the spectators rushed toward the upper tiers of seats the stand fell, burying many in the debris.

BELL-ANS RELIEVES INDIGESTION and Distress After Eating.—Advt.

Two-Cent Stamp in Memory of Harding Authorized by Coolidge for Quick Issue

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—President Coolidge gave his approval today to plans of the Post Office Department for the issuance of a two-cent postage stamp in memory of President Harding. The stamp will be black and white and the feature of the design will be an engraved profile of Mr. Harding.

Postmaster General New conceived the idea of such a tribute to the former President. Three different die proofs of the proposed stamp were taken to the White House today by Mr. New. Each called for a stamp to be printed with black ink on a white background. Each design also called for the placing of the name "Harding" under the profile portrait and the words "United States of America" and "2 cents" on the stamp. One design called for placing the figures "1865-1923," the years of the birth and death of Warren G. Harding, on the stamp. It is not yet certain whether this will be done, although the design selected, because of the better portrait on its face, does contain these dates.

After leaving the White House Postmaster General New directed the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to prepare for the immediate engraving of the new stamp. No limit has been placed on the number to be issued. The stamp will be ready, it was stated at the Post Office Department, within three weeks and is to be placed on sale throughout the country.

There are at present two designs of two-cent stamps in circulation—both red and each containing George Washington's portrait—old and new issues. Where stocks of the old issue are on hand, the new two-cent red has not been placed on sale. It is not the intention to displace the sale of the red two-cent stamps permanently. The Harding memorial stamp will be sold only until the demand has been satisfied.

DEMOCRATS ATTACK SLEMP APPOINTMENT

National Committee Pictures Coolidge's Choice for Secretary as a Patronage Jobber.

CITES LETTERS AS PROOF

President Accused of Seeking to Round Up Southern Support for Next Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The appointment of former Representative Campbell Bascom Slemp, Republican National Committeeman from Virginia, to be Secretary to the President was sharply criticised in a statement issued late this afternoon by the Democratic National Committee.

As viewed by the committee, the selection of Mr. Slemp, which came as a great surprise to politicians, is "tantamount to an official announcement that President Coolidge is a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1924," and is "the first step to round up the delegates from the Southern States for Coolidge."

These assertions by the Democratic Committee reflect a sentiment that is quite general in political circles in Washington, regardless of party, and was expressed by many before the statement was issued. The appointment is generally regarded as political, though it is recognized that it was probably intended that Mr. Slemp, because of his long service in Congress, should serve as a useful connecting link between the White House and Capitol Hill.

Called "Endorsement of Jobbery."

The charge is made by the Democratic Committee that the appointment of Mr. Slemp carries with it "an endorsement of office jobbery in politics, as practiced by the Republicans, especially in the South," and as "exposed" in the House, Dec. 15 last, "in connection with alleged trafficking in offices by Republicans in Southern States."

The committee quotes letters which were read into the Congressional Record on that date by Thomas Walter Harrison, member from the Seventh District of Virginia, in connection with the collection of money through the alleged sale of post office appointments in Virginia, as proof of its assertions.

Mr. Slemp was in Washington until 2 o'clock this afternoon, but while aware of the gossip linking his name with the alleged sale of Federal offices, he said he did not care to make any statement at this time. Mr. Slemp went to his home at Big Stone Gap, Va., saying he would visit Cincinnati and Chicago on personal business, and return to Washington on Sept. 1, when he would "pull off his coat" and go to work in the White House.

It was learned this evening that Mr. Slemp was appointed largely on the recommendation of Secretary Weeks and Speaker Gillett. Secretary Weeks is understood to regard him as one of the best possible men for the office of Secretary to the President.

Text of Committee's Statement.

The statement issued by the Democratic National Committee reads as follows:

"The appointment of C. Bascom Slemp, Republican National Committeeman from Virginia and former Representative from the Ninth District of that State in Congress, to be Secretary to the President, is tantamount to an official announcement that President Coolidge is a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1924, and that the appointment of Slemp is the first step to round up the delegates from the Southern States for Coolidge.

"If the appointment of a Southern man with this purpose in view had no other significance it would occasion no surprise, nor be subject to criticism, but the selection of C. Bascom Slemp, who was exposed on the floor of the House Dec. 15, 1922, in connection with the alleged trafficking in offices by Republicans in Southern States, came both as a surprise and a shock to the whole country, because it carries with it necessarily an endorsement of office jobbery in politics as practiced by Republicans, especially in the South, and official recognition of one of its most conspicuous exponents in that section, not even excepting Joseph W. Tolbert of South Carolina, whose nomination for United States Marshal of the Western District of that State was once rejected because of charges taht he had trafficked in Federal appointments, and once rejected on the charge that he had been convicted of embezzling Federal funds while Postmaster at Ninety-Six, S. C., and who now holds a recess appointment.

"The appointment of former Congressman Slemp to a position so close to the President has already met with criticism both in the Democratic and Republican press. The Democratic national organization recently announced

Continued on Page Two.

Florida—Tara Sleepers. Daily 1:40 P. M. Miami and St. Petersburg Sleepers. 143 W. 42d St. Tel. Bryant 8413.—Advt.

FALLON AND M'GEE ORDERED TO COURT

Must Show Cause Why They Shouldn't Be Held in Contempt in Fuller Case.

FAILED TO PRODUCE PAPERS

New Action by Judge Goddard Has No Effect on Indictment on Same Ground.

Federal Judge Henry W. Goddard yesterday signed an order directing William J. Fallon and Eugene F. McGee, lawyers, to show cause why they should not be adjudged in contempt of court. The order was made returnable next Tuesday morning when Judge William Bondy will hear the case.

The order was based on the failure of the attorneys to obey the order last May of Judge Mack for the production of certain missing checks, check stubs, documents, books, papers and other records of the bankrupt bucket shop firm of E. M. Fuller & Co.

Though the order of Judge Goddard followed closely on the indictment of the lawyers and their former clients, William F. McGee and Howard M. Fuller, the bankrupt brokers, for concealment and destruction of papers, it was explained that the order to show cause was entirely separate from the indictment, and that the fact that the lawyers had been indicted for concealment of the papers did not protect them against proceedings for contempt in their failure to obey the Court's order to produce the papers.

Issuance of the order resulted from a conference of Judge Goddard with William M. Chadburne, attorney for the E. M. Fuller & Co. creditors; Carl J. Austrian of counsel to Trustee George C. Sprague, and Carl E. Whitney, the attorney for the brokers who declared several days ago that the confessions made by Fuller and William F. McGee "would rock the financial world."

The Elusive Documents.

The order resulted not only from failure of the lawyers to produce the records but also from their affidavits declaring they did not know the whereabouts of the missing papers. In one affidavit Fallon swore the documents were in possession of his clients, then in Ludlow Street Jail for contempt of court in their failure to give up the records. In a subsequent affidavit, after his clients had denied having possession of the papers Fallon asserted he had made a mistake in assuming the papers were in possession of the brokers.

In the indictment returned by the August Federal Grand Jury last Tuesday the brokers' attorneys were charged with inducing their clients to conceal the papers and to destroy some of them. Eugene F. McGee was specifically accused of hiding some of them in a hand bag. In the same connection, Ernest Eidlitz, formerly employed in the offices of Fallon & McGee, had made an affidavit declaring he saw some of the papers removed in a satchel from the lawyers' suite of offices.

The Grand Jury did not hear any witnesses yesterday, being engaged in investigation of a war fraud case. Colonel William Hayward, United States Attorney, said he thought it likely the Grand Jury would resume today its investigation of information contained in the confessions of the brokers. Colonel Hayward said he would call Fuller before the Grand Jury in its renewed investigation. William F. McGee was the principal witness before the Grand Jury in the inquiry that led to Tuesday's indictment.

McGee Says He's Not Worried.

Neither of the brokers has yet been arraigned to plead on the indictment. Colonel Hayward preferring to postpone their appearance for that purpose until they are summoned for Grand Jury testimony or for further examination by him.

Fallon's bail of $5,000 under a prior indictment alleging bribery of a juror in a brokerage trial was continued Tuesday. His partner, Eugene F. McGee, gave $5,000 bail yesterday before Judge Goddard.

"There is nothing to it," said McGee, when asked whether the indictment troubled him. "We will press for trial in September. We are not worried about Eidlitz's affidavit."

He said that it was his understanding that Fuller and William F. McGee had been promised $50,000 for their sensational confessions. He denied the brokers had concealed assets estimated up to $1,000,000 on the Pacific Coast, saying: "Believe me, I think Fuller and his partner need the money that was paid for their confessions. That sum was given them by a newspaper, which also promised Eidlitz $30,000 for information leading to indictments."

Colonel Hayward knew nothing of the $50,000 Eugene F. McGee said had been paid the brokers. He said he would press for trial next month on Tuesday's indictment.

PHILADELPHIA'S NEWEST HOTEL, The Robert Morris. All outside rooms.—Advt.

HARDSHIPS IMPOSED FAIL TO BREAK WILL OF RUHR POPULATION

Proud of Resistance, They Put Up With All Their Miseries Except Food Stoppage.

NO PROFIT IN OCCUPATION

Plans for Exploiting Mines and Cokeries With Local Labor Have Been Abandoned.

FRENCH ADMIT SITUATION

Operation of Railroads Their Sole Success—Sale of Rail System for Reparations Suggested.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Aug. 15.—From today until further orders all public means of communication between Düsseldorf and the outside world except by railroads operated by the French has been cut off. If they want to travel Düsseldorfers must disobey their Government's order and take French trains. Street railways and automobiles are forbidden, and for bicycles a permit must be obtained from the French authorities.

This is the latest French measure for rendering life in the town so intolerable as to compel the populace to revolt against Berlin. Its excuse is the bomb-throwing outrage which occurred ten days ago. Its object, as has been stated, is the double one of compelling the people to use the French trains and rendering life so difficult and irksome that any way out will be acceptable.

Misery of Life in Ruhr Towns.

For five months Düsseldorf, and this is true of most Ruhr towns, has had no telephones, no telegraph, and no mail deliveries except by special service, from outside the occupied area. Now communications necessary for this service have been cut off. For a fortnight past the ten o'clock closing hour has been imposed on all restaurants and cafes and all people must be off the streets by eleven.

Owing to the money shortage few persons can ever obtain at one time more than the million or two marks necessary for the payment of a simple meal. The shops open only an hour at a time, as prices vary so much from hour to hour with exchange that the shopkeepers cannot risk selling in the afternoon at the same price as obtained in the morning. At no period of the war was living so difficult in this country. There are queues everywhere—queues waiting for the bakers to open, queues waiting for the banks to open, queues waiting for the tobacco shops to open.

And yet one of the best informed agents of the French occupying forces here today admitted that in spite of difficulties, in spite of all the irksomeness in daily living, in spite of the complete ruin of trade and almost complete stoppage of industry, if Germany yields it will be because of troubles and the forces of opinion in the unoccupied parts and not because of any weakening of the people in the Rhineland and Ruhr.

This admission, after seven months of occupation, is confirmed gleefully by Germans. If anything, the spirit of resistance seems to be stronger than it was four months ago. Here and there are instances of mutual accommodations between the French and industrialists. On the railroads there are more Germans working than there were in April. There are even uniformed porters at the stations. Every few days when, owing to money shortage, shops refuse to sell their stores, which they are still receiving in plentiful supplies, there are riots and disturbances, but as soon as food is again available the disorders cease.

People Proud of Resistance.

The main part of the industrial population seems to spend more than half its time fishing in the Ruhr and Rhine, and among the workers and tradespeople just as much as among the Industrialists there has grown up a strong feeling of pride that they have resisted so long.

During these last four months the progress of the French in the occupied

Continued on Page Three.

Smuts Looks to United States To 'Rush to Europe's Rescue'

BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange Free State, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Premier Smuts of the Union of South Africa in an address here today made a solemn and powerful appeal for all nations, including America, to help Great Britain in her effort to save Europe from destruction and avert a world-wide disaster.

He said he had faith that America would again rush to the rescue of Europe and help prevent a break-up the effect of which might not be overcome in a century. The whole world must see that Germany was going under, and Great Britain was taking the lead in an attempt to prevent a disaster which would be even more serious than the collapse of Russia.

"I have faith," he said, "that if the nations rally to the side of England the consequence will be far-reaching. If America sees Europe resolutely making an effort to save herself she will rush in and save the world."

GERMANY QUIETER; RED STRIKE FAILS

All Parties Express Surprise at the Weakness of Communist Outbursts.

SOME ISOLATED DISORDERS

Mark Rises and Signs of Stabilization Are Seen—Food Situation Is Better.

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BERLIN, Aug. 15. — The Communist fiasco is complete, to the surprise of all political parties and all classes of Germans. It was generally expected that the Communists would be able to make a greater show of strength in their attempt at a general strike the last few days, but at no stage was there any real danger of the strike becoming general.

One reason for their failure is said to be differences in the Communist leadership, chiefly between the National Executive Council of the Communist Party and the Central Committee of the Red shop councils, the former putting on the brakes, as they believed the time inopportune for a successful struggle.

The German workers have begun to lose faith in the Communist bogey of Bolshevism, which appears to have passed definitely, though the illusion at one time infected wide circles.

Soviet Russia's negotiations with Western capitalists and capitalistic States have made an increasingly unfavorable impression on the thinking German workers. This argument has been heard from many workers who would not join the strike or struck only reluctantly.

The political situation, as well as the food and money crisis, showed lessening tension today. The mark rate was set officially at 2,700,000 to the dollar, and there were signs of stabilization. Call money was 1 to 1¼ per cent. The Boerse experienced an unexpected boom, which was remarkable in the face of the rise in the mark. There was heavy foreign buying, reflecting some revival of faith in Germany's future.

There was a striking and sudden improvement in the food situation, and the rise of the mark brought hoarded food stocks to light, and in many cases sent prices down. Fats, constituting an important item in the workers' diet, went down 30 per cent. State and municipal authorities are rushing large shipments of fats into Berlin.

There has been a pronounced flight of foreigners from Berlin's big hotels, largely due to fear of a revolution. But there are other reasons why Berlin is not a foreign visitors' paradise. The mark recovery has made living extravagantly expensive for visitors, and in many cases they have been unable to get any German money. Foreign visitors have suffered all the inconveniences of a moratorium with none of its benefits.

Think Stresemann Scored Success.

Political ears were cocked today to catch the echo of Stresemann's speech from abroad and the general verdict was that he had scored a success. The

Continued on Page Three.

Air Armada to Make 800-Mile War Test; 21 Planes Will Lay Smoke Screen Here

The biggest demonstration of aircraft power in the United States since the war will be staged along the 800 miles of the Atlantic Coast between Langley Field, Hampton, Va., and Bangor, Me., next Monday. Details of the manoeuvres were learned at Mitchel Field, near Garden City, L. I., where Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, Assistant Chief of the Air Service, conferred with officers in regard to the plans. General Mitchell and his aids, flew to the field yesterday from York Harbor, Me., leaving later for Washington.

Early Monday the first bombardment group stationed at Langley Field, and coalisting of twenty-one super-Martin bombers, will take off as a unit under command of Major John N. Reynolds. The bombardment group will be augmented by six De Havilland planes, one of which General Mitchell will pilot. The air armada will fly direct to Mitchel Field, a distance of 800 miles. The planes will then "hop" 240 miles to Boston, leaving after fueling for Bangor, Me., 200 miles away. It is planned to make the entire trip from Virginia to Maine in nine or ten hours' flying time.

Although the flight is a military manoeuvre, officers in the service believe the sight of an air fleet hovering over the cities will cause attention to be focused on the need of maintaining an air force commensurate with the flying services of other nations, some of which have outstripped the United States in equipment and personnel.

After remaining at Bangor over night the planes will proceed southward. Requests have been received from several cities for demonstrations. Bombers will be detached from the group for this purpose, assembling later at Mitchell Field. It is planned to give New York an idea of aerial warfare by having twenty-one bombers lay a smoke screen 100 feet thick over lower Manhattan, temporarily excluding the sunlight from the downtown section. In this way the Air Service will show what might be expected in the event that an enemy force gained command of the air over New York. Similar demonstrations are contemplated over Philadelphia, Trenton and Baltimore.

The Martin bombers are powered with 400-horsepower Liberty engines equipped with superchargers, a device which increases the "ceiling," or climbing limit. With 1,500 pounds of bombs, a crew of six and military luggage and equipment, the planes can climb to 15,000 feet.

"The industrial and commercial heart of the United States," General Mitchell said, "lies, roughly speaking, in the triangular territory marked by Chicago, Boston and Washington. The Atlantic coast line of this triangle is the most vulnerable to attack. The Air Service can cover this great area in seven hours by day or night. The purpose of the flight to Bangor is the demonstration of mobile defense."

Monday's program will be the first phase of a series of Air Service manoeuvers which will include an aerial attack on two battleships off the Virginia capes in September and establishment of routes and bases essential to the defense of the country by air.

When You Think of Writing, Think of Whiting.—Advt.

OPERATORS AND MEN TO DROP CHECK-OFFS; COAL PEACE IN SIGHT

Anthracite Committee Accepts Miners' Proposal That Each Abandon Deductions.

WAY CLEAR TO TALK WAGES

Operators Confident That Conferences Will Avert Suspension on Sept. 1.

EIGHT-HOUR DAY DEMANDED

Miners Protest Presence of Detectives in Coal Region and Ask That They Be Removed.

The United Mine Workers announced yesterday that they were willing to abandon their demand for the check-off of union dues if the anthracite operators gave up their "age old practice" of checking off from their employes' wages a list of twenty-nine items including air drills, house rent, insurance premiums, house coal, taxes, oil, Liberty bonds and contributions to charity. Representatives of the miners' union submitted the proposal to the United States Coal Commission at the Hotel Pennsylvania and demanded a categorical reply from the operators.

"If the anthracite operators agree with this suggestion it will remove any obstacle which may now exist to prevention of an immediate resumption of joint wage negotiations," read the statement handed by President John L. Lewis of the miners to the Commissioners. "If the anthracite operators refuse this suggestion, then the American people will understand the true selfishness of their position and the United States Coal Commission will be able to report to the President of the United States and place proper responsibility for any suspension of anthracite production."

Operators Accept Miners' Plan.

The position taken by the miners surprised all who have been following the controversy. The commission transmitted the proposition to the operators without comment, and the operators, after stating their case to the commission, retired to the Waldorf to frame a reply.

After several hours' consideration the operators decided to accept the miners' proposal that the operators' check-off be abandoned and they embodied their acceptance in the form of a letter to the Coal Commission. The operators said they would discontinue the check-off in so far as the Pennsylvania law would permit and pointed out that heretofore they had assumed that the practice had the approval of the employes since it never had been presented as a grievance. The operators said that in agreeing to the proposal made by the miners to the commission they assumed that negotiations would promptly be resumed and that no suspension would take place Sept. 1.

Committee's Letter of Reply.

Replying to the charges of the miners that the operators had ordered detectives to the coal fields to create trouble Samuel D. Warriner, spokesman for the operators, declared that as far as he knew, as President of one of the operating companies and as Chairman of the operators' committee, no detectives had been employed by any of the employers to cause trouble. He said that in view of the operators' acceptance of the proposal made to the Coal Commission by the miners he expected that the miner-operator conferences would be resumed where they broke off at Atlantic City.

The letter given out by Mr. Warriner was as follows:

New York, Aug. 15, 1923.

United States Commission,
Pennsylvania Hotel,
New York City.

Gentlemen:

The Anthracite Operators are gratified to note the willingness of the miners' representatives to abandon their demand No. 1, calling for the "check-off," on condition that the operators discontinue the practice of deducting from the wages of employes certain specified items.

The operators accept this proposition. They are prepared to agree in so far as the law of Pennsylvania will permit, to incorporate in the wage agreement as clause discontinuing the present practice, and placing the business upon a cash basis.

Heretofore the operators have extended credit to the men for the purposes named, charging the men's accounts currently and deducting the charges when wages were paid. The operators had assumed that this practice met with the approval of the employes since heretofore such practice has never been presented as a grievance. Neither did the eleven demands presented by the miners at Atlantic City embody any request to abandon this practice.

If now the employes desire a discontinuance of the present practice, the operators are entirely agreeable. The existing practice having been put into effect for the convenience of the men, some inconvenience to them may result from its discontinuance. The operators, however, will be pleased to co-operate with their employes in working out methods which will reduce such inconvenience to minimum.

In agreeing to the foregoing, the operators assume that in accordance with the miners' proposition to your commission negotiations will be promptly resumed and that no suspension will take place Sept. 1, it being understood that the new agreement, when consummated, [illegible] as retroactive to that date.

Respectfully yours,
SAMUEL D. WA[illegible]

Miners Make Three Stipulations.

The miners submitted three [illegible] documents to the commission, which John Hays Hammond is [illegible]

man. The first embodied the demands of the miners, which, short of the details contained in the original eleven demands, asked for the eight-hour day for nine-hour workers, a wage increase, amount not stated, and the check-off.

The second document gave in detail the miners' explanation of their reasons for desiring the check-off, contending that it was "a minor business arrangement which the anthracite operators now enjoy and have continually practiced for more than seventy years throughout the anthracite industry."

The third statement, prepared because newspaper reports from the anthracite regions said that miners were in revolt against the check-off, declared that the anthracite communities were infested with private detectives employed by the anthracite and bituminous operators, attempting to create a situation "where a strike in the anthracite fields would be unavoidable." It was declared that the presence of the private detectives was a menace to public peace and tranquility and the Coal Commission was asked to condemn their activities "and request their immediate removal by the operating interests which employ them."

Commission Seeks Only Facts.

At the conclusion of the conference with the miners and another with the operators, Chairman Hammond told the reporters that he did not consider that the formal proposals made by the miners were directed to the Commission.

"We read it and passed it on to the operators," he said. "We do not wish to be drawn into the merits of the proposals and we will not be drawn into the merits of the operators' proposals if they submit any. The negotiations must be between the miners and the operators. We have made no expression of approval or disapproval of either side's case. We are not here to mediate but to get the facts and report to the President."

Mr. Hammond said that the commission would first obtain the facts and submit them to President Coolidge, and if the President asked for an expression of the Commission's opinion, he would be furnished with it.

Ex-Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, in reply to a request for his opinion of the possibility of a strike on Sept. 1, said:

"I've rather thought right along that wiser counsel would prevail, that they would get together and go ahead. I'm one of those Democrats who believe we won the last election."

"Do you still think there will be a strike?" was a question asked of Dr. George Otis Smith, a member of the commission. He asked "Still or yet?" and added "I don't know."

President Lewis gave reporters the miners' proposals, and he explained that union assessments had never been more than $1 a month except on one occasion, when they were $2 for two months, the miners requiring funds to liquidate outstanding obligations to bankers. In District 9, he said, there has been but one assessment, 5 cents, in twenty-five years, and that there never had been an assessment in District 7.

In discussing the charges that detectives from the operating companies were at work in the anthracite fields stirring up trouble and propaganda against the check-off, Mr. Lewis asserted that some of these detectives were in the pay of the Lehigh Coal Company, of which Samuel D. Warriner, spokesman for the operators, is President.

"Chairman Kennedy of District 7 has had some direct experience with some of these troublemakers," Mr. Lewis added. "The identity of some of them is known and they have been asked to leave the communities. Some have already joined the union and are working from the inside."

In reply to a question, Mr. Lewis said that arbitration had not been discussed at the conference with the Coal Commission, and he said he did not want to discuss it now.

"The story in The Times today that represents the miners revolting against the check-off is not true," he continued. "The statements quoted are not those of miners but of detectives. It is simply is not true that the local unions are revolting against the check-off. Not a single one of the 400 anthracite locals of the 2,500 men each have taken a position opposite to that of the officers of the union. Scores have adopted resolutions in favor of it. We will abandon our check-off if the operators will abandon theirs."

Miners State Proposals.

"How far will the miners go if their terms are not accepted?" Mr. Lewis was asked.

"That is self evident," he replied.

"The contract expires Aug. 31 and the men will be out of a job if the contract is not renewed. The statement of the position of the United Mine Workers on the check-off was as follows:

"The representatives of the United Mine Workers in conference with the anthracite operators asked the same form of contract as exists between the United Mine Workers and the bituminous coal operators. This arrangement implies a provision in the contract wherein the operators upon proper individual order of each individual assignment, would deduct the monthly dues of members of the organization from the earnings of such members. This is desired as a matter of business convenience and in order to increase the stability of the joint agreement between miners and operators. The anthracite operators refused to agree to such a suggestion, which refusal resulted in the breaking off of wage negotiations.

"Paradoxical as it may seem, the United Mine Workers were refused the courtesy and convenience of a miner business arrangement which the anthracite operators now enjoy and have continuously practiced for more than seventy years throughout the anthracite territory.

"The members of the United States Coal Commission must know that every employe of the anthracite operators must submit to the operators' established check-off system by having deducted from his earnings every cent of money which the anthracite operators assess against him. The arrangement is a condition of employment, and individuals realizing the operators' check-off system cannot work in the anthracite fields.

Items Checked off by Operators.

"We call to the attention of the distinguished Commissioners the following list of items, payment for which is checked off the miners' earnings by the anthracite operators and constitute a matter of preferred payment before the employe may have his earnings available for his family needs:

House coal.
Premium for insurance and beneficial funds.
House coal.
Taxes.
Company store accounts.
All drills and jack hammers.
Hospital charges.
Compressed air.
Medicines and surgical supplies.
Carbide.
Cotton.
Fuse.
Oil.
Squibs.
Detonators.
Black powder.
Dynamite.
Permissible explosives.
Electric firing batteries.
Miners' rubber clothing.
Electric lamps.
Oil and carbide lamps.
Wages in tokens.
Company scrip.
Powder weighmen.
Store order notes.
Electric motors.
Electric cable (trolley).
Contributions to community war chests, amounting to $1,000 C. C. A. C. Salvation Army and charitable institutions.

"It will be noted from the foregoing partial list of checkoff deductions now and in the past made by the anthracite operators that these employment necessarily arrogate to themselves the exclusive right to be the beneficiary of the practice. Mr. Warriner for the anthracite operators has denounced the suggestion that miners surrender for a period of months the check-off arrangement as being unfair, illegal and un-American. The mine workers' representatives do not denounce the operators' check-off practices in the same terms of opprobrium, believing that the arrangement is merely a legal and a convenient matter of contract, mutually advantageous to operator and employe where mutual cooperation exists.

Offer to Drop Check-Off.

"If, however, the members of the United States Coal Commission concur in the views of the anthracite operators on this subject, the representatives of the United Mine Workers, with every desire to avoid any public inconvenience, propose that the following step be taken by both sides to settle the controversy:

That the United Mine Workers abandon its demand for a provision in the next contract providing for participating in the check-off arrangement; that in consideration of such abandonment the anthracite operators agree to a provision in the next contract whereby they will abandon their age-old practice of checking off from their employes payment for the long list of items herein incorporated, and such others as may exist.

"Upon this proposition the United Mine Workers desire a categorical reply from the anthracite operators through the United States Coal Commission. If the anthracite operators agree with this suggestion it will remove any obstacle which may now exist in prevention of an immediate resumption of joint wage negotiations. If the anthracite operators refuse this suggestion then the American people will understand the true selfishness of their position and the United States Coal Commission will be able to report to the President of the United States and place proper responsibility for any suspension of anthracite production."

Protest Against Detectives.

Regarding the activities of detectives, the miners made the following protest:

"The United Mine Workers desire to bring to the attention of the United States Coal Commission a menacing situation now existing in the communities of the anthracite producing region. These communities are infested with a horde of private detectives and secret agents obviously employed by certain of the anthracite producing companies and by the bituminous coal operators in the non-union fields. Non-union bituminous coal operators are admittedly in the field to create a situation where a strike in the anthracite fields would be unavoidable. The secret agents of the anthracite operators in the same territory are engaged in disseminating propaganda favorable to the policies of the anthracite operators and in creating community discord. The work of each is equally reprehensible.

"Many of these private detectives are men of low mentality and equally low moral standards and come from that near criminal type of private detectives described by William J. Burns, head of the United States Secret Service, as the most unscrupulous scoundrels in the world.

"The presence of these sinister individuals constitutes a source of growing irritation in the minds of the anthracite mine workers and is particularly menacing to the public peace and tranquility. There is no occasion for their presence and the representatives of the United Mine Workers feel warranted in asking the members of the United States Coal Commission to confirm their actions and request their immediate removal by the operating interests which employ them."

Eight Hour Day Demanded.

The wage proposals of the miners to the operators, as presented to the commission, are as follows:

"The representatives of the United Mine Workers have full appreciation of the natural desire of the coal consuming public to avert a suspension of production after Sept. 1. The mine workers are join in this desire, and in consideration of the emergency which exists in the premises propose the following arrangement, which will relieve public apprehension and be endorsed by every citizen:

That the anthracite operators agree that all men now working nine hours or more per day, shall, on the eight-hour day with commensurate compensation, effective as of Sept. 1; that the necessity of a wage increase be recognized; that the United Mine Workers be accorded the privilege and convenience of the check-off arrangement, effective the same date; that in consideration of such arrangement all other matters be immediately taken up in joint negotiations and the anthracite mines remain in operation pending such negotiations, with a proviso that agreement on all matters when reached shall be retroactive to Sept. 1, 1923.

"In making the foregoing constructive suggestion, the representatives of the United Mine Workers have in mind that the anthracite operators have announced that they agreed in principle with the demand of the mine workers for the eight-hour day apply to all classifications of labor. We also have in mind that in making the check-off arrangement effective Sept. 1, no cost is involved either to the anthracite operators or the consuming public."

More Conferences Today.

The miners are expected to reply to the operators' acceptance of their proposal at a meeting with the commission at 10 o'clock this morning. The commission afterward will meet the operators. Those who took part in the conferences with the commission were: International President Lewis and District Presidents Rinaldo Cappellini, Thomas Kennedy and Chris J. Golden; operators, Samuel D. Warriner, W. J. Richards, W. - Inglis and Eugene McGrath.

While the Coal Commission was busy with the representatives of the industry, another branch of the Government was making an effort to cope with the possibility of a suspension of anthracite production. In discussions with State and local railroad officials in New York, P. H. Wadleigh, Federal Fuel Distributor, sought to extend the tentative plan which had been broached by the National Coal Association, composed of bituminous operators, to focus a supply of anthracite exhibited to points of greatest necessity if the anthracite flow is actually cut off.

With the co-operation of producers of bituminous coal in Central Pennsylvania and the Pocahontas and New River Districts of West Virginia, which produce low volatile coal, Mr. Wadleigh said, and with proper railroad arrangements, very considerable amounts of household lump coal could be distributed. The supply would be further eked out with coke from public utility and by-product plants and with the anthracite in storage there would be a very good chance of preventing public distress for many weeks ahead. The plan for dealing with the situation, he said, was being redrafted and perfected in the light of suggestions from all concerned.

The mine leaders are acting for 158,000 men in the Pennsylvania anthracite field. They say that 91 per cent. of the men are not paid a minimum of $6.20 and a maximum of $7.60 a day and that their average earnings are $125 a month or $1,500 a year. The figures of earnings, according to the miners, are those of the operators. Contract miners are said to average $150 a month.

PUTS BLAME ON MEREDITH.

Brookhart Says He Should Have Prevented the Farm Slump.

RADCLIFFE, Iowa, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The charge that E. T. Meredith, while Secretary of Agriculture in the Wilson Cabinet, "has plans laid for the deflation of agriculture and failed to warn the farmers of what was in the offing to prevent the depreciation of the value of their products, was made by Senator Brookhart of Iowa in an address at a farm bureau picnic here today.

Instead of protesting or acting to prevent the deflation, Senator Brookhart declared, "the Secretary of Agriculture sat in the Wall Street game and helped produce the greatest slump in farm prices in the history of the country."

Senator Brookhart's address was in the nature of a reply to a recent statement by Mr. Meredith in which the latter expressed the opinion the Senator was overestimating the seriousness of the situation in the price of wheat and other farm products.

OIL HEATING GAINS IN POPULARITY HERE

Disgust Over Coal Situation Impels Many Owners to Change Equipment.

NOTABLY IN BIG BUILDINGS

One Company Reports 500 Per Cent. Increase in Sale of Appliances.

Dissatisfaction with the coal situation was declared yesterday to be the prime factor in the development of fuel oil burning for heating large office buildings, hotels, apartment houses and smaller residences in this city. While specific figures on the number of buildings that have substituted fuel oil for coal are not available, a manufacturer of oil-burning equipment said the increase in sales in New York City during the last year was at least 500 per cent. over the preceding year.

Due to strict regulations of the Board of Standards and Appeals of the city, concerning the storage of oil, owners of smaller houses have not found it as practicable to install oil burners, as have the proprietors of buildings using 300 of more tons of coal a month, manufacturers agreed. Because of what he termed "unreasonable" regulations, William C. Brown, General Manager of the Cornell Utilities Company, said that the initial cost for equipping a small house with oil-burning appliances is about double what it should be. Mr. Brown said this year's installations were five times those of last year.

J. A. Langraff, Special Agent of the Standard Oil Company of New York, described recent fuel oil business as phenomenal.

Worry Over Coal a Factor.

"The attitude this year of a large number of people to whom I spoke," said Mr. Langraff, "is that of absolute disgust with the coal situation. They had their experience last year, before, during and immediately after the coal strike and they are not taking any more chances. They would be willing to substitute oil for coal even if it cost them over a third as much more.

"People don't worry about the worry of how to get coal to heat their homes in the winter. They are willing to pay the price for comfort and convenience. Oil burning is past the stage of satisfactory experimentation as a commercial proposition. There has been a phenomenal increase in the installation of oil-burning appliances, especially in residences in the suburbs of New York and in New Jersey and Connecticut."

The present prices of fuel oil, ranges from 4½ cents a gallon for heavy Mexican oil for use in big buildings, to 9 or 10 cents a gallon for refined oil. The latter is burned in the smaller furnaces, where more uniform temperature can possibly be attained through coal heating is furnished by oil, Mr. Langraff asserted. Another advantage is that of cleanliness. The cost of having ashes carried away is also recognized as an added saving. Mr. Langraff pointed out, is the pay of coal heavers. An engineer, or any competent person can watch the oil burners, he declared, because they were automatic for the most part.

The saving to the Ritz-Carlton Hotel during six months after conversion from coal to oil amounted to $25,490. This figure was given out by former Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, President of the Petroleum Heat and Power Company, which has installed oil burners in many of the large buildings in New York and near-by cities. Those in this city that now use or have contracted for oil burners include the following:

Equitable Building, Metropolitan Life Insurance Building, Mount Sinai Hospital, R. H. Macy Company, Hotel Claridge, Columbia University, John Wanamaker, Arnold Constable & Co., Knickerbocker Building, James A. Bearn & Son, American Lithograph Company, Beth Israel Hospital, Bonwit Teller, George Borgfeldt & Co., E. I. Dehemy Jr. at 15 East Eighty-fourth Street, 16 East Eighty-fifth Street, Bowery Savings Bank, Fleischmann Company, Adolph Gobel, Hotel Imperial, Institute for the Blind, Hospital of Joint Diseases, Loyola School, Manhattan Brass Company, National Printing and Lithographing Company, New York Times Annex, 229 Park Avenue Hotel, Pershing Square Building, Prudence Building, Runkle Brothers, San Remo Hotel, 528 Seventh Avenue, 353 Seventh Avenue, 100 William Street and a number of Park Association houses on Riverside Drive, Park Avenue and other streets.

Furnaces Easily Transformed.

Since Major H. A. Bleecker, manager of the Singer Building, started burning oil several years ago, the increase in conversions has been large and steady, said Mr. Adamson. In the last year and especially in the last few weeks, when threats of another coal strike were again made, persons have contracted for oil-burning appliances in increasing numbers, the former Fire Commissioner declared.

Transforming a coal furnace to an oil burner takes about two or three days in a small house, Mr. Adamson said, but Mr. Brown contended it could be done in a day. The existing boiler is not changed but the inside of the fire box must be lined with fire brick to withstand the heat, he explained. Storage tanks, which must be enclosed inside solid concrete or masonry walls, are installed and necessary pumping, pumps, regulators, heaters, shut-off devices, &c., are provided. Plans for the installation must be approved by both the Fire and Building Departments before the actual work can be started.

Mr. Adamson declared that about 120 to 140 gallons of oil are equal to a ton of coal.

FANNY BRICE UNDER KNIFE.

Jokes as Surgeons "Trim" Her Nose "Down to Normalcy."

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 15.—With her face swathed in bandages after an operation to change her nose from "prominent" to "merely decorative," Fanny Brice, the comedienne, could flash out with a bit of humor today.

"I would suggest in the interest of those who must submit to operations, that the surgeons use rubber tools," she said. "For myself, I'd rather a darn sight be cut than hear the clink of steel instruments before the 'doc' start on their job."

Dr. Henry J. Schirson, famed plastic surgeon of Chicago, and Dr. Edward J. Ferguson of this city, who was associated with Dr. Schirson, declared that the operation to change the contour of the Brice nose was an entire success.

The actress stood the ordeal of an hour and forty minutes patiently, while the surgeons removed enough cartilage from her "nose to bring it back to normalcy." The operation was performed in the Brice apartments at the Ritz and only local anesthetics were used.

Miss Brice, after the operation announced that she had been ordered into the strictest retirement for at least twenty-four hours and took to her bed. She will remain here until she is discharged by the doctor, "perfectly," according to her order.

FINDS VOLSTEAD LOOKS DRY

German Reporter in This Impressed by Ex-Congressman at Bremen.

BREMEN, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—"He looked very dry when he told me he did not wish to be interviewed." This was the impression made by former Representative Andrew J. Volstead on one of the German newspaper reporters when he arrived in Bremen today on board the steamer America.

Mr. Volstead is on his way to Copenhagen, Sweden, to attend the International Congress Against Alcohol.

CARNEGIE PLANTS TO SHORTEN DAY

Company Announces Change to Eight Hours to Begin Monday —Others Will Follow.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 15.—Twenty thousand employes of the Carnegie Steel Company, almost all of whom are in the Pittsburgh district, next Monday will be placed on the eight-hour basis day, it was announced today by executives of the company.

This is the first definite action to be taken in Pittsburgh to abolish the twelve-hour day in the steel industry. The continuous operation of four steel manufacturing departments, coke ovens, blast furnaces, open hearth and Bessemer furnaces, immediately will be affected by the inauguration of the eight-hour day.

Under the new plan laborers will receive $4 for eight hours' work, the same pay they formerly would have received for ten hours under the twelve-hour system when the scale was $4.80 for twelve hours.

Twenty-five thousand men employed in the Labelle, Aetna-Standard and the Laughlin plants of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, the Wheeling Steel Corporation mills, the Pollock plant of the Carnegie Steel Company and the Benwood plant of the National Tube Company, all located in the Wheeling district, also will go on the three-shift or eight-hour day.

Due to the shortage of labor the adoption of the eight-hour day by the Woodlawn and Aliquippa plants of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation, and the Midland plant of the Pittsburgh Crucible Steel Company will not be made for the present.

Announcement was made by the concerns affected that the new three-shift day will be made effective as rapidly as possible. Twelve thousand men are affected.

Gompers Is Critical.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Declaring that public opinion had forced the United States Steel Corporation to abolish the twelve-hour work day in the steel industry Samuel Gompers, in a speech today before the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' Convention asserted that the steel corporation's plan to reduce work hour periods for employes doesn't mean the inauguration of the eight-hour day for all steel workers.

Mr. Gompers said that in a recent statement Judge Gary had intimated that the steel industry would "begin the total elimination of the twelve-hour day and progress as rapidly as the labor supply would permit," but that some workmen would be on "ten hours or less, and their present hourly and base rates continued, but wherever practicable by promotion or changed in position the daily earnings would be accordingly adjusted."

President Gompers said the American public demanded a change from the twelve-hour work day to an eight-hour one, and not a change from the former to a ten-hour work day. Action, not pretenses nor promises is what is wanted and needed, he said.

"Judge Gary has repeatedly stated that men employed in the steel industry wanted to work the twelve-hour day and the seven-day week," asserted Mr. Gompers. "The inconsistency of his assertion is shown in the fact that it will cost the Steel Trust $60,000,000 annually to abolish the twelve-hour day and replace it with a bona fide eight-hour day for all employes. This increase goes to the pay envelopes of the workers.

HOLD 5 SLAYER SUSPECTS.

Georgia Officers Arrest Father-in-Law of Murdered Man.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWNAN, Ga., Aug. 15.—Five men, among them J. D. Minter, the father-in-law, and Ben Minter, the brother-in-law of the slain man, were arrested by Sheriff C. P. Carpenter here late today in an investigation of the mysterious death of Millard Trouton of Newman, whose mutilated body was found floating in Line Creek three days after he had been abducted by an unidentified party.

Others arrested were Ben Freeman and W. M. Feltman, and another man whose identity Coweta authorities kept closely guarded. It was said that the fifth man was known to have conducted two other men now under suspicion out of Newman on the night of the slaying.

The warrants were sworn out by Will Meeks, stepfather of the slain man. The body of Trouton bore evidences of terrible injuries. The skull was crushed by a heavy blow and the feet were bound with rope.

Several months ago J. D. Minter took his daughter from Trouton's home, and later brought about Trouton's arrest on a charge of wife beating. In jail for eighteen days on this charge, Trouton asserted his innocence.

POLICE SEEK PAY INCREASE.

Newark Patrolmen in 35 Cities to Ask $2,500 a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 15.—At a meeting of the executive committee and delegates of fifty-four locals of the State Patrolmen's Benevolent Association here today, it was agreed to launch a movement in thirty-five cities and towns throughout the State for a uniform salary of $2,500 to be paid every patrolman after serving three years' apprenticeship. The matter will be put to a vote in referendums in the Fall.

The movement was characterized by State President Mortimer Cullity of Jersey City as one to provide the patrolmen with a living wage.

Patrolman Thomas J. Lyons of Paterson was the unanimous choice for President at the annual election which will take place October 3 and 4 at Elizabeth.

HERRESHOFF PLANT CLOSED

Builders of Cup Defenders Shut Down for First Time in 50 Years.

BRISTOL, R. I., Aug. 15.—For the first time since the Herreshoff Manufacturing Company was established here fifty years ago, the plant was closed today for an indefinite period because of lack of orders. About 500 employes are affected. The company has built many of the defenders of the America Cup.

The Herreshoff plant was founded in 1878 by Nathaniel G. Herreshoff, noted designers of cup defenders. And his brother, John B. Herreshoff. In the early 70s the Herreshoffs began the building of steam yachts, torpedo boats, ferry boats, high-speed marine engines and tubular boilers.

JEWEL THEFT AT DEAUVILLE.

Argentine Woman Loses Gems Valued at 2,000,000 Francs.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—A report from Deauville says that a certain jewel robbery has been committed at a noted theft, where diamonds and pearls valued at nearly 2,000,000 francs were stolen from the bedroom of Mme. de Galiano of Buenos Aires, who spends most of her time in Paris.

HARDING'S FRIENDS RALLY TO COOLIDGE

Are Pleased by Announced Purpose to Carry Out Predecessor's Policies.

LEADERS PLEDGE SUPPORT

President's Candidacy for Next Year's Nomination Is Now Regarded as Certain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The men who never faltered in their support of President Harding are lining up behind President Coolidge. Every day this fact becomes more evident. Senator Reed Smoot, chairman of the Committee on Finance; Senator Henry W. Keyes of New Hampshire; William S. Vare, the Philadelphia Republican leader; James G. McNary of Texas and New Mexico, and Representative Martin B. Madden of Illinois, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, all of whom were staunch supporters of the late President, called on Mr. Coolidge today and each pledged to the new Executive their loyal support.

That the President will be a candidate for the 1924 nomination is considered certain by official Washington, and that he is going to be a formidable contender is freely conceded. This is indicated by the speed with which leaders of the old line leaders in all parts of the country are seeking to get on the band wagon.

In the meantime, Hiram Johnson, perhaps the most prominent of the possible opponents of the President, is pursuing a policy of complete silence. He is not among those who frequent the executive offices. It is said that he has not yet called on the new President. He may have written a letter.

Harding's Friends Pleased.

The official information made public at the White House yesterday that President Coolidge is going to continue the Harding policies, has immensely pleased the friends of Mr. Harding. It means, they say, that Mr. Coolidge will inherit the full strength of the Harding organization, and if this is so it means that the President now has the inside track so far as the 1924 honors are concerned.

The President is receiving assurances of support by letter and telegraph, as well as personally, and these assurances represent the rank and file as well as leaders of the party organizations in the various States. And all the time Mr. Coolidge is buckling down to the job. He will not take a vacation, and he will be at his desk every day except Sunday, when he will rest, attending church in the morning.

Senators Smoot and Keyes told the President there was no question of the confidence which the people in their parts of the country reposed in him, and that he would have their support in carrying out the Administration program in Congress.

Representative Madden and Mr. Vare were equally enthusiastic, although Mr. Vare said afterward that he expected to go to the next national convention as an uninstructed delegate from Pennsylvania. Whether he had in mind the possible candidacies of Governor Pinchot and Senator Pepper he did not say.

Says New England Wants Real Coal.

Senator Keyes told the President the people of New England would not be satisfied in the event of a strike in the anthracite fields, with substitutes for anthracite. The Senator said he did not think the strike would materialize, however, if it did, the New Englander wanted the situation handled in "Coolidge fashion—and the people of New England, he added, were convinced President Coolidge would not disappoint them.

At the instance of the President, Chairman Marvin of the Tariff Commission called at the Executive offices today. Mr. Coolidge told Mr. Marvin to continue the policies pursued when President Harding was in the White House. The same instructions were issued to the Civil Service Commission.

COOLIDGE SHOEMAKER SENDS JOKE TO 'CAL'

Offers to 'Take the Job at the Court o' James,' but 'Doesn't Insist.'

Special to The New York Times.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Aug. 15.—James Lucey, who made shoes for Calvin Coolidge long before the latter ever had the slightest idea he would be President, and who still makes them, answered today the President's recent communication in which the Chief Executive wrote, as it were not for you I should not be here.

Recalling "Cal's" roguishness for joking with him in the old days, Lucey put in a facetious reading.

"Decline the job at the Court o' James, now that I see you're wanting somebody for it. But I don't insist, seein' that they mightn't want an Irishman, and I'm getting kind of old for the work.

"Cal will laugh at that," Lucey remarked. "He likes to joke a bit. Doesn't talk much, but he tells some pretty good jokes himself. And he likes to have me joke him. Makes him laugh. He can laugh right hearty, too—hearty as any one I know."

The old shoemaker could not recall every word of his letter. But he remembers telling the President just to keep on doing as he has been doing.

"Don't pay any heed to these critics," he wrote. "They say nothing to them at all. Just keep on doin' like you made up your mind to, and you'll come out all right, as you always have."

COOLIDGE SETS TWO FREE.

Commutes Walsh and McLane's Sentences for Liquor Theft.

BUFFALO, Aug. 15.—William J. Donovan, United States Attorney, received word today that President Coolidge had commuted the sentences of John J. Walsh and James McLane, sentenced to five to seven years in Atlanta Prison in connection with the theft of a $1,000,000 consignment of liquor from the Black Rock Docks of the New York Central Railroad. Walsh was a Sergeant and McLane a Lieutenant in the New York Central police force.

The prisoners have been in Buffalo County Jail since March, when they were brought to Atlanta to aid in further investigation of the robbery. They have been confined in the county jail.

John J. Maloney, Captain of the New York Central Police, and Lieutenant Frank D. Smith are now serving sentences in Atlanta. Their conviction was said to have been due to information given by Walsh and McLane. Eleven other persons were convicted in the conspiracy.

CANAL SETS NEW RECORD.

474 Commercial Ships Handled at Panama in July.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Panama Canal maintained in July the consistent record-breaking traffic which it has handled during the earlier months of the year.

The number of commercial vessels making the trip through the canal during July and the amount of tolls revenue collected were the greatest of any month since the canal was opened. The canal handled 474 commercial vessels during the month, 58 more than the former record.

Traffic from the Atlantic to the Pacific consisted of 252 commercial transits, carrying total tolls of $1,166,550. From the Pacific to the Atlantic traffic consisted of 222 commercial transits, paying tolls of $1,060,276. Total tolls for the month were $2,124,828.

STATEN ISLAND TRAIN HITS FREIGHT; 3 HURT

Alarm of Big Disaster Spreads as Engine Plows Into Caboose at Tottenville.

A crowded passenger train of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad Company crashed into the rear of a Baltimore & Ohio freight train standing at a siding switch yesterday afternoon at Tottenville. Passengers were wrenched from their seats and spilled about the floor. Women and children screamed and there was a moment of panic, while word of a disaster flew over the town. Three persons thought to be seriously hurt were rushed to a hospital. About 100 others suffered from shock and minor cuts and bruises, but were able to be on their ways after first aid treatment.

Both trains had come from St. George, bound for Tottenville. The freight train led the passenger to the switch just north of the Bethel Avenue crossing by about ten minutes. There it stopped, preparatory to taking the passing track to give the passenger train the right of way. Trainmen declared that signals were set to halt the oncoming train until the freight could be got out of the way.

They thought, as a possible explanation of the accident, that James Slaight, engineer of the passenger train, might have been seized with sudden illness which made him fail to see the signals. They said this easily could have happened, as Slaight had returned to work only recently after having been injured. He was struck by a pole as he put his head out his cab window some time ago and was forced to take a considerable lay-off. No statement was obtained from officials of the railroad.

The Bethel Avenue crossing is less than a quarter of a mile from Tottenville station and the passenger train already was slowing down when it smashed into the freight. The passenger engine plowed into the caboose, partially telescoping it before Slaight could bring it to a dead stop.

A grinding crash, flying bits of glass and splintered wood, cries and shrieks of passengers—and onlookers, sure that many were dead or dying, spread the alarm. Two ambulances came from Richmond Memorial Hospital at Prince's Bay with surgeons, while all available physicians in Tottenville were mustered as rapidly as possible. Hundreds of persons gathered instantly at the scene, plunging into the cars to carry out those they expected to find seriously injured.

Most of the passengers were virtually unhurt, but three were painfully cut and bruised. They were taken to Richmond Memorial Hospital. They were Miss Jennie Pietrosa of 121 Ina Street, Prince's Bay, S. I., scalp wound and contusions; Miss Jennie Hahn of 1234 Hyatt Street, Tottenville, both arms cut and contusions, and Ramsey Reeves of 600 Yetman Avenue, Tottenville. Reeves was badly cut and physicians feared he had concussion of the brain. All three, it is believed, will recover.

COMIC ARTIST A SUICIDE.

Oliver G. Dickman Takes Gas at St. Louis Home of Parents.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—Oliver G. Dickman, twenty-one years old, a comic artist in the employment of The New York Evening World, according to his parents, ended his life this morning at their home in California Avenue, by asphyxiation. The strain of work is believed by the father, W. A. Dickman, to have affected his son's mind. A note which he left, addressed to his mother, read:

"I have ended it all. Life is too great a strain. Wire my boss and phone Viola."

Dickman was engaged, according to his father, to Miss Viola Schubert of this city.

The artist was educated in the Sigel School and McKinley High School and supplemented the regular High School course with night study. He practiced at drawing comic pictures based on his own ideas and sent them to newspapers. In this way he got employment on The New York Journal in 1919. Last November he went to The World.

He came here at the end of June to visit his parents, but continued to do his work at home and his daily comic square, The Life of Reilly, is running successfully in The Evening World. He had planned to return to New York next week.

His mother found his body in the kitchen. A rubber tube connecting his mouth with an open gas burner.

DROPS 19 FLOORS TO DEATH

Hoist Cable Breaks in New Standard Oil Building.

While scores of his fellow-workmen watched him and hundreds of persons in the streets heard his shriek, Patrick Keegan, 35, of 128 Smith Street, Brooklyn, a laborer employed on the Standard Oil Building under construction at Beaver Street and Broadway, was hurled to his death yesterday when the cable of a hoist on which he was riding with two wheelbarrows loaded with brick, snapped at the nineteenth floor. The hoist dropped, and the crash of the cab as it landed in the basement was heard a block away.

Patrick Dougherty of 30 Clifton Terrace, Weehawken, N. J., who was operating the cable drum for the hoist was overcome by the shock. He was taken to Old Slip police station and later to his home. Keegan is survived by a widow and three children.

NEW HOMERIC FIND IN POMPEIIAN HOUSE

Frieze Is Adorned With the Scenes of Well-Known Episodes of the Iliad.

TRIUMPHS OF ANCIENT ART

Russian Expert Says They Belong to Second Pompeiian Period, Copied From Greek Originals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—In an article in The London Times Professor M. Rostovtseff, a distinguished Russian scholar, describes a visit he made recently to Pompeii and the discovery by excavators there of a house which belonged to a Homeric enthusiast, containing a frieze depicting important incidents in the Homeric poems.

Professor Rostovtseff first of all mentions the complaints made by tourists who wish to see the new excavations, that they are kept back on the Strada dell' Abbondanza by a high barrier which can be passed only by means of a special permit, valid for one visit only and issued on conditions that no notes and particularly no photographs be taken.

The professor, after saying why the authorities do not publish a full report of the discoveries they make, says he was able to penetrate beyond the barrier and spent two days there. He found active work going on and most interesting discoveries being made.

One of the houses in the Strada dell' Abbondanza particularly attracted his attention, owing to its unusual character. At one time it was a big building of the Samnite type, and the original feature of it is that it consists of two dwellings, one above and another below the ground. Professor Rostovtseff continues:

"From the cryptoporticus which encircled the garden a number of doors led into the underground rooms. One of these rooms was a small bath. All this part of the house was entirely neglected in the last years of Pompeii, and was used, not for residence, but for storage purposes. The fact that these subterranean chambers were neglected during the last years of Pompeii has preserved to us part of the cryptoporticus and rooms. No one has tried to restore the mural decorations, but at any rate no one has destroyed them.

"The decorations are masterpieces of the second period of Pompeian art, the Augustan period, in their choice of colors, in the delicacy and expressiveness of the figures and ornaments. Equally admirable is the molding of the ceiling. Particularly interesting is the fact that the frieze, which is at the top of the cryptoporticus to the length of somewhere about 200 yards, is covered with a frieze which is partially preserved. This frieze, like the columns of Trajan and Antonius Rome, and like many illustrated manuscripts, gives a connected pictorial narrative corresponding to the story of the Iliad, probably of the Odyssey and of the poems of the Homeric Cycle—for instance, the Aethiopis. Scene by scene the famous episodes of the Iliad pass before the eyes. The Iliad portion is preserved almost intact. And beside each of the persons engaged his name is written in white letters.

"The style of the friese is not that customary in the decorations of the second style. It is a special style, as to the character of which there can be no doubt—the style of illuminated manuscripts. The frieze is clearly copied from pictures in a Greek illuminated manuscript of the first century B. C. or the first century A. D.

"The importance of this fact must not be minimized. The history of miniatures is still little known. It can only be followed up from the beginning of the fourth century A. D. as Kondakoff has done in his remarkable work. But here is a chance to actually copy from a manuscript of the first century B. C., if not earlier.

"This is not altogether surprising. Fragments of such scenes were already known in Pompeiian decorations of the second, or Hellenistic period, such as the so-called Tabula Iliaca and in certain mosaics; but here for the first time is a copy from a whole manuscript. Undoubtedly the owner of the house was a Homeric antiquarian. This is clear from the decorations in the rooms leading from the cryptoporticus, especially in one big, bright room adorned with paintings and stucco. Here scenes from the Iliad alternate with other scenes, probably from the Attic comedy of Menander and his successors. Indeed, the whole house is, so to speak, Homeric.

"Near one of the doors in the upper part is a little stove. What it was meant for is difficult to guess. The ceiling is covered with wonderfully beautiful moldings, and just below the ceiling runs a molded frieze representing the most familiar and most dramatic scenes of the Iliad. There is one particularly remarkable scene where Priam begs Achilles to give him the body of Hector.

"Below the frieze the wall is absolutely bare. What does this signify? I have seen the highest decorative motives run along these walls—shelves for manuscripts of Homer's work; in fact, the private library of our Homerist, which he took away with him when he sold the house.

"If that is so, then the rooms in the underground dwelling must have been used by the owner to entertain his guests with readings from Homer and with living pictures and dramatic scenes based on the poems of Homer and the Homeric Cycle."

TAXICAB KILLS BOY AVOIDING COLLISION

Nurse Cut When Car Runs Into a Police Booth on Queensboro Bridge.

Benjamin Fuschels, 8 years old, of 49 Avenue H, died from injuries received last night when in crossing the street near his home he was struck by a taxicab which swerved to avoid running into another automobile. Joseph Bennett, 34, of 164 Avenue C, was arrested on a technical charge of homicide.

Crashing into a police booth in the centre of Queensboro Bridge early yesterday morning, Crosby Newell, 46, of Metropolitan Avenue, Kew Gardens, was thrown out and rendered unconscious. Miss Margaret Ott, 38, a nurse of 182 Lexington Avenue, who was riding with him, was cut about the face. Both were attended at City Hospital. Police said the car, which was wrecked, was owned by the Tomlinson Haines Corporation, 342 Madison Avenue, with which Newell was said to be connected.

Eight were slightly injured in a double collision on the Merrick Road near Brookside Avenue, Freeport. Charles Segal and his driver, both of Freeport, crashed head-on with a car driven by William Maitland of Hempstead and then bounced into the car of George Lamoree of Woodmere, coming behind Maitland's automobile. Two of the injured were women, but all were able to proceed to their homes.

Captain Samuel Brown, of the Eighth Police Precinct, Newark, lost his license for operating an automobile and was fined $100 for reckless driving, after a hearing before Recorder Conover in Deal, N. J., yesterday. The recorder revoked the license until the Police Captain could produce a physician's certificate testifying to his ability to drive an automobile.

Complaint was made by Deal police that on July 18 Captain Brown swerved over a white traffic line at a speed of from 40 to 50 miles an hour, struck an automobile containing a chauffeur and three women and careened off into another car with five

POINCARE TO REPLY TO STRESEMANN

Will Answer in Speech Sunday —Rejection of Baldwin Ruhr Plea Almost Ready.

IT MAY OFFER SUGGESTION

Will Show Way, It Is Said, of Collecting 14,200,000,000 Gold Marks England Demands.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—With the Germans saying the French must quit the Ruhr before they will do anything about reparations, with the French saying they will not quit the Ruhr before Germany pays reparations, with England suddenly discovering the Ruhr occupation to be illegal and with America doing nothing, the international situation does not seem bright, as seen from Paris on Assumption Day.

Premier Poincaré spent the holiday working on his reply to the English note, which is expected to be delivered at the end of this week and which will probably advance the situation to the extent of the French refusing to agree to Britain's newest idea that the French had no right to go into the Ruhr. From the French viewpoint the British lion seems for once almost toothless when it is figured what he can do to carry out his Government's ideas. London may sign what Mr. Baldwin likes with Berlin, but neither London nor Berlin commands the troops which hold the Ruhr. France does not believe England will go so far as to lend money to Germany to fight against the French in the Ruhr. Apart from that, any English support of Germany must be moral, and it is calculated here that the latest British note went about the limit in moral encouragement of Germany.

Stresemann Speech Fails to Impress.

There seems a disposition in Paris today to deal lightly with Chancellor Stresemann's strong statement yesterday—which Premier Poincaré is expected to answer in an address he is to deliver at Charleville on Sunday—and to believe he would have been less uncompromising had not the English note forced him to defy France. There is a belief that the change in the German Government means something, and that that something is that Germany intends to seek a way out. The only way out, the French say, is cessation of resistance and a direct approach to France and Belgium.

Paris thinks Stresemann cannot carry out his program of interior reform so long as the external situation is not regulated and that regulation must take place on the basis of the French holding the Ruhr.

Today, as has been the case for seven months, continued occupation of the Ruhr and the hold on Germany's industrial-heart seems to be the real issue between England and France, which wants, she says, 14,200,000,000 gold marks out of the settlement. France wants 26,000,000,000. Few economists have held that Germany could not shoulder a reparation burden of 40,000,000,000 gold marks, which would let her off with a war cost immeasurably cheaper than that of England, France or the United States.

France's 52 per cent. share would give her 26,000,000,000 gold marks, and England's 22 per cent. part would give her more than 11,000,000,000. England's other 3,000,000,000 could unquestionably be cared for in other arrangements.

It is not the amount of reparations which splits England and France, but the method of collecting, and in the different methods they advocate is tied up a political struggle for control of Europe. As the situation is viewed here, if France puts over Poincaré's Ruhr plan, France will dominate Europe for many years and be able to obtain for herself the security she thinks just. If France fails, it will be England's settlement and to England will go the credit.

Would Help Germany Change Front.

The Journal des Débats tonight expresses the conviction that Dr. Stresemann knows an agreement with France is worth more to Germany than an agreement with England, and adds: "France stands ready to assist Stresemann in making a change of front."

The Débats says M. Poincaré in his reply will try to show England a way to arrange for collection of the sums she must pay America, but that he will stand adamant on the Ruhr occupation, and the paper expresses the opinion that England is more interested in collecting money than in the legality of French action on the Rhine. Premier Poincaré, it says, will tell England she need not worry about the French debt to America.

The Temps says it was obviously impossible to bring forward conciliatory proposals after receipt of the British note and hopes the London effort has only delayed German proffers to France. The Temps thinks Stresemann praised the proposal to submit the legality of the Ruhr occupation to The Hague Court simply because of the British tip and that he well knew in advance that France would not accept it.

It is easy to see how Premier Poincaré's position has been strengthened since the British note, for newspapers which were criticising him a week ago now stand squarely behind him on the ground that, regardless of what Frenchmen may think among themselves about any policy, they cannot have England dictating to France what she should or should not do.

Talk of Trade War on England.

PARIS, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Suggestions of an economic war between France and Great Britain are met with frequently in current conversations with leading French business men engaged in trade with England, and now are creeping into the press.

Large importers of woolens from England expressed the view yesterday that business between the two countries would necessarily decline on account of the extraordinary rise in the pound sterling, and that no organized movement was required to bring that result about, as it was the inevitable outcome of what is declared here to be the London campaign for the depreciation of the franc.

One large importer said he expected the style makers would endeavor to increase the use of silks in place of woolens for women's clothes the forthcoming season, thus giving an advantage to French industry and saving the money wasted in the high rate of exchange to pay for woolens from Great Britain. Another importer said he had canceled large orders and would cease business so long as the campaign in London against France continued.

French business men appeared to be convinced that a campaign against the franc really exists in London and that it was organized by bankers in sympathy with the British Government. They regard it as the opening of hostilities in a struggle in which France is not so well armed financially as Great Britain, but in which, from the economic point of view, she will be able to hold her own.

The possibility of such a conflict has started the people to thinking about the Winter's coal supply. There is an ample supply in view, supposing that deliveries from England continue, but prices are soaring on account of the rise in sterling. One suggested effort to meet this is the intensification of the Franco-Belgian measures for an increase in the Ruhr coal production.

France and Belgium now have agreed to make separate replies to the note of Lord Curzon, the British Foreign Secretary, regarding reparations. It is semi-officially announced that Mr. Poincaré, the French Premier, will answer in considerable detail the paragraphs of the note interesting to France, while M. Theunis and M. Jaspar, respectively Belgian Premier and Foreign Minister, in their reply will pay particular attention to those parts of the communication concerning Belgium, such as Lord Curzon's comment with regard to Belgium's priority in reparations.

BRITISH SEE HOPE FOR EVENTUAL ACCORD

Reaction of Italy and Neutrals to Note Is Satisfactory to Foreign Office.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Cabled extracts from THE NEW YORK TIMES editorials of Tuesday and today on the British note on reparations have been printed here without comment, except that The Evening Standard in a footnote says:

"Impartial reading of the note with its very few and casual references to the United States, does not lend support to the criticism that Lord Curzon is blaming America, or even hinting at her blameworthiness."

In some quarters it has been suggested that while the note was signed by Lord Curzon and, of course, in its final form and wording was passed by him and the Cabinet, the actual work of drafting the document was chiefly done by Sir Eyre Crowe of the Foreign Office.

The London Times says it was perhaps inevitable that the British note should have been misunderstood not only on the Continent and in America but in certain circles in this country. During the war and during the various phases of the long endeavor to establish peace the British view was too often veiled from the British people, now by fear of encouragement of Germany, now by fear of discouraging France.

"Lloyd George," says the paper, "by his absorption in tactics and by his zeal for the more superficial manoeuvres of the political game gave the world false and unworthy impression of what the British national policy really might be."

But while the present Government inherits the burden of misunderstandings that Lloyd George left behind him, it would be wrong to fix the blame on the former Government alone. "It must never be forgotten," The London Times proceeds, "that a large part of our present confusion is due to the failure of the United States to confirm the pledges given by their representative at the Peace Conference. We fully realize the causes of this failure and we are not disposed to make complaint or to expect the United States will take an active part in the near future in any attempts to solve our European problems, but we do know and must remember that one of the factors that have brought us to our present position is the fatal misunderstanding about the United States.

"The British note is the latest attempt to bring about a European settlement in accordance with British interests, and what we believe to be the broader interests of peace. There is a certain sense of shock that a British Government should have spoken so sharply to the nation who was most intimately allied with us in the war. It has been suggested, and the note significs a rupture of the Entente. We do not consider that that is a necessary result. The Entente is not a formal compact, but mutual recognition of the fact that peace in Europe can be most effectively maintained if Britain and France work closely together.

"We believe that the only remedy in the impossible situation was for the British Government to throw off all reserve and to state unequivocally the British case. We have yielded for long enough to tactical and sentimental considerations. We have listened patiently and respectfully to the prolonged assertion of the French point of view. We have a reserved judgment. We have tried to refrain from embarrassing France in her chosen policy. We cannot go on forever suppressing or modifying British convictions out of some shortsighted tactical regard for what immediate effect of our works may be in France or in Germany.

"We believe the ultimate purpose of the Entente can best be served by plain speaking. It is of great importance that the strength of the British case should be clearly and unambiguously realized in France, even at the cost of temporary misunderstanding."

LONDON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—On the whole, the comment on Great Britain's latest move to obtain a final and definite settlement with Germany has been satisfactory, according to Foreign Office officials.

The Italian reaction is distinctly favorable, and the neutral countries are desirous of supporting any scheme which appears likely to restore normal economic conditions on the Continent.

Even from France, according to the British Government's spokesmen, there is influential opinion that the British proposals seem to offer a basis for discussion and not to call for summary rejection.

According to the British viewpoint, the French hysteria of anger and disappointment upon receipt of the British note was based on the belief of several years standing that nothing good in the way of a reparation settlement could possibly come out of England.

A more careful study by some writers who are considered in close touch with authoritative quarters in Paris is held to disclose that there is a possibility of an agreement with Great Britain. It was indicated in Downing Street this morning that everything possible would be done to strengthen this favorable trend in Paris opinion.

It is pointed out here that if the experts' commission should assess Germany's capacity for payment at 50,000,000,000 gold marks, which was the amount proposed by Premier Bonar Law in January, Great Britain's share of this indemnity would be 11,000,000,000 gold marks, based upon the 5to 22 agreement for 22 per cent. As Great Britain seeks only to recover 14,200,000,000 gold marks, or £710,000,000, for the payment of the American debt, she would demand only 3,200,000,000 gold marks, or £160,000,000, from her Continental debtors, who owe her approximately £1,200,000,000.

British officials believe that responsible quarters in Paris are prepared at any rate to give careful consideration to proposals for an agreement on this basis. The fact is pointed to that Great Britain's Continental debtors would escape further payment should the experts decide that Germany is capable of paying more than 50,000,000,000 gold marks. It is also stated that if Great Britain does not seek priority for her payments from Germany, as has been suggested by the French press.

LONDON REPORT DENIED.

No Change in Attitude of Washington on Reparation Question.

LONDON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The most welcome reaction yet received in London as a result of the British reparation note sent to France and Belgium Saturday is contained in the press reports to the morning newspapers that the Coolidge Administration will make a ready response to any appeal to America for assistance in settling the prolonged reparation struggle.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Reports from London reflecting a feeling that there had been a welcome change in the attitude of the Washington Government toward reparations were said on highest authority here today to appear altogether too optimistic.

Nothing has been said in Washington on behalf of the Coolidge Administration, it was pointed out, which indicates the slightest departure from the statement made by Secretary Hughes in his New Haven speech last December.

The American viewpoint will not be determined until plans abroad have been matured. Any suggestions to the contrary are characterized here as wholly without foundation.

GRIGG SAYS FRANCE KEEPS EUROPE UPSET

Former Lloyd George Aid Tells Politics Institute That German Revolt Impends.

REGRETS OUR ALOOFNESS

Kerr Declares That American Withdrawal Destroyed Reparation Impartiality.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 15.—Discussing the Curzon note to France in a lecture before the Institute of Politics tonight, Sir Edward Grigg, former political secretary to David Lloyd George, said that Gustav Stresemann, the new German Chancellor, might prove to be the savior of his country and the that English people would welcome a republican Government in Germany with the strength to pull the people together, but that he believed the a revolution in Germany was "imminent."

Sir Edward declared that the British people would not change their views of right and wrong in the present situation, despite their deadlock with France and Belgium, because their position was based on "fundamental instincts and beliefs."

"We can only follow the right, in Lincoln's words, 'as God gives us to see the right,'" he said. "Neither we, nor any nation, can do more. I use grave language because the hour is grave."

Denying that Great Britain was actuated chiefly by economic reasons, as Canon Ernest Dimnet, the French spokesman here, has charged, Sir Edward declared that the issues were "moral issues in the deeper sense."

Declares French Violate Treaty.

"The conditions in which the occupation of the Ruhr was carried out are, in our belief, against the terms of the Treaty of Versailles," said Sir Edward. "But worse has followed, for action after action into which the French and Belgian Governments have been driven by the necessity of breaking resistance has violated one clause or another of the treaty or else the known conventions of international law. The Rhine waterway, for instance, is placed by the treaty under the Rhine Navigation Commission, an International body, for free use by all nations. It is closed now by French and Belgian decree.

"Foreign goods are held in the custom houses. They cannot be recovered by their owners or forwarded to their destinations in Germany. In a thousand ways the trade of Europe is paralyzed by the arbitrary action of two powers.

"Under what law is all this done? Under what law are German subordinate officials, to say nothing of German Magistrates, sentenced to long periods of hard labor in French prisons and even to deportation to French colonies for a crime hitherto unknown to law, obeying the orders of their own Government? I know of a case in which a German railway conductor was given twelve years' hard labor for asking a French official to telephone an order regarding a train, because he himself had been forbidden to give orders without the authority of his former German superiors.

Arbitrary Rule in the Ruhr.

"There are laws for war and laws for peace. The Ruhr is under neither. It is a new phase of arbitrary government imposed by one Government upon the territory and nationals of another."

The fundamental difference between the British and French policies, Sir Edward said, was that the French regarded the vital issues as reparations and security, whereas to the British the issues were the general settlement of Europe and the world.

Although he disclaimed any intention of criticising the American people, Sir Edward said that the refusal of the Senate to ratify the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations had had a depressing psychological effect on Europe, and had been largely responsible for the hopeless state of mind which has kept the German people from taking a more active course toward meeting their obligations. The Reparation Commission has failed, he declared, because of the absence of the United States from full representation on it. In this he agrees with Count Harry Kessler, the German spokesman here.

Sir Edward's speech was received with the most enthusiastic demonstration that has been accorded to any of the lectures delivered by foreign speakers at the institute.

Kerr a Causes of Turmoil.

Another former secretary of Mr. Lloyd George, Philip Henry Kerr, analyzed the reasons why the Peace Treaty failed to bring peace in an address at the open conference on the British Commonwealth this afternoon.

"First," he said, "the treaties were based on the assumption that the United States would continue to take an active share in reconstruction. The decision of the United States to withdraw paralyzed the League of Nations, revived the terror of Germany in France through the failure of the treaty of guarantee, and destroyed the impartiality of the Reparation Commission.

"The second cause of failure has been the great reparations illusion, the belief entertained by almost everybody that it is possible for nations to pay to other nations sums equivalent to the internal loans which it is possible for them to raise for war purposes at home.

"The third factor was the determination on the part of the most powerful people in Germany to evade, if possible, their obligations under the treaty.

"The last and final factor was the decision of France, deserted as she believed herself to be by her allies, and deprived of the reparations which she expected, to take the law into her own hands and try and obtain, her desires by the seizure of the Ruhr."

YUCATAN GOVERNMENT SUBSIDIZES BASEBALL

It Has Spent $18,000 in Popularizing It as an Educational Feature.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MERIDA, Aug. 15.—On his return from Mexico City after a month's absence, Felipe Carrillo Puerto, the Socialist Governor of Yucatan, emphatically denied a report published in the United States that baseball in Yucatan was organized by Mexican property owners to stem the tide of Socialist tendencies.

"On the contrary," explained the Governor, "the Socialist Government of Yucatan has organized and maintains baseball to bring about the physical and consequent mental development of the youth of Yucatan. This development will mean an increase rather than a decrease of Socialistic tendencies, for Socialism thrives better in a vigorous, alert and free mind than in an enslaved and inactive one.

"For the promotion of sound bodies and wholesome, open minds the Socialist Government, for the first time in the history of Yucatan or any other Mexican State, has purchased baseball equipment from the public funds to the amount of $18,000, for the free use of the youth of Yucatan. In addition, the Government has set aside a number of baseball diamonds and has issued and distributed booklets on the rules of the game among school children and adults throughout the State. In this effort we have enjoyed the support and co-operation of the educational authorities. Recently we sent one of our public physical education directors to the United States to study baseball and other athletic sports, with a view to future instruction in our schools."

"Baseball has already gained great popularity here and is now a Sunday afternoon rival to bullfighting. In a short time we hope to make it the dominant sport of the State, and it is more than likely that it will eventually eliminate bullfighting entirely.

"The psychological effect of baseball is very evident. In the United States it has encouraged initiative and team work—two elements that must be developed among the Mexican people."

HOARDED HIS JEALOUSY.

Then Russian Tried to Kill Faithful Wife After 17 Years.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Aug. 15.—A drama of jealousy came a climax in the Moscow Criminal Court today when Kudryantson, a textile worker, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for attempting to murder his wife, Anastasia. They have been married seventeen years. The husband has been furiously jealous every minute of that time, apparently without reason.

Although the marriage was one of mutual affection, Kudryantson spied upon his wife's movements even during their honeymoon, which was spent in his native village. At first she reproached him for his suspicions, but later contented herself with brief denials. In 1915 Kudryantson went off to war, and subsequently served in the Red Army. For six years he never saw his wife, and, in the picturesque phrase of the prosecuting attorney, "during all that time he accumulated jealousy, piece by piece, as a miser hoards up money."

Returning to Moscow, Kudryantson found his wife working in a textile factory, alone, and by universal account, faithful. Kudryantson's jealousy now was so great that he found life in the city impossible and dragged his wife off and they spent the Winter in a dugout on a hillside in the country, unable even to rent a room. Then one day last Spring the woman reached the limit when her husband made his usual accusation that she had been unfaithful some one. She merely smiled and was silent.

Frantically Kudryantson assumed that her silence meant an admission of guilt. He choked her throat. She broke loose and he seized a chopper and struck her twice on the head. Then he came to Moscow and gave himself up to the police.

The woman recovered, but was still too weak to give evidence. The Court decided to show mercy toward the man, who, the Judge said, "had spent seventeen years in a hell of his own devising."

Although the maximum penalty for such an offense is eight years' imprisonment, Kudryantson's good record as a worker and soldier and his otherwise model life brought about a diminution of his sentence to three years.

BUTLER IS HOPEFUL OF EUROPE'S FUTURE

Found No More Danger of War There Than in Fifth Avenue, He Says.

PROBLEMS ARE ECONOMIC

Thinks Six Business Men as Administrators Would Soon Restore Nations.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University returned yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic from a three months' tour of England, France, Belgium and Holland, where he delivered a series of lectures on America and international peace. He was hopeful in his views on the general situation in Europe and said that there was as much chance of a war breaking out there as there was of war breaking out on Fifth Avenue. The head of Columbia University did not wish to discuss European politics, as he said it was too serious a subject to be dealt with lightly. "One has to be careful, too," he added, "because one can be so easily misconstrued."

"Very few people who go to Europe," he continued, "ever really get there, and the opinions that many of them give out on their return to America are worthless. To attempt to solve the complex problems that face every country on the Continent requires an individual understanding of each of the different peoples.

"It is absurd to hear people speak of the European problem. There is no European problem economically or politically. There is a geographical Europe but not a political one. What we refer to as the situation in Europe is an economic situation, and the main difficulty about dealing with it is entirely political. I firmly believe that if the problem could be placed in the hands of six business men as administrators, Europe would soon be on the way to economic health. But there is no sign of war, no talk of war and no likelihood of war

Foresees Want in Germany.

"One lesson the people have learned is that war can destroy in a few months what it has taken centuries to build. The problems of France, England, Belgium and Russia are as distinct as the problems of the United States and the Latin republics of South America, and must be taken separately.

"England has 1,200,000 unemployed and is desperately anxious to put them to work. France can see but a single problem—reparations. Germany has a number of problems, economic and political. The mark has fallen so low that it is scarcely of any value among the community in the purchase of commodities, and in many places the Germans have gone back to the ancient system of barter. Things look very serious for the Winter in Germany and I am afraid there will be a good deal of starvation among the people. The crops are good, as they are all over Europe this Summer, but the price of the necessities of life places them beyond the reach of the average purse, and Germany has not raw materials to keep their factories going and then find a market for the manufactured products."

Speaking about the League of Nations, Dr. Butler said it had placed Austria back on her feet. He said the application of strict business methods to the concerns of government might serve as a model to other nations in distress. Conditions in Austria were at one time impossible, and he was convinced that there was good in the League of Nations.

Talked With Premiers.

"The League of Nations," said Dr. Butler, "should develop into an important organisation for Europe as an advisory council for the countries of Europe. It could be useful indeed. The nations could readily refer matters such as reparations to the League and abide by the decision of that body."

Dr. Butler said that he had several conversations with Premier Baldwin of Great Britain and Premier Poincaré of France and did not find they were so utterly pessimistic in their views as might be supposed. Both statesmen believed their countries would pull through all right. France was not likely to move out of the Ruhr.

Business was slow in Belgium because the steel mills had been compelled to shut down through the cutting off of their coke supplies from the Ruhr district. Holland looked to be very prosperous on the surface, but the Dutch bankers had informed him that the real situation was very different and little business was being transacted. He was accompanied on his tour by Mrs. Butler and their daughter, Miss Sarah Schuyler Butler.

Another passenger on the Olympic was John W. Davis, United States Ambassador to Great Britain under the Administration of President Wilson, who said he had been for six weeks' rest in England, Scotland and France. Mrs. Davis was with him. He said he had not devoted his time to the study of European problems. He ridiculed the statement made by United States Senator Ernest on Monday about the prospect of another war in the near future. The chief danger in Germany, he added, was internal dissension because of the financial and economic situation, which might lead to a revolution but not to war. As for the chances of a war between France and England, a man would be foolish to make such a prediction.

"Nevertheless," Mr. Davis continued, "the seriousness of the situation cannot be exaggerated. England appears to be going along to the bitter end, and then will be bitter. All political classes in England are opposed to the French occupation of the Ruhr, except the so-called "bitter-enders," who always hold that anything can be accomplished by force.

Europe Needs Us, He Says.

"Stanley Baldwin, the Premier, is a business man of the steady, thoroughgoing type and has impressed every one that he possesses good, sterling qualifications without the fire and imagination of Lloyd George."

When asked what he though the World Court could accomplish toward the reconstruction of Europe, the ex-Ambassador replied: "The World Court, even if established with American participation, could not begin to scratch the surface of the greater things that must be decided outside of the court entirely.

"I firmly believe," Mr. Davis continued, "that the need of the hour is an international commission authorized to determine exactly how much Germany is able to pay. One thing is certain, Europe cannot solve the present situation without the United States. It is the moral duty of this country to assist in Europe's rehabilitation. If we do not do so we may lose all the war debts that are owing to us."

The Olympic brought 5,132 sacks of mail and 436 first, 379 second and 502 third class passengers.

SOVIET CHIEFS HONOR A REVOLUTIONARY SHIP

Central Committee 'Adopts' Cruiser Aurora, Which Shelled the Palace Kerensky Held.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, Aug. 15.—The light cruiser Aurora, which struck a decisive blow in the Bolshevist revolution by shelling the Kerensky Provisional Government out of the Winter Palace in Petrograd, has just been "adopted" by the Central Executive Committee of the Russian Federation. This corresponds in the present Russia to the old system whereby members of the imperial family and other high personages were honorary Colonels in the army, Captains in the navy, and so forth.

Nowadays each regiment is "adopted" by a State department or a Government factory. Thus the Foreign Office adopted one of the crack infantry regiments, but Tchitcherin, the Foreign Minister, instead of being an honorary colonel, is simply an honorary private.

The Aurora, says the decree announcing the adoption, became so odious to the counter-revolutionaries that a reward of a hundred thousand gold rubles was offered to the man who would blow her up. A White conspirator succeeded in placing an infernal machine in her hold, but the crew discovered it and threw it overboard before the explosion. Now she has been refitted and will shortly set out from Petrograd "on an extended cruise in foreign waters."

HURT CLIMBING JUNGFRAU.

Miss Helen Short Injured by Stones From an Avalanche.

GENEVA, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Miss Helen Short, aged 17, of New York City, was injured today by a small avalanche while ascending the Jungfrau. Accompanied by Consett, a guide, she was within twenty yards of the summit when she was struck by falling stones, one of which inflicted a painful wound on her head. She retained consciousness and was assisted by the guide to the Jungfrau station, whence she was taken to a private clinic at Wengern. Her early recovery is expected. Miss Short has been attending school in Zurich for the last two years. Her parents are in New York.

A similar accident, but with more serious results, was reported yesterday on the Bietsohorn, in the Canton of Valais. A young Swiss Alpinist named Kellerhans was thrown over a precipice by an avalanche and killed, and Mme. Sandreuter, who was accompanying him, suffered a fractured leg. M. Sandreuter, who was also in the party, escaped uninjured.

In another accident Dr. Lodig of Bludenz fell into a deep crevasse in the Gaul Glacier, in the Bernese Oberland. He suffered the fracture of an arm and several ribs.

Cuba Back to Two-Cent Postage.

HAVANA, Aug. 15.—By Presidential decree Cuba has returned to 2-cent letter postage, effective last Monday. The postal rate on letters to domestic points was raised from 2 to 3 cents by Congress some time ago, and the rate to the United States and its possessions was increased to 3 cents by Presidential decree.

Lecointe Equals His Height Record.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—At the Villacoublay Airdrome yesterday Sadi Lecointe repeated his performance of Aug. 1, when he rose to a height of 10,800 meters. On his landing last evening his barometer registered exactly the same height as on Aug. 1.

PLAN $160,000,000 PORT FOR BAYONNE

Jersey Town Gets Proposal to Create Huge Marine and Railroad Terminal.

WORK FOR 25,000 MEN

Project Involves Bond Issue and Filling In 1,000 Acres—Action Board to Act, Sept. 11.

The City Commissioners of Bayonne, N. J., have under consideration a project said to involve the expenditure of $150,000,000 for the creation near that city of a great marine and railroad terminal, supplemented with equipment for manufacturing on a scale of great magnitude.

The proposal was submitted to the Board of City Commissioners at a meeting on Tuesday night by the New York Terminal Company, recently incorporated in Delaware, with Henry J. Hemmens, a lawyer of 64 Wall Street, as signer of the incorporation papers.

The plan is said to contemplate the filling in of approximately 1,000 acres of lands under water, the creation by that method of a new waterfront some 6,000 feet in length, and the erection of bulkheads, piers, terminal warehouses, railroad freight yards and factory buildings, as well as a ferry terminal for a new ferry line to connect the port at Bayonne with New York City. Preliminary work, involving the expenditure of $1,500,000 by the New York Terminal Company, was said last night to have been completed.

Should the plan be approved by the Bayonne City Commission work, it was said, would begin at once with a view to having the project completely realized within five years. Within eighteen months after work has started, according to one of the promoters, employment would be provided for 10,000 men in connection with the development, and within five years for 25,000. The Bayonne Port development, it was said, would provide terminal facilities for every railroad entering New York City with piers long enough to dock the largest ocean-going vessels, including the United States Shipping Board's huge Leviathan.

Delay Action to Sept. 11.

The proposal was submitted in writing. The details were set forth in a document of some twenty typewritten pages, which it was said would be made public in its entirety within a few days. It was commented upon favorably yesterday by L. Edward Herrmann, a Jersey City lawyer, who of late has handled much litigation for the City of Bayonne.

The identity of the backers of this huge project for the present is a closely guarded secret, but it was said that their names undoubtedly would be made public with the text of the proposal. The Bayonne City Commissioners have deferred action on the proposal until Sept. 11, and in the meantime Mayor Robert J. Talbot of Bayonne will give a public hearing on the port development plan and look closely into the financial ability of the promoters to carry it into effect.

"We do not propose to reveal the names of the backers at the present time," said Mr. Herrmann. "I may say, though, without violating any confidences, that they include the leading men in this country in shipping, railroading, industry and banking.

Mr. Herrmann said that acceptance of the proposal by the City of Bayonne would involve an initial expenditure by that city of some $20,000,000 for the acquisition of the necessary land and lands under water and the erection of bulkheads.

"This would be financed by the floating of a bond issue," he said, "the bonds to be issued not against the city but against the proposed development, and to be taken over at par by the New York Terminal Company after the City of Bayonne had completed its part of the undertaking."

"What is the attitude of the Bayonne Board of City Commissioners toward the proposal?" Mr. Herrmann was asked.

"That I have no means of knowing—the commissioners have the plan under consideration," he replied.

"Would it be necessary to get the approval of the War Department for the erection of the huge piers proposed?" he was asked.

"I think not," he said. "The whole matter, as I understand it, is within the jurisdiction of the New York Port Authority. It would require the approval of that body."

In Accord With Port Plan.

"Has the proposal been submitted to the Port Authority?" Mr. Herrmann was asked.

"Not formally, as far as I know," he said. "The plans of the New York Terminal Company are in substantial accord, however, with the Port of New York Authority plan affecting this part of the harbor."

At the office of the Port Authority, the statement that there was no conflict between the plan of that body and the plan embodied in the proposal of the New York Terminal Company was confirmed. While some of the promoters asserted that the sanction of the Port Authority would be required before the work could be undertaken, it was stated at the office of that board that there was some uncertainty as to whether the proposed development would come within the jurisdiction of the Port Authority at all. In Bayonne some look upon the proposed development as a plan to make Bayonne a greater port than New York."

Mr. Hemmens said yesterday that there could be no question of the adequacy of the available financial backing for the project, but that he was not prepared at present to make public the names of those behind the proposal.

The proposed new waterfront development, if the plans are approved and carried into effect, would reach roughly from the Bayonne plant of the American Radiator Company at Forty-ninth Street, south, to the waterfront property of the Standard Oil Company which has a large terminal at Bayonne and would extend out in the bay from 6,00 to 10,000 feet.

TO AID PORT AUTHORITY.

Governor Names Advisory Board to Guard Against Discrimination.

Governor Smith, according to an announcement yesterday by the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, has agreed to the creation of an Advisory Board to assist the Port of New York Authority in a study of the proposed consolidation of railroad systems by the Interstate Commerce Commission, with special view to the protection of the port against discrimination or serious cutting down of its commerce.

The Governor has recommended to the Port Authority that the following be named on the Advisory Board: Charles A. Peabody, President Mutual Life Insurance Company; Frances E. Sisson, Vice President Guaranty Trust Company of New York; W. J. L. Benham, General Traffic Manager Otis Elevator Company; E. J. Taylor of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, Chairman of the Committee on Railway Transportation of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation; Paul Eisler of the American Sugar Refining Company, and F. E. Williamson, Traffic Manager Buffalo Chamber of Commerce.

The scope of the inquiry to be undertaken by the Advisory Board in co-operation with the Port Authority is suggested in a letter to Governor Smith from Frank S. Gardner of the Board of Trade and Transporttion. The letter was written last February and made public yesterday. In it Mr. Gardner said:

"When the proposed consolidations shall have been consummated and new systems thereby created out of railroads heretofore independently existing, it will be of vital importance that we shall maintain all of our present connecting lines and that no part of the country thereafter shall be cut off from New York by such consolidated systems being made to lead to other ports. It is the policy of other ports to achieve that purpose, if possible, and the Interstate Commerce Commission, as long ago as 1897, announced the policy and purpose of dividing the great volume of commerce New York then enjoyed and of distributing it to other ports."

CUNO MENTIONED AS ENVOY.

Amsterdam Hears He Will Succeed Wiedfeldt in Washington.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 15.—According to a Berlin dispatch to the Amsterdam Handelsblad former Chancellor Cuno is designated as German Ambassador to Washington, to succeed Dr. Wiedfeldt, who is now on leave in Germany.

It is further stated that the Krupp firm wants Dr. Wiedfeldt to resume his directorship.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMBURG, Aug. 15.—In shipping circles here it is thought to be unlikely that Herr Cuno will accept the post of German Ambassador at Washington in place of Otto Weidfeldt.

It is well known that Cuno's post on the Directorate of the Hamburg-American line was left open so that he could return to it if he so wished after he had relinquished the Chancellorship. He would like to return to Hamburg, but it is believed he will first take a holiday.

Amherst Club Elects Coolidge.

The Amherst Club of New York announced yesterday that President Coolidge had been made a life member of the club. President Olds of Amherst College and James S. Hamilton, 1900, composer of the college song, "Lord Geoffrey Amherst," were elected honorary member of the club. The new club house on Lexington Avenue will be opened on Sept. 4.

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HARDSHIPS IMPOSED FAIL TO BREAK WILL

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

area has been almost negligible. They are still at the figure of 12,000 tons of coke a day and it appears from inquiries that they have abandoned the plans which were being formed some weeks ago for exploitation of the mines and cokeries with local labor.

All they have found it practicable to do is to occupy four cokeries, which they intend to work with French labor, so that when the stocks of coke now made are exhausted they will be able to maintain transport to the Lorraine iron works of the same amount as they are now getting. The first of these cokeries has just started and the others will be in operation within the next few weeks.

The greatest success which the French have obtained has undoubtedly been in the working of the railroads by the Franco-Belgian régime. In spite of Government orders and in spite of their own desires the local population has found itself compelled to use the railroads both for travel and shipment. Every week the number of travelers is increasing and the number and mileage of trains run is being increased. Figures are not here available of the cost or product of this venture, but it is stated with some appearance of truth that running the system is proving much less costly than was anticipated.

One of the most apparent features of the whole situation is complete failure of the occupation to justify the object which was claimed for it at the beginning. All the world was told at that time that France's aim was to seise "productive guarantees." During these last months less and less has been heard of that phrase. Guarantees France may hold, but certainly they are not productive. And among Frenchmen in charge of the whole operation the conviction has grown stronger than ever, that "even should the occupation last for as many years as it has lasted months the phrase would never be justified.

Even should passive resistance cease tomorrow the collection of customs, which was one of these productive guarantees, seems likely from the experience these last months to prove both clumsy and inefficient. Its record is absurdly poor and its continued operation by the French seems according to the French themselves far less likely to produce cash profit than simply to render business difficult.

It is always the case between an acting administrative and a home government there seems here not a little difference of opinion with Paris both on the value of the undertaking and its ultimate result in guarantees seized. There is even less confidence in the Rhineland Republic movement of Dr. Dorten or of the new group of Separatists which has sprung up, and none whatever in the possibility of creating Rhineland money in the present situation.

Suggestion to Sell Railroads.

On the other hand, there is one local proposal which has gained great support as a suggestion at least of a way out. The success which has attended the working of the railroads and their peculiar situation as an international highway between Holland, Switzerland, France and Germany, have brought many local observers to the conclusion that for Germany, as well as for France, by far the best way of obtaining money for reparations and a quick and satisfactory settlement is for Germany to offer the whole Rhineland system for sale to an international group in which Switzerland, Holland, France and the Rhineland would have equal shares.

It is recalled that Germany has already offered to hand over her railroad system as a guarantee of payment, all profits to be devoted to reparations. Such a proposal, however, while being cumbersome, does not offer the possibility of an immediate solution as does this other, which has also the advantage that it would provide an international commercial barrier between France and Germany in case of assault by one or the other and yet leave the territory of the Reich intact.

JAIL CHEMICAL DIRECTORS.

French Sentence 8 Germans to 3 Years in Prison and Fines.

LANDAU, Bavaria, Aug. 15.—Eight directors of a Badena aniline soda factory at Ludwigshafen were today sentenced to eight years' imprisonment and fined 760,000,000 marks each by a French military court. The convicted men include the entire executive and professional staff of the huge chemical plant.

The men were charged with refusing to assist the French in delivering nitrogen fertilizers requisitioned by them.

GERMANY QUIETER; RED STRIKE FAILS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

German press particularly features a New York cable quoting The New York Times having "friendly words" for Stresemann and expecting that he would "pave the way for reform of the German finances and negotiations with France."

The Germans consider that Stresemann received a favorable echo from England and America and por from France.

There is certainly more optimism in Berlin tonight than at any time since the tex of the Versailles Treaty became known. This morning the Cabinet occupied itself principally with the food problem. The Chancellor is still on the lookout for a new man as Postmaster General, while the Foreign Ministry is also expected to remain vacant for some time.

The German Press, with few exceptions on the extreme right and left, comments favorably on stresemann's program Stinnes's Allgemeine Zeitung is particularly friendly, and appraises Stresemann for "unequivocal words to Poincare, whose plans are so openly shameless that every German Government, regardless of party makeup, has its political attitude prescribed for it." The Stinnes organ concludes:

"Passive resistance remains Germany's weapon."

The Catholic Germania goes into the heart of Stresemann's problem thus: "This cabinet has a heavy task, compulsorily to bring about the great change from illusory inflation prosperity to a deflation crisis. Jacking up prices to a gold basis is approaching ever nearer."

The Socialist Vorwaerts says: "Never was Germany's moral position in defense and maintenance of resistance stronger since the Ruhr

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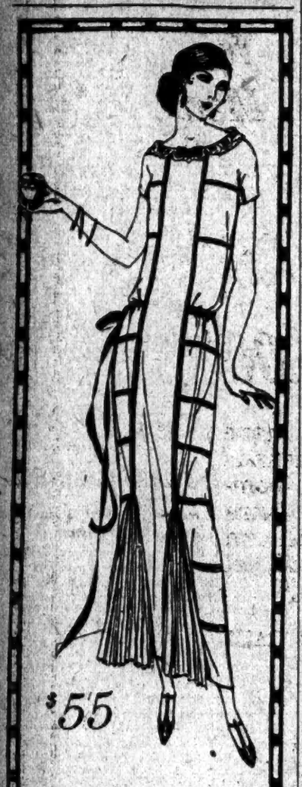

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DECIDEDLY new is a frock of brown of navy Poiret twill with red, French blue or tan ribbon stripes and the merest suggestion of a pleated flounce

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RESULT OF CRUDE SURPLUS

Oil Men Say Midwestern Price of 16 Cents Is Below Production Cost.

Reductions of from 1 to 2 cents a gallon in the wholesale prices of gasoline were announced yesterday by the Standard Oil Companies of New York and New Jersey, to take effect immediately in the Atlantic States and New England. The reductions were met by the independent companies which compete with the Standard Oil organizations in the territory affected.

Standard Oil officials said yesterday that the cuts announced in the East had no connection with the situation in the Middle West, where a price war exists. Several Governors in that section announced that they would sell gasoline at around 16 cents a gallon, which, according to the trade, is below the cost of production and distribution. The cuts in the East, it was pointed out, were due entirely to the ability of the Standard Oil companies to obtain cheap crude oil from California, where there has been an overproduction for several months. This oil, said the officials, can be brought to the Atlantic Seaboard by way of the Panama Canal more cheaply than midcontinent oil or refined products can be shipped east by rail.

The movement of oil from California to the East has been going on for several months, said this official, and when and wherever the cost of the oil has been reduced, he added, the benefit has been passed on to the public, as indicated by the reductions announced earlier in the year.

The first reduction in the East announced yesterday was by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. This company announced that its tank wagon price of gasoline would be immediately reduced 1 cent a gallon in New Jersey, Maryland and the District of Columbia and 2 cents a gallon in Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina. This reduction was immediately met by the Texas Gulf Refining, Tide Water and other large independent companies. The reduction brings the wholesale price down to 19½ cents a gallon, or a retail price of about 22 cents a gallon.

2-Cent Cut in Buffalo.

The Standard Oil Company of New York soon followed the New Jersey company and announced a reduction of 1 cent a gallon to 19½ cents in the territory it serves, embracing New York State and the New England States. This cut was also met by the independents. In Buffalo the Standard of New York reduced its price 2 cents to 18 cents a gallon wholesale.

The low prices result from the heavy overproduction of crude oil which has been experienced since the beginning of the year, particularly California, where several new fields were brought in and which now are producing more than 600,000 barrels of oil daily, making total production for the State of about 850,000 barrels daily, again 375,000 barrels daily at this period last year. At the same time production in other fields of the country has been increasing rapidly, the total for the entire country now being about 2,200,000 barrels daily, against 1,500,000 barrels a year ago.

In a statement covering the situation, the Atlantic Refining Company of Philadelphia, one of the Standard Oil units, issued the following:

"The motorist is paying in this territory 7 cents less a gallon for gasoline than in July, 1922. The falling market is due to extraordinary oversupply of crude oil both in the midcontinent and California fields. The law of supply and demand is inexorable. It is right that the consumer should benefit by these conditions which have brought this unprecedented supply of petroleum into the market. It is right and necessary also that the producer, the refiner and the distributer should be able to operate at a margin of profit.

"Our profit through a period of years was .9467 of a cent—less than one cent a gallon. For the first half of 1923 that figure has been cut to about two-thirds of a cent. Thus while the consumer is benefited by a price reduction of 25 per cent. we have sustained more than a pro-rata reduction in profit.

"These figures are quoted to demonstrate that the retail price of 16 cents a gallon for gasoline, as quoted in some sections of the country, is destructive of industry."

Comparative Tank Wagon Prices.

The tank wagon prices in the larger cities of the country compared with other period follows:

	Present.	High, 1923.	High, 1922.	Low, 1921.	Jan. 1, 1921.
Atlanta, Ga.	19.0	28.0	27.0	20.0	31.0
Baltimore, Md.	19.5	28.5	26.0	21.0	28.5
Birmingham, Ala.	19.0	27.5	24.0	21.0	31.0
Boston, Mass.	19.5	24.5	27.0	23.5	32.0
Butte, Mont.	24.5	24.5	27.5	25.5	34.5
Chicago, Ill.	15.5	20.0	23.0	18.0	27.0
Cleveland, Ohio	20.0	21.0	23.0	20.0	30.0
Dallas, Texas	19.0	18.0	23.0	18.0	31.0
Denver, Col.	17.0	21.0	26.0	22.0	32.0
Des Moines, Iowa	24.5	21.1	24.4	19.5	28.5
Detroit, Mich.	14.0	24.4	25.4	19.9	28.5
Houston, Texas	12.0	18.0	23.0	18.0	29.0
Indianapolis, Ind.	14.2	20.8	23.8	18.6	28.3
Kansas City, Mo.	14.5	19.5	21.5	15.0	26.5
Louisville, Ky.	20.0	22.0	24.0	23.0	28.5
Memphis, Tenn.	18.0	19.0		24.5	22.0	30.0
Milwaukee, Wis.	15.6	20.6	23.7	19.3	27.9
Minneapolis, Minn.	14.9	21.5	24.7	19.2	28.3
Newark, N. J.	16.5	23.5	26.0	21.0	28.5
New Orleans, La.	15.0	19.5	24.5	19.5	28.5
New York	19.5	24.5	27.0	24.0	31.0
Omaha, Neb.	14.55	20.5	23.5	18.5	29.5
Philadelphia, Pa.	19.0	23.0	26.0	21.0	31.0
St. Louis, Mo.	13.2	20.5	23.2	16.2	26.2
St. Paul, Minn.	14.1	21.5	24.2	21.2	28.2
San Francisco, Cal.	14.0	17.0	21.0	21.0	27.0
Seattle, Wash.	14.0	19.0	23.0	23.0	26.0
Tulsa, Okla.	15.0	20.0	24.0	17.0	29.0
Wilmington, Del.	21.0	23.0	26.0	21.0	31.0
Averages	16.62	21.11	24.4	20.2	29.3

*Price of Standard Oil Company of California. Independents selling at 12 to 17 cents.

The average price of gasoline in thirty of the leading cities of the country is now about 16.67 cents a gallon, which is about 12 cents a gallon below the average at the high point in 1920. Based upon an average consumption of 5,000,000,000 gallons for the current year, the American motorists, according to trade estimates, will pay approximately $800,000,000 less for gasoline than if the high price of 1920 were now in force.

Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield intends to investigate gasoline prices in the city. Over the long-distance telephone at Saratoga, where he is spending a few days, he said he intended to find out why the people of New York City pay from 25 to 28 cents a gallon for gasoline when it is being sold in the West for 16 cents a gallon and less. There will be a preliminary survey, and then the Commissioner will hold hearings and summon witnesses.

GASOLINE PRICE WAR SPREADS EASTWARD

Lower Costs Reach New England and Other Seaboard States, the South and Far West.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15. — The gasoline price-slashing war spread further today to the East, the South and the West. Price reductions were announced in New England and all along the Atlantic seaboard, in Ohio and Tennessee and in Colorado and Utah. In the meantime the local rush to lay in a supply while the price is down continued. Standard Oil Company officials declared it was impossible to estimate the vast increase in sales.

In Chicago, the Standard Oil Company was preparing an advertisement, which is to appear tomorrow in the newspapers, disclaiming responsibility for the sudden slash of 6.6 cents a gallon. In Madison, Wis., independent oil jobbers of the State, who were assembled for their monthly meeting, asserted that they welcomed the cut and said it was the result of concerted action by the independent companies. The Standard Oil Company says the situation is a bad one—"that the retail prices thus made are below the cost of production and distribution"—and it blames Governor McMaster of South Dakota.

"The Governor of South Dakota," their advertisement will say, "buying distress gasoline at below cost of production and charging against the State no adequate cost for distribution, is selling gasoline to the public at 16 cents a gallon. The Standard Oil Company has met this price."

In Ohio the price dropped 1½ cents. In Tennessee there was a drop of 1 cent; in Denver, Col., gasoline was selling at 17, 18, 19 and 20 cents and a general reduction to 16 cents was expected. The price was dropped 2 cents in Salt Lake City, bringing the retail price there to 24 cents.

Dispatches from Winchester, Va., said that a citizens' committee, headed by State Senator Harry Flood Byrd, had arranged to buy one or more carloads of first grade gasoline at 14 cents a gallon delivered there. This was to be sold at 20 cents a gallon, the 6 cents difference between the wholesale and retail prices going to pay a special State tax of 3 cents and to allow the retailer 3 cents profit.

In Washington, the Department of Justice was pushing its inquiry into the gasoline situation, with particular attention directed to the alleged agreement of some fifty refiners to close down their plants this month so as to curtail production.

Although oil men insist that the present price scale is ruinous and that they are losing money on every gallon sold, efforts are to be made to keep the price down. Federal agents have said that so long as production conditions remain as they are, the price of gasoline must stay below 20 cents. United States District Attorney Olson intimated today that no change in the present price would be tolerated.

McMaster Allows 20 Cent Price.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 15.—Governor W. H. McMaster, who precipitated the present gasoline price war more than a week ago when he instructed the State Highway Commission's supply depot at Mitchell to sell gasoline to the public at 16 cents a gallon, today consented to increase the price to 20 cents at a conference with a committee representing independent oil jobbers.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—Price reduction in gasoline has reached this city to the extent of a one-cent drop, the retail price now being 22 cents a gallon. The Gulf Refining Company, the Standard Oil Company of New York and the Jersey Manufacturing Company are among those lowering the price.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 15.—The price of gasoline was generally reduced 1 cent to 22 cents a gallon here this afternoon. Among the concerns cutting the wholesale price were the Standard Oil Company of New York, the Gulf Refining Company and the Texas Oil Company.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 15.—The Standard Oil Company and the Gulf Refining Company today ordered reductions of 1 cent a gallon in the retail price of gasoline in New Hampshire.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Reduction of 1 cent a gallon in the price of gasoline was announced today by the independent dealers of Syracuse. The retail price today was 20 cents a gallon and the wholesale 18 cents at all dealers in the gasoline of independent firms.

22 Cent Price in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 15.—The principal independent gasoline distributing companies in the Pittsburgh district have met the new price of the Atlantic Refining Company of 22 cents for general motor gasoline, and all sales today were being made at that quotation. There is a State tax of 2 cents a gallon, which is paid by the consumer.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 15.—The Great Western Oil Company will reduce the price of gasoline 1½ cents a gallon throughout Ohio, effective tomorrow, M. H. Hearley, secretary,, announced late today. This will make the price 18½ cents by truck and 20½ cents at service stations.

The Standard Oil Company and the Western Reserve Oil Company announced similar reductions, effective tomorrow.

The first person to be sent to the Workhouse for violation of the gasoline short-measure law in the campaign being conducted here was convicted in Police Court today, when Judge Sawicki sentenced Herman J. Marks to ten days' imprisonment and fined him $200 and costs.

WOMAN LEAPS FROM LINER.

Sails "by Mistake," but Jumps Into Bay in a Life-Saving Suit.

After the President Monroe of the United States Lines had sailed for London at 1 o'clock yesterday, it was reported that a young woman giving her name as Irene Cardinal Peaires of 140 West Forty-ninth Street, had been carried off by mistake from Pier 3, Hoboken, and was so anxious to get to New York to keep a business appointment that she jumped overboard in a life-saving suit and was picked up by a passing tugboat. She was landed at Pier 1, Battery, it was said, by a tugboat owned by the United States Shipping Board, and after doffing her heavy rubber suit and powdering her nose she set off to keep her appointment.

According to the details given out later, the kind-hearted Captain of the President Monroe did not wish the young woman to take the risk of going overboard in the life-saving suit, and suggested that it would be safer for her to go to Sandy Hook on the ship and leave with the pilot. It was a coincidence that the Captain had a life-saving suit that would just fit Miss Peaires, and when he saw she was determined to do it he let her put it on.

Nothing was known of any one named Irene Cardinal Peaires at 140 West Forty-ninth Street last night when reporters called to get details of the alleged exploit down the bay.

$529,575 FILM SUIT.

Producer Brings Action for Damages Against Famous Players.

The Famous Players-Lasky Corporation was sued in the Federal Court yesterday by Joseph C. Boss, a motion picture producer of Washington, D. C., for triple damages amounting to $529,575 on a complaint charging that the defendant had violated the Sherman law by using arbitrary and unlawful methods for the purpose of driving him out of the motion picture field as an independent exhibitor.

In 1921, the complaint states, the plaintiff was showing pictures in the Folosho Theatre in McAlester, Okla., and he was deprived of the business after the defendant had obtained control of a national system of distributing films. The defendant, it is alleged, sought to coerce the independent exhibitors to sell their business to the corporation, or to permit it to become part of the monopoly, and those who refused were either compelled to pay several hundred per cent. more than the ordinary price for films or were faced with strong competition and sometimes by both of these methods. It is stated that the defendant corporation is the largest theatre owner in the world and that it owns or controls upward of 400 desirable theatres in the United States and Canada.

Phone or Write

when inconvenient to come to the Store, and the Wanamaker

Personal Service

will place at your disposal a trained shopper who will buy for you whatever you order. Phone Stuyvesant 4700 and ask for Personal Service. This is a great convenience when out of town during the Summer.

John Wanamaker

Astor Place at Ninth Street
Formerly A. T. Stewart

Telephone Stuyvesant 4700
Store Hours: 9 to 5

FROM THE FOUNDER'S WRITINGS

Of the Great Dr. Johnson it is written that he said:

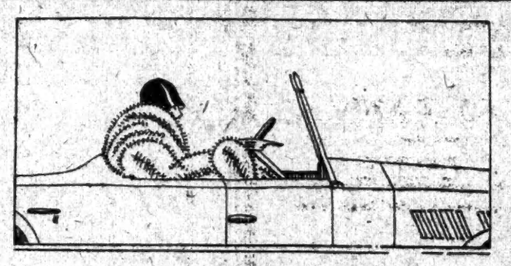
"Keep your friendships constantly in repair."

Where there are faults on both sides, forgive and forget; and with fewness of words, or none at all, begin all over again and bury the rubbish of the past.

There is much to be gained in frequent conversations with a friend well chosen.

(Signed)

John Wanamaker



Smart Sports Coats

Are an important feature of the Wanamaker Fur Sale

Smart, straight little coats which when worn with the pleated skirt complete a most effective sports costume.

Big, "roomy" coats for the motor, the steamer and for trotteur wear.

The Furs

Civet Cat	Leopard Cat
Natural Muskrat	Ocelot
Australian Opossum	Marmot
American Opossum	Beige dyed Caracul
Beaver	Nutria

Plaid Cloth Linings

Raccoon coats made to our order, lined with gay plaid cloth, very much like the raccoon sports coats made for men, are a new feature especially designed for the college and out-of-town girl.

Prices range from $79.50 for a Short Beige-dyed Caracul Coat to $395 for a 50-inch Beaver Coat, which is 25 per cent. less than they will be marked after the end of the Sale.

Second Floor, Old Building

153 Different Styles of Bedroom Suites

Still Remain in the August Furniture Sale

We said we shall keep up the assortments through August, and we are keeping our word, although it has been hard to have the in-shipments of furniture equal the enormous out-shipments, which are larger than in any previous sale.

These matched suites are in these well-liked designs:

Scroll Colonial *Post Colonial* *Sheraton*
Italian *Louis XV.* *Louis XVI.*
Hepplewhite *Queen Anne* *Windsor* *Cottage*
Straight Line

The woods are walnut and mahogany, in combination with gum wood, prima vera, birch, maple, oak in natural or gray finishes, walnut and gold, mahogany inlay, mahogany decorated, and enamel and painted suites, in antique green, black, antique ivory, bronze, rose, gray, blue, pink and mauve.

Prices from $95 to $4,207

Sixth Gallery, New Building

The Very Shoes Women Want at the season's lowest prices

705 Pairs at $2 *518 Pairs at $3*
1,300 Pairs at $5

Our own good regular stocks. Sports shoes, afternoon slippers and models for evening wear. Savings on all are considerable.

Small overlots and broken size ranges account for the extremely low prices. All sizes are included, but not in every lot.

First Floor, Old Building

400 Salem Cord Tires

A Special Purchase at Very Low Prices

30x3½ in. Cord Clincher for $8.75

* * *

These are regular size cord tires and come only in the 3½ and 4-inch sizes, as follows:

200 tires—30x3½ Clincher	$8.75
50 tires—31x4 S. S.	$16.00
50 tires—32x4 S. S.	$17.00
50 tires—33x4 S. S.	$17.50
50 tires—34x4 S. S.	$18.00

Mail or telephone orders filled in rotation while the sizes last.

Street Floor, New Building.

"Your Own Sale" now enters the Home

Offers Household Goods Today at 1-4 under today's prices

Even though the price has been reduced, you deduct one-fourth when you buy

Rugs a Big Feature!

35 Wilton Rugs, 9 x 12 Ft.
Now Marked $130—Your Price, $97.50

They are the finest grade seamless worsted Wilton rugs, on which the mills have just made an advance in price. They will be $140 in the Fall. To get them at $97.50 is extraordinary. But only 35 rugs at this low price. Each rug is an excellent copy of a Persian or Chinese rug design.

Other Rugs One-fourth Less

9x12 Crex Rugs—your price, $10 and $14.50
Now marked $13.50 and $19.50
The $14.50 in the herringbone weave; the $10 rugs the regular weave.

* * *

Canvas Rag Rugs—your price, $3.35 to $10

		Your price
Now marked—27 x 54 inch	$4.50	$3.35
3 x 6 feet	$5.75	$4.25
4 x 7 feet	$9.50	$7.00
6 x 9 feet	$13.50	$10.00

Made of heavy canvas rags of various mixed colors.

* * *

Oval Braided Gingham Rugs—your price, $3 to $5

		Your price
Now marked—26 x 54 inch	$4.00	$3.00
30 x 60 inch	$4.85	$3.65
3 x 6 feet	$6.75	$5.00

* * *

East Indian Bangalore Rugs
Your price, $1.10 to $29.65—now marked $1.50 to $39.50
Made of tough, durable cows' hair and wool. All have natural colored centers with red, green, and blue border designs. Ranging in size from 3 ft. x 1 ft. 6 in., to 12 x 9 ft.

Size	Now marked.	Your price.
3 ft. x 1 ft. 6 in.	$1.50	$1.10
5 ft. x 2 ft.	$3.75	$2.85
6 ft. x 3 ft.	$6.50	$5.85
9 ft. x 6 ft.	$19.50	$14.75
12 ft. x 6 ft.	$25.00	$18.75
14 ft. x 7 ft.	$38.50	$29.65
12 ft. x 9 ft.	$39.50	$29.65

Third Gallery, New Building

In the Upholstery Store

1,000 yards Cretonne—your price, 37c yd.
Originally 75c—now marked 50c yard
Imported and domestic cretonnes in a great variety of patterns and color combinations.

* * *

200 Lace Curtains, your price, $2.51 to $8.07 pr.
Originally $5 to $13.50—now marked $3.35 to $10.75
200 pairs, in one, two and three pair lots, including Swiss ruffled curtains, madras, scrim, novelty nets and Irish point curtains.

* * *

Summer Portieres and Window Drapes
Your price, $4.30 to $13.31 pair—now marked $5.75 to $17.75
Stenciled and embroidered designs on crash, monks' cloth and rep. Plain mohair casement curtains, some with valances complete.

* * *

200 yds. Hand-blocked Linens—$1.12 and $2.62 yd.
Originally $3 and $6.75—now marked $1.50 and $3.50 yard
Arranged in lengths from 3 to 25 yards.
Fourth Gallery, New Building

* * *

25 Framed Mirrors—your price, $22.50 each
Originally and until this reduction $30
Over-buffet, mantel, panel mirrors of French plate glass, some with three panels and mitre-cut ends. All frames are of gilt with burnished ornaments.
Eighth Gallery, New Building

* * *

Bedspreads and Blankets

123 Bedspreads—your price, $3.75 to $13.87
Now marked $5 to $18.50
A mixed group of single and double bed sizes, in white embroidered with colors, cream grounds with floral designs, and all-white satin finish; most of them with bolsters to match.

* * *

60 Virgin Wool-filled Comforters
Your price, $9.37—now marked $12.50
Extra large size, cut 72x84 in., covered with plain sateen, in rose and copenhagen.

* * *

70 Pair Plaid Blankets—your price, $7.87
Now marked $10.50
Wool filling, cotton warp, 66x80 in., pink, blue, tan and gray.
First Floor, Old Building

* * *

Hammocks and Swings

27 Couch Hammocks—your price, $19.30 to $37
Originally $25.75 to $65—now marked $25.75 to $49.50

* * *

25 Porch Divans—your price, $39 to $55
Now marked $51 to $73

* * *

35 Garden Swings—your price, $7.85 to $12
Now marked $10.50 to $16
Four-passenger garden swings made of hard varnished wood. Three styles, limited quantity in each.

* * *

15 Baby Carriages—your price, $26.25 to $45
Now marked $35 to $60
Of the famous Bloch make, in genuine reed.
Third Gallery, New Building

China and Glass

150 Dinner Sets—your price, $45
Originally $100—now marked $60
Of high grade white, transparent Bavarian china, with rose wreath decoration, gold lines and handles. Complete service for 12 persons in each set.

* * *

10 English Dinner Sets—your price, $33
Originally $65—now marked $50
A fine grade of English porcelain in the famous blue Yang-Tse pattern. Full service for 12 persons in each set.

* * *

Iced Tea Sets—your price, $1.90 to $4.50
Now marked $2.50 to $6
Covered pitcher, six glasses charmingly decorated with lightly cut designs. Six sippers included in each set.

* * *

China Cups and Saucers—your price, 75c for 6
Originally $1.80 for 6—now marked $1 for 6
5,000 of thin, imported china in the blue Willow and the Onion designs.

* * *

Garden Furniture—your price, $3.60 to $25
Originally $8 to $55—now marked $5.35 to $37.50
Concrete flower boxes and jardinieres, benches, bird baths, pedestals and other pieces.
Second Gallery, New Building

* * *

Lamps and Shades

50 Table Lamps—your price, $5.62 to $37.50
Now marked $7.50 to $50
Lamps of pottery, wood, metal and glass, in a variety of styles.

* * *

30 Metal and Glass Vase Lamps—your price, $13.12
Now marked $17.50
Very attractive lamps with painted glass shades.

* * *

20 Metal Table Lamps—your price, $9
Originally $16.50—now marked $12
With 18 in. glass-paneled shades and two lights each.

* * *

100 Lamp Shades—your price, $1.50 to $11.25
Originally $2 to $15
Of wicker, gingham, parchment paper and lovely glazed chints shades, accordion-pleated, are in the lot.
Second Gallery, New Building

* * *

In the Far East Shop

500 Chinese Tassels—your price, 63c
Now marked 85c
Silk in all colors. Six inches long.

* * *

25 Bronze Jardinieres—your price, $10
Originally $25—now marked $15
9 inches in diameter.
Fourth Gallery, New Building

* * *

Housewares—Many Kinds

178 prs. Hedge and Pruning Shears—your price, 75c to $4.30
Now marked $1 to $5.75
Including English hedge shears, domestic shears, border shears, branch or lopping shears, and pruning shears.

* * *

300 Garden Spades—your price, 55c
Now marked 75c
Made of polished steel. Also 26 spading forks with 4 tines. Your price, $1; now marked $1.35.

* * *

70 Electric Fans—your price, $11.25 to $26.25
Now marked $15 to $35
Sizes 9 to 16 inches; alternating and direct current; manufactured by Robbins & Myers, Westinghouse and Western Electric.

* * *

38 Water Coolers—your price, $2.63 to $19.69
Now marked $3.50 to $26.25
Including oak-grained coolers, lined with galvanized iron; some barrel coolers double lined; stone-lined coolers and bottle coolers. Capacities ranging from 2 to 15 gallons. Bottles extra.

* * *

25 Galv'd Watering Cans—your price, 50c to $1.05
Now marked 70c to $1.40
Capacities 4 to 16 quarts.

* * *

800 Window Screens—your price, 38c to $1.05
Now marked 50c to $1.40
Exterior screens in 14 different sizes, so that you may be sure of fitting your windows; made of hardwood with black wire. Also a few metal frame extension screens, now marked 70c to $1.40—your price, 53c to $1.05.

* * *

25 Screen Doors—your price, $2.90
Now marked $3.85
Sizes 2 ft. 8 in. x 7 ft., to 3 ft. x 7 ft. 6 in.
Seventh Gallery, New Building

ORGANIZATION

10,000 men poorly organized are nevertheless a big organization. But 100 men splendidly organized are a great organization. We are not selling the biggest organization in America, so much as the most experienced and efficiently trained.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE

CAPE COSTUME DRESS of Charmeuse & Velvet $95

DRESS Alone 49.50

Variety

NEVER SO MANY SMART MODELS,—NEVER SUCH A VARIETY OF INDIVIDUAL EFFECTS,—NEVER SO MANY HIGH TYPE FROCKS AND GOWNS AT PRICES FAR BELOW THE EXCLUSIVE MODISTES' CHARGES FOR SIMILAR MODELS.

Crouch & Fitzgerald

Hand Wrought Luggage

Luggage to be dependable must have inherent fine quality of material and expert workmanship. Crouch & Fitzgerald have been serving the public for over 84 years in an eminently satisfactory manner.

Unusual Values!

Crouch & Fitzgerald

586 Fifth Ave. above 47th Street — 177 Broadway at Cortlandt St.

Milanese Silk 16 Button Gloves

MARK CROSS LONDON

$1.50

Pongee and grey shade

The World's Greatest Leather Stores

486 Fifth Ave.—New York—353 B'way

Boston—145 Tremont Street

London—89 Regent Street

Brilliant with local color. *Spicy* with the flavor of Hungarian life.

READ

SWEETPEPPER

TO-NIGHT

Tenth Edition Now Ready.

It is certain to prove one of the biggest selling books of the year.

By GEOFFREY MOSS

$2.00 at any bookstore.

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 Fifth Av., N. Y.

SAYS DEATH IS LOT OF GREEK REFUGEES

American Adviser Asserts New Influx Means Thousands Will Die Unless Aid Is Given.

GREECE CANNOT DO IT ALONE

He Holds That With Population Increased 28 Per Cent. Now, Obstacles Are Insurmountable.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Greek refugee problem has again reached an acute stage, according to cabled advices from Athens, as a result of the influx of a new lot of some 60,000 refugees, and of the exhaustion of the supplies left by the American Red Cross when it closed relief work June 30.

For several months these latter refugees have been concentrated in camps at Constantinople and various ports of the Black Sea and along the Syrian coast. The refugees from Constantinople are reported to be in a particularly bad state.

According to Brainerd P. Salmon, American adviser to the Greek Government on matters of reconstruction and relief, who is temporarily in the United States, in connection with plans of the Greek Government for the care of the refugees and their absorption into the normal economic life of the country the new refugees will increase the total that Greece has received since the Smyrna debacle to about 1,200,000.

Mr. Salmon, who was formerly President of the American Chamber of Commerce in Greece, stated to a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES that a movement of this vast horde of refugees into Greece has increased the normal population of that country about 28 per cent. Without outside help, he asserted, thousands will die.

About 10 per cent. of the total number of refugees, he said, are Armenians, Hebrews, Assyrians and Circassians, "having no claim upon Greece except the claim of human beings denied shelter elsewhere." He continued:

"There are 210,000 from the interior of Asia Minor, territory never occupied by the Greek troops, and to which Greece never laid claim, either under the allied mandate which sent her to Smyrna, or in any other manner; 180,000 more are from Eastern Thrace, the ancient homeland of the Greeks ceded to Greece after the war by the allied 'Indian givers' and now, trembling, returned to Turkey by these same allies. These refugees from lands where no fighting has occurred, together with those other thousands from Constantinople, are a living sacrifice to the cry of 'Turkey for the Turks,' a cry just enough in itself did the Turks not include in 'Turkey' so much of the earth's surface to which they had no lawful claim."

Mr. Salmon expressed the opinion that all now depends upon the ability of the Greek people to assimilate the refugees.

He pointed out that with the withdrawal of the Red Cross the work of adjustment had to cease.

"There have been discussions at Geneva about an international loan," he said, "but several months are sure to pass before money can be realised from that source, and in the meantime the depleted finances of the Greek Government are insufficient to even feed all the refugees. So it is obvious that without outside help thousands must die."

STATE OFFICIALS AWAIT NEXT MOVE BY KLAN

District Attorney Here Not to Take Criminal Action if Injunction Is Violated.

ALBANY, Aug. 15.—The issuance of the temporary injunction against the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan and its sister order, the Kamelia, is interpreted by George W. O'Brien, Deputy Attorney General, as an invalidation of the certificates of incorporation granted to the organizations by the Secretary of State, Mr. Hamilton.

What the next move, if any, will be, is not known here. The Klan and Kamelia may carry the case on appeal to the Appellate Division, and further appeal might be made to the Court of Appeals, but the next step must be made by the hooded orders, as the Attorney General's office has attained its objective.

Ferdinand Pecora, Acting District Attorney, said yesterday that the decision of Justice Staley enjoining the Ku Klux Klan from operating as a corporation in this State would not cause the District Attorney's office here to take any action against the organization. As he understood the case any act of the Klan in violation of the injunction would be punishable by contempt proceedings and not by criminal action.

Albert Massey, of 142 West Forty-second Street, who appeared for the Klan in its suit against Hearst's International Magazine Company, said yesterday that he would appeal from the decision of Judge Winslow denying an injunction which would restrain the company from publishing articles about the Klan.

"An appeal from Judge Winslow's decision will be taken at once to the Circuit Court of Appeals, following which the case will be tried on its merits as soon as it is reached on the calendar," he said. "The Klan is seeking to establish the fact that the letters and documents used in the series of articles, and which are alleged to have been stolen, are the property of the Klan, and therefore cannot be legally used for any purpose by any one except authorized officials of the Klan."

MARISTS ARE BURNED RESCUING CHILDREN

Two From New York Are Severely Injured in Gasoline Explosion Near Montreal.

MONTREAL, Aug. 15.—Two brothers of the Marist Order from New York, three children and a chauffeur were injured when the gasoline tank of an automobile bus loaded with children exploded as it was being filled at St. Philipe of Laprairie late yesterday, according to advices received here today.

Brother Henry Gabriel, Brother Andrew Michael and Matt Hington of Terrebonne, the chauffeur, were severely burned in taking the children from the bus. The three injured children suffered only slight burns.

The bus contained sixty children, who were being returned from St. Ann Camp at Lamothe Island, near Rouse's Point.

Those severely injured are in a hospital, where it was reported that one was expected to die.

Keystone Telephone July Report.

Net earnings of the Keystone Telephone Company for July were $39,652, against $37,242 in the corresponding month of 1922, according to the report of the company.

Gets Control of Power Company.

It was reported yesterday that the Puget Sound Power and Light Company has acquired control of the Olympia Light and Power Company, which supplies electric light, power and street railway services to Olympia, Ore.

POSITIVELY *instead of* MAY BE!

IT is true that a bond secured by first-mortgages on income-earning properties MAY BE SAFE, even without a guarantee as to interest and principal. The PRUDENCE GUARANTEE on the face of the Bond simply takes the MAY BE out of the proposition and puts a POSITIVELY in!

We do not ask you merely to take our word for safety.

We offer you our entire resources to prove it!

They are PLEDGED as additional security for you.

Mail coupon and read the facts

The PRUDENCE COMPANY, Inc.

Under the supervision of N. Y. State Banking Dept.

NEW YORK 31 NASSAU STREET — Capital and Surplus $1,100,000

BROOKLYN 162 REMSEN STREET — Denominations $100-$500-$1000

TEAR OUT

The Prudence Co., Inc. P-418
31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
Gentlemen:
Without obligation on my part please send booklet "Building an Income with Guaranteed Bonds."
Name
Address

Copyright 1923, The Prudence Company, Inc.

Macy's Macy's

R. H. Macy & Co.

Herald Square Inc. New York

Special Purchase and Sale

300 Pairs of

Men's Linen Knickers

$3.49

Excellent quality white linen knickers at an exceptionally low price—made possible by price sacrifices on the part of both the manufacturer and ourselves.

The fabric is a good heavy quality linen, cold-water shrunk; the tailoring is of a high order of excellence throughout—the knickers are roomy, comfortable and have buckle at the knee.

Included in this lot are

110 Pairs of Linen Knickers

Cut on English model—fuller at the peg and somewhat longer, with a full knee—in buckle-at-the-knee style.

Size ranges are complete—Regulars, shorts, longs.

White and a few in tan.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

Macy's Macy's

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 WEST 57th STREET

Final Offering—Thursday

DRESSES

Closing out our entire remaining stock of late Summer and early Fall dresses, desirable models of Chiffon and Crepe de Chine, broken sizes. Formerly sold as high as 75.00.

24.50

Store Hours 9 to 5:30

EIGHTY YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET—BROADWAY—33RD STREET—NEW YORK CITY

Store Pennsylvania 6100

SELZ $SIX SHOES

for Men

for Men

"The Combination" $6.00

In addition to the style and durability that have made SELZ SHOES the choice of thousands and thousands of American men, "The Combination" possesses this comfort feature to heighten its value: it combines an extra narrow heel, shank and instep with a wide, roomy ball and toe. Result, a hygienic shoe, a snug-fitting shoe, and yet a mighty good looking one. Drop in and try on a pair.

BROWN OR BLACK ALL SIZES KIDSKIN OR CALF

Gimbels Features the Selz Royal Blue Line

for men—made from selected leathers as carefully as possible in the very height of style—the very best, we think that you can buy anywhere for the price of $8.50

GIMBELS MEN'S SHOE SHOP—Fourth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

In the Shop of BLACK *and* WHITE *for Madame and Mademoiselle*

NEW BLACK SILK CREPE COAT DRESSES

Copy of the Paquin dress which is being worn now by the smartest women.

Of a New Crepe Weave

49.50

Black Dresses are the Vogue

Distinguished, different and youthfully slim is this cleverly designed coat dress.

Also Suitable For Mourning

IN THE BLACK AND WHITE SHOP—*Sixth Floor*

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

Madame . . . . has established an entirely new and youthful suit fashion . . .

TAILORED SUITS OF MANNISH FABRICS

Fall models in oxfords or wood tones

59.50

Worn with a gardenia boutonniere

Youth conferring is this simple little tailored suit with its lounge coat and wrap-around skirt—boyish in line, feminine in charm.

Also in navy blue twill fabrics

SUIT SHOP FOR MADAME—*Second Floor*

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—Disraeli.

All our transactions are an open book to purchasers under the Culver Plan of co-operative ownership.

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125TH STREET, WEST

Advance Styles IN SILK FROCKS OF SATIN CANTON — CANTON CREPE

19.75

CHARMING MODELS WITH FLOWING ⅞ SLEEVES EMBROIDERED IN STEEL BEADS IN NEW GRECIAN EFFECTS

Nature's Comfort

Happy, care-free, barefoot lads enjoy the foot comfort of nature. But the grown-up folk of New York can enjoy it, too, if they wear Dr. Reed Cushion Shoes.

The idea of their combination felt and cork cushion soles was taken from nature. Walking in them even on city pavements is much like treading on soft, springy, country soil.

Nature's comfort costs no more in Dr. Reed Cushion Shoes—they are quality made, styled right, and priced reasonably.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
Now Made by
J.P. SMITH SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1272 Broadway, at 37th Street
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

PUBLIC SERVICE CO. SILENT ON STRIKE

Jersey Trolley Officials Refuse to Comment on Order to Resume Traffic.

COMPANY OPPOSES JITNEYS

Strikers Meet and Leaders Predict Victory and 65 Cents an Hour.

Although faced with legal action tomorrow morning unless it resumes service on its trolley lines affecting 146 New Jersey municipalities, the Public Service Railway Company yesterday made no answer to the order issued on Tuesday by the Board of Public Utility Commissioners that service be restored forthwith. John L. O'Toole, Vice President of the railroad, refused yesterday to indicate what the course of the company would be.

"I have no comment to make at this time," he said. "The situation has not crystallized sufficiently enough to justify a statement at this moment."

It was understood that the company would issue a statement tomorrow setting forth its position. Asked if the plan the company had under contemplation involved the suggestion of eliminating jitney competition, Mr. O'Toole said he had nothing to say. The general opinion was that the company's plan would embody a proposal that jitney competition be removed on lines over which the company maintained service.

The order for the resumption of service was formally served yesterday at the offices of the company. It was supplemented with a warning that the Board of Utility Commissioners had instructed its counsel to apply for a writ of mandamus in the event the order was not obeyed.

Increasing dissatisfaction with the bus service was noted yesterday, the fifteenth day of the walkout of 6,300 trolley employes. The strikers met at Laurel Gardens, Newark, where speakers dwelt on the increasing dissatisfaction as an omen that the men would win their demand for 65 cents an hour. William Wapner, head of Local 819 of the Amalgamated Electrical and Street Car Workers of America, told the men that the only ones satisfied with transit conditions were the owners of the buses. Wapner denied a charge said to have been made by a former prohibition agent of Newark to the effect that the railroad company had bought him (Wapner) out and that he had purchased thirteen houses in Newark with the proceeds. Wapner announced that he had been in touch with the union in regard to obtaining money for strikers who were in need in the event the strike continued.

The Essex County Bus Owners' Association yesterday appealed to the municipal and State authorities for long-term permits for 200 emergency buses. Superintendent of Transportation Joseph Campbell yesterday arranged for procuring additional buses from up-State towns and cities in New York. Six buses arrived from Schenectady to augment the fleet which is taking New Jersey to and from work.

RESERVES HONOR ENRIGHT.

Police Commissioner Becomes a Member of Women's Association.

Two hundred majors, captains, lieutenants and sergeants of the Women's Police Reserves of Manhattan and the Bronx assembled in the trial room at Police Headquarters yesterday and notified Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright that he had been made an honorary member of their organization. The Commissioner received a miniature Women's Police Reserves badge which Major Jean Dean Barnes of 2 West Eighty-third Street pinned on the lapel of his coat and a set of resolutions in which the women praised his administration of the department.

In thanking the Reserves the Commissioner said he felt so highly honored as though he had been made a member of the Legion of Honor.

In their resolutions the Reserves declared that New York City under the police administration of the Commissioner has become the cleanest city in the United States.

Indiana Phone Rates Raised.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Indiana Bell Telephone Company won authority from Federal Judge Page today to increase its rates in twelve Indiana cities on a scale calculated to add $1,600,000 a year to its revenue. This authority, however, is effective only until Sept. 25, when the court will hold another hearing. The increase, it is estimated, will amount to about 40 cents a telephone in Indianapolis, Anderson Shelbyville, Jeffersonville, Newcastle, Bluffton, Vincenes, South Bend, Peru, Kokomo, Muncie and Hartford City.

To Seek Channel Swimming Record.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 15.—An effort to break all records for swimming the English Channel will be made soon by a Cleveland swimmer, Carbis A. Walker, who swam across Lake Erie two weeks ago from Point Pelee Light, Canada, to Lorain, Ohio, a distance of approximately 32 miles, in 20 hours and 15 minutes. He expects to sail from New York on Saturday.

MINE DEAD TOTAL 97; ONE STILL MISSING

Weeping Women and Saddened Men View Victims of Disastrous Explosion at Kemmerer.

KEMMERER, Wyo., Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Kemmerer tonight was in mourning for the miners—ninety-seven of them—who are known to have lost their lives in the explosion at Kemmerer Coal Company Mine 1, at Frontier, near here, yesterday.

Throughout the day and tonight hundreds of relatives and friends thronged the I. O. O. F. Hall, which has been turned into a temporary morgue, and also a local undertaking establishment containing about half the bodies. The latest official report is ninety-seven miners dead, one missing and thirty-seven rescued unhurt.

What caused the explosion has not been determined, but officials of the company announced that the pumps were not damaged and that work would be resumed as soon as possible. The mine is considered one of the deepest in this section, if not in the United States. The main shaft goes down at an angle of sixteen degrees to a depth of about 2,000 feet, and it was on the lower levels, or about one mile under ground, that most of the bodies were found.

Search for the one missing miner is being continued by picked crews of mine workers.

Soon after dark last night the task of removing the bodies from the mine was begun. The last of the 87 recovered late last night was identified soon after 2 A. M. and immediately on their arrival in Kemmerer today they were prepared for burial.

Henry Niska, a youth in his early twenties, one of those who escaped, had gone to work the morning of the tragedy. He and several companions were rescued from one of the lower levels nearly eight hours after the explosion occurred.

"We were just starting to dig coal when we heard a shot, and immediately afterward there was a deafening rush of air," Niska said. "Realizing that we were in danger," he continued, "my companions and myself immediately searched for water, and wetting pieces of canvas we held these to our noses and mouths. We kept up this process for several hours before the air finally cleared, but we did not dare move until the rescue workers arrived."

The story told by Niska is typical of that of many others of the rescued. There are tales of some of the entombed men being overcome in a mad frenzy to reach the surface and still others who died trying to reach other levels on which they had relatives or friends.

P. J. Quealy, head of the Kemmerer Coal Company, stated today that the widows and orphans of the dead miners would be provided for and would need no outside aid.

ARTIST'S WIFE TRIES TO DIE.

Takes Poison When She Gets Letter From Husband's Model.

Mrs. Blanche Suden, the wife of E. H. Suden, a German artist, of 19 Barrow Street, was taken to Bellevue Hospital yesterday suffering from the effects of bichloride of mercury poisoning. Immediately after taking the drug Mrs. Suden drank milk as an antidote.

Suden told reporters last night that his wife, who is known to Greenwich Village as "Little Susanne," took the poison with suicidal intent.

"Her nerves are in a terrible condition from shell shock, suffered while she was serving as a Red Cross nurse in France," he said. "She is a native of France and was on the front with the French Army. She does not understand the free and easy village life and she was groundlessly jealous of me.

"I have seen 'Little Susanne' at the hospital and everything is straightened out. The physicians think she'll recover and then we'll move out of the village and be just as happy as we used to be."

Suden admitted that his wife's act was precipitated by a letter which she received from one of his models, of whom she was jealous.

There was an argument, Suden said, and he finally left the house to "let his wife cool off."

Mrs. Suden was in the apartment of their neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. Richard O'Neil, who live in the same house and conduct an art shop at 184 West Fourth Street, being given first aid treatment for poisoning when he returned home, Suden said. She apparently had repented and gone to her neighbors for help shortly after taking the poison.

STIFF PENALTY FOR HOLDUP

Two Payroll Robbers Get Long Terms in Sing Sing.

Two payroll robbers were sent to Sing Sing yesterday by Judge Charles C. Nott. They were Peter Olivetti, 19, of 230 First Avenue, who was sentenced to serve from eight to fifteen years, and Arthur Dantony, 18, of 454 East 119th Street, sentenced to not less than five nor more than ten years.

Olivetti, a chauffeur for the B. Coat and Apron Supply Company, on May 4 was driving a bookkeeper from a bank with $1,500 in pay roll money when it was held up and robbed by several men. Olivetti aroused the suspicion of the police and he was arrested. Dantony was caught soon afterward. Both were convicted.

Judge Nott said he imposed a heavier sentence on Olivetti because he was an employe of the concern and it was his duty to protect his employers' property.

SIGN PLAN TO GIVE MEXICO RECOGNITION

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

Queretaro Constitution on May 1, 1917, remain intact. After that date the provisions of the Queretaro Constitution relating to the subsoil prevail, although the non-retroactivity of these provisions, notably the much mooted Article 27, is firmly established.

As to the subsoil-petroleum rights of Americans who acquired lands prior to May 1, 1917, but who did not explore or announce an intention to exploit their lands for oil, it is understood that the Mexican Government is unwilling to assure the rights, but the United States delegates specifically reserved them.

Under the agrarian section of the understanding American rights acquired prior to the 1917 Constitution remain intact under the laws then in force and the provisions of the Constitution of 1857, but lands acquired since 1917 it is agreed, are subject to the provisions to to the latter Constitution relative to the division of huge estates and also to subsequent agrarian reform laws.

While the agrarian delegates have been disposed not to press their viewpoint regarding immediate cash compensation for American-owned lands which the Government is expropriating in pursuance of its policy of restoring communal lands to towns and villages from which they were taken, a strong stand has been maintained against expropriations illegally made under "color of law." It is understood that assurances were secured that the Mexican Government will make immediate and just cash payments for lands illegally taken or make immediate restitution, drive off squatters, and annul the decrees of local agrarian commissions.

Mixed Claims Settlement Drafted.

The Mixed Claims conventions are intended to play a most important part in settling American claims for lands unjustly expropriated. Until the conference began its work and complaints relative to expropriation excesses poured in upon the American delegates the Mexican Government itself had little idea of the enormous tracts of foreign-owned lands which had been taken.

The claims conventions provide, first, for a settlement of American claims for damages suffered in the revolutionary period from 1910 to 1920 and, second, for a settlement of Mexican claims against the United States resulting from the Pershing expedition and the Vera Cruz occupation.

While the general outlines of the accord have become known authoritatively, the details of the conference records relative to the Mexican interpretations of the oil and agrarian legislation and the exact basis upon which the revolutionary and agrarian claims are to be determined have been kept secret. Both Governments have agreed to withhold these details until after the presentation of the records to President Coolidge and to withhold the conventions until they are presented to the Senates of the two countries.

The documents signed included two official copies of the conventions and the conference records, one in English and one in Spanish for each Government. The official texts of the conventions are in English. The proposal for a treaty of amity, which was first suggested as a recognition prerequisite was abandoned because of Mexico's refusal to agree to such prerequisite.

WHALEN IS ASSAILED ON TRANSIT CHARGE

Assemblyman Jesse Tells Commissioner Legislature Is Not Keeping Board in Office.

ACTION UP TO GOVERNOR

Smith Can Appoint New One to Hylan's Liking If He Wants To, He Says.

Assemblyman George N. Jesse issued a statement last night replying to Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, who had declared that the city could do nothing in the transit congestion because the situation was controlled by the State through the Transit Commission. Commissioner Whalen said the Legislature was holding the commission in office, and Mr. Jesse replied that it was Governor Smith who was doing the holding.

"I notice from the morning press," said Mr. Jesse, "that the Hon. Grover Whalen took advantage of a gathering in Central Park, assembled to hear a band concert, to harrangue them about the deplorable transit conditions, and among other things said the city was unable to do anything because of State regulation in the hands of the Transit Commission. He made the further illuminating statement that this said Transit Commission was being kept in power by the Legislature of the State.

"I do not know whether Mr. Whalen is really ignorant of the law or whether it best suited his purpose to make a misleading statement. However this may be, it does seem important that the public should know the truth, which is, that the Transit Commission is removable by the Governor and not by the Legislature. There has never been a day since Governor Smith took office on the first day of last January that he could not have taken the necessary steps to have removed the present commission, Chairman McAneny included, provided Mr. Whalen or any one else could show that they were not faithfully and fully performing their duties in the best interests of the City of New York and with equal and exact fairness to all parties concerned.

"Governor Smith has not only had the power during all this time to make this removal but he has also had full and complete power to appoint as their successors in office a commission suggested by Mayor Hylan and those in control at City Hall. The matter of State regulation and the personnel of the commission are two entirely different questions.

"No longer ago than 1919, during the first term of Governor Smith, he on more than one occasion declared himself committed to the policy of State regulation. But this has not prevented him from removing the present Commission and appointing a commission entirely agreeable to the Board of Estimate, provided the present Commission has been in any way unfair to the city or negligent of their duty to the people. In fact, the Governor could allow Mayor Hylan to name every member of the new Commission to be appointed in place of those now in office.

"The law does not need to be changed in the slightest regard to enable him to do this. Let us stop clouding the issue for political purposes and tell the truth. If the present Commission is not doing their duty to the city, then call upon the Governor to remove them and give the reason therefor. The responsibility is upon City Hall to prefer their charges, and upon the Governor to remove and appoint a Commission agreeable to those incontrol of the City Government."

BAIL UP, GOES TO TOMBS.

Man Accused of Stealing From Stenographers Is Held in $15,000.

The bail of Peter J. Candeau Jr., importer and exporter of 321 Broadway, accused of stealing money from stenographers while they were being tested for positions in his office, was raised from $5,000 to $15,000 yesterday, on his arraignment before Justice Mancuso in General Sessions. Candeau was unable to furnish the increased bail and was sent to the Tombs.

Candeau was held by Magistrate H. Stanley Renaud last March on the complaint of several stenographers. One young woman testified that she went to lunch with Candeau and found on her return that money had been removed from her handbag. Four indictments were returned against him.

KRESGE TRIAL DELAYED.

Count Waits Vainly for Principals in Wife's Divorce Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Aug. 15.—Contrary to expectations, principals in the divorce action brought by Mrs. Anne H. Kresge against Sebastian H. Kresge, millionaire owner of chain stores, did not appear in court today, although Judge Richter was waiting for them.

Mrs. Kresge charges that her husband deserted her on Dec. 1, 1922. Her divorce will was filed on Jan. 23, 1923, and the entire affair has been conducted with every attempt at suppression of the details. Kresge has been well known for efforts in reform and prohibition enforcement, for his position in the Methodist Church and for his enthusiastic support of the Billy Sunday evangelistic campaigns.

Mrs. Kresge asserts the prohibition leader is of a morose and moody disposition and temperament and that he frequently spent hours in his home in sullen silence, refusing to speak to her or the children. At other times he was a "nagger" and a "scolder," she alleges. He refused to accept responsibility for the children and placed the burden of their rearing entirely on her shoulders, she avers.

Cities Service Earnings Gain.

Net earnings of the Cities Service Company for the year ended July 31 were $16,009,628, as compared with $13,402,254 for the previous year, according to a report issued yesterday by the company.

B&M
B. Altman & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
New York

Men's Light-weight Felt Hats
for early Autumn wear
Prices: $5.00 to 15.00

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

Midsummer Furniture Sale

This 10-piece dining room suite, adapted from the Jacobean in deep-toned walnut, is a fine example of the values we are offering during this important sale. $375

Hand Tufted Candlewick
Bed-Spreads
$5.25
We are glad to be able to announce these candlewick bed-spreads at this low price because they have become so popular that it is difficult for the Kentucky mountain women who make them, to supply the large demand. They are made of unbleached muslin, and the design is hand-tufted in candlewick. White with colored embroidery in the following colors — rose, blue, yellow, lavender and green. Single and double sizes.
SECOND FLOOR

Linen Towels
$7.50 Dozen
One of the best values we have been able to offer in months is this beautiful linen towel, in Russian weave pattern with narrow damask hemstitched border. These towels were recently bought in a special purchase, which accounts for the low price. The entire assortment is fresh and new.

Huck Towels
$9 Dozen
A special purchase of pure linen huck towels with hemstitched damask borders, and space for monogram. 20x36 inches. An exceptionally fine quality for this low price.
SECOND FLOOR

Old Fashioned Ruffled
Curtains
$2.50 Pair
Made according to our own design of a fine quality of marquisette in checked and dotted designs. The narrow ruffle is double-stitched. Each pair has quaint tie-backs. White, ivory and ecru.
FIFTH FLOOR

Exercise Records
Wallace Reducing Records, set, $15
Walter Camp's Daily Doses, set, $10
Elizabeth Arden's Health Exercises, set, $12
Victor Exercises, set, $3
Demonstrations daily.
SEVENTH FLOOR

THE MAN'S SHOP

Today!
Final Clearance

Merchandise listed below is from The Man's Shop's regular stock, radically reduced for this final clearaway sale.

Sizes in the various items are not entirely complete.

CLOTHING

304 Wool, flannel, crash, and tropical worsted 3-piece suits, finely tailored *reduced to* $35

98 Tropical suits, imported worsted, 3-piece, in blue and other shades. Majority are silk lined, the balance have silk sleeves *reduced to* $45

A few mohair suits, coat and trousers *reduced to* $15

And several Palm Beach suits *reduced to* $8

52 Pairs of white and striped flannel trousers, of fine imported cloth *reduced to* $6.50

15 Gabardine topcoats, showerproof $25

16 Shetland sport coats, silk lined $35

SHOES

182 Pairs golf and sport oxfords. Tan Scotch grain, plain tip, corrugated rubber sole; white buck, tan trim, with leather or red rubber sole *reduced to* $8.50

FURNISHINGS

39 Coat sweaters, in camel's hair and wool, some with knitted sleeves *reduced to* $8.50

77 Wool sweaters and slip-ons *reduced to* $5

Fancy cotton beach or traveling robes *reduced to* $5

Straw Hats, sennit $1.25

Express Elevator Service

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
38TH AND 39TH STREETS

FALL TAILORED SUITS

$25

For Misses or Women

Mannish model suits for misses and women who desire to combine style and comfort. Loose box coats and wrap-around skirts in grey, tan, orchid or blue tweeds or homespun flannel. All sizes.

AVEDON
FIFTH AVENUE
at Fortieth Street

WORK DEFENDS OUSTING OF DAVIS

Secretary Asserts That Reclamation Service Requires a Business Head.

WANTED DAVIS TO REMAIN

But He Would Not Serve in Consultative Capacity, Work Tells Engineering Society.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Declaring the reclamation problem to be no longer so much a question of engineering as "it is one of business acumen and operation," Secretary Work today addressed a communication to James H. Dunlap, Secretary of the American Society of Civil Engineers of New York City, in which the Secretary of the Interior makes an effort to explain the recent removal of Arthur Powell Davis from the post of Director of the Reclamation Service.

Mr. Dunlap asked the Secretary of the Interior for information regarding this and other recent changes in personnel of the Reclamation Bureau. In reply Secretary Work wrote:

"Your courteous inquiry of June 27, reply to which has been delayed because of my absence from the States, requires more than a categorical answer.

"The reclamation law, providing for the construction and operation of irrigation projects, mentions no official, but places the entire burden and responsibility of administering the law and of carrying out its purposes upon the Secretary of the Interior.

"It creates no position known as Director or Commissioner of the Reclamation Service, nor any other position, but places the whole responsibility for selection of agencies for the performance of his work on the Secretary of the Interior.

Problems Distinct From Engineering.

"In the beginning, necessarily, the work was the construction of projects involving engineering skill, but with their completion there grew up another aspect, namely, the problem of the water-users and the collection of the original cost, as contemplated by the law. It is thought that these problems, which involve dealing with the farmers individually, could be best handled by a practical business man familiar with the conditions peculiar to irrigation in the West.

"The return of the enormous investment made by the Government will necessitate help and advice to the farmers on the projects, along the line of subdivision of large land holdings, getting more settlers on the projects, securing creameries, sugar factories and other industrial enterprises; more intensive farming, diversification of crops and co-operation with the owners and tenants on 53,000 farms as to packing, handling and marketing their products by men who have been trained along these lines.

"This does not mean a diminished construction program, but rather an increased and accelerated construction, because with the money returned to the Government under efficient business management there will be freed a fund to continue construction that would otherwise be retarded.

"To handle the engineering work the engineering force of the service remains efficient, with the same chief engineer at its head who has been engaged in the construction work for many years. There is no thought of minimizing the importance of reclamation engineering. It was my purpose to retain Director A. P. Davis in the Reclamation Service as a consulting engineer, he at first consenting but subsequently declining the appointment.

Projects in Danger of Abandonment.

"The Secretary of the Interior, who alone is charged with the execution of the Reclamation Act, desires the greatest possible efficiency—not alone efficiency in one phase of the work, but efficiency in every phase and aspect of reclamation. He believes that the change to which you refer is made necessary by existing conditions; for unless improvement can be brought about many projects will be abandoned entirely by settlers—some have already gone—and the Government not only will lose millions of dollars invested, but the settlers themselves will lose time, labor and money already placed by them on their farms.

"Although it is primarily essential to construct dams and ditches, these are not alone enough to secure successful farming to settlers, for whom reclamation was instituted.

"All of our reclamation projects are not prosperous. It is not a question now of engineering so much as it is one of business acumen and operation. The men on the project must reimburse the Government for its millions of dollars advanced for the reclamation of land through irrigation, and our reorganization with this in mind seemed necessary.

"Because of the publicity I am advised this matter has obtained, I am taking the liberty of giving my letter to you to the press, that it may answer other similar inquiries."

BRITAIN EXCLUDES ALIENS.

Nearly 1,000 Failed to Pass Immigration Tests in April-June Period.

LONDON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Immigrants to England seem to have some difficulty in getting into this country, just as some British subjects have in entering the United States, according to Government figures made public today. These show that nearly 1,000 aliens failed to obtain permission to land in the United Kingdom in April, May and June.

According to the returns under the Aliens Order of 1920, a total of 87,953 alien passengers, excluding emigrants in transit, landed in the United Kingdom in the three months' period and 74,633 embarked, while permission to land was denied to 928. In the corresponding months of last year 87,616 aliens landed, 74,213 embarked, and permission to land was refused to 704.

WOULD BAR PRENDERGAST.

Westchester Objects to Public Service Head in Gas Rate Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Aug. 15.—Although William Prendergast, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, was not present when the commission began its investigation here today of gas rates charged in Westchester County, an objection was filed to Mr. Prendergast taking part in the inquiry.

James T. Lewis, Corporation Counsel of Yonkers, cited the fact that Mayor Walter Taussig has charges on file with Governor Smith alleging Mr. Prendergast prejudiced rate cases about to be started in this county and asking his removal.

The Westchester Lighting Company called Matthew Broderick, realty broker of Yonkers, as one of its experts to testify that the value of its property is about $2,000,000.

Mr. Lewis asked to be allowed to have Yonkers put its own expert engineer on the stand and also asked that the new rates be suspended pending the outcome of the investigation. The commission reserved decision on the two motions.

GEDDES RECOUNTS ELLIS ISLAND EVILS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the immigration station. On this subject, after only one visit, I am little inclined to express a definite opinion. It appeared to me, however, that much space on the ground floor that would be invaluable if available was practically useless because of insufficient provision for ventilation. Some of the rooms in use as waiting rooms for those who had to appear before boards are inconvenient of access. Similarly, some of the sleeping rooms impressed me as unsuitable to house the numbers that in rush times spend the nights in them.

The lavatories open directly out of the sleeping and living rooms. This seems to me to be an inevitably unpleasant arrangement, especially in view of the fact that many, perhaps a majority, of the immigrants are unfamiliar with the pattern of conveniences in use in North America. [Here are described extraordinary mistakes made by some immigrants in the use of these conveniences].

The rooms provided for the medical boards are unsuitable and inadequate. No effort has been made to adapt them through structural alteration to their present purpose.

"Cages" Suggest Imprisonment.

While it is obviously necessary that the drifting crowd of immigrants who have to be handled in the building be prevented from straying and getting lost, I can quite understand that persons of some refinement and intelligence sent to Ellis Island resent the locked doors and wire "cages." These are much in evidence, and inevitably suggest imprisonment. I am satisfied, though, that the work of the immigration station could not be done without them. To unlock the doors and leave them open and to remove the "cages," would produce chaos worse confounded.

Something is now being done to renovate the paint-work and to effect minor repairs. This has been too long delayed, and the buildings have been allowed to fall into a bad state. The roof in parts requires attention. This it is to receive. There can, however, be no doubt that the amount of money expended on upkeep has for years been insufficient, even to maintain the property.

My general criticism of the buildings is that they are too small. Further, the immigration laws have been altered since they were built, and, however suitable they may have been at the time of their erection, they do not quite meet the present requirements. The attempt has been made through makeshift arrangements to adapt them to their modified purpose. I understand that the superintending architect of the United States Government is now considering how they can be better adapted. I have no doubt that further improvement is possible. It is difficult to see, however, how any one can rearrange the buildings and grounds to make them really suitable. The ideal "Ellis Island" would have, I imagine, ground around it so that those whose sojourn there could not be brief would have space to move about and to get away from what must often be a nauseating contact with their companions in detention.

(c) CONDITION OF THE BUILDINGS—Cleanliness must in the circumstances be difficult to achieve. Many of the immigrants are innocent of the most rudimentary understanding of the meaning of the word "clean." I feel sure that a great effort is made to overcome the difficulties this produces. Still, I noticed in many corners inspected greasy dirt that it was possible to say with certainty had been there for many days, if not weeks or months. The impression that I received was that the cleaning is done with hose-handled brushes and mops with, at times, aid from a cold water hose. Nothing but hot water, strong soda and soap freely and frequently applied with a scrubbing brush will serve if real cleanliness is to be obtained. As a result of the presence of chronic dirt, the buildings are pervaded by a flat, stale smell. This is quite distinct from the pungent odor of unwashed humanity. Both are to be met at Ellis Island. Indeed, the compound smell of old dirt and new immigrants is so nearly universal there that I should not be surprised if it were no longer noticed by the members of the staff. After leaving the island I took thirty-six hours to get rid of the aroma which flavored everything I ate or drank.

(d) ARRANGEMENTS FOR IMMIGRANTS DETAINED ON THE ISLAND—Sleeping accommodation for immigrants and detained persons is provided chiefly in two-tiered bunks. These, in most of the sleeping rooms, are arranged in wire cages, the alleyways being roofed over with stout wire net.

I am sure that it is necessary to encage the bunks to prevent thefts and even more unpleasant outrages. Yet I can understand a certain reaction of annoyed surprise on the part of those whose early experiences were of decent surroundings on being told to go to bed in a cage, even though the cage is necessary and provided for their protection.

The actual surface upon which the immigrant reclines is either woven wire or canvas, supported on metal laths. The canvases that I examined had not been long in use, not more than a few months, but Mr. Tod said that they were not regularly changed or cleaned.

Terrors of Two-Tiered Berths.

I cannot help thinking that it must be very unpleasant to sleep in the lower of these two-tiered berths when ill-luck places a brutalized sort of creature in the berth above. The Secretary of Labor informed me that cases have been known * * * [Sir Auckland here mentions instances of uncleanliness on the part of ignorant occupants of the upper berths.] * * * In any such instance, it seems to me the immigrant in the lower berth has grounds for complaint against the officials who put him there. I cannot believe that instances of this hardship are numerous on a percentage basis.

Five blankets are issued to each immigrant every night. Of these, two are intended to be spread on the wire or canvas and three to be used for cover. These blankets are of satisfactory quality and are sterilized as often as possible. Unfortunately, the sterilization plant cannot deal with all the used blankets every day. As a result, some of the blankets may be used by more than one immigrant between sterilizations. It is not difficult to believe that this may at times produce hardship for the later users.

A cake of soap and two paper towels are also issued each evening to each immigrant detained overnight. The washing accommodation is good, though of course there is no privacy. I have heard this complained of. Such a complaint is merely factious. Similarly, some people do not like paper towels. Personally, I prefer them to cotton or linen towels in public wash places.

(e) FOOD AND FEEDING—The food is of good quality and well cooked. The dining room is the cleanest room in the building when meals begin. It is impossible, however, for any staff to keep it clean during meals, owing to what may be incorrectly described as the " table manners " of the guests, who, incidentally, use the floor as a universal slop bowl and refuse can.

The dining tables are covered for each meal with clean paper " cloths." The tableware is white glazed, thick, but not too thick, and strong. It seemed to me admirably suited to its purpose.

There are special arrangements for the feeding of immigrants of the Jewish faith which, so far as I am able to judge, are satisfactory. I have heard of no complaints with regard to them.

Generally, I thought the arrangements for feeding the best that could reasonably be expected to be made for the present sort of immigrant in the existing building. I attach a copy of the bill of fare of the 28th December, 1922. I personally saw the dinner served. It was excellent.

The kitchen seemed to me to be well equipped and efficiently managed.

That is all, I think, that need be said at this time about the staff and the buildings of the immigration station and the arrangements to board and lodge those detained at the station, except this:

Ellis Island is a Government institution, and, like all Government institutions in all countries, it is almost aggressively institutional. It is impossible for any one on the island, whether on the staff, an immigrant, a " deportee," or even a visitor, to escape from the pervasive sense of " institutionalism."

All Immigrants Are Frightened.

The essential problem of Ellis Island is not, however, its institutionalism, or its arrangements for boarding and lodging immigrants, or its buildings, or even its staff. It is the immigrants and would-be immigrants who create it. If they were all accustomed to the same standards of personal cleanliness and consideration for their fellows, Ellis Island would know few real difficulties, but they are not. Those who pass through the immigration station range from the highly educated and gently nurtured, now fallen into straitened circumstances, to the utterly brutalized victim of poverty and oppression in some scarce civilized land. They speak many tongues and dialects. They all, lady, prostitute, mechanic, rabbi and what-not, are frightened, nervous, shy and strange to their surroundings. They are quite ignorant, too, of what is expected of them and have no conception of what is going to happen next, or why anything happens. Anxious and worried old men and women, young men, girls and little children drift about rooms into which they have been put, or crowd round doors which they think may open. The units in this heterogeneous mass of humanity obviously dislike some of their contacts with one another and yet like sheep follow where any leads. Like sheep, too, they have to be herded and, by hurdles, kept from straying.

It really is remarkable to see how well the miserable mobs of nervous human beings, with all their worldly goods, are manoeuvred through the legally necessary examinations and are dispatched to their destinations. The officials certainly deserve credit for what they do achieve. Still, detention on Ellis Island must be a hateful experience for all of any sensibility who pass its portals.

When a bargeload of immigrants arrives at the island wharf, the crowded people pass on shore and are quickly scrutinized for signs of infectious disease. If a child has developed measles, let us say, it is picked out for treatment in the isolation hospital. The mother passes on with the crowd. Her feelings may be imagined.

The crowd files into the waiting rooms. These are caged with heavy wire net. It is necessary that they should be to prevent individuals straying. Still, the mental effect cannot be added happiness. From the waiting room the men and women are called out in batches, male and female, for examination by the medical officers. It is obviously impossible precisely to synchronize the calling out of the males and females of the same party. Not understanding what is happening, strange and nervous, some of the wretched immigrants believe that they are being separated from their friends forever. The Commissioner of Immigration told me that this calling of a man into one room and his wife into another, even though they are only to be separated for a few minutes, leads in some cases to pathetic scenes.

Makeshift Medical Examinations.

However, they are at length shepherded to the appropriate room. There an unpleasant experience awaits them. The rooms were not designed to provide facilities for the sort of medical examination now required by law. The arrangements are makeshift. During the years that I was Director of Recruiting and Minister of National Service I saw many medical boards in Great Britain. Until the whole recruiting medical service had been reformed by Sir James Galloway, many of them were very far from perfect. Still, no recruiting medical board that I saw was quite so badly accommodated as the medical inspection board I saw at work at Ellis Island. No separate dressing rooms or cubicles are provided. The men strip to their trousers in a crowd jammed between coat-racks. They have to pile their things on the racks higgledy-piggledy—the clean clothes of the washed on the foul clothes of the unwashed. Personally, I thought it disgusting for the washed.

There were five doctors at work when I saw the board. Their duty is to ascertain whether or not each man is free from certain scheduled diseases and transient infections. If the existence of a scheduled malady is suspected, the individual concerned is sent to a hospital for diagnosis. No attempt at final diagnosis is made by the board. This is the deliberate policy, and I am sure it is perfectly sound and fair to the immigrants. The inspections that I saw were, from the professional point of view, considering their purpose, thorough and effective; from the point of view of a sensitive immigrant, distinctly unpleasant, I should imagine.

The examinations of the heart and lungs, &c., of the male immigrants seemed to be effectively and expertly made.

The examination of the female immigrants is made by women doctors. The arrangements for undressing are similar to those for the men. * * *

I saw no mental tests performed, but I saw the rooms in which these examinations are made. Their equipment seemed to me effective and adequate.

From the medical inspection rooms the immigrants who are not put back for further examination proceed to a great central hall. Here, if everything has gone well, the family parties are reunited. Most efficiently the people are organized into groups corresponding to the ship's lists, and pass before the inspectors, who test their capacity to read and see that there is no reason to doubt their eligibility to land. Those that are granted entry, the vast majority of all immigrants, are now done with Ellis Island and can get away to New York, or if they are going West, pass to the railway booking hall, where they exchange their vouchers for rail tickets, are told when they will start and how they will be taken to the railway station. Their baggage is skilfully and expeditiously handled. They can purchase at surprisingly low cost most excellent food for the journey and then they, too, get away along with Ellis Island forever. All the arrangements for handling admitted immigrants are efficient and reflect high credit on those concerned. They are, in fact, a very good example of American business administration.

Cases of Temporary Detention.

Apart from the admitted immigrants, there are first the temporarily detained, i. e., those who are admitted, but who for some reason cannot leave the island at once. Possibly they are waiting for money from friends to complete their journeys, perhaps to California. Possibly they are waiting for an hour or two till friends arrive to pilot them to their new homes. Possibly all members of a family but one have been readily passed, and that one has to be detained to go to the hospital for diagnosis. Pulmonary tuberculosis may be suspected or mental deficiency, or there may be a suspicion of contract labor attaching to one of the party, or illiteracy.

I feel profoundly sorry for some of the temporarily detained—a mother waiting for a delayed child, or a father with his children anxiously watching for his wife to come to him. The very heart of the tragedy of Ellis Island is in the room of the temporarily detained. It is no one's fault and cannot be avoided, unless immigrants to the United States are to be finally approved for admission in their own land before they set out upon their journey.

Large numbers of the immigrants have to go before a board to determine whether or not they may be admitted. I saw five or six of these boards at work. The proceedings were decorous and seemly; the arrangements for witnesses who come to speak for or against the admission of an immigrant are good. Every immigrant rejected by a board is told of his right to appeal to the Secretary of Labor in Washington.

This arrangement, the theory of which is probably right, is in practice nothing short of diabolic. For days some wretched creature is kept in suspense. The appeal board at Washington, which advises the Secretary of Labor, works on paper records, tempered, I have heard it said, by political pressure. The Secretary of Labor may be busy, overwhelmed, perhaps, with work in connection with some labor dispute, or anything. Days slip by, into weeks sometimes, before a decision is reached. When the doubt affects one member of a family, perhaps a child, the mental anguish must be excruciating. The system is to blame. In my judgment there can be no question that power to decide should be delegated by law to some one on the spot with the facts and the people before him. If the United States Government will expedite the decision of appeals so that the results can be announced within twenty-four hours of the completed collection of the facts, the anguish of Ellis Island will be appreciably reduced.

"Americanization" Addresses.

In addition to immigrants, Ellis Island has to receive stowaways and men and women ordered to be deported. The conditions under which these unhappy creatures and those refused admittance for being in excess of quota spend their time on Ellis Island are perhaps as satisfactory as the building will permit. Personally, I should prefer imprisonment in Sing Sing to incarceration on Ellis Island awaiting deportation. To add to the mental torments of those sentenced to deportation, well-meaning, kindly people, with heads softer even than their hearts, seek to entertain them with what are called "Americanization" addresses and cinematograph films. The purpose of these is to tell immigrants how great a country America is and to make them good citizens. A Red under sentence of deportation has possibly views of his own on the subject of the United States. So, too, possibly have those who are to be deported because they are in excess of their national quota.

As a matter of fact, what Ellis Island needs, in my judgment, is to be relieved of the presence of about one-half of the people who are poured into it. If a deportation station were established somewhere else with suitable buildings and reasonably extensive grounds, much would be gained, but there certainly ought to be increased accommodation for immigrants. Before coming to Ellis Island I had imagined that segregation by nationalities might be possible. I am now satisfied that it is not. The flow of immigrants from each nation is too irregular to permit of any satisfactory system of national segregation being devised, and yet some division of the immigrant stream seems to me essential if Ellis Island is not to be abandoned and a new and larger station built elsewhere. After considering the matter with some care, I have come to think that it might be feasible to divide the stream into its Jewish and non-Jewish parts. Persons of the Jewish faith require special food and special attention, and their being mixed with Christians on the island undoubtedly creates considerable administrative difficulty.

Whether the Jews should be sent to Ellis Island or to a new station seems to me to be a matter of no importance. The fact is that Ellis Island is too small to accommodate in comfort the numbers of immigrants that come to the port of New York. It is also a fact that to divide the stream by nationalities would introduce more administrative difficulties and, I believe, more real discomfort than it would cure. To divide the stream on the basis of its food requirements seems to be administratively feasible. In the dining rooms that division has to be made in any event. I am well aware that all proposals to separate human beings on a basis of religious belief are certain to meet with opposition, and that failures to meet special religious requirements, as in the case of food, are equally certain to meet with opposition.

I believe that the choice of the United States Government is by circumstances limited to three possibilities: (1) To continue Ellis Island as at present, with such minor improvements as are possible; (2) to build a relief station and to supply at it, or at Ellis Island, but not at both, food prepared in accordance with the Jewish ritual, and to send all immigrant Jews to that station and all non-Jews to the other; or (3) to abandon Ellis Island and build a completely new station somewhere else in New York Harbor or on its shores.

Undoubtedly, to improve Ellis Island is for the United States Government to follow the line of least resistance.

I have not so far spoken of the so-called first and second class accommodation on the island. Possibly the best comment on this was made by Mr. Tod when he said: "I am trying to get all the fittings replaced and the rooms painted." There can be no doubt that he accurately appreciates what these rooms need if they are to remain in their present sites in the existing buildings. Rooms lighted by skylights and ventilated from a hall are, however, not really pleasant, especially when the hall itself is in need of ventilation.

II—THE HOSPITAL.

(Medical Superintendent: Dr. Billings.)

The hospital and medical service are not, I understand, under the Department of Labor, but under the Secretary of the Treasury. This administrative provision seems to create less difficulty than might have been expected. The reason for this I believe to be not entirely, in the personalities of Mr. Tod and Dr. Billings. The principal medical officer seemed to me to be an admirable official as well as a competent and enthusiastic practitioner of the art of medicine.

His hospital arrangements are good. It is true that the buildings are in need of new paint and minor repairs. Some construction is also needed and the technical equipment, though not bad, might be improved.

It is difficult to judge in such a matter, but my impression is that the nursing and ward maid (or ward orderly) staff might be strengthened with advantage.

The hospital has to deal with every sort of disorder, ranging from slight injury to obscure tropical diseases. It is at once a maternity home and an asylum for the insane. On the occasion of my visit there was at least one patient there, a young woman, who had spent ten months in the psychopathic ward. This real hardship to the patient was caused by her friends maintaining a legal fight to secure her admission. That she was mentally deranged was painfully obvious. Yet there she had remained for ten months in an environment not unsuitable for an insane person detained for a few days, but wholly unsuitable for long-continued residence with a view to cure or recovery.

On the whole, I thought the hospital arrangements good. I inspected the laundry, which I found to be efficient.

III—THE ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

I had time merely to glance at the hospital for persons suffering from infectious diseases.

The general layout is good and the kitchen is excellently arranged and equipped. The quality of the food is good. The wards seemed comfortable and decently kept.

Here, as elsewhere, more money for maintenance to the structure is obviously necessary.

The pathological laboratory for the whole medical service on the island is situated at the end of the isolation hospital. I judge it to be efficient and reasonably adequate. Here, as every other department on the island, needs more money to spend on upkeep.

After seeing Ellis Island and studying its problems, I believe that it is true to say that it is impossible to administer any immigration station under existing United States laws without hardship and tragedy. If a system could be devised which would prohibit persons desiring to come to the United States from sailing from Europe or elsewhere without a certainty of admission to the United States, the problem would be almost entirely solved.

At present United States Consuls, when granting a visa to passports to the United States, may mark the visa with the number of the regulation which they believe that individuals entering the United States would violate. Not only so, United States Consuls abroad send communications through the mails to the Commissioners of Immigration saying that they have issued passports to such-and-such persons who are sailing on a particular boat on a specified day, and that in the judgment of the United States Consul they should not be allowed to land. I feel quite sure that this does not unfairly bias the judgment of the immigration authority, but if an individual is clearly not eligible to enter the United States it would, in my judgment, be kinder to prevent him sailing from Europe or elsewhere than to let him reach Ellis Island and there turn him back.

Ambassador's Twelve Suggestions.

It is clearly a difficult problem that presents itself for solution. If I were asked to advise the responsible authorities, I should recommend twelve things:

1. Put the existing buildings into a thorough state of repair and alter the latrine arrangements.
2. Arrange for these buildings to be maintained structurally and to be kept thoroughly clean.
3. Arrange through structural alteration for proper medical examination rooms.
4. At least refurnish, but if possible replace, the present first and second class rooms by rooms with windows looking to the outside, as the third-class rooms have.
5. If possible, through structural alteration, improve the ventilation of the downstairs rooms so that they can be freely used in the work of handling the crowds of immigrants.
6. Do everything to expedite the handling of the immigrants, especially in the matter of appeals.
7. Provide a new station for criminal deportees (prostitutes, Reds, &c.).
8. Provide a new station for those requiring kosher food (or alternatively, let Ellis Island be the kosher station and provide a new station for the rest).
9. Authorize United States Consuls to refuse visas to the passports of those obviously prevented by law from entering the United States.
10. Arrange, if possible, for all immigrants to be finally approved or disapproved in their home lands.
11. Abandon the quaint custom of delivering lectures on Americanization to criminal and other deportees. Strangely, this well-meant activity seems to be more annoying to its victims than any other single detail in the life of Ellis Island.
12. Brighten up the hospital interiors with fresh paint and keep them even still more scrupulously clean.

In conclusion, I noticed a desire upon the part of officials to say that Ellis Island is as good as any immigration station in any land. It may be. Still, it is quite certain that no other nation's principal immigration station has the same problem to solve, for the reason that the laws of the United States are not the same as those of any other nation. I have, &c.,

A. C. GEDDES.

P. S.—I have handed copies of this dispatch to the Secretary of Labor, Mr. Davis, and to the Commissioner of Immigration at the Port of New York, Mr. Tod.

A. C. G.

Enclosure:
Immigrant Dining Room.
Bill of Fare for Thursday, Dec. 28, 1922.

Breakfast.
Boiled eggs.
Coffee.
Bread and butter.
Milk served to all women and children.

Dinner.
Beef broth with barley.
Boiled beef, vegetables, boiled potatoes, sour pickles.
Tapioca pudding.
Coffee.
Bread and butter.
Milk served to all women and children.

a Supper.
Corned beef hash with green peppers.
Blackberry jelly.
Tea or coffee.
Bread and butter.
Milk served to all women and children.

For all women and children milk and biscuits are served in the detention quarters between regular meal hours and are distributed at bedtime.

DAVIS WON'T BE QUOTED.

But Secretary of Labor Is Known to Favor Some of Geddes's Proposals.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Secretary Davis and other Administration officials concerned in the immigration problem refrained tonight from comment on the dispatch of Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador at Washington, reporting to the British Government on conditions at the Ellis Island immigration station as he found them when he went there on an inspection tour Dec. 28, 1922.

Mr. Davis, who has just returned from an inspection tour of Europe, said that he might issue a statement based on the Geddes report. Two of the important recommendations made by the Ambassador are that American Consuls abroad be authorized to refuse visas to the passports of those obviously prevented by law from entering the United States, and that arrangements be made for all immigrants to be finally approved or disapproved in their home lands.

A step in this direction is being taken, Secretary Davis believing that a plan should be adopted for meeting the situation by setting up "controls" in foreign countries of immigration to the United States. The plan contemplates that by closer inspection abroad most of those now found to be admissible under American laws may be held back on the other side instead of being allowed to come to the United States and refused admission.

CURRAN DEFERS COMMENT.

Commissioner Will Wait Until He Has Read Geddes Report in Full.

Henry H. Curran, Immigration Commissioner, yesterday received with interest the news that Ambassador Geddes had submitted a report to his Government criticising housing conditions at Ellis Island, but refused comment until he had read the report in full. Conditions at Ellis Island have come in for serious criticism on several occasions, particularly in recent months, since the monthly immigrant races, inspired by the immigration quota law, began causing acute congestion at the immigrants' gateway to America. Answering these criticisms, Mr. Curran, and his predecessor, Robert Tod, admitted that the buildings on the island were not all that they should be, but laid the blame for most of the crowding and hardships suffered by immigrants on foreign Governments and steamship companies, which, it was asserted, made no effort to regulate the flow of aliens in accordance with the quota law.

James J. Davis, the Secretary of Labor, who returned from an immigration survey in Europe on Monday, announced that he would seek legislation permitting American Consuls abroad to control not only the flow but the quality of immigrants by a selective system at ports of embarkation.

BROADWAY **Saks** AND COMPANY At 34th STREET

On Sale Beginning Today—

Men's FLANNEL TROUSERS

WHITE and STRIPED

Formerly Priced 8.50, 10.00 and 12.00

5.75

These are all wool flannels of a quality never before offered at this low price.

Men's SPORT COATS

From our regular stocks

10.50

Smart in style and fabric are these sport coats of gabardines, tweeds and cheviots—imported coats also included. The price makes this offering most extraordinary.

Men's SUMMER SUITS

(*Coats and Trousers*)

11.50

Men's ODD SUITS

Reduced to

23.00 *and* **28.00**

No alterations. None sent C.O.D. No exchanges or credits. All sales final.

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Special for Today and Friday

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59th to 60th Street—Lexington to Third Avenue

Store Hours 9 to 5:30 Closed Saturday

Great Savings in Smoking and Shaving Necessities

Barber Shears. Six and seven-inch good quality steel shears. Hollow ground, for barbers and private users..... 69c

Famous "Griffon" Razor of imported steel. Choice of three different widths, 4x8, 5x8, 6x8..... 55c

Whiting & Adams Shaving Brush, rubber cemented, good bristle, white handle..... 79c

Pocket Knives. Imported steel pocket knives with two blades, stag handles..... 55c

Novelty Pocket Lighters. Silver-plated pocket lighters, very handy for smokers..... 69c

Draw String Tobacco Pouch. Made of leather, strong, handy and at a very low price..... 15c

Imported Cigarette Holders. Plain and color combinations..... 29c

Metal Ash Trays fitted with cigar rest, choice of nickel, gun, brass or copper finish..... 50c

Gillette Blades ½ doz..... 30c

Sanitary Razor Blades to fit safety razors such as the Gem, Star and Everready; doz..... 25c

Briar Pipes. Choice of straight or curved stems, in French or Italian Briar..... 29c

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34th Street 35th Street

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A sweater with a very peculiar origin

IF YOU have ever trod the slopes of Cairngorm Mountain up in Banffshire, you have seen lodged in the bedrock hundreds of quartz pebbles of peculiar color and brilliancy. Those peculiar colors have been captured by the weavers of Scotland, and the result is a new sport sweater that is as wild as any Highland landscape and is as full of the outdoor spirit as a Scotch house party in the quail season. $25

The Cairngorm has distinguished itself by something in popularity to most sweaters, though designed primarily for women.

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PECK & PECK

HUGHES WILL PRESS TO GET BERGDOLL

Promises Best Efforts to Extradite Him—Will Also Give Aid to Griffis.

VETERANS RAISING A FUND

Meanwhile People in Baden Are Near Panic, Fearing New Kidnapping Effort.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.—The United States Government will not only do everything it can to obtain the release of Lieutenant Hooven Griffis of Hamilton, Ohio, from prison in Germany, but will also exert all its power to bring Grover Bergdoll, draft evader, back to America. This was the gist of a telegram from Secretary Hughes to Raymond A. Lasance, National Adjutant of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, received today at headquarters in Cincinnati.

The telegram reads:

"Although the Bergdoll-Griffis situation is extremely delicate the State Department wishes to assure the national headquarters of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War that the utmost care of the Government will be exercised to protect the interest of Lieutenant Griffis and if possible to obtain the immediate extradition of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll.

(Signed) "CHARLES E. HUGHES,
"Secretary of State."

More than $500 has been received at national headquarters from posts and members of the Disabled American Veterans to obtain counsel for Lieutenant Griffis, and indications are that a fund of not less than $10,000 will be raised within a few days for his defense.

The disabled veterans have declared their intention to back Lieutenant Griffis to the limit. They say that if $10,000 is not sufficient they will raise more.

HEIDELBERG, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—The Neckar Valley has become an armed camp as a result of the Bergdoll affair.

All trains from the occupied area are searched on the theory that Frenchmen or Americans may be on their way to Eberbach or Mosbach with intentions of trying to rescue Calvin Hooven Griffis and Victor Neilson from jail.

Plainclothes men are assisting the Baden police in the work of inspecting passenger trains going toward Eberbach. All passengers without visas to enter Baden are taken from the trains and arraigned before the passport control to have their papers regularized.

The Badenese fear an armed attempt by the French military in the occupied area to rescue Kiel Sperber, the Frenchman held in connection with the Bergdoll kidnapping case, and officials announced today that he had been moved from the hospital to jail for safekeeping.

Sperber's baggage in his hotel has been searched and all his papers, together with those of Griffis and Neilson, have been sent to the Baden State's Attorney at Karlsruhe.

EBERBACH, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Grover Bergdoll, who is now the best-known resident of Baden and the hero of Neckar Valley, which has been his home for three years, is so busy helping the officials run down clues in connection with the recent attempt to kidnap him that he has not had time to reply to telegrams of congratulations sent from America.

The Badenese are indignant over this second attempt to capture Bergdoll and are extremely bitter because the damages alleged to have been promised a German girl who was shot two years ago when Americans attempted to seize Bergdoll have not been paid.

The police say Karl Sperber has made a confession stating that Griffis assured him of enduring fame in the United States as a detective and "daredevil" if Bergdoll was captured. Sperber, who speaks excellent English, is alleged to have said that he intended to capitalize his fame by opening a detective agency in America.

Prince Gagarin, the fourth suspect, speaks Russian, French, German and English almost equally well, but is apparently keeping silent, as no statement from him is reported by the police.

Bergdoll repeatedly states his belief that the American Legion plotted to have him abducted, and he names the Paris post of that organization as specifically responsible.

MOSBACH, Baden, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Calvin Hooven Griffis and Victor Neilson, the Americans held in connection with the recent attempt to kidnap Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, draft evader, have been moved again since their arrival at the Mosbach jail. While making this announcement today the authorities refused to divulge whither the men had been taken, declaring that an attempt to injure or kidnap them might result should their whereabouts become known, as a high state of excitement prevails over the affair.

ARREST RICH PARISIAN.

Police Hold Bourgeois on Charge of Embezzling 1,300,000 Francs.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Surprise was caused in Paris by the arrest yesterday of Maurice Bourgeois, a wealthy business man, formerly an aide-de-camp to Marshal Pétain. The arrest was made in consequence of a complaint lodged by Senator Coty, the perfume manufacturer, who recently entered the newspaper world of Paris by acquiring the Figaro.

Senator Coty, who formerly employed M. Bourgeois as a broker, accuses him of embezzling 1,300,000 francs. The broker denies this, but says he owes Coty 800,000 francs, chiefly in connection with business done with Americans, which he is willing to repay. The Judge, however, owing to the Senator's very definite charge of embezzlement, has kept him under arrest.

M. Bourgeois is prominent here and occupies an expensive apartment in the Etoile district. He had just returned from Deauville when he was arrested.

DE VALERA TAKEN BY DUBLIN TROOPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

which their cars and horses were capable.

It is too early yet to judge the effect of the coup. In Clare County, and possibly in Limerick, it is likely to cost the Government several seats in Parliament, but in the areas where the Republicans are weaker it may well strengthen the Free State party.

As regards the methods adopted, the troops are criticized for not waiting until de Valera had finished his speech and also for firing, but it is said only blank cartridges were used. These cleared the square most effectually. Otherwise, the military would have had to fight their way through a hostile crowd at the risk of bloodshed.

Accuse de Valera of Rebel Murders.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 15.—The Government Publicity Department issued a statement tonight declaring de Valera's share in all that has happened since the treaty was signed has never been in doubt. It says that he was the first to abandon constitutional ways of settling differences and in a speech on St. Patrick's Day last year he suggested shedding the blood of Irishmen and Irish Representatives in Parliament.

In June of last year, when the irregulars were refusing to accept the verdict of the general election and in contemplation of a coup d'état threw a final challenge to the Government, de Valera ranged himself definitely on their side and defended them in all their bloodshed and destruction.

He suggested proclaiming the Dail an illegal assembly, and it was clear that he was consulted in all the subsequent criminal proceedings of the irregulars.

The statement then refers to a proclamation said to have been signed by Ruttledge and de Valera, declaring the members of the Government and their adherents to be rebels against the "republic." Three weeks later Deputy Sean Hales was assassinated on the way to attend Parliament, and Deputy Speaker O'Maille was seriously wounded.

The statement asserts that de Valera took responsibility for "military action," and refers to the destruction of trains and railway tracks, the shooting of engine drivers, roadside executions, the burning of the children of Deputy McCarrys, the shooting-up of Ballyconnell, Kidderpings, mining, burning of private houses, public buildings and picture houses, and the issuing of threatening notices, to all of which he gave full encouragement. The statement concludes:

"Thus, during the whole irregular campaign of destruction and violence, when the issue seemed in doubt, Mr. de Valera not only did not repudiate the irregular methods, which for futile wickedness were unprecedented in the history of any country, but first to last he lent all support to them.

"When finally they were defeated by the courage of the army and the stoicism of the people, he issued an order to cease fire when his burnings had been proved ineffective.

"He now tries to shelter himself behind the political campaign, but he must take his place with his associates and dupes until such time as he and others can be released without injury to the public safety."

Believe Free State Will Gain.

President Cosgrave and the Cabinet were to some extent on the horns of a dilemma over de Valera's continued immunity while thousands of those who obeyed his orders were in jail, and he remained an increasing menace to the Government's prestige and encouragement to extremists of the Republican Party. On the other hand, his arrest was likely to improve the prospects of his election in County Clare, which is now the chief stronghold of republicanism in the South.

The Government standard bearer in Clare is John MacNeill, Minister of Education, who has been fighting during the last week an obviously close battle. It is believed, however, in Dublin this afternoon that even if the Government has incurred de Valera's election in Clare by putting him in jail, the display of firmness has improved the Ministerial party's prospects in most of the other constituencies. Beyond this point, for the moment, nobody cares to speculate, but it is fairly certain that a peaceful conduct of the elections as a whole will not be endangered by the Government's coup.

The arrest of de Valera was generally anticipated, not by reason of any specific statement or information on the part of the civil or military authorities, but by inference from the Government's action toward all who warred against it since July of last year.

County Clare and Ennis must have celebrated it during last night, for all trains and vehicles entering or leaving the latter town were closely scrutinized. Still, all arrangements in connection with the meeting were meticulously carried through.

It is said that de Valera looks thin and worn. He was just saying that he had never stood for destruction, or for brother being against brother when the troops' appearance so dramatically interrupted what was a very large demonstration.

Ruttledge "Acting President."

DUBLIN, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—News of the arrest of Eamon de Valera at Ennis reached Dublin today, when the city was crowded with visitors who had come to attend the Horse Show. The newspapers recording the arrest were eagerly bought up, but everybody took the news calmly.

Big placards posted all over Dublin announce that de Valera will address a meeting in O'Connell Street here next Sunday. The meeting probably will not be canceled because of the absence of de Valera, but its dimensions, it is thought, will suffer.

The documents of de Valera which have been seized and which the publicity department of the Free State Government has had printed in an effort to fix on de Valera responsibility for the campaign of the Irish irregulars fill sixteen typewritten pages.

Before leaving for Ennis, de Valera appointed Patrick Ruttledge as "Deputy and Acting President" until his return. Mr. Ruttledge tonight issued the following statement:

"The action of Cosgrave's Government in arresting President de Valera and preventing him from addressing his constituents in Clare shows that their pretense for free speech and free elections is as hollow as their pretense that they represent the people of Ireland, in whose name they have dragged Ireland in the mire.

"The people will not be daunted. They will show that not England, nor any of the tools of England, will defeat them from asserting before the whole world their God-given right to freedom.

"People of Ireland, stand fast! Let your watchword be patience and perseverance. The Republic of Ireland lives!"

The publicity department of the Government tonight announced that the Free State troops were fired on from the platform at Ennis. It says a rifle was shot out of the hands of one of the Free State soldiers. The troops then fired several rounds in the air, which served to disperse the crowd.

Speaking at Letterkenny today, President Cosgrave complained of calumnies which he said had been circulated by de Valera in the United States at a moment when de Valera actually was sending for two Senators in order to attempt to make peace with the Free State. "That," said Mr. Cosgrave, "showed the character of the man."

During a Free State election meeting today at Kinvarra, on the Clare-Galway border, a free fight is reported to have occurred in which revolvers were used and eight persons were wounded and taken to hospitals.

SEE TROUBLE OVER CAPTURE

London Papers Say de Valera May Gain as a Prisoner.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—"An embarrassing prisoner" is the term used by the London papers in discussing the problem which the Irish Free State authorities have brought on themselves by the capture of de Valera.

The Daily News suggests that de Valera may be better pleased at the event than his captors, since getting arrested is probably as good an opening to his election campaign as he could think of.

The Westminster Gazette says that if he is released there will be no obvious justification for retaining his chief of staff and so many others of his followers in custody.

The Morning Post says: "The effect of de Valera's turgid oratory was not likely to be half so formidable as will be the glamour of his imprisonment, and adds that the possible consequences of his capture are most to be feared by the captors themselves.

SAYS IRELAND IS SATISFIED.

Vice President of Senate Reports the Country Prospering.

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COPENHAGEN, Aug. 15.—Mr. Douglas, Vice President of the Irish Senate, who is the guest of the Interallied Parliamentary Congress here, said today that Ireland has now got what it wants and that it has a position similar to that of Canada, adding that it was no colony but a republic within the British commonwealth of nations.

He said business in Ireland was safe and that it had increased since the country's freedom from England.

Ireland will be represented at the League of Nations Assembly at Geneva next September.

Low August Prices
For Advanced Autumn
Men's Wear

Men's Attached Collar Solid Color Chambray Shirts

$3.00

The new shades—blue, tan, helio or peach—for wear immediately and indefinitely.

CARMOOR LONDON Foulard Bow Ties $1.25

Men's Madras Stripe Union Suits

$1.65

Athletic models of a quality that usually sells for one-third more.

Two-Piece Suits of Pajama Check Madras, 85c per Garment

Men's Madras Pajamas

$2.50

Seasonable weight garments in soft, serviceable, somnolent fabrics, finely made and priced below their worth.

For immediate and early Fall wear

Franklin Simon & Co. Fifth Avenue

MEN'S SHOPS SEPARATE ENTRANCE
ON WEST 38TH AND 37TH STREETS—STREET LEVEL

Low August Prices
For Advance Autumn
Socks

Men's Silk Socks

At Three Quarters the Usual Price

75c

A full-fashioned pure thread silk sock, with lisle soles, in black, white cordovan, Russia calf, navy, medium or dark gray. Just an extra fine value we recently got hold of, which we thought you might like to get hold of, too.

Franklin Simon & Co. Fifth Avenue

MEN'S SHOPS SEPARATE ENTRANCE
ON WEST 38TH AND 37TH STREETS—STREET LEVEL

Telesco Partition
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
IT TELESCOPES

Makes Your Office You

Let it reflect your success by its atmosphere of dignified beauty.
Use Telesco Partition for your subdivisions.
Every foot of it has that beautiful cabinet finish that you see only in the finest furniture.
Yet it costs no more than ordinary partition.

Phone for Full Particulars

IMPROVED OFFICE PARTITION CO.
28 GRAND ST. ELMHURST NEW YORK N.Y.
TELEPHONE NEWTOWN 3400

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Many New Notes Strike Pleasing Harmonies In

WOMEN'S TWILL TAILORED GOWNS

IN TWO NEW MODELS

55.00

CHARMEEN GOWN
With Roman Striped Metal Cloth...

A distinguished model of charmeen, the new soft-surface twill fabric, follows the coat-dress silhouette, and provides a smart color note with godet and collar of Roman striped metal cloth. Black or navy blue.

TWILL GOWN
With Hand Embroidered French Knots...

A simple straightline model of Poiret twill has panels of handmade silk French knots down the sides on the collar and on the long sleeves. Black, navy blue or brown.

WOMEN'S GOWNS—SECOND FLOOR

Now is the Time

May we suggest that *now* is the best time to choose your fall clothes?

Most men wait until the eleventh hour to buy any article of attire. Then their choice is necessarily more hurried; the range of selection, perhaps, not so good; and fitting is done under less favorable circumstances.

Prudent purchasers who like to make their selections in a leisurely manner and consider appearance, fit and value carefully, will find our show rooms a cool and pleasant place to visit.

Ready to Wear, $75 *Made to Measure, $125*

D'Andrea Brothers Inc.
MEN'S TAILORS
587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh

The Oldest Piano House on Fifth Avenue

THE NAME

Knabe

ON A PIANOFORTE DENOTES THAT THE INSTRUMENT IS THE HIGHEST ACHIEVEMENT IN THE ART OF PIANO MAKING.

Warerooms: Fifth Ave. at 39th St.

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive

John David
Cool, Summer-Weight
Genuine English
Huddersfield Flannel Silk-Trimmed Suits
(COAT, WAISTCOAT, TROUSERS)

$33.50

¶ Huddersfield Flannels Are Standard The World Over For Smart Style And Long Life. Cool In Hot Weather; Comfortable In Cool Weather.

¶ Pencil Stripes On Dark And Medium Gray And Plain Shades Of Oxford Gray Or Cambridge Gray. Astounding Value! *Compare!*

The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS Remodeled New York
BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd STREET
62 BROADWAY, Below WALL STREET
338 MADISON AVENUE, Facing Hotel Biltmore
COURT STREET, At Montague, BROOKLYN

The new Vogue in Metropolitan Living

THE many fine families who have already selected TWELVE EAST 86th STREET as their residence evidences the comfort, charm and convenience of living at this new and pre-eminent Apartment Hotel, just a few steps from Central Park. You may do as much or as little housekeeping as you please. It offers a new vogue in metropolitan living that is worthy of your immediate investigation.

APARTMENTS READY SEPTEMBER 1st.
2 ROOMS & kitchenette $1500 to $2000
3 ROOMS including kitchen & dining alcove $2100 to $3000
4 ROOMS including two baths, kitchen & dining alcove $3200 to $3800

Visit premises or write. Open Sundays. Evenings until 10.

12 EAST 86

TWELVE EAST 86TH STREET
America's Preeminent Apartment Hotel
Ownership Management

Let Us Show You How to Own an Apartment and Save Half Your Rent AT

Jackson Heights

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes
5, 6 and 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

Jackson Heights residents are now enjoying
Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, etc.

Terms—Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms Social and Business References Required

The Queensboro Corporation Manhattan Office 50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 7917
Jackson Heights Office, 25th St. & Polk Ave.

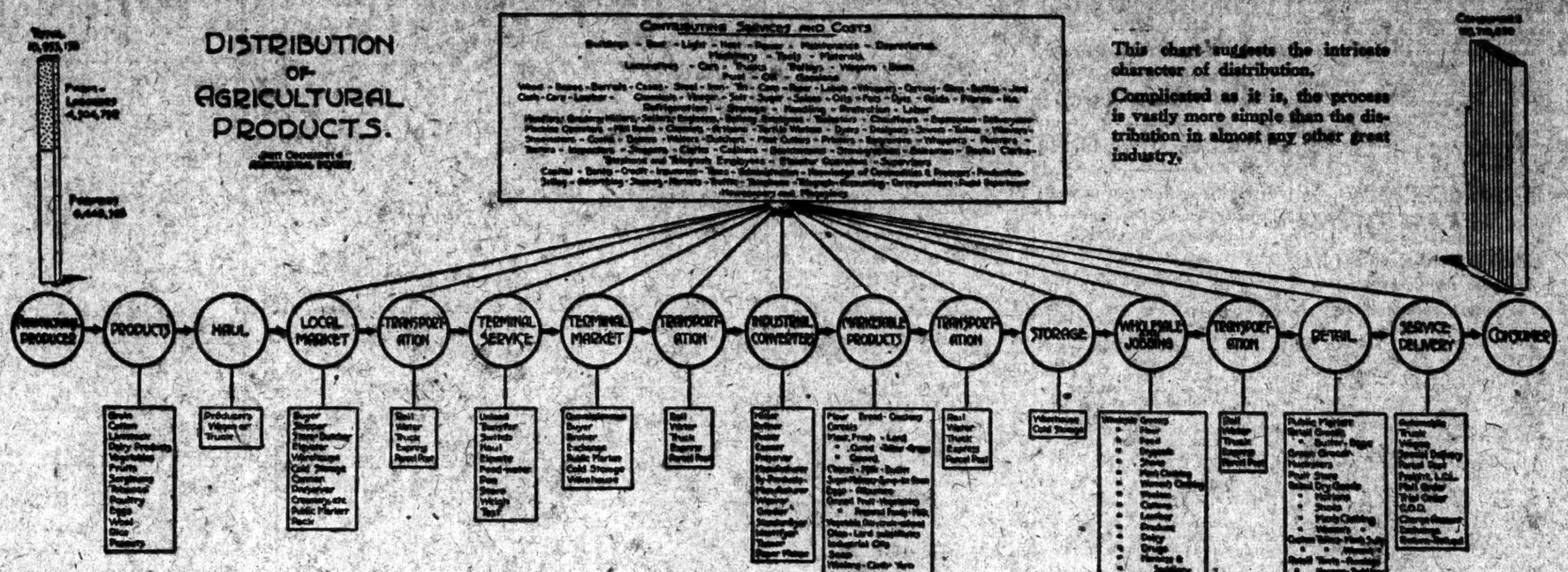
Broadway B. R. T. Subway from 42d Manhattan Station direct to Jackson Heights. Take Corona train at Queensboro Bridge Plaza.

Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

By Motor, 59th St. via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. (Northern Boulevard) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.

Apartments Open for Inspection Until 6 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.



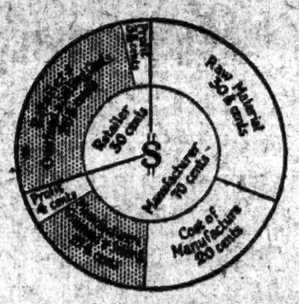
Distribution costs must be cut

"We have now reached a point where it costs more to distribute and serve than it costs to produce. Commodity values are lost in a maze of service costs, and the time has come for a consideration of the fundamental problem of the economic distribution of the absolute essentials."

—from the report of a Joint Committee of the 67th Congress on Marketing and Distribution, submitted October 15, 1921.

BY FAR the most extensive investigation of distribution ever attempted was that from which the above quotation is taken. The following chart is typical of the facts secured in many lines upon which the committee based its findings.

DISTRIBUTION OF A DOLLAR SPENT FOR MEN'S CLOTHING



Note that the cost of the raw material and labor amounts to about 50 cents. Since productive efficiency is admittedly high any reduction in this percentage must be at the expense of quality. Note, also, that the percentages of profit are small, 4 cents for the manufacturer and 3.6 cents for the retailer.

It is obvious that the one way to reduce cost to consumer and to increase profit to manufacturer and dealer is by an attack on overhead and distribution costs amounting to more than 41 cents.

As a contribution toward the betterment of distribution The Chicago Tribune offers its 1923 BOOK of FACTS. This is the sixth edition of this work. It is much larger than those of the past (100 pages) and we believe that it contains valuable material for those seriously determined to increase sales while cutting the costs of selling and advertising.

Does advertising increase the cost of merchandise to the consumer?

At some period in the manufacture of almost every product the question has arisen:

Will it pay to invest a large amount of capital in machinery to do certain work now being done by hand?

On such occasions there were always pessimists or "conservatives" to claim that the old way was more economical, that the big expenditures could never pay for themselves.

Yet rarely did any business ever put in machinery and then go back to the old way. The machinery might need adjustment and improvement. It might soon be thrown on the scrap heap, but only to make way for even more costly, more elaborate machinery.

And steadily, inevitably cost of production has decreased as investments in machinery have increased. Large scale production has brought the luxuries of the past within reach of the poor of today. With the aid of a half million-dollar paper machine the manufacturer of today is able to sell to the school girl for a nickel a tablet which would cost a dollar if made by hand.

Advertising is to selling what machinery is to production. It varies in efficiency as do machines. But really efficient advertising, which brings about *mass selling* of a *standardized product* cuts distribution costs even as machinery cuts production costs.

As the federal report on marketing states:

"The standardization of products and containers makes possible a wider distribution of commodities and so tends to extend the market for them."

One of the great problems before the American business man, therefore, is to use advertising to cut the costs of distribution. The BOOK of FACTS is designed to assist in attaining this end.

The federal commission put its finger on huge factors of unnecessary cost in the following three statements:

"There is a tendency on the part of the manufacturer and wholesaler to undertake distribution over larger territories than can be intensively and economically served. Where too extensive distribution has developed, accounts become scattered, selling costs, advertising, and transportation become extravagant and wasteful."

"It seems probable that the greatest factor of waste in distribution is an idle merchandise stock on the shelves of the retailers and in the warehouses of the wholesalers. Idle merchandise accumulates a burden of interest, insurance, rent, taxes, depreciation, shrinkage, and obsolescence, in addition to tying up an unnecessary amount of capital and credit. When this burden is permitted to develop, it must be passed along to the consumer if the retailer is to remain in business."

"The solution of the problem of distribution must be secured through a betterment of methods and an elimination of wastes and uneconomic practices. A better system of distribution can only be hoped for through a more intelligent study of methods, facilities, and purposes."

By studying its own market, and by careful analysis of its own service as an efficient factor in the distribution of merchandise, The Tribune has arrived at certain conclusions—directly in line with those of the Congressional Commission.

The Zone System of Marketing

The logic of handling selling and advertising by markets seems obvious. The very name of our country "United States" implies a diversity of conditions—economic as well as political. Every school boy is familiar with the differences—social as well as climatic—between the North and the South, between New England and New Mexico, between Philadelphia and Minneapolis.

It is natural to wonder why so many manufacturers have gone astray if the facts are so obvious. A certain beneficent policy of Uncle Sam is at the bottom of the whole matter.

In an endeavor to facilitate communications among his widely scattered children Uncle Sam established postal rates which took no account of distance. A letter or a magazine could be sent from New York to San Diego as cheaply as to Jersey City.

This government subsidy made it easy for magazines to secure circulation scattered over the continent. Having such circulation they aggressively set about selling it. Clever young men thrilled manufacturers with visions of "national prestige," "national consciousness," a "nation wide market."

Here and there concerns with vast financial resources and perseverance made spectacular successes and stimulated smaller fry to emulation. Frequently, however, the latter burst as did the frog when he sought to inflate himself to the size of the ox.

Proponents of the national idea assumed that because a man in Kansas would buy for 5 cents a magazine manufactured in Philadelphia at a cost of 15 cents that he would also buy anything advertised in that magazine. They ignored the fact that publications are unique in that they are sold for less than cost. They ignored the fact that freight charges increase with distance although zoning did not enter the postal service until the inauguration of parcel post in 1913 and was not extended to publications until 1918.

They ignored the fact that local jobbers and local retailers stand between the national advertiser and the local consumer.

—and that brings up another Chicago Tribune policy.

Distribution Should Precede Advertising

Along with the flamboyant "national" idea went the policy of "forcing" distribution by advertising. The theory was that the advertising should arouse such enthusiasm among readers that they would "demand" the product of retailers. The retailer having "demands" from so many of his customers, would in turn "demand" it of his jobber. The jobber, in response to the "demands" of so many retailers, would buy a stock from the manufacturer and start the merchandise on its way to clamoring consumers.

This system involved enormous sums for advertising and often the retailer found that by the time he secured the merchandise the advertising appropriation had been exhausted and consumers had lost interest. It was not fair to manufacturer, jobber, retailer, or consumer. It assumed that advertising should *supplant* selling. In reality advertising should be an *aid* to selling.

In contemplation of the foregoing situation, The Tribune adopted this policy:

> The Tribune considers it a waste of money to advertise a product distributed through the retail and jobbing trade—until that trade has been supplied with merchandise to take care of the consumer demand when created.

To live up to the above paragraph and to assist advertisers in conforming to the Zone System of marketing, The Chicago Tribune has expended hundreds of thousands of dollars. Expenditures have been made under these seven heads:

1. Market Analysis
2. Circulation Analysis
3. Publication of *The Co-Operator*—a trade paper
4. Investigations among Chicago retailers
5. Route listing of dealers
6. Jobber and Dealer Survey of The Chicago Territory
7. Assistance in Securing Distribution

1. The Tribune has studied its market—The Chicago Territory—and made public (in the BOOK of FACTS and in other forms) the fruits of such study for the guidance of manufacturers who realize as stated in the Federal report, that:

> "There is a tendency on the part of the manufacturer and wholesaler to undertake distribution over larger territories than can be intensively and economically served. Where too extensive distribution has developed, accounts become scattered, selling costs, advertising, and transportation become extravagant and wasteful."

2. The Tribune has analyzed its circulation by states and by counties and by towns, and by districts within the City of Chicago, and such analysis is contained in the BOOK of FACTS.

These statistics enable the manufacturer to compare Tribune circulation with the distribution which he has or which he seeks. They enable Tribune advertisers to tell the retailer precisely how many people *in his immediate vicinity* will be reached by the advertising of the goods he is asked to handle.

3. To promote better merchandising with consequent appreciation of turnover and of advertised goods, The Tribune has published for the past eight years a monthly trade journal called *The Co-Operator*.

The Co-Operator is mailed each month to 15,000 grocers, druggists, hardware, dry goods, jewelry, paint, electrical, auto supply, haberdashery and stationery dealers in Chicago and suburbs.

4. To give manufacturers accurate information on which to base decisions concerning the local market hundreds of investigations have been made by calls on Chicago retailers. The cumulative result is available to any manufacturer at any time without obligation.

5. The three million people in Chicago and suburbs constitute such a tremendous mass of population that many manufacturers are afraid to attack it with intensive sales work.

To simplify this problem The Tribune mapped 48 city and two suburban districts—each a logical unit for sales work. Within each of these fifty districts The Tribune has arranged the retailers in ten lines in route order on addressograph plates. It thus has available 500 lists—each one of them consisting of the retailers in a certain line in logical route order within a certain district. These lists are kept up to date, thousands of changes being made yearly.

6. Outside Chicago in the five states of The Chicago Territory, The Tribune has made an extensive survey of jobber and retailer conditions. In five lines (groceries, drugs, hardware, electrical appliances and automobile accessories) careful analysis was made of the area covered by the jobbers of each city. This was checked by analysis of the cities from which retailers bought their merchandise.

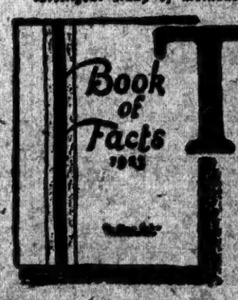
The attitude of jobbers toward specialty manufacturers and their salesmen was determined by interviews and the attitude of retailers was disclosed by questionnaires.

Some of the interesting features of this survey are printed in the BOOK of FACTS.

7. When a manufacturer contracts on a non-cancellable basis for a campaign of advertising adequate to establish a product in this market The Tribune assigns a Service Man—to assist in the campaign for distribution.

This Service Man, familiar with the Chicago market, because of many experiences can help to overcome the difficulties which will be met, and with the cooperation of The Tribune's organization, acts as advisory sales manager. He helps to hire a crew of specialty salesmen, to organize them, to drill them in the use of Tribune portfolios and Tribune route lists. He installs a system of record keeping to show every night "cost per dealer," "cost per case," "per salesman," etc. He sees to it that The Tribune's policy of distribution in advance of advertising is lived up to and that the advertiser who relies upon The Tribune and the Zone System of Marketing is not disappointed. The reason for publishing the BOOK of FACTS and for The Tribune's system as outlined above, may be found in the following paragraph from Uncle Sam's report:

"The solution of the problem of distribution must be secured through a betterment of methods and an elimination of wastes and uneconomic practices. A better system of distribution can only be hoped for through a more intelligent study of methods, facilities, and purposes."



THE Tribune's 1923 BOOK of FACTS on Markets and Merchandising will be mailed to any selling organization requesting it on business stationery.

The Chicago Tribune

The World's Greatest Newspaper

Eastern Advertising Office, 512 Fifth Avenue, New York.

COWBOY BADLY HURT, THROWN BY A STEER

Crack Rider Carried Unconscious From Rodeo at Yankee Stadium.

COWGIRL TWICE TOSSED

Tiny Ruth Wheat Unlucky Both at Afternoon and Evening Shows.

Buford B. Polk, a cowboy from Carlsbad, N. M., one of the entrants in the wild steer riding contest at Tex Austin's championship rodeo which opened yesterday at the Yankee Stadium, was thrown at last night's performance and was taken to Fordham Hospital. Polk was unconscious when carried from the field, and it was said at the hospital that his skull may have been fractured.

The injury to Polk followed a rampage by an angry steer, during which spectators in the lower left field seats scrambled for cover while cowboys raced over seats to capture the animal. A few minutes later a wild horse dashed into a wire fence, trampling Ruth Wheat, a cowgirl who had been thrown and rendered unconscious at the afternoon performance.

Polk, one of the best riders of the Southwest, managed to keep on the back of the sturdy longhorn until well out in the glare of the lights illuminating the field. Then the angry steer, kicking and jumping, unseated him and the cowboy landed on his head. Other cowboys ran out and carried him to the emergency field hospital. It was decided to send him to Fordham after Dr. Grovis had made a preliminary examination.

At the afternoon performance, Yakima Canutt, the same being one of the best "bronk" busters in all the great open spaces, strolled past the steer pen up at Tex Austin's championship rodeo in the Yankees' Stadium yesterday, and as Yak went by the sun-fishing longhorn sort o' sneered. Least-a-ways, said Creosote Sam, he looked danged cussed mean.

Naturally you know, if misfortune didn't rear you in the effete East, Yakima's never had a Brahama steer curl a lip at him and get away unbranded. So Yak sauntered over to Tex Austin and said he guessed he'd take on that steer for his very own when the steer wrestling event was put on.

"I can't see any special points about that steer," said Tex, a dude in white Stetson and white silk shirt. "However, ride 'im, boy, and good luck."

Tex added that so far as he was concerned any one of the 100 cowboys and cowgirls gathered from the cow country for the $50,000 in cash prizes to be competed for in the next ten days could ride whatever they pleased, including the, anyway if they thought the wild horses and steers too tame. Yak said it suited him right down to his Mexican heels.

Yak Awaits His Turn.

"All right," replied Tex. "If you'll just rein in that impatience of yours until the wrestling begins, maybe we'll get set to parade out on this here field and get things to going."

So it was, with Yak's resentment smoothed down, that the rodeo opened up along about 3 o'clock. Captain Tom E. Hickman of Company B, Texas Rangers; Captain T. M. Jones of Las Vegas, N. M., and Phil Yoder of Cheyenne led the parade as judges. Chick Hannon of Miles City, Mont., was up in front with an American flag and alongside him rode Nowater Sam of Pendleton, Ore., carrying the Lone Star colors. Right back of the leaders came the cowgirls — vividly garbed — with Donna Glover of Miles City, Florence Hughes of Ranger, Helen Elliott of Cheyenne, Ruth Roach of Fort Worth, Fox Hastings of Pendleton, Bea Kirnan of El Paso and Mabel Strickland of Fort Worth in the order named. Miss Strickland is the champion cowgirl, and her husband, Hugh, also there, is the world's champion cowboy. They were all lined in a single row across the 100,000 square feet of cow country, waiting to save Babe Ruth's front yard.

Then a big six-foot entrant, in chaps and flaring black sombrero, announced that the first event would be "bareback bronco riding." The announcer had a voice that made silver-throated Joe Humphries's round like a whisper. Scurrying around the field were delegates from the famous 101 Ranch, Powder River Ranch and the King Ranch in Texas.

Cooper Hangs On.

Bang! Out of the pens back of home plate came a rearing, snorting, squealing bronco with Kenneth Cooper of Pierre, S. D., holding on. Under the rules the riders could use only surcingles and they had to keep their right hand up in the air. The wild horse tried every trick it had, but Cooper just stayed there. Chick Hannon came out next and went flying through the air. He landed on his back and the crowd of about 3,000 got the first thrill when one of the hoofs missed Hannon's head by inches. The cowboy just grinned when he got up, and got great applause. Guy Schultz of Marlin, Okla., was thrown heavily and his mount stepped on his shoulder, but Schultz, after a quick trip to the emergency hospital, was out and ready for more in a few minutes.

Following Panhandle Slim and Jack Brown, came Frank Studenick of Scio, Ore. Studenick was cast on a particularly wicked looking wild one and the animal dashed out on the field and proved herself to be a "sun-fisher," which is a bronk, as Creosote Sam obligingly explained, "which kicks around so the sun sort of lights on all spots at once." Well, the sun-fisher shot this way and that over the field with the cowboy holding on grimly and finally over in right field Studenick was suddenly shot off. He came down so that his full weight was on his left arm. For a time it appeared to be broken, but he was finally bound up for a bad sprain. Cooper was adjudged the winner.

Florence Hughes the Winner.

Following this came an exhibition of fancy roping, with all styles of lariat work shown. Event No. 3 was an exhibition of riding by cowgirls, with four competing—Florence Hughes on Billy Sunday, Marie Gibson riding Red Sandy, Ruth Wheat on Hickety Ann and Fox Hastings astride Tragedy. In running this off, with Miss Hughes as winner, the worst accident of the day occurred. Miss Wheat, a mite of a girl, was thrown ten feet from her mount. She landed on her head and was unconscious for nearly an hour. She was well enough, however, to ride in last night's performance.

Then came the steer wrestling, and Yak Austin breathed a trifle easier, because Yakima had been reported around the steer pens making faces at his insulter. Slim Casky was the first of the cowboys to tackle a steer, Slim with a guardian cowboy waited on their horses outside the pens until the steer was released. The big, long-horned steer came out ready for trouble, and Slim and his pal "took after" him, one riding on either side. When Slim decided the looking looked good enough he leaped off his horse and landed in a flying leap on the steer's neck. It took Slim a minute and a half to throw the steer. Jack Kercher tried next, but the steer flung him along the gravel outside the matting and Kercher staggered up with a streak of cuts on the side of his face.

Yak Picks Out Enemy.

Then Yakima ranged over in front of the grandstand and waited for his friend. This [illegible] a cranky black one, goes into [illegible] No. 5. Well, as Creosote Sam remarked, it only went to show how you can't monkey with Yakima. That steer came snorting out of that pen and started to leg it across the field. Yak let him leg it for a spell and then fixing his sombrero on with a nonchalant sort of gesture, went out after him. Anybody, said Creosote, knows that what Yakima sets out after is pretty well set out after.

That Brahama just got about half way across that field when Yak lifted himself up in his saddle and landed on that steer's neck. It was pretty evident that Yak was mad clean through, because in exactly forty seconds that steer was looking up to heaven and feeling unpleasantly close to the stock yards. Yak, however, was a good sport; having demonstrated that he could do it, he just jumped up and Tex said he was the winner.

MORRIS GEST BACK IN A GRAY TOPPER

Wore It at Ascot Races and Was Mistaken for Earl Curzon—Chauve Souris on Way.

Morris Gest, theatrical producer, returned yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic wearing a gray topper with black band, which he said he had to buy in London in order to gain admittance to the royal enclosure at Ascot races, where he was taken for Earl Curzon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs. After having his picture taken in the classic English racing hat, Mr. Gest handed it to his representative, John Downing Clark, who had come to meet him at the pier and said, "Kindly take it away."

Morris Gest said that he had now got his parents with seven brothers and sisters living in Berlin, after spending four years in getting them safely out of Odessa. They will remain in the German capital, he added, until his mother's health has been completely restored. Then he will bring his family to America.

The theatrical manager was reticent in regard to his plans for the coming season. The Russian Chauve Souris Company had sailed from Southampton yesterday on the White Star liner Homeric, he said, but would neither deny nor confirm the cable reports that he had engaged Lady Diana Manners, the English actress, to play in the American production of "The Miracle" or that he was bringing over Eleonora Duse, the great Italian tragedienne, for a tour of this country and Canada.

Edgar Selwyn also returned on the Olympic and said he would give out his plans later.

16,000 AT THE STADIUM.

Enthusiasm Marks Philharmonic Orchestra's Last Concert.

The largest audience, estimated at 16,000 persons, of any stadium concert of this or other years, gathered last evening for the closing program of the season. Half an hour before the music started all seats of the City College amphitheatre and on the field were occupied, and later, when the rear promenade and all other standing room had been filled, more than a thousand persons were turned away.

Former Stadium audiences had chosen with their votes the program which was given. After every number the applause was so great that the Philharmonic Orchestra was forced to rise repeatedly to acknowledge it. Tchaikovsky's "Pathetic" symphony was followed by Wagner's overture to "Die Meistersinger." Liszt's "Les Preludes," Strauss's "Blue Danube" waltz, and Tchaikowsky's "Overture, 1812."

The audience remained long after the finish of the program to applaud, whistle, shout and give flowers to Conductor van Hoogstraten. He made a speech of thanks, which was followed by the musicians playing "We Won't Get Home Until Mornin'" and "Auld Lang Syne."

MUSIC FESTIVAL ENDS.

Dr. Butler of Columbia Congratulates the Summer Session Singers.

Gounod's "Redemption," performed last night by the Summer session chorus of Columbia and an orchestra directed by Professor Walter Henry Hall, brought to a close the three-day music festival in the university gymnasium. Grace James Robinson, soprano; Rose Bryant, contralto; James Price, tenor; Vernon Archibald, baritone, and Lillian Sorenson, soprano, sang the solo parts.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, who returned yesterday from Europe, made a speech in which he congratulated the singers and expressed his regret at having missed this Summer session for the first time in twenty-five years. Every seat in the gymnasium was taken and all available standing room was filled.

McCORMACK HAS A TRIUMPH.

Packs Theatre Royal, Dublin—To Visit His Native Town Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Aug. 15.—John McCormack is enjoying a great triumph in Dublin with already two bumper houses in the Theatre Royal, where his audiences are composed of the best in the land and include hundreds of visitors from all parts of the world.

The famous tenor goes to his native town, Athlone, tomorrow, where he will get a great welcome and where he will be the guest of General Sean McKeown, "Blacksmith of Ballinalee."

FLORENCE REED IN 'LULLABY'

Coming to Knickerbocker Sept. 17—Frank Keenan in "Peter Weston."

Florence Reed, it was learned yesterday, will be seen at the Knickerbocker Theatre on Monday night, Sept. 17, in Edward Knoblock's "The Lullaby," and Frank Keenan will come to the Sam H. Harris Theatre on the same night in "Peter Weston."

Charles E. Dillingham is the producer of "The Lullaby," while Sam H. Harris will present "Peter Weston." The latter play, which was successful in Chicago last season, is the work of Frank Dazey and Leighton Osmun.

Francis Ford Seriously Ill.

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 15.—Francis Ford, motion picture actor, director and producer, is reported seriously ill at his home here. He is said to be suffering from a fever contracted in Samoa in June. He returned home two days ago. Eddie Polo, motion picture actor, also is seriously ill in Mexico City, according to word received here.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Chains," with Q. P. Heggie and Helen Gahagan in its cast, will be seen here about Sept. 15, at a theatre yet to be announced.

"The Breaking Point" will open at the Klaw Theatre tonight.

"Little Miss Bluebeard" will open at the Lyceum Theatre on Aug. 28, instead of the 27th.

"The Wheel of Life," with Elsie Ferguson in its star, will come to New York on Oct. 1, at one of the Shubert theatres. Miss Ferguson toured it the play last season.

Robert McWade has been added to the cast of "We Get to Have Money," coming to the Playhouse next Monday.

R. L. Goldberg is writing lyrics for the new "Greenwich Village Follies." They are being set by Lewis Gensler.

Richard Bennett, who has been wearing in the film version of "The Eternal City" in Italy, is returning to New York on the Aquitania.

Frank Fay has joined the cast of "Artists and Models," coming to the Shubert next Monday in New York.

"Home Fires," by Owen Davis, opened in Stamford last night.

"Oedipus Rex," according to the present plan, will be the first offering of Mr. John Martin-Harvey's season in New York.

The European strong man, Breitbart, will arrive in New York in a week, and will begin an engagement in Keith vaudeville on Sept. 3.

Paul Whiteman will direct the Leviathan Orchestra at the Palace Theatre tonight.

James Crane will play the leading role in "Dust," which Oliver Morosco is producing. The play, formerly known as "Myrtle," is the work of Willis Goldbeck.

RALPH INCE ACCUSED OF BRUTAL ASSAULT

Anita Stewart's Attorney Charges Her Brother Was Beaten by Movie Director.

STORIES OF AFFAIR DIFFER

Fist Fight Followed Visit to Westchester County Roadhouse—Victim Wants No Inquiry.

Conflicting explanations were made yesterday of what occurred early on the morning of Aug. 8 at New Rochelle, when George Stewart, brother of Anita Stewart, motion picture actress, engaged in a row with his brother-in-law, Ralph Ince, motion picture director.

Counsel for Miss Stewart stated that Stewart, now in the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled, was beaten unconscious by Ince and suffered a fractured skull. At the hospital no information was given as to the nature of Stewart's injuries, but it was said his condition was "more hopeful."

Ince's attorney insisted the argument was started by Stewart and that Stewart was not badly hurt. A New Rochelle policeman observed the termination of the altercation and said he did not find Stewart unconscious or in distress.

Another contradiction centred on a story by Miss Stewart's lawyer that Ince took Stewart to the Lambs' clubhouse for the remainder of the night, failing to notify Miss Stewart or his mother until many hours later. Counsel for Ince agreed the director took him there. But at the Lambs an official declared Stewart was not there that night.

All Admit There Was Drinking.

Only one circumstance found unanimous testimony—that the automobile group had stopped at a Westchester County roadhouse and induced conviviality with the stimulation of liquids.

Assistant District Attorney Wilson and Detective William Kirk of the homicide squad last night went to the hospital to talk to Stewart. He sent word that he had nothing to say and didn't want to see them. They learned that an Assistant District Attorney from Westchester County also had called and had received the same message.

Ince is the husband of Lucy Stewart, sister of Anita and George. Ince sued for a divorce two years ago, but dropped the proceedings. The quarrel that led to stopping of the automobile and an exchange of fists is said to have resulted from a discussion between Stewart and his brother-in-law of Ince's matrimonial difficulties.

Ince is a six-footer and of proportionate burly stature. Stewart is 20, about 5 feet 8 inches tall and slender.

As related by Moses L. Malevinsky, counsel for Miss Stewart, Harry E. Voigt, Miss Stewart's chauffeur, reported that he took Ince, young Stewart, Cyril Ring, a motion picture actor and brother of Blanche Ring, together with Mrs. Cyril Ring and two other persons whose names were not revealed, for an automobile ride in Miss Stewart's car.

"When they were returning," said Malevinsky, "Ince began an argument. He and George had been drinking. Between Larchmont and New Rochelle the argument developed into a fight and the chauffeur drew the car to a stop at the side of the road.

"Ince dragged Stewart from the car and struck him on the jaw. Stewart fell to the ground. Ince yelled he would kill him if he had to go to the electric chair for doing so. The chauffeur grabbed Ince and tried to pull him away. Ince broke loose and knocked Voight to the ground. Stewart was unconscious. Ince picked him up and threw him to the ground again with full force. Ince kicked Stewart. Ince took the others to their homes and then ordered Voight to drive to the Lambs Club. Ince took Stewart into the Lambs Club. Stewart was kept under restraint there and, without knowledge of his mother and Miss Stewart of his whereabout until he was taken to the hospital the following day.

Condition Called Serious.

"According to doctors' reports, he is suffering from a fractured skull. His condition is serious. He is making fair progress but is far from being out of danger.

"I have written Ince, but have received no reply."

Giving Ince's version, Nathan Vidaver, lawyer for the director, said last night that Stewart was the aggressor. He said that the argument began at the inn near New Rochelle when Ince cordially greeted an enemy of Stewart. Stewart abused Ince, said the attorney.

On the way home Ince left the machine to take a taxicab to avoid further discussion, said Vidaver. He said Stewart sprang from the automobile and in a scuffle with the chauffeur, who was trying to restrain him, fell to the sidewalk, but was not hurt badly so far as his companions were able to judge.

Vidaver admitted that Stewart was taken to the Lambs Club. He said Ince took Stewart to the Fifth Avenue Hospital for treatment on the way to the Club and that his injuries were declared at the hospital to be trivial. The attorney said Ince called a doctor to the club after daylight and the physician confirmed the hospital report. But later in the morning Stewart's complaint of pain led to an X-ray examination at the Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled, to which he was taken by Ince, said Vidaver. The lawyer added that Stewart apologized to Ince and expressed gratitude for Ince's care of him after the fight.

The Policeman's Version.

Policeman George Hildebrand of New Rochelle made this report:

"At 2:06 o'clock last Wednesday morning some one telephoned headquarters that there was a fight on Echo Avenue near the Pepperday Inn. I think the call came from the Pepperday. I went there in a patrol car and found a landaulet at the curb and four men standing on the sidewalk beside the car. They all seemed to be drunk. They were arguing whether to go on or stay there a little longer. One slight-built young man was holding his hand to his face. I asked who hit him. He said, 'This big fellow,' pointing to a large man who looked like pictures of Ince I saw in to-day's papers. I asked the youngster if he wanted to make a charge against his assailant and he said he didn't. So I told them all to shut up and stop making a noise and go home or they'd get into trouble before the night was over. I asked the chauffeur, who was standing apart from the four men, who owned the car. He said Anita Stewart.

"I saw a young woman in the car. The four men and the chauffeur got into the car and drove away toward New York. I trailed them a block. They stopped then and I watched them. Nobody got out. They drove off in a minute and I returned to headquarters. I saw none of the fighting and none of them looked as if he had been badly beaten up."

At the Pepperday it was denied a telephone call had been made from that inn and no knowledge was expressed of the fight.

At the Lambs Club it was said that Stewart was not taken to that address, though he had frequently visited the club and had had a guest card.

Geoffrey Wilmer Here From London

Geoffrey Wilmer, who produced the "Nine o'Clock Revue" several months ago in London, where it has been one of the biggest hits of the season, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic to stage the show for Arthur Hammerstein, who will produce it at the Century Theatre Roof early in November.

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

THE WOMAN ON THE JURY. A play in three acts. By Bernard K. Burns. At the Eltinge Theatre.

Betty Brown	Mary Newcomb
George Wayne	Fleming Ward
Miss Matilda Slade	Adelaide Fitz Allan
Marion Masters	Frieda Inescort
Fred Masters	Henry Daniell
Judge Davis	Stanley Jessup
Emmet	Elwood F. Bostwick
Nellis	John Craig
Mrs. Pierce	Mabel Colcord
Grace Pierce	Florence Flinn
James McGuire	John Charkey
Bailiff	Jules Farter
Garrity	Wilson Reynolds
Tom Lewis	Bennett Southard
Mr. Simons	Royal Tracy
Otto Schmidt	Harry Vokes
Clerk of Court	Thomas Hood

Jury service for women has opened up a "situation" new to melodrama—or, rather, it has given a situation old and tried a novel and quite modern setting. Bernard K. Burns, a newcomer to the playwright's craft, has handled this situation in a mainly skillful manner, though with not a few crudities of dialogue and gaps in plausibility. As the juror woman, Mary Newcomb, also a candidate for fame, last night revealed an attractive personality and a very considerable emotional power. Altogether the occasion was a triumph of novelties, or at least gave every evidence of being so.

A report of the transactions is rendered easier by the fact that it would be the height of bad faith to disclose Mr. Burns's situation and the manner in which he leads up to it. Suffice it to say that in a prologue one sees again that lovely woman may stoop to folly; that the first act shows her three years later most happily married to another, and that the inevitable courtroom scene brings her to a crisis in which, to save a fellow-victim of a gay Lothario, she is obliged to make a clean breast of her past, at the imminent risk of her new happiness.

Many will question the heroine's wisdom in going with her betrayer to that mountain cottage in Vermont—will question, indeed, her womanly common sense. Many more will have doubts about the legal transactions in the trial of another woman for a killing that has happened under similar circumstances. Few will fail to feel the intrinsic drama of Mrs. Burns's story and especially to respond to Miss Newcomb's rendering of the part.

In simplicity and regularity of feature and in the quiet dignity of her bearing Miss Newcomb inclines toward the sculpturesque. She breathes an atmosphere of essential womanhood. That is doubtless why one is inclined to think the best of her initial error and to believe that in her marriage she has found and is bestowing true happiness. But it was not until the trial scene that she reveals her full powers.

It was a situation in which tameness would have been fatal, and any touch of shrillness or exaggerated emotion even more so. Very seldom has one been privileged to see a bit of emotional acting so temperate in manner, so deeply felt, and so aberrant in its climax. An audience that had been temperate in enthusiasm positively rose to her.

The cast as a whole was scarcely adequate. Partly because of Mr. Burns's lines and partly because of the acting, the court scenes and the final scene in the jury room fell far short of complete illusion. As the heroine's husband Henry Daniell disclosed a sympathetic voice and manner, but failed to rise to the emotional crisis—and here again the faltering hand of the author was in part to blame. In a minor part Frieda Inescort was simply true and effective.

It is perhaps a final tribute to Miss Newcomb's quiet and effective art that the flaws in a play that is quite frankly conceived as melodrama stand out so sharply.

'LITTLE JESSIE JAMES' HERE.

New Musical Comedy at the Longacre Is Spun on Familiar Lines.

LITTLE JESSIE JAMES, A musical comedy in two acts. Book and lyrics by Harlan Thompson and music by Harry Archer. At the Longacre Theatre.

Tommy Tinker	Allen Kearns
Juliet	Miriam Hopkins
Mrs. Fewsmith	Winifred Hart
Geraldine Flower	Ann Sands
Paul Revere	Arnold Gluck
S. Block	James B. Carson
Mrs. Jamieson	Clara Throop
Jessie Jamieson	Nan Halperin
William J. Pierce	Roger Gray
Clarence	Carl Anderson
Harold	Herbert Bostrick
Lucilla	Luella Mendes
Loretta	Loretta Flushing
Bobbie	Bobbie Breslaw
Blanche	Blanche O'Brien
Frances	Frances Upton
Edna	Edna Howard
Emily	Emily Stead
Agnes	Agnes Mordsley

"Little Jessie James" is made up exclusively of the familiar ingredients of musical comedy, but new and then a sophisticated line or an ingenious lyric lifts it for a time above its natural level. As a matter of fact, it is literate almost throughout, even in its treatment of the worn bedroom motif that supplies most of the complications. If it is a little better than its fellows in the writing, the fact would seem to be due to Harlan Thompson, a New York newspaper man who supplied both book and lyrics.

Unfortunately the new piece, although it earned a good many laughs from a friendly audience at the Longacre last night, is not conspicuously funny. Although he has apparently a flair for the turn of a line and the moulding of a lyric, Mr. Thompson seems to have less aptitude for the contriving of a situation, and the piece is accordingly somewhat repetitious in the treatment of its material.

The play is mounted with a welcome simplicity—it has but a single set of scenery and only eight chorus girls. In a desire to be different, however, the management has provided a chorus that could be prettier. The piece tells the tenuous tale of a breezy young person from Kansas, who meets a New York youth in his apartment and—well, eventually, after he has broken his engagement with another girl, they are married.

The company, truth to tell, is no more than fair. The most refreshing member of the cast is a young woman named Miriam Hopkins, possessed of a Francine Larrimore manner, a tremendous head of yellow hair and two nimble legs. Nan Halperin is hardly the young woman whom the author describes in his dialogue, and her unvarying comedy method is tiresome. Roger Gray, the unforgettable Marcel of "The Royal Vagabond," is amusing in a small role.

The music is catchy, in the main, and is played with a great deal of to-do by one of Mr. Whiteman's hand-picked organizations. The introduction of the musicians one at a time, however, seemed to be carrying the thing a bit far.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mrs. Selma Franko Goldman, who as a child violinist of 10 years appeared in concerts with Patti, celebrated her seventieth birthday last night by attending the band concert in Central Park, led by E. F. Goldman, her son.

Oda Slobodskaja, the Russian soprano who has been singing with the Ukrainian Chorus on its tour of South America, is returning tomorrow on the Steamship Van Dyke to fill concert and opera engagements here.

Galli-Curci will interrupt a Summer vacation at her new home in the Catskills for a single concert on Saturday of this week, when she makes her fourth annual appearance in the Auditorium at Ocean Grove, N. J.

WINTER GARDEN 100 Per Cent. Cooler Than Any Other Place in Town! Eve. 8:15. MAT. TODAY BEST SEATS $2
The PASSING SHOW
GREATEST ENTERTAINMENT IN THE HISTORY OF THE STAGE!

COMEDY Thos., 41st. East of B'way. Opp'o TOM WEVE
Children of the Moon
SEATS NOW ON SALE

SHUBERT Thos., 44th, W. of B'way. Opp'o Next Mon.
SEATS ON SALE TODAY
The MESSRS. SHUBERT Present
ARTISTS AND MODELS
A Novelty Revue
Written, Designed and Staged by the Most Famous Artists of New York with a CAST of STAGE CELEBRITIES and 60 BEAUTIES from the STUDIOS.

39th St. THEA. OP'G NEXT MONDAY
The MESSRS. SHUBERT Present
A NEW COMEDY
By OWEN DAVIS
Home Fires
WITH A CELEBRATED CAST
SEATS ON SALE TODAY

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
THE MAD HONEYMOON
OPENING NEXT MONDAY
A. L. JONES and MORRIS GREEN Announce
A Merry Comedy of Youth
We've Got to have Money
By EDWARD LASKA
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:15.
"LITTLE JESSIE JAMES"
A Musical Farce with NAN HALPERIN

AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
WILL MORRISSEY'S NEWCOMERS

BROADHURST THEATRE W. 44th ST. Evs. 8:30. First Mat. Today 2:30.
A. H. WOODS presents
"The GOOD OLD DAYS"
A NEW COMEDY by AARON HOFFMAN
WITH A GREAT CAST

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:30. MATS. SAT. & WED., 2:30.
JAMES BARTON in DEW DROP INN LAST 2 WEEKS

THE THRILL COLUMBUS GOT WHEN HE DISCOVERED AMERICA IS IN EVERY MINUTE OF
THE WOMAN ON THE JURY
The GREATEST MELODRAMA OF OUR TIME
by BERNARD K. BURNS
Staged by LESTER LONERGAN
ELTINGE THEA., 42nd St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2:30.

49TH ST. Thos., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30
"THUMBS DOWN"

7th BIG MONTH
CASINO B'way & 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S TRIUMPH
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit,
WILDFLOWER
with EDITH DAY
The show that made "BAMBALINA"

LITTLE 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. WED. & SAT. at 2:30.
RE-OPENS MONDAY SEATS NOW
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
"POLLY PREFERRED"
with GENEVIEVE TOBIN

BOOTH West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
JOHN GOLDEN presents
7th HEAVEN

SELWYN Thos., West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
HELEN OF TROY, NEW YORK
"THE PERFECT MUSICAL COMEDY"—Herald

CENTRAL THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. Continuous Noon to 11 P. M.
WILL HIGH'S DARING PRODUCTION with TOM MOORE, FORREST ROBINSON, HARRY MOREY, EDMUND BREESE, TOM LEWIS
"MARRIAGE MORALS"

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
Abie's Irish Rose
THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

TIMES SQ. West 42d St. THE SELWYNS Present
EVES. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & Sat. at 2:30
400th & Last Time in N. Y. Sat., Sept. 1.
FOOL
By Channing Pollock

Maxine Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. WED. Only 2:30.
No Performances Sat. Mat. or Night in August
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
JEANNE EAGELS IN "RAIN"
320 TIMES. Staged by John S. Williams

W 1 N Love Love! RITZ W. 48 St. Mts. Wed. & Sat.

TAYLOR HOLMES MOROSCO, W. 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
The Season's Laughing Hit
"NOT SO FAST"

GARRICK Thos., 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

NORMA TALMADGE
The Greatest of Screen Stars in The Greatest of Cinema Presentations.
"ASHES of VENGEANCE"
APOLLO WEST 42ND ST. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY IN ZANDER THE GREAT
"Safest bet in town."—World.

Frazee W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
tweedles
A Comedy by TARKINGTON
"Better than 'Clarence.'"—S. Jay Kaufman, Eve. Telegram.

GEO. COHAN Thos., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
ADRIENNE
A MUSICAL SPEED SHOW
"MERTON OF THE MOVIES" with Glenn Hunter and Florence Nash, will be given for the 323d time at the Cort Theatre, W. 48 St., TONIGHT.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE MON., AUG. 20. Seats Today. An Unusual Love Play
"BROOK"

NEW AMSTERDAM Thos. Pop. Price Mts. Sat.& Wed.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

GAIETY B'way at 46th Street. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
CYRIL MAUDE "AREN'T WE ALL"
Frederick Lonsdale's Brilliant Comedy

KLAW THEATRE W. 45th St. TONIGHT at 8:30 Sharp.
Wagenhals & Kemper offer
MARY ROBERTS RINEHART'S NEW PLAY
The Breaking Point
Cast Includes: McKay Morris, Gail Kane and Regina Wallace. 1st MATINEE SAT.

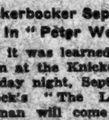
PROVINCETOWN Theatre, Evenings 8:45. Tel. 8368 Spring
Macdougal St. at Washington Sq. South.
4th Subscription bill—PERE. PLAY YOU MUST SEE! 4TH MONTH.
SUN UP

EARL CARROLL Thos., 7th Av., 50th St. Phone Circle 6060. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Sat., 2:30
EARL CARROLL'S VANITIES
An Unusual Revue, Surpassing All Others in Splendor and Novelty.
PEGGY JOYCE, JOE COOK, Bernard Granville, Harry Burns, Jimmy Duffy.

GLOBE 8TH ANNUAL PRODUCTION—EDITION DE LUXE
GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS
POPULAR PRICE MATS. SATURDAY & WEDNESDAY. BEST SEATS, $2.50.

GEORGE M. COHAN'S S. R. O. HIT!
"TWO FELLOWS AND A GIRL"
THE VINCENT LAWRENCE SWEETHEART PLAY.
"THE ABSOLUTE SUCCESS OF THE TOWN."
VANDERBILT THEATRE West 48 St. Sweetheart Matinee Saturday

COSMOPOLITAN THEATRE Columbus Circle
VICTOR HERBERT AND HIS ORCHESTRA
Matinees, except Sat. and Sun. Balcony 50c Orchestra 85c
Nights $1.00 and $1.50
ALL SEATS RESERVED



MARION DAVIES
in her latest and greatest triumph
'LITTLE OLD NEW YORK'
"One of the best actresses on the screen."—Harriet Underhill, Tribune

MOTION PICTURES

BIGGEST PICTURE HIT NEW YORK HAS KNOWN
Wins Immediate Favor, Unanimous Press Praise
Distinctive Pictures Corporation's Achievement
GEORGE ARLISS in "THE GREEN GODDESS"
with ALICE JOYCE, directed by SIDNEY OLCOTT

N. Y. TIMES—"Shows the dawn of a new era in the Motion Picture World. Best film Mr. Arliss has ever made."
JOURNAL—"An epic of Photoplays. Every scene a new thrill."
WORLD—"An exciting spectacle."
TELEGRAM—"A screen triumph."
TRIBUNE—"More fascinating on screen than it ever was on stage."
EVENING WORLD—"Keeps them on edge."
AMERICAN—"Thrills, beauty, drama and tense appeal predominate in the 'Green Goddess'."
TELEGRAPH—"Most thoroughly worth while picture given to us this year."

NOW at the SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Daily Mats. 2:30; Evs. 8:30

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GIANTS ARE BEATEN TWICE BY THE REDS

Cincinnati Wins by Scores of 6-3 and 10-5 Before a Crowd of 20,000.

LUQUE CAPTURES OPENER

Also Gets a Single and a Homer—McGraw's Pitchers Batted Hard in Both Games.

The Cincinnati Reds spots the Giants lightly on one cheek and then on the other and won a double-header at the Polo Grounds yesterday. It was not much of a start for the last home rally against the enemy from the West, for the Reds took the first game deftly enough, 6 to 3, and then turned around and grabbed the second one, 10 to 5. Some 20,000 witnessed the obsequies.

On the whole, the Giants were thrown heavily during the afternoon. They lost two games in the pennant race to the Reds and one and a half to the Pirates, who beat the Phillies. The statistical table last night showed the champions six and a half games in front of the Reds and seven ahead of the Pittsburghers. A few more days like yesterday and the race will be considerably more scrambled.

Señor Adolfo Luque, whose proud Castilian blood became so overheated a few days ago that he attempted to caress Casey Stengel with a baseball bat, pitched the first game for the Reds and won it handily, despite a rather hostile reception from the crowd. The Señor looked chastened and subdued after his suspension of a week. He was hooted heartily by a big part of the crowd. Unkind remarks were hurled at him from the stand, and Stengel was cheered to the echo. But folks who had gone expecting to see another riot were disappointed. The Señor maintained a dignified and haughty silence, and although there was some bad blood between the teams, none of it was spilled on the field of combat.

Luque made his most effective retort in the pitching box and at the batting tee. He held the Giants at arm's length all the way, and with the same bat that he had pursued Mr. Stengel with he prodded one single to left field and one home run into the upper left field bleachers. After he had hit the homer, which came with a man on first in the last inning, he was given cheers and all was forgiven, even the attempted braining of Mr. Stengel.

Duncan Also Hits Homer.

Pat Duncan, the Reds' left fielder, also hit a homer with one on base in the first game, and this pair of fourbaggers proved the ruin of Hugh McQuillan, who was the only Giant hurler working altogether too well. Hugh was hit briskly from the start and faded out in the sixth, which he opened by walking Caveney. Claude Jonnard succeeded him, and the Reds scoreless for two innings and looked to be good to John McGraw in the relief role that when the same situation arose in the second game Claude was called on again.

Now, if the Giants' "undertaker" had been as good in his second appearance as in his first, the champs might have won an even break. But when he went in in the eighth inning of the latter contest with the score tied, Claude promptly blew up and didn't have any body out when Virgy Barnes was hurriedly summoned. After that Giant pitchers trooped in so fast that the fans lost count, and the game was wrecked beyond repair.

But up to the eighth inning the second tilt was a real game. Eppa Jeptha Rixey, the original college yell, and Bill Ryan started on the mound. In the first inning Rixey retired, and then when Irish Meusel dropped Daubert's short fly. The Giants took back that unearned run and another one to boot in their half, when Young and Bancroft singled. Then right out Meusel singled and Stengel shot a sacrifice fly to Roush.

Then more of the pitchers' battle up to the sixth, when Ryan began wobbling and let the Reds take the lead. Daubert doubled to right centre with one out and Bohne scored him with a single to centre. Roush's grounder to Frish sent Sammy to second, and Hargrave patted a hit to left that the runner come in. The Giants waited another inning before tying it up. In the seventh Jackson assaulted Rixey with a single to centre, got to second on Gowdy's out and scored when Frank Snyder, batting for Ryan, singled to centre. Score tied again, and a hammer and tongs battle in the offing.

No Relief Pitcher in Sight.

But when Ryan passed out of the picture the Giants couldn't find another good pitcher, although John McGraw pawed over nearly his entire collection trying to discover one. After Ryan came Jonnard, then Barnes and finally Jack Scott—all in the eighth, when the Reds scored six runs. Arthur Nehf worked the ninth.

Jonnard started the eighth by walking Bohne. Roush singled to centre, sending Bohne to third. He scored when Jackson let Duncan's grounder seep between his legs. Then followed, in chronological order, a double by Hargrave, which resulted in Jonnard's expulsion, Pinelli's single, a walk to Caveney, Rixey's out (amid great cheering), a single by Burns and the extraction of Mr. Barnes, and a single by Daubert. Six runs and only one out. Just when everybody was convinced that the inning would be stopped only by darkness Bohne kindly hit into a double play.

In the New York half Frisch, Cunningham, Kelly and Jackson singled for two runs and when Shinners, hitting for Scott, walked, the bases were full. Heinie Groh batted in place of Young to get a right-handed batter at the plate, but all Heinie could do was to loft a gentle fly to Duncan.

Roush's single and Hargrave's double off Nehf in the ninth gave the Reds their tenth run.

In the first game Señor Luque was presented with a one-run lead in the opening inning. Daubert doubled to left but was trapped between third and second on Bohne's grounder. Singles by Roush and Duncan, followed and drove Bohne across the plate.

Three more in the fourth. Duncan and Pinelli singled, the former scoring on Wingo's sacrifice fly. Luque, advancing to the plate amid groans, swung such a wicked bat that he splashed a homer into the upper tier in left, scoring Pinelli ahead of him.

The Giants came back at once but realized only one run out of what started out like a big rally. Stengel smacked his little pat, Adolfo, for a double to left and probably got more satisfaction out of the blow than he ever did out of a hit. When Kelly followed with a triple between Roush and Burns, Casey scored, and it looked as if Luque was cracking. But Kelly ran away from third on Jackson's tap to Pinelli and was an easy out. Jackson, who got to second, was cut down at third when Snyder tagged to the pitcher.

Daubert's single and Duncan's right field homer in the fifth ended the Cincinnati scoring, but the Giants picked up two more in the eighth. Frisch and Meusel started with singles, but Stengel skied out to Rousch. When Kelly hit to Pinelli, the Italian threw the ball past Daubert, and Frisch scored. Meusel got to third and lumbered home while Jackson was being thrown out by Caveney. Bentley batted for Virgil Barnes in the ninth, but Jack and Young and Bancroft did nothing to aid the cause.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,rf	5	0	0	2	0
Daubert,1b	5	1	2	8	1
Bohne,2b	4	1	0	3	2
Roush,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Duncan,lf	4	2	2	4	0
Pinelli,3b	3	1	1	3	1
Caveney,ss	3	0	0	0	7
Wingo,c	3	0	1	5	1
Luque,p	4	1	2	1	2
Total	34	6	11	27	13

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Bancroft,2b	5	0	1	2	5
Frisch,3b	4	1	2	1	1
Meusel,lf	4	1	1	3	0
Stengel,cf	4	1	1	0	0
Kelly,1b	4	0	2	11	0
Jackson,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Snyder,c	4	0	0	4	0
McQuillan,p	2	0	0	0	0
Jonnard,p	0	0	0	0	0
aO'Connell	1	0	0	0	0
Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	0
bBentley	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	3	9	27	9

a Batted for Jonnard in seventh.
b Batted for Barnes in ninth.

Errors—Cincinnati 1 (Pinelli); New York 0.

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	2	0	3	0	0—6
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1—3

Two-base hits—Daubert, Stengel, Frisch. Three-base hit—Kelly. Home runs—Luque, Duncan. Sacrifices—Wingo, Bohne, Pinelli. Double play—Jackson, Bancroft and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 8, Cincinnati 4. Bases on balls—Off McQuillan 1, Barnes 1, Luque 1. Struck out—By McQuillan 1, Jonnard 2, Barnes 1, Luque 3. Hits—Off McQuillan 10 in 5 innings (none out in sixth), Jonnard 0 in 2, Barnes 1 in 2. Losing pitcher—McQuillan. Umpires—McCormick and O'Day. Time of game—1:47.

SECOND GAME.

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,rf	5	1	2	2	0
Daubert,1b	5	1	2	8	1
Bohne,2b	5	2	2	1	3
Roush,cf	5	1	2	3	0
Duncan,lf	5	2	2	2	0
Hargrave,c	5	1	3	1	0
Pinelli,3b	4	1	0	2	4
Caveney,ss	4	1	0	4	2
Rixey,p	4	0	0	1	0
Total	41	10	13	27	6

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,rf	4	1	2	1	0
aGroh	1	0	0	0	0
Bancroft,2b	5	1	2	2	0
Frisch,3b	5	2	2	2	0
Meusel,lf	5	0	1	1	0
Gennin'm,cf	4	1	2	3	0
Kelly,1b	4	0	1	13	0
Jackson,ss	4	1	2	3	4
Gowdy,c	3	0	0	4	1
Ryan,p	2	0	0	0	1
bSnyder	1	0	1	0	0
cHaguire	0	0	0	0	0
Jonnard,p	0	0	0	0	0
Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	1
Scott,p	0	0	0	0	0
Shinners,rf	0	0	0	1	0
Total	38	5	13	27	13

a Batted for Young in eighth.
b Batted for Ryan in seventh.
c Batted for Snyder in seventh.

Errors—Cincinnati 0, New York 2 (Meusel, Jackson).

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	1—10
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0—5

Two-base hits—Jackson, Gowdy, Daubert, Hargrave, Pinelli. Three-base hits—Burns. Sacrifices—Cunningham. Double plays—Caveney and Daubert; Jackson, Bancroft and Kelly. Left on bases—New York 9, Cincinnati 7. Bases on balls—Off Ryan 1, Jonnard 1, Barnes 1, Rixey 2. Struck out—By Ryan 3, Rixey 2. Hits—Off Ryan, 6 in 7 innings; Barnes, 2 in 1-3, Neht, 2 in 1, Jonnard 2 in 1 (none out in eighth); Scott 1 in 2-3. Losing pitcher—Jonnard. Umpires—O'Day and McCormick. Time of game—2:05.

BRAVES WIN IN NINTH.

McInnis Drives Across Run That Beats Cubs by 3-2.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—With two out in the ninth Southworth doubled and McInnis singled, Southworth scoring the run that gave the Braves a 3-to-2 victory over Chicago today.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Felix,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Adams,ss	4	0	1	2	3
Gra'tham,2b	4	0	1	2	4
O'Farrell,c	3	0	0	5	1
Friberg,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Miller,lf	4	1	2	4	0
Heathcote,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Grimes,1b	3	0	1	11	0
Alexander,p	3	0	0	1	0
Kaufm'n,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	7	26	10

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Felix,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Cooney,cf	4	0	0	0	0
So'worth,rf	5	1	2	5	0
McInnis,1b	5	0	1	14	1
Smith,2b	4	1	2	3	3
Ford,2b	4	1	1	1	5
K. Smith,ss	4	0	2	2	5
O'Neil,c	2	0	0	8	1
Watt,p	1	0	0	0	1
Gibson,c	0	0	0	0	0
Marquard,p	2	0	0	1	0
bPowell	1	0	1	0	0
cCondon	1	0	0	0	0
Fillingim,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	38	3	11	27	17

*Two out when winning run scored.
a Batted for O'Neil in seventh.
b Batted for Marquard in seventh.
c Ran for Powell in seventh.

Errors—Boston 1 (R. Smith); Chicago 3 (Statz, Grantham 2).

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2

Two-base hit—Fribers. Three-base hit—Southworth. Home run—Miller. Stolen base—Miller. Double play—Boeckel, Ford and McInnis. Left on bases—Chicago 4, Boston 11. Bases on balls—Off Alexander 2, Marquard 1. Struck out—By Marquard 5. Hits—Off Marquard 7 in 7 innings, Fillingim 0 in 2. Passed balls—O'Neil, Gibson. Winning pitcher—Fillingim. Umpires—Klem and Wilson. Time of game—1:25.

RED SOX BEAT INDIANS, 8-6.

Ferguson and Ehmke Do Effective Relief Work for Boston.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 15.—Effectiveness by relief Pitchers Ferguson and Ehmke in the seventh and eighth innings today aided Boston to defeat Cleveland, 8 to 6. The Red Sox acquired an early lead, but only the work of the relief pitchers prevented the Indians from winning in the closing innings.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pittenger,2b	4	1	0	3	6
Devormer,c	5	0	1	4	0
Collins,rf	5	1	1	1	0
Burns,lb	3	2	1	14	0
Reichle,cf	5	0	2	2	0
Harris,lf	5	1	2	1	0
Shanks,3b	4	2	3	1	1
McMillan,ss	5	0	2	1	5
Fullerton,p	3	1	0	0	2
Ferguson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Ehmke,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	40	8	12	27	11

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	5	1	1	2	0
Summa,rf	4	1	0	2	0
Speaker,cf	4	1	1	5	1
Sewell,ss	3	0	1	1	4
Sid'h'son,2b	5	1	2	2	3
Lutzke,3b	3	0	0	1	0
Wam'nas,3b	2	0	0	1	1
Brower,lb	4	1	2	15	1
O'Neill,c	3	1	0	7	0
Myatt,c	1	0	0	2	0
Coveleskie,p	1	0	0	0	2
Morton,p	0	0	0	0	1
Bedgood,p	1	0	0	0	2
Smith,p	0	0	0	0	0
aGardner	1	0	0	0	0
bConnolly	1	0	0	0	0
cChile	1	0	0	0	0
Total	41	6	16	27	17

a Batted for Morton in fourth.
b Batted for Bedgood in eighth.
c Batted for Smith in ninth.

Errors—Boston 0, Cleveland 2 (Lutzke, Morton).

Boston	0	2	1	3	0	0	1	0	0—8
Cleveland	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0—6

Two-base hits—Shanks, Stephenson 2, Speaker 2, Myatt. Three-base hit—McMillan. Home runs—Brower, Speaker. Sacrifices—Shanks, Sewell. Double play—Pettenger, McMillan and Burns. Left on bases—Boston 9, Cleveland 7. Bases on balls—Off Fullerton 1, Ferguson 2, Coveleskie 1, Morton 1, Bedgood 1. Hits—Off Coveleskie 8 in 5 innings (none out in third), Morton 3 in 2, Bedgood 5 in 4, Smith 1 in 1, Fullerton 13 in 8 1-3, Ferguson 3 in 1 1-3, Shanks 1 in 1-3. Struck out—By Fullerton 1, Ferguson 1, Ehmke 2, Bedgood 2. Winning pitcher—Fullerton. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie. Umpires—Moriarty, Rowland and Dineen. Time of game—2:05.

RUTH MAKES 30TH; YANKEES LOSE, 5-3

Babe Gets Drive Off Shocker and Passes Cy Williams for Home-Run Honors.

BROWNS RALLY IN THIRD

Bunch Five Hits for Four Runs Off Hoyt and Take Opening Game of Series.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 15.—Babe Ruth made his thirtieth home run of the season this afternoon and passed Cy Williams in the race for long-distance hitting honors. Ruth's home run was made off Shocker with Witt on third in the eighth inning of the opening game of the series between the Yankees and the Browns. It was a long, hard thrust over the right-field bleachers. Aaron Ward also hit a homer off Shocker, yet the Yankees were beaten, 5 to 3, and suffered their first defeat at Shocker's hands this season, after winning four straight from the Browns' spitball artist.

Four of the enemy's runs were made in one fruitful inning, when they waded into Waite Hoyt for five line singles, four of which were made by successive hitters.

Only three hits, scattered over as many innings, were made off Shocker's delivery in the first seven rounds. In the last two innings Shocker eased up a bit and was nicked for a total of ten bases, three runs resulting.

Smith Fails in Pinch.

The Browns started the scoring in the third, when they hacked their way to a four-run lead. In the Yankee half of this frame Schang reached first on a muff by McManus and Hoyt beat out a bunt past Shocker. Witt then sacrificed, and, following Dugan's pop fly to Schleibner, Shocker filled the bases with an intentional pass to Ruth. This brought Elmer Smith to bat, but he ended the inning with an easy roller to Schleibner.

In the locals' half Schleibner led off with a single to centre, and, after Shocker sacrificed, Tobin, Gerber, Williams and Jacobson lined successive singles to the outfield. Another run was scored on McManus's sacrifice fly to Whitey Witt, but Scott prevented further damage by grabbing Severeid's stab in deep short and whipping the ball to second for a force-out.

The Browns uncorked another scoring session two innings later. Tobin, first man up, singled past Scott for his third hit off Hoyt. Gerber sacrificed him to second, Williams sent him to third with an infield out and Jacobson brought him home with a line single to centre. McManus followed with a smashing drive to deep left centre, but Witt was playing for him and retired the side, while robbing the hitter of an extra-base wallop.

Ruth's Homer Scores Witt.

The Yankees finally broke through Shocker's delivery in the eighth, when Ruth performed his well-known specialty. Witt led off with a double to right centre and went to third on Dugan's liner to Tobin, who made the catch with one hand while leaning against the right-field bleachers. The Babe then came to bat, and, after passing up a couple of bad ones, laid his mighty bludgeon against a curve and crippled it with the usual result. The ball disappeared beyond the right-field bleachers, and Witt and Ruth paraded across the plate.

Ward lined a round-trip wallop to the right-field bleachers at the start of the ninth but the next three batters—including Pinch Hitters Meusel and Hendricks—were easy and successive outs.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	4	2	3	1	0
Gerber,ss	3	1	2	2	5
Williams,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Jacobson,cf	4	0	2	1	0
McManus,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Severeid,c	4	0	3	0	0
Scott,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Schle'ner,1b	3	1	1	11	0
Shocker,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	31	5	12	27	10

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,cf	5	1	1	4	0
Dugan,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Ruth,rf	2	1	1	2	0
Smith,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Pipp,1b	4	0	0	9	0
Ward,2b	4	1	2	4	3
Scott,ss	3	0	1	2	4
Le.if	4	0	1	4	0
Schang,c	4	0	0	0	0
Hoyt,p	3	0	1	1	3
aMeusel	1	0	0	0	0
bHendrick	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	6	24	14

a Batted for Scott in ninth.
b Batted for Hoyt in ninth.

Errors—St. Louis 1 (McManus), New York 0.

St. Louis	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0	0—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1—3

Two-base hits—Tobin, Witt. Severeid. Home runs—Ruth, Ward. Sacrifices—Witt, Shocker, McManus, Gerber. Double play—Dugan, Ward and Pipp; Pipp, Scott and Pipp. Left on bases—New York 6, St. Louis 5. Bases on balls—Off Shocker 2. Struck out—By Shocker 3. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—1:30.

SKEETERS DIVIDE TWO GAMES WITH TORONTO

Overcome Two-Run Lead in Ninth to Win First by 7 to 6—Lose Second, 9-2.

Jersey City and Toronto divided a double-header at Jersey City yesterday, the Skeeters winning the first game, 7 to 6, and losing the second, 9 to 2. In the ninth inning of the first game, with the Leafs leading by two runs, the Skeeters rallied and with three hits following a base on balls, with a wild throw sandwiched in by Gonzales, squeezed out three runs and the victory. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gallupe,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Donelson,rf	4	1	1	2	1
Jacobs,lf	3	1	2	2	0
Holt,1b	3	1	1	11	1
Wimer,3b	3	0	0	1	5
Freitag,c	3	0	1	4	1
aLacey	0	0	1	0	0
Faber,ss	3	0	0	4	2
bBarnhardt	1	1	1	0	0
Ray,2b	1	0	0	0	3
cMcNamara	1	1	1	0	0
Zellars,p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	39	7	8	27	14

TORONTO (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Capes,2b	3	2	0	4	1
Eayres,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Maisel,cf	3	0	1	2	0
Onslow,1b	3	2	1	10	0
O'Rourke,ss	3	1	2	1	3
Kelly,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Gonzales,3b	3	1	1	1	2
Vincent,c	3	0	1	11	1
Glazer,p	3	1	0	3	2
Total	29	9	8	21	10

*None out when winning run was scored.
a Ran for Freitag in ninth.
b Batted for Faber in ninth.
c Batted for Ray in ninth.

Errors—Jersey City 1 (Holt); Toronto 1 (Gonzales).

Jersey City	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	3—7
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	1—6

Two-base hits—Vincent, Jacobs, O'Rourke. Three-base hit—Onslow. Home run—Jacobs. Sacrifices—Wimer, Gonzales. Double plays—Holt (unassisted) Capes, O'Rourke and Onslow; Ray, Faber and Holt. Left on bases—Toronto 7, Jersey City 4. Bases on balls—Off Kelly 2, Doyle 1, Struck out—By Kellers 5, Doyle 2, Hit by pitcher—By Zellars 1 (Maisel). Umpires—McBride, McDevitt and Van Grafilin. Time of game—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

TORONTO (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Capes,2b	2	1	0	0	2
Eayres,lf	1	1	1	2	0
Maisel,cf	1	1	1	2	0
Onslow,1b	3	2	1	10	0
O'Rourke,ss	3	1	2	1	3
Kelly,rf	3	1	1	1	0
Gonzales,3b	3	1	1	1	2
Vincent,c	2	0	1	11	0
Glazer,p	3	1	0	3	2
Total	23	9	8	21	10

JERSEY CITY (L.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gallupe,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Donelson,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Jacobs,lf	2	1	1	1	0
McNamara,lf	1	0	0	1	0
Holt,1b	3	1	2	7	0
McCrea,2b	2	0	1	1	2
aFreitag	1	0	0	0	0
Faber,ss	2	0	0	3	4
bBarnhardt	1	0	0	0	0
Ray,2b	2	0	1	2	0
Lynch,p	2	0	0	0	2
Musante,p	2	0	1	3	0
Total	23	2	4	21	16

a Batted for McCrea in seventh.
b Batted for Faber in seventh.

Errors—Toronto 0; Jersey City 1 (McCrea).

Toronto	4	1	0	0	2	0	2	0	0—9
Jersey City	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—2

Seven innings by agreement.

Two-base hits—O'Rourke, Holt, Kelly. Three-base hit—Vincent. Home run—Holt. Stolen base—Gonzales. Sacrifices—Eayres, O'Rourke. Double plays—Ray and Wimer; Ray, Faber and Holt. Left on bases—Toronto 6, Jersey City 3. Bases on balls—Off Lynch 3, Musante 1. Struck out—By Glazer 2, Hits—Off Lynch 2 in 1 inning (none out), Musante 6 in 6. Wild pitch—Musante. Losing pitcher—Lynch. Umpires—McDevitt, Van Grafilin and McBride. Time of game—1:20.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati 6, New York 3.
(First game.)
Cincinnati 10, New York 5.
(Second game.)
Pittsburgh 7, Philadelphia 3.
Brooklyn 7, St. Louis 1.
Boston 3, Chicago 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis 5, New York 3.
Washington 5, Chicago 1.
(First game, 12 innings.)
Chicago 4, Washington 3.
(Second game.)
Detroit 7, Philadelphia 5.
Boston 8, Cleveland 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	73	40	.646
Cincinnati	64	45	.587
Pittsburgh	64	46	.582
Chicago	59	52	.532
Brooklyn	56	54	.509
St. Louis	55	56	.495
Philadelphia	37	72	.339
Boston	33	75	.306

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York	70	37	.654
Cleveland	60	51	.541
St. Louis	54	51	.514
Detroit	52	51	.505
Chicago	51	54	.477
Washington	49	57	.462
Philadelphia	46	61	.430
Boston	42	61	.413

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Washington at Chicago.

HOME RUN DECIDES PITCHERS' BATTLE

Traynor Is Hero of Pittsburgh Victory Over Philadelphia—Score Is 4 to 3.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15.—Traynor's home run into the left-field bleachers in the eighth inning of today's game decided a pitchers' battle between Cooper and Behan, and gave Pittsburgh a 4 to 3 victory over Philadelphia.

Behan shut out the Pirates until the sixth, when bunched hits netted three runs and put the visitors ahead for a brief interval. Walker tied up the count with a home run in the last of the sixth.

The score:

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mueller,lf	5	0	0	4	0
Carey,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Rawlings,2b	4	1	1	1	6
Traynor,3b	4	1	1	0	4
Barnhart,rf	4	1	3	3	0
Mar'ville,ss	3	1	1	3	3
Grimm,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Schmidt,c	4	0	1	5	0
Cooper,p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	38	4	10	27	11

PHILADELPHIA (N)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sand,ss	3	0	2	2	5
Williams,cf	3	1	2	4	0
O'Neill,lf	4	1	1	4	0
Rice,rf	4	1	1	2	0
Judge,1b	4	0	1	7	0
Rue1,c	3	0	1	4	0
Behan,p	3	0	0	0	2
aWilson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	9	27	7

a Batted for Behan in ninth.

Errors—Pittsburgh 2; Philadelphia 1 (Tierney)

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0—4
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—3

Two-base hits—Wrightstone, Lee. Home runs—Traynor, Walker. Sacrifice—Holke. Double plays—Rawlings and Grimm; Sand, Tierney and Holke (2); Holke, Sand and Behan. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 6, Philadelphia 7. Bases on balls—Off Cooper 1, Behan 2. Struck out—By Behan 1. Umpires—Quigley, Finneran and Pfirman. Time of game—1:32.

SENATORS GET EVEN BREAK.

Defeat White Sox in First Game, 5-1, but Lose Second, 4-3.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Washington and Chicago divided a double-header today, the Senators taking the first game, 5 to 1, and the White Sox winning the second, 4 to 3. The first game was a pitching duel between Robertson and Mogridge. The former weakened in the twelfth inning when Washington pounded in four runs and forced him to retire after he was hit on the knee by a hot grounder off Goslin's bat. Faber pitched great ball in the second game but weakened in the ninth inning, the visitors failing shy by one run of tying the count.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	6	1	2	4	1
Peckin'h,ss	4	0	1	3	0
Goslin,lf	5	0	2	1	0
Rice,rf	6	0	1	3	0
Judge,1b	5	0	2	14	0
Gharrity,c	4	0	0	7	0
Harris,2b	4	0	0	2	2
Bluege,3b	5	1	2	1	5
Mogridge,p	4	1	0	0	7
Total	43	5	10	36	21

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	5	1	2	3	0
Mostil,cf	4	1	1	2	0
Collins,2b	4	0	0	2	5
Falk,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Kamm,3b	4	0	1	2	2
Schalk,c	4	0	0	4	1
Robertson,p	4	0	0	0	4
Taunton,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	1	5	36

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817 small boys' wash suits (sizes 3 to 9) at two bargain prices.

Our regular stock.

127 were $2.25
179 were $2.50
227 were $3.00
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104 were $4.00
94 were $4.50
86 were $5.00
$2.50

Also small boys' caps and hats.

35c—were $1.00
45c—were $1.25 to $2.00
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For boys both small and large.

Blouses
65c—were $1.15 and $1.50

Blouses and shirts
95c—were $1.7 to $2.25

Boys' silk four-in-hands
45c—were 65c to $1.50

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75c—were $1.50 and $2.25

Boys' bathing suits
$2.45—were $3.75 to $6.50

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ENGLISH STARS WIN IN WOMEN'S TENNIS

Miss McKane, Mrs. Clayton and Mrs. Covell Advance in National Title Play.

FIVE AMERICANS SURVIVE

Mrs. Mallory Among Victors—Mrs. Beamish Loses in Doubles and Defaults in Singles.

NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP MATCHES FOR TODAY.

STARTING AT 2:30 O'CLOCK.

Court No. 1.—Mrs. Molla Mallory, New York, vs. Miss Helen Hooker, Greenwich.

Court No. 2.—Mrs. Nancy Covell, England, vs. Miss Eleanor Goss, Brooklyn.

STARTING AT 3:30 O'CLOCK.

Court. No. 1.—Miss Kathleen McKane, England, vs. Miss Helen Wills, Berkley, Cal.

STARTING AT 4:30 O'CLOCK.

Court No. 2.—Mrs. R. C. Clayton, England, vs. Miss Leslie Bancroft, Boston.

STARTING AT 5:30 O'CLOCK.

Court No. 1.—Mrs. Benjamin F. Briggs, Pelham, and Mrs. Edward T. Raymond, Hastsdale, vs. Miss McKane and Mrs. Covell.

Court No. 2.—Miss Ceres Baker, Orange, N. J., and Miss Lilian Scharman, Brooklyn, vs. Miss Helen Hooker, Greenwich, and Miss Mayme MacDonald, Seattle, Wash.

The women's national lawn tennis championship at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, has assumed the aspects of another international match between England and the United States. When play was completed in the singles yesterday the field was brought down to the round before the semi-finals, with three members of the English combination that came over for play for the Hazel Hotchkiss Wightman Cup numbered among the eight survivors. The fourth member, Mrs. A. E. Beamish, was forced to default to Miss Helen Hooker of Greenwich, owing to illness.

Miss Kathleen McKane and Mrs. R. C. Clayton advanced with a minimum of effort, while Mrs. Nancy Covell was never in any danger in defeating Miss Edith Sigourney of Boston at 6—4, 6—1. Miss McKane eliminated Mrs. W. M. Shedden of Boston at 6—1, 6—1, and Mrs. Clayton put out Miss Agnes Sherwood of Rye at 6—1, 6—2.

The other survivors in the play afe Mrs. Molla B. Mallory, the champion; Miss Leslie Bancroft of the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston; Miss Helen Wills of Berkeley, Cal. and Miss Eleanor Goss of Brooklyn.

Mrs. Mallory defeated Miss Mayme MacDonald of Seattle 6—3, 6—2. Miss Bancroft met with unexpectedly stiff opposition from Mrs. Bernard F. Stenz of this city, losing the first set before she was able to win at 9—11, 6—2, 6—3. Miss Wills overwhelmed Mrs. Helene Pollak Falk of New York at 6—0, 6—1 and Miss Goss put out Mrs. Helen G. Lockhorn at 6—2, 6—2.

Today Mrs. Mallory will face Miss Hooker instead of Mrs. Beamish, as had been anticipated. The champion undoubtedly regrets the loss of the opportunity to meet Mrs. Beamish on American soil. The two women have met in England a number of times, with varying results.

Miss Wills to Play Miss McKane.

Chief interest in this afternoon's play will centre in the match between Miss Wills and Miss McKane. The California girl defeated Miss McKane on Saturday in a stirring two-set struggle in the international matches. Her play has been so impressive in the tournament that she is expected to give fully as good an account of herself today as in the previous meeting. Miss McKane has been going along strong also. No one of her opponents thus far has been able to take more than two games in a set from her.

Miss Bancroft, who is the second ranking player in the country, will have her first chance to match her strength against one of the English players on home soil today when she meets Mrs. Clayton. Owing to her illness of several weeks' duration, Miss Bancroft did not come in for consideration as a member of the team that played the English for the Wightman Cup. Miss Goss and Mrs. Covell will come together in the fourth match.

Play in the doubles also reached the round before the semi-finals. The surprise of yesterday's play was the defeat of Mrs. Beamish and Mrs. Clayton by Miss Ceres Baker of Oronge, N. J., and Miss Lillian Scharman of Brooklyn. The youthful American pair played sparkling, aggressive tennis in the second and third sets, after losing the first frame at 6—2, pulling out the second set with their decisive volleying at 6—4 and taking the third with comparatively easy sailing at 6—2. The other English pair, Miss McKane and Mrs. Covell, won a highly creditable victory when they eliminated Miss Marie Wagner of Yonkers and Mrs. H. Stuart Greene of Ardsley at 6—2, 6—2.

From the manner in which Miss MacDonald started out against Mrs. Mallory it appeared that the champion was to have a struggle on her hands. The Pacific Coast girl caused a stir in the stands when she took the first two games, outplaying her opponent and earning her points with baffling chop strokes and changes of length.

Gallery Begins to Enthuse.

When Miss MacDonald drew Mrs. Mallory forward twice and passed her on both occasions for clean placements the gallery, which had found little to get excited about in the other matches, burst into loud applause and for the first time took keen interest in the play.

But the threat of Miss MacDonald's attack was quickly ended, not so much by improvement on the part of Mrs. Mallory, for the champion had been playing on form in the first two games, as by the abrupt weakening of the Western girl. Instead of maintaining her rushing, attacking style, the younger player softened her strokes, remained most of the time at her baseline, and hit almost everything into the net or outside the lines.

Only one more game did Miss MacDonald get in the first set after taking the first two. Mrs. Mallory won the third and the Western girl took the fourth at 4—2. The champion won the fifth at the same score and evened the tally at 3—all by breaking through in the sixth at 4—2, shortening length with good results and forcing Miss MacDonald into error-making at the net by returning the ball wide of her racquet.

Mrs. Mallory went into the lead for the first time in the seventh game. Miss MacDonald had her 30—15, with a good chance to break through, but she lapsed badly in control at this point and hit three easy balls into the net and one outside the lines.

Continued faulty stroking by the Western girl cost her the eighth. Mrs. Mallory won the last point on the placement that nicked the baseline at the corner. The champion took the set at 6—3 by making her delivery effective in the ninth at love, catching her opponent out of position with sharply angled crossing shots and forcing her into error-making.

Analysis of the strokes shows that Miss MacDonald made 26 errors to Mrs. Mallory's 17 while the earned points were 9 and 4 respectively.

Miss MacDonald won the first game of the second set on service at 6—3, after Mrs. Mallory had pulled up to deuce from 15—40. Every point in the game went on an error. The champion took the second at 4—1 on four nets by her opponent. She broke through on the third at 6—4, earning three of her points on placements, and then increased her lead to 5—1 by taking the fourth at love, gaining all of her points on errors. Miss MacDonald was playing her poorest tennis and the points were going quickly.

The Pacific Coast girl won her second game in the set in the fifth when Mrs. Mallory hit into a streak of error making. A service ace that caught the champion unprepared was the final point of the game. Mrs. Mallory increased her lead to 4—2 in the sixth on two placements and two errors, and continued her sharp shooting in the seventh, when she broke through on three placements and an out. She captured the set at 6—2 on Miss MacDonald's errors in the eighth. In this set Mrs. Mallory made nine fewer errors and four more earned points than did her opponent.

Perhaps the best of the feature matches of the day was that between Miss Goss and Mrs. Lockhorn. The play was considerably closer than is indicated by the score. Mrs. Lockhorn was always at a disadvantage against the hard-hitting Brooklyn woman, but she battled pluckily, covering an unusual amount of territory in her vain effort to keep within striking distance of Miss Goss's speeding forehand drives and volleys. Miss Goss was quick in following the ball and quick in getting her strokes away, and had so much power behind her shots that only the quickest sort of anticipation made it possible for her opponent to reach the ball in time.

Divide First Two Games.

Mrs. Lockhorn began the service and won the opening game at 4—1 on three nets and a service ace, forcing her opponent into error making with hard, deep drives. Miss Goss ran into a lead of 30—0 in the second game, dropped the next two points on a net and a double fault and then won the game at 4—2 on a net and placement ace.

During one of the rallies in this game Miss Goss fell at full length while running for the ball. Two of the officials ran to assist her, but she arose unaided and resumed play.

The third game went to deuce four times before Miss Goss broke through at 8—6. Long driving rallies, marked by difficult recoveries by Mrs. Lockhorn and sharp volleying by Miss Goss, followed one after the other. In the midst of one of them Mrs. Lockhorn slipped and fell, but was on her feet quickly.

Miss Goss won the last five of her eight points in the game on placements, driving the ball across the net with powerful sweeps of her forehand and compelling her opponent to keep running continually for the ball. The fourth game went to the Brooklyn woman at 4—1 on errors.

In the fifth Mrs. Lockhorn led at 40—0 when Miss Goss went out after the points in irresistible fashion and took the next five in a row for the game. Following her forcing shots to the net she put the other's returns away with punishing volleys and overhand smashes which Mrs. Lockhorn was unable to get her racquet on.

Miss Goss Increases Lead.

Miss Goss increased her lead to 5—1 on service in the sixth, after Mrs. Lockhorn had pulled up to deuce from 15—40. Every one of the ten points in this game went on errors, Miss Goss forcing most of Mrs. Lockhorn's. Mrs. Lockhorn won the seventh game at 4—2 and Miss Goss brought the set to an end in the eighth at 4—1, taking the last point on an overhand smash from mid-court.

The stroke analysis shows nine nets, ten outs, eleven placements, no service aces and one double fault for Miss Goss, and ten nets, thirteen outs, three placements, one service ace and no double faults for Mrs. Lockhorn.

Mrs. Lockhorn won the first game of the second set at 4—2, shooting over a beautiful crossing shot that passed Miss Goss at the net after the latter had brought off a brilliant back-hand volley, leaping into the air to make her stroke. Miss Goss won the second game at 4—2 after making a foot fault, and Mrs. Lockhorn took the third at love driving hard and finding the openings. Miss Goss, after taking the first three points of the fourth on a service ace and two placements, made a double fault and an out, but won the game when Mrs. Lockhorn drove out of court in the next rally.

The fifth game was a strenuous one, going to deuce four times, both women hit with uncompromising severity and fought for the points with tenacity. Miss Goss broke through on three placement aces, followed by two errors by Mrs. Lockhorn and went ahead at 3—2. She increased her lead to 4—2 in the sixth, which was decided at 4—2 on errors and then broke through again in the seventh at 7—5 after Mrs. Lockhorn had gained a lead of 40—0.

Miss Goss Ends Match.

Six errors by the Mamaroneck woman cost her the advantage she had gained and enabled her opponent to increase her lead to 5—2. Miss Goss won the set and match in the eighth, which she took at love.

The stroke analysis for this frame shows that Miss Goss made six nets, eight outs, eleven placements, one service ace and two double faults. Mrs. Lockhorn made six nets, fifteen outs, nine placements, no service aces and no double faults.

Miss McKane won as she pleased against Mrs. Shedden. The English woman had far too much pace on her ground strokes for the other to handle them safely, and when she needed a point she could always be depended upon to take it at the net, where she volleyed in convincing fashion.

The summaries:

Singles—Third Round—Miss Helen Hooker won from Mrs. A. E. Beamish by default; Miss Eleanor Goss defeated Mrs. Helen Gilleaudeau Lockhorn, 6—2, 6—2; Miss Helen Wills defeated Mrs. Helene Pollak Falk, 6—0, 6—1; Mrs. R. C. Clayton defeated Miss Agnes Sherwood, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Kathleen McKane defeated Mrs. W. M. Shedden, 6—1, 6—1; Mrs. Nancy Covell defeated Miss Edith Sigourney, 6—4, 6—1; Miss Leslie Bancroft defeated Mrs. B. F. Stenz, 9—11, 6—2, 6—3; Mrs. Molla Mallory defeated Miss Mayme MacDonald, 6—3, 6—2.

Doubles—First Round—Mrs. George W. Wightman and Miss Eleanor Goss defeated Mrs. B. Koukel and Miss M. Richardson, 6—1, 6—0.

Second Round—Miss Penelope Anderson and Miss Rosemund Newton defeated Mrs. David C. Mills and Miss Florence A. Ballin, 6—3, 6—4; Mrs. R. B. Leachman and Mrs. Harcet Wallach defeated Miss Edith Moore and Mrs. J. Saunders Taylor, 6—3, 6—3; Mrs. George W. Wightman and Miss Eleanor Goss defeated Miss Anna Fuller and Miss Marguerita C. Ginn, 6—0, 6—0; Mrs. Nancy Covell and Miss Kathleen McKane defeated Mrs. Homer Stuart Green and Miss Marie Wagner, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Ceres Baker and Miss Lillian Scharman defeated Mrs. R. C. Clayton and Mrs. A. E. Beamish, 2—6, 6—4, 6—2; Mrs. Helen Gilleaudeau Lockhorn and Mrs. Lewis O. Morris defeated Miss Edith Sigourney and Miss Phyllis Walsh, 6—3, 6—4; Mrs. Benjamin F. Briggs and Mrs. Edward T. Raymond defeated Miss Louise Dixon and Miss Agnes Sherwood, 6—3, 6—4; Miss Helen Hooker and Miss Mayme MacDonald defeated Mrs. Bronson Batchelor and Mrs. John C. Collingwood, 6—4, 5—7, 6—1.

TIE IN JUNIOR GOLF.

Carey and Couch Have Cards of 76 in Western Medal Play.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Emerson Carey Jr. of Hutchinson, Kan., and Ira Couch, hicago, tied for the low medal score with cards of 76 in the qualifying round of the Western junior golf championship at Westmoreland country Club today. Raymond Shehan of Chicago also scored 76, but he was disqualified for having caddied after he was 16 years old.

Bob White and Maurice Ansheles tied for second with 78, while Edward Cornish of Little Rock, Ark., was the only other youth in the 176 starters who finished under 80.

Mrs. W. A. Gavin on Her Way To American Golf Events

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Mrs. W. A. Gavin, winner of the French and Canadian women's championship and finalist in the American women's, left here today bound for Canada where she will defend her title in the championship to be played at Montreal. She will then go to the United States to compete in the national women's championship which will be played at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club at Rye, N. Y., in October. She is a member of the Huntercombe Club at Henley-on-Thames. Mrs. Gavin is well known in the States for she was a resident of New York for several years. During her American residence she was twice runner-up in the national and won the metropolitan championship in 1917. She was runner-up in this event in 1919. She was also the women's eastern golf champion in 1916.

SNODGRASS WINS, THEN COLLAPSES

Falls to Court at Newport After Beating Kelleher, 6-2, 6-3, but Soon Recovers.

OTHER FAVORITES ADVANCE

Richards, Williams, Griffin, Norton and Kinsey Brothers Reach Round Before Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 15.—When today's singles play in the Newport invitation tennis tournament was completed on the Casino Courts, four Pacific Coast stars, Vincent Richards of New York, Norris Williams of Philadelphia and Brian I. C. Norton, had joined Arnold W. Jones of Yale in the round before the semi-finals. The Coast contingent to advance today consisted of Harvey Snodgrass, Clarence Griffin and the Kinsey brothers.

Richards defeated E. W. Fiebleman of New Orleans at 6—3, 6—3, in easy fashion. The Yonkers star played well within himself throughout, conserving his strength perhaps for his meeting with Williams tomorrow when the third and fourth ranking players in the United States will battle for a place in the semi-final brackets. Williams today defeated J. W. Lowry of England, 6—0, 2—6, 6—0. Norton advanced at the expense of Ludlow Vandeventer, 6—3, 6—2.

Howard Kinsey's victory came over Nathaniel W. Niles in the feature event of the morning program, while his brother Robert easily disposed of Wallace Bates, California collegian. Snodgrass collapsed after he defeated Hugh Kelleher of New York, at 6—2, 6—3, but Griffin's victory over Phil Neer, 6—1, 6—3, was an easy one. Snodgrass soon recovered and walked to the club house.

Plays Fast Game.

Against Kelleher Snodgrass played brilliantly and his meeting with Robert Kinsey tomorrow promises to be a long drawn out affair if Snodgrass's stamina does not fail him as it did today. He played a versatile game today, showing a variety of strokes that kept Kelleher worried. Snodgrass drove his opponent back from the net with lobs that were constantly within inches of the base line, and when Kelleher scurried back to make the returns, Snodgrass was waiting at the net to score with ferocious smashes that were unplayable.

The Californian was supreme in the first set, running through his opponent's service with chop strokes, volleys and ground strokes that were as well executed as any seen here so far. Kelleher continually found trouble in solving the service of the victor.

After taking the first set at 6—2, and running up a lead of 5—love in the second, Snodgrass's strength failed him, and it was clearly visible that he was traveling with difficulty. As Kelleher realized the exhausted condition of the Californian he sharpened his attack, and by vigorous and accurately placed volleys gathered point after point on placement aces and captured three games in a row, bringing the Californian's lead down to 5—3.

The gallery sensed that should the match go to three sets Kelleher would probably gain the honors. In a final effort Snodgrass pulled himself together and using every ounce of strength in his forcing strokes took the next game for the victory, dropping exhausted to the court immediately after.

Niles Fights Hard.

Howard Kinsey's advance over Niles was also close. The first set went to 5—all before either could gain any great advantage. Kinsey won the opening game of the second set, but Niles ran out four in a row, smothering his opponent with sharply angled drives off his fore and backhand. But after the Boston player had established a 4—1 advantage, Kinsey found himself again and captured five games in a row, taking the set and match at 6—4, 6—1.

Griffin had little trouble disposing of Neer in straight sets, and although Lowry carried Williams to three sets the former Davis Cup star never exerted himself and won easily when he wanted to. Norton's victory over Ludlow Vandeventer was also an easy one, the English star varying the length of his strokes and keeping his opponent constantly on the go in order to make returns. Robert Kinsey ran through his match with Wallace Bates in quick order. Tomorrow he will face Snodgrass. Richards plays Williams, Howard Kinsey faces Griffin and Norton, the last surviving member of the foreign forces, will oppose Arnold Jones, the winners to go into the semi-finals.

The doubles victors reached the third round, none of the matches resulting in an upset, although several were carried to three sets. Clarence Griffin and S. Howard Voshel advanced by defeating Manuel Alonso and Walter Wesbrook in a gruelling affair that ended abruptly when Alonso appeared to have the final point well in his grasp only to lose it.

In the first set the terrific overhead smashes and cannonball service of Voshel earned his team the first two games. Alonso and Wesbrook ran out the next five, the spectacular Spaniard playing brilliantly from the net while Wesbrook was steady from the baseline.

After gaining the 5—2 advantage the pair found themselves growing wild, their drives going over the lines or into the net with such regularity that Voshel and Griffin ran out the next five games and took the set at 7—5.

Wesbrook Breaks Through.

In the second frame game followed service until Alonso and Wesbrook broke through in the eighth on Griffin, taking the lead at 5—3. They then won on Alonso's service, and evened the count at one set each.

In the third and deciding set the score reached 5—all, games following service except on two occasions, when each team broke through. Griffin put his team ahead at 6—5 on his service, and when Alonso hit the score rack in trying for a smash that was made to order his team went down to defeat in the next game.

The summaries:

Singles, Fourth Round—Howard Kinsey, California, defeated Nathaniel W. Niles, Boston, 7—5, 6—4; Clarence J. Griffin, California, defeated P. Neer, California, 6—1, 6—3; B. I. C. Norton, South Africa, defeated Ludlow Vandeventer, New York, 6—3, 6—4; Vincent Richards, New York, defeated E. W. Feiblemas, New Orleans, 6—3, 6—3; R. Norris Williams, Philadelphia, defeated J. W. Lowry, England, 6—0, 2—6, 6—0; Harvey Snodgrass, California, defeated Hugh G. Kelleher, New York, 6—2, 6—3; Robert Kinsey, California, defeated Wallace J. Bates, California, 6—3, 6—1.

Doubles, Second Round—Kinsey brothers defeated Charles Kingsley and A. W. Wilder, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3; Leighton Crawford and L. Deane defeated Loth and Donovan, 5—7, 6—3, 6—3; Harvey Snodgrass and Wallace Bates defeated Gerald Emerson and E. W. Fiebleman, 3—6, 6—3, 6—1; B. I. C. Norton and Vincent Richards defeated Richard Fisher and A. H. Chapin Jr., 6—3, 6—3; Watson M. Washburn and R. N. Williams defeated Vandeventer brothers, 1—6, 6—1, 6—0; Phil Neer and James Davies defeated H. O. Johnston and G. P. Gardner, 6—3, 7—5; N. W. Niles and H. G. Kelleher, defeated J. Alonso and F. Mercur, 6—4, 7—5; Clarence Griffin and S. H. Voshel defeated W. Wesbrook and M. Alonso, 6—4, 2—6, 7—5.

MORAN DEFEATS DOWNEY.

New York Golfer Is Eliminated in Bretton Woods Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Aug. 15.—In the second day's match play in the annual Bretton Woods golf tournament, in which many metropolitan golfers are entered, two close battles resulted. In one of them Thomas Morrison of Pittsburgh disposed of a former Bretton Woods champion, Arthur R. Corwin of Boston, at the twentieth hole. William McHall of the Norfolk Country Club defeated Guy Mayer of Providence, 1 up. The other two matches in the first sixteen went to Dr. C. F. Briggs of Cleveland, who defeated Wilson Haines, Detroit, 3 and 2, and to T. J. Moran, winner of the gold medal in the qualifying round of Pawtucket, who beat John L. Downey of New York, 4 and 3.

FRENCH WILL PLAY AUSTRALIANS TODAY

Davis Cup Final to Open at Brookline With Anderson Opposed to Lacoste.

BRUGNON TO MEET HAWKES

Players Will Figure in Doubles Matches Tomorrow and Series Will End on Saturday.

BROOKLINE, Mass., Aug. 15.—The golden fleece of lawn tennis for 1923 will be before the eyes of tennis players who have traveled thousands of miles to battle tomorrow for Davis Cup laurels on the neutral courts of the Longwood Cricket Club at Chestnut Hill in the first for the final round matches.

At 3 o'clock Rene Lacoste, 19-year-old continental sensation, will carry the tricolor of France against James O. Anderson, veteran leader of the Australian forces, in the opening match of the final tie. Immediately after their encounter Jacques Brugnon, oldest of the French invaders, will oppose John B. Hawkes, the Melbourne left-hander, in another singles contest. On Friday the same players probably will figure in the doubles and the order of Thursday's singles will be reversed for the wind-up of the series in the last two matches Saturday.

Chief interest in the opening day's play will centre in the initial match, Lacoste, "baby" internationalist, will oppose in Anderson a player who has won twenty of his two dozen matches in three years of Davis Cup play.

Johnston Favors Anderson.

These two players have had few common adversaries, but one of these has been William M. Johnston, the San Franciscan, who holds the world title on hard courts and on turf. Johnston today expressed the opinion that Anderson's wide experience and greater speed probably would carry him through to victory over the Paris schoolboy, but he added that he considered Lacoste to possess greater possibilities for future development than the New South Wales giant, who has known weaknesses in his tennis armour.

France got into the series as a distinct under dog. But that was true last year, when the same teams battled on the Longwood green. The 1922 struggle was of a thrilling nature, and France not only won one of the opening singles contests, but also carried the first three matches to the five-set limit. Whether the presnt team of Paris players can muster sufficient poise and power to make an equally impressive showing as Cochet and Gobert is a question. They will acquire some mental stimulus tomorrow from the presence of their own General Henri Gouraud, "Lion of the Argonne," who will attend the matches in the hope of spurring his countrymen on to victory.

Undeniably the Australian team is less formidable than a year ago. The Antipodeans practiced for the first time on the Longwood courts this afternoon and they showed clearly the fatigue engendered by their globe-trotting of recent weeks. They are more thoroughly inured to American playing conditions, however, and Captain Anderson stated that the pluckless American tennis ball, always a bothersome factor to newcomers to this country, will offer no handicap to himself and Hawkes. Nor do the Frenchmen seem bothered to any great degree.

When Referee George W. Wightman, Vice President of the National Tennis Association, made the draw for the opening matches with the rivals' managers—W. E. Schlessinger of Australia, and Allan H. Muhr of France—it was hoped by tennis followers that Lacoste-Anderson duel would not develop until the closing day of the series. But the fates decreed otherwise. Brugnon's chances against Hawkes appear to be a toss-up, but those who have seen the players in practice have felt strongly that LaCoste would conquer the Australian second string.

Hold Final Practice.

Despite the heavy shower that accompanied the thunderstorm of early this morning, the courts were in splendid conditions and elicited words of praise from the foreign competitors. At the request of the Australians the final practice was held on the championship turf where tomorrow's matches will be played. The Australians indulged in a long doubles practice session, with Anderson and Hawkes being closely pressed by the "colts" from the early off land—Schlessinger and Ian McInnes. Later Anderson tuned up in singles with McInnes. The practice of the leading French players was of a less arduous nature, for they have become thoroughly accustomed to the playing conditions.

Regardless of the outcome of this week's matches, the rival Davis Cup forces will remain here for the national doubles championship event on the same courts next week. Anderson will team with Hawkes, Lacoste with Brugnon.

PRINCETON GRADUATES CAPTURE GOLF MATCH

Defeat Yale Alumni, 9 Points to 3, in Tiger-Eli Field Day at Rye.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 15.—"Old grads" of Princeton and Yale, hated rivals in undergraduate days, fraternized at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club today. The occasion was the annual field day of the Tiger and Eli Clubs of New York City, but the athletic end of the program simmered down to a test of strength on the golf links. A few of the old-time baseball stars attempted to stage a battle, but long before the end of the first inning arms that were formerly able to snap a throw across the diamond and legs that were formely able to pedal down to first base in record time tired and all hands were relieved when one of the hitters broke the only available bat in the third inning. When the game broke up Princeton was leading by two runs.

Most of the rivalry, therefore, was settled on the links and here the Tigers won a commanding victory, the final point score being 9 to 3 in favor of the former denizens of Tigerdom. In the feature match of the day Eddie Driggs of Cherry Valley, one-time Princeton fullback, paired with W. L. Richards of the Engineers' Club, defeated C. V. Benton of Hudson River and E. C. Smith by three points. Henry Topping, Connecticut State champion, and Harold Tenney, two more Princeton alumni, won three points for Old Nassau from Frederick Ewing and J. C. Pundeford of Yale, while the Tiger combination of C. S. Baffin and P. E. Morrell added three more points to Princeton's total by defeating E. R. Treadwell Jr., and H. S. West. The only Yale points were gathered by J. S. Ogilvie and A. W. Haigh, who bested George W. Vanderhoff. Vanderhoff had to go it single-handed against the Elis for his partner failed to put in an appearance.

Driggs and Richards had a best ball of 72 and they also tied for the low gross honors with a 78 each. Driggs was 38 out and 41 in, while Richards's figures were 42—37. The latter's M. G. A. rating is 6 while Driggs's is 4, so the Cherry Valley player took the low gross prize and Richards the low net. Topping and Tenney had a best ball of 76 against Ewing and Pundeford. Topping's individual round was 82, Ewing's 84 and Pundeford's 86. West of Yale turned the course in 89.

The cards of Driggs and Richards:

Out—										
Driggs	4	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	5	—38
Richards	4	5	7	4	4	5	5	5	3	—42
In—										
Driggs	4	4	6	4	5	3	5	4	6	—41—79
Richards	3	6	5	5	5	4	4	3	5	—37—79

The Princetonians added further to the humiliation of the men from New Haven by outpulling their rivals in the tug-of-war. One hundred and twenty turned out for the event.

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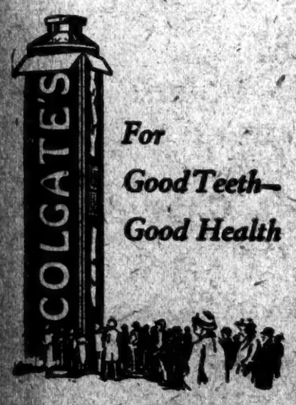

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ENCHANTRESS WINS ON N.Y.Y.C. CRUISE

Schooner Leads 30 Yachts to Block Island in First Race of Annual Event.

GREY DAWN ALSO SCORES

Johnson's Yacht Captures Cup for Sloops—Queen Mab, Harpoon and Squaw Triumph.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I., Aug. 15.—Sailing in a light breeze from the southwest the schooner Enchantress, owned by William Iselin, led a fleet of thirty-one racing yachts to this harbor today in the first squadron run of the New York Yacht Club's annual cruise. Enchantress maintained her lead from the start of the 34½-mile race from New London, and defeated the other big schooners by a wide margin. Enchantress won the navy challenge cup for schooners, and the cup for sloops was won by Vice Commodore Philip Johnson's Grey Dawn.

Enchantress, which has not been in commission for several years, was in fine racing trim and pulled away from the other schooners soon after the start was made at 11:15 o'clock off Sarah's Ledge outside New London, defeating, among others, the new Herreshoff schooner Wildfire.

The race was sailed in a light but true southwest breeze and the finishes were made in good time. The winners in the other classes were Queen Mab in class F, Harpoon in the 50-foot class, Squaw in the 40-foot class, Grey Dawn in the Larchmont O class and Nautilus in the 30-foot class. On time allowance Grey Dawn defeated Nautilus only by a little over a minute.

Squadron Sets Sail.

When the signal for the harbor start was made at 10:00 o'clock this morning by the committee boat Nourmahal, the squadron was already under sail and all craft soon had anchors up and were on the way out to Sarah's Ledge bell buoy where the starts were made. There was a light westerly breeze and the racing flotilla had little trouble sailing out of the bay to the line.

The committee, consisting of Gherardi Davis, Chairman; Clinton Mackenzie and Oliver Iselin on the Nourmahal selected a course covering a distance of 34½ miles, the first mark being Race Rock light, the second leg a long one of 20½ miles to the bell buoy off Green Hill Point on the Rhode Island shore, then to the bell buoy off the north end of Block Island, with the finish at the bell buoy off Great Salt Pond.

When the racing yachts got out to the starting line all eyes were on the new Herreshoff schooner Wildfire, which is owned by Charles L. Harding of Boston, and which was sailed today by "Old Nat" himself. The towering Marconi main mast of the new boat seemed very high compared to the spars of the other schooners. It is 125 feet high from step to truck. The new schooner is a beautifully lined model and slipped along very fast through the smooth sea as the boats manoeuvred about the line.

Enchantress was also a centre of interest in her new suit of racing sails and her mainsail of great proportions. The first yachts to be sent away were the New York Yacht Club 30-footers, which crossed the line at 11:10, with J. R. Dunbaugh's Countess in the lead, but closely followed by Natulius and Adios. There were seven starters in this class and all were well bunched. The others were Lena, Oriole, Alice and Banzai.

Carry Balloon Jibs.

The first leg of the course to Race Rock, a distance of 3½ miles, gave the yachts a broad race and all carried balloon jibs. The schooner class, which had nine starters, was the next sent away, at 11:15. Some smart manoeuvring had been done by the schooner skippers and the big boats were closely bunched when the signal sounded. All crossed on the starboard tack, and Queen Mab, sailed by her owner, Captain Nathaniel Ayers of the Eastern Yacht Club, had a slight advantage.

Queen Mab, which also has a Marconi main mast, was at the windward end of the line but closely pushed Irolita, sailed by Captain E. Walter Clark, her owner, and following very fast. Enchantress next, to the leeward of Irolita, with Princess on her lee; then came Sonnica, was next, to the leeward of Irolita, with Horatio Shonnard's black schooner; the flagship Vagrant, sailed by Commodore Vanderbilt; Wildfire, the little Norka and Wanderer IX., the last to cross.

The Larchmont O sloops and the New York Yacht Club fifty-footers, with the thirty-eight footers, Alice and Stuyvesant Wainwright's sloop Butterfly, started on the next signal, E. P. Elkor's Nimbus was the first away, with Harold Tobey's Maisie, Vice Commodore Philip Johnson's Grey Dawn, Alice and Butterfly following in the order named.

Following this class the forty-footers started and Mistral, sailed by Philip Mallory, had the jump on the others, at the lee end of the line, with Banshee, Pampero, Shawara, Rowdy, Squaw and Saldi Ann following, all closely bunched.

Takes Big Lead.

Enchantress pulled away from the other schooners on the first leg of the course and at Rock Light was two minutes ahead of Irolita, her nearest competitor. Princess rounded next, with Wildfire following. Vagrant, Sonnica, Queen Mab and the others strung out astern. After rounding the light, Enchantress was away winging and went flying along off shore, almost before the wind with balloon jib and big balloon, main top mast staysail set.

After rounding Race Rock the yachts were compelled to stem a heavy flood tide for an hour or so. In order to escape the worst of this the forty-footers, thirties, O boats, and the schooners Wildfire following, Vagrant, Sonnica, to the Fisher's Island shore, most of them carrying spinnakers. Enchantress, Vagrant, Sonnica and the other schooners kept off shore. Passing Watchhill, at 1:30, Enchantress had come in shore again and at this point had a long lead over the other two masters, with Sonnica in second place and Wildfire third.

Enchantress then sailed straight for the mark, Green Hill Point buoy, which she rounded at 3:07, hauling on the wind for a short windward leg to the Block Island bell. Sonnica turned Green Hill at 3:57, fifty minutes behind the fast flying Iselin. Irolita turned at 4:05, Wildfire at 4:07 and Vagrant at 4:10.

Tomorrow's squadron run will be from Block Island to Newport. On Friday, off Newport, the races for the Astor Cups, one cup for schooners and one for sloops, will be sailed.

The summaries:

SCHOONERS.
Start, 10:15.

Craft.	Finish.	Elapsed.	Corrected.
Enchantress	4:20:32	5:05:32	4:35:50
Queen Mab	5:32:05	6:17:05	5:54:55
Anderer IX.	6:05:18	6:50:18	6:38:10
Irolita	5:18:06	6:03:06	4:54:40
Wildfire	5:15:24	6:00:24	5:02:20
Vagrant	5:19:37	6:04:37	5:11:06
Sonnica	5:17:11	6:02:11	5:15:07
Princess	5:26:42	6:11:42	5:12:16
Norka	Did not finish.		

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB, 50-FOOTERS.

Harpoon	5:22:21	6:04:21	4:46:41
Virginia	5:29:31	6:09:31	5:51:51

SPECIAL CLASS.

Alice	5:54:14	6:34:14	4:32:23
Butterfly	5:54:35	6:34:35	4:32:23

LARCHMONT O CLASS.

Grey Dawn	5:29:40	6:06:40	4:21:10
Maisie	5:29:30	6:06:30	4:24:00
Nimbus	5:27:53	6:12:53	4:32:43

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 40-FOOTERS.
Start 11:25.

Aquaw	5:31:20	6:06:20	4:35:27
Pampero	5:33:49	6:08:49	4:37:36
Iris	5:35:45	6:10:45	4:39:35
Shawara	5:30:07	6:11:07	4:40:14
Banshee	5:37:11	6:12:13	4:41:20
Sally Ann	5:37:13	6:12:13	4:41:20
Mistral	5:43:26	6:13:26	4:43:21
Rowdy	5:37:00	6:12:00	4:41:10

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 30-FOOTERS.

Nautilus	5:28:28	6:34:20	4:22:47
Adios	5:31:24	6:41:24	4:25:51
Countess	5:53:35	6:43:35	4:28:12
Alice	6:03:29	6:43:29	4:37:36
Minax	6:09:01	6:46:01	4:38:31
Orbis	6:19:58	6:56:58	4:53:25
Rascal	6:20:23	7:00:23	4:55:05
Lena	6:16:30	7:00:30	4:59:07

Summary of Races Sailed In International Yacht Series

Finish in Sixth Race.

	Position.	Points.
Colia III. (British)	1	8
Reg (British)	2	7
Capelle (British)	3	6
Clytie (American)	4	5
Hawk (American)	5	4
Suzette (British)	6	3
Lea (American)	7	2
Ingomar (American)	8	1

Order of Finish in Other Races.

First Race—Colia III. (B.), first; Reg (B), second; Lea (A.), third; Suzette (B.), fourth; Clytie (A.), fifth; Capelle (B.), sixth; Hawk (A.), seventh; Ingomar (A.), eighth.

Second Race—Suzette (B.), first; Reg (B.), second; Colia III. (B.), third; Chapelle (B), fourth; Clytie (A.), fifth; Lea (A.), sixth; Hawk (A.), seventh; Ingomar (A.), eighth.

Third Race—Suzette (B.), first; Capelle (B.), second; Colia III. (B.), third; Clytie (A.), fourth; Lea (A.), fifth; Ingomar (A.), sixth; Reg (B.), seventh; Hawk (A.), eighth.

Fourth Race—Colia III. (B.), first; Reg (B.), second; Lea (A), third; Capelle (B.), fourth; Suzette (B.), fifth; Ingomar (A.), sixth; Hawk (A.), seventh; Clytie (A.), eighth.

Fifth Race—Clytie (A.), first; Lea (A.), second; Hawk (A.), third; Ingomar (A.), fourth; Suzette (B.), fifth; Colia III. (B.), sixth; Reg (B), seventh; Capelle (B.), withdrew.

Team Total in Each Race.

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	Final Tot.
British	23	26	23	24	9	24	129
American	13	10	13	12	26	12	86

W. SPENCER WINS TITLE BIKE RACE

Gains One-Point Lead in Series for National Crown by Scoring at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 15.—Willie Spencer, American bicycle champion, practically clinched the title for the season of 1923 when he won the two-mile national championship race, the seventeenth of a series of eighteen races, to decide the American title at the Velodrome here tonight. Spencer defeated Orlando Piani and Ray Eaton, while in the heat to decide fourth place Alf Grenda beat Cecil Walker and Pete Van Kempen.

Spencer, by winning tonight, took the lead in the championship competition for the first time this season and only after a terrific uphill fight. The standing now reads: Willie Spencer, 50; Arthur Spencer, 49; Cecil Walker, 27; Orlando Piani, 17; Ray Eaton, 13; Pete Van Kempen, 10; Alf Goullet, 9; Alf Grenda, 4; Mario Bergamini, 3; Palmiro Mori, 2; Fred Spencer, 2, and Willie Keller, 1.

There is only one more race left in the championship series. It is at five miles and will be decided here Sunday afternoon. In winning tonight Willie was in third position going into the last lap, but rode around Eaton and Piani and won by two lengths, riding the last eighth mile in 0:11 4-5 seconds.

The summaries:

One-Mile Open (Amateur)—Won by Willie Fenn, Bay View Wheelmen; John Ott, Bay View Wheelmen, second; Henry Bruhn, Philadelphia, third; Anthony Butler, Newark, fourth; Gus Merkle, Newark, fifth. Time—2:18 2-5.

Two-Mile National Championship (Professional)—Won by Willie Spencer, Newark; Orlando Piani, Italy, second; Ray Eaton, East Orange, third; Alfred Grenda, Tasmania, fourth. Time—4:07 2-5. Last eighth mile—0:11 4-5. Time of heat to decide fourth place—3:57. Last eighth mile—0:12 1-5.

Miss-and-Out Invitation (Professional)—Won by Charles Jaeger, Newark; Gus Lang, Newark, second; Maurits DeClerk, Chicago, third; Fred Hill, Boston, fourth; Jacob Magin, Irvington, fifth. Time—2:27 4-5. Distance—3 miles 4 laps.

Two-Mile Handicap (Amateur)—Won by Al Leuchs, Orange (100 yards); John Otto, Bayview Wheelmen (40 yards), second; Anthony Butler, Newark (90 yards), third; Walter A. Shardlow, Bay View Wheelmen (115 yards), fourth; John Smith, Newark, (140 yards), fifth. Time—3:55 4-5.

Two-Mile Handicap (Professional)—Won by Alfred Grenda, Tasmania (scratch); Cecil Walker, Australia (scratch), second; Pete Van Kempen, Holland (scratch), third; Otto Zipf, Newark (240 yards), fourth; Carl Hambacker, Bloomfield (200 yards), fifth; George Price, Newark (230 yards), sixth; Harry Stockelynch, Belgium (170 yards), seventh. Time—3:58.

One-Mile Consolation (Amateur)—Won by Louis Benezatti, Unione Sportiva Italiana; Edward Bendl, Unione Sportiva Italiana, second; George Cuva, Newark, third; George Lucadema, Bayview Wheelmen, fourth. Time—2:22.

100-Kilometer (62½ Miles) Motor-Paced Race (Professional)—George Chapman, Newark, paced by Eddie Root, Boston; Henry Wynsdau, Belgium, paced by Jean Villepontaux, France; Carl Saldow, Germany, paced by Jimmie Hunter, Newark; Vincent Madonna, Italy, paced by Otto Miller, Brooklyn; Clifford Papworth, Australia, paced by Willie Zipf, Newark. Won by Madonna; Chapman, second; Wynsdau, third; Papworth, fourth; Saldow, fifth. Time—2:28:52 2-5.

MAY APPOINT STEVENS HARVARD CREW COACH

Contract With Former Cornell Oarsman Reported Only Awaiting Sanction of Athletic Board.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—E. A. Stevens of Portland, Ore., formerly a Cornell oarsman, will be coach of the Harvard oarsmen next year if the Harvard Athletic Commission approves a contract now declared to be in the possession of John Richardson, Chairman of the Harvard Rowing Committee, and an attorney here, according to a story which will be published tomorrow in the Boston Globe. Stevens was coach of the Portland Rowing Club last season.

The story asserts that the contract between Mr. Richardson, representing the rowing committee, and Mr. Stevens will not be effective until sanctioned by the Harvard Athletic Commission but "it is assumed that the committee will approve what Mr. Richardson has done." Mr. Richardson recently returned here from a trip through the Northwest.

Rowing men at Harvard have had the problem of selecting a new coach under consideration since the end of the disastrous season this Spring, it is generally known. E. McK. Henry of Rosemont, Pa., captain of next year's crew, has been in Cambridge much of the Summer attending various conferences with Harvard oarsmen, past and present, in connection with the selection of a new coach.

BUNCE CAPTURES SHOOT.

Is Victor at Northport Gun Club With a Card of 48.

NORTHPORT, L. I., Aug. 15.—F. Bunce was the winner of the August shoot of the Northport Gun Club. He took the high scratch prize with a card of 48 out of a possible 50 targets.

There also was a special shoot that ended in a tie among G. E. Brush, C. Wood and A. Cantrell. On the shoot-off the winner was Wood.

BOXING BOUTS TONIGHT.

Columbus Sporting Club, Yonkers—Willie McNulty vs. Emil Morro, 10 rounds; Charley Pilkington vs. Frankie Maxwell, 10 rounds.

BRITISH YACHTSMEN WIN LAST OF RACES

Defeat Americans in Sixth Heat of Series for Six-Meter Cup, 24 to 12.

TOTAL SCORE, 129 TO 86

Victors Capture Five of Six Events Sailed in English Waters and Lift Trophy.

RYDE, Isle of Wight, Aug. 15 (Associated Press). — The British won the sixth and last heat in the British-American Cup series for six-meter yachts today, scoring 24 points to 12 for the Americans and bringing the aggregate scores to 129 against 86. The British clinched the cup on Monday by winning the fourth heat. Yesterday's heat was taken by the Americans.

The order of the finish today was: Colia III, Reg, Capella, all British; Clytie and Hawk, both American; Suzette, British; Lea, American, and Ingomar, American.

The start today was made in a hard northerly breeze, which gave the boats a run to the windward for more than a third of the course, the remainder being a reach around. Conditions were not favorable to success for the Americans.

The British at the start got the first three boats over the line. The American Clytie tore her mainsail, finishing fourth. Ingomar, American, which held fifth place at the end of the first round, dropped back to last at the finish, otherwise the first round order was maintained to the end.

FIVE OF NINE YACHTS CAPSIZE DURING RACE

Westhampton Craft Meet Northwest Gale Off Speonk Shore —No. 17 Triumphs.

SPEONK SHORE, L. I., Aug. 15.—The junior and women Corinthians of the yachting department of the Westhampton Country Club met unusually stiff weather in their races today. The events were decided in a stiff gale from the northwest. So strong was the breeze that only two of a fleet of nine yachts were timed. Five capsized, one was disqualified and one was not timed. All were in the S. S. class.

The winner was No. 17, the property of Miss Margaret Borland. The yacht was sailed by Bob Day and defeated No. 28, sailed by H. Clopper, by 1 minute and 55 seconds. Although the accidents were not so many as in the regatta for juniors, the women had their share of troubles. In the little S. S. class, No. 41, which belongs to Lewis Hallock, capsized before the start, and John Pflug's No. 9 and Apache, an Indian class yacht, sailed by Mrs. Trowbridge Marston, were both disabled and had to withdraw.

Three classes filled today. All the yachts were raced by women. Samuel H. Gillespie's Onedia, sailed by Miss Cornelia Cousins, was the winner in the Indian class. In class B for catboats the first home was Windward, sailed by Mrs. G. C. Halstead Jr. The S. S. class was captured by Miss Kinnball's craft.

The summaries:

JUNIOR RACE—S. S. CLASS.
Start, 3:10. Club Course.

Yacht and Skipper.	Finish.
No. 17, Bob Day	4:10:30
No. 28, H. Clopper	4:12:25
No. 40, Harlod Medina	*.....
No. 6, S. Hanley	†.....
No. 8, Allan Mark	†.....
No. 25, J. Fenner	†.....
No. 26, Hazard Gillespie	†.....
No. 41, Henry Jaggar	†.....
No. 10, Ralph Hartell	‡.....

*Time not taken. †Capsized. ‡Disqualified.

INDIAN CLASS.
Start, 3:25. Course, 4 Miles.

Oneida, Miss Cornelia Cousins	4:14:00
Wyandotte, Miss Evelyn Allen	4:14:58
Apache, Mrs. Trowbridge Marston	*.....

*Disabled.

CATBOATS—CLASS B.
Start, 3:30. Course 4 Miles.

Windward, Mrs. G. C. Halsted Jr.	5:20:35
Cecile, Miss Jeannette Moore	4:28:35

SLOOPS—CLASS S. S.
Start, 3:35. Course, 4 Miles.

No. 16, Miss Lois Kimball	4:26:27
No. 17, Miss Margaret Borland	4:23:35
No. 29, Miss Nieuburgge	4:28:40
No. 33, Miss Burgess	4:25:30
No. 5, Miss Delafield	4:32:45
No. 23, Miss Molly Kimball	4:32:50
No. 26, Miss Peggy Gillespie	4:33:00
No. 9, ——	†.....
No. 41, ——	†.....

*Withdrew. †Capsized.

YACHTING SERIES LISTED.

S. S. and Indian Classes to Meet in Team Races at Westhampton.

WESTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 15.—The yachting squadron of the Westhampton Country Club has arranged to hold a series of team races in which the S. S. and the Indian yachts will compete. The six leading boats of each division have been divided into teams of three boats each. These will sail a series of three races under the same point system employed in the six-meter races. The first race of the series will be sailed on Saturday. The second race is scheduled for Sept. 1. The series will end on Sept. 8 and will wind up yacht racing on Moriches Bay for the Summer.

In the S. S. class the teams are called Odd and Even. The Odd team is made up of No. 9, John Pflug, captain; No. 17, Miss Margaret Borland, and No. 7, Jack McAleenan. On the Even team are No. 4, John Kidde, captain; S. W. Hanley's No. 8 and Miss Lois Kimball's No. 16. Team A of the Indian class is made up of William C. Atwater Jr.'s Montauk, S. H. Gillespie's Oneida and Charles E. Potts's Cuyahoga. It will race against the B team, made up of L. E. Iverson's Wyandotte, R. D. Hallock's Yennecott and Thomas Marston's Apache.

DISTANCE STARS ENTERED.

Ray, Ritola, Connolly and Kennedy Will Appear in Two-Mile Race.

Joie Ray, Willie Ritola, Jimmy Connolly and Patrick Kennedy, four distance runners of note, will make up the field in the two-mile special race which will feature the Metropolitan A. A. U. junior track and field championships at the C. C. N. Y. Stadium next Sunday.

There will be added interest to this race because of the fact that Ray will endeavor to break his own world's record for the distance, which he established at the games of the Wilco A. A. last Winter, when he covered the route in 9 minutes 8 2-5 seconds. This will also be the first outdoor meeting of Ray and Ritola at the two-mile distance. While Ray and Ritola are generally expected to battle it out for first honors there are many track fans who figure that Connolly and Kennedy will also be in the hunt when the tape is reached.

Four hundred entries have been received for the nineteen junior championship events, the largest entry ever received for a district title meet. The clubs represented are the Robert J. Ogden A. A., the Irish A. A., the New York Turn Verein and Savage School A. A.

Widener Donates Runantell To Polo Association as Sire

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Joseph E. Widener has donated the four-year-old Runantell, by Broomstick out of Zools, by St. Gatien, to the Polo Association of America, it was announced here this afternoon. Runantell, whose racing career has been a good one, should prove a fine type to sire polo mounts. He won the Ardsley Handicap and the Hartsdale Stakes and a maiden race as a two-year-old. He showed a fine performance in the Pimlico Futurity, in which he was third to Morvich and Lucky Hour. He did not train as a three-year-old and this year has raced but little, although he won the Friar Rock Highweight Handicap at Aqueduct from a good field. Runantell is a typical Broomstick—a big-bodied horse on short legs. That he will be a success as a sire of polo mounts seems assured. It is expected that Runantell will stand at Westbury, L. I.

JANOWSKI BEATEN IN CHESS TOURNEY

Loses His Adjourned Game to Kupchik in Congress at Lake Hopatcong.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

Player.	W.	L.	Player.	W.	L.
Marshall	7	1	Hodges	3½	4½
Janowski	4	1	Tenner	3½	4½
Chajes	3½	2½	Sournin	3	5
Schapiro	3½	2½	Morrison	2½	5½
Kupchik	3½	2½	Bigelow	2	6
Lasker	4½	3½	Palmer	1½	6½
Black	4	4	Santasiere	1½	6½

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., Aug. 15.—By losing his adjourned game from the eighth round to Kupchik of New York, Janowski of Paris yielded first place to Marshall, the United States champion, in the masters' tournament of the ninth American Chess Congress at the Hotel Alamac today.

The game went to 117 moves before Janowski gave in. Although two pawns behind, he made a magnificent fight to draw, and it required all of Kupchik's skill to force him to the wall.

Marshall, therefore, leads with a score of 7-1, followed by Janowski with 6½-1½. These two meet tomorrow in the ninth round, and the destination of first prize will largely hinge upon the outcome.

Schapiro of Columbia succeeded in drawing his adjourned game with Lasker of Chicago, after eighty-two moves. A triple the third place between Schapiro, Chajes and Kupchik was the result. Lasker is now in fifth place.

In the afternoon the players and the committee were the guests of Hudson Maxim. After a tour of Lake Hopatcong in the inventor's motor boat, dinner was served on the veranda of his new home. Speeches were made by Mr. and Mrs. Maxim, Marshall, H. Cassel and H. Helms.

The pairing for the ninth round follows: Janowski vs. Marshall, Schapiro vs. Kupchik, Hodges vs. Lasker, Santasiere vs. Tenner, Chajes vs. Morrison, Palmer vs. Sournin, and Black vs. Bigelow.

Selection of Other Matches.

Another selection of games from the masters' tournament follows:

QUEEN'S GAMBIT DECLINED.

Kupchik. White.	Marshall. Black.	Kupchik. White.	Marshall. Black.
1 P-Q4	P-Q4	19 PxKt	RxP
2 Kt-KB3	P-K3	20 Q-Kt3	KtxB
3 P-B4	Kt-KB3	21 QxPch	K-R
4 Kt-B3	B-Kt5	22 P-Kt3	Q-Kt6
5 Q-Kt2	P-B4	23 QxQ	RxQ
6 BPxP	KPxP	24 B-Q3	R-Q6
7 PxP	Kt-B3	25 B-B2	Kt xR
8 B-Q2	B-Kt3	26 RxKt	P-Kt4
9 Kt-KKt5	Castles	27 K-Kt2	R-Q7
10 P-K3	Kt-Q5	28 B-Kt3	P-QR4
11 KtxB	PxKt	29 P-QR4	R-Kt7
12 B-Kt5	KtxP	30 P-Q5	R-Kt8
13 Q-Q	P-Q5	31 PxP	R-Kt8
14 PxP	KtxP	32 B-Kt4	RxR
15 B-QB4	Q-R3	33 RxR	P-R5
16 Castles	QR-Q	34 P-Kt6	R-Kt
17 B-Kt3	Kt-Kt5	Resigns.	
18 PxB	Kt-K5		

QUEEN'S PAWN OPENING.

Janowski. White.	Lasker. Black.	Janowski. White.	Lasker. Black.
1 P-Q4	P-Q4	22 Kt-K3	B-Q4
2 Kt-KB3	P-K3	23 Q-K2	B-B4
3 P-K3	P-QB4	24 Q-R6ch	K-Kt
4 P-B4	Kt-KB3	25 R-K8	Kt-Q3
5 Kt-B3	Kt-B3	26 Q-Kt5	R-B2
6 B-Q3	QPxP	27 P-QKt3	QxP
7 BxBP	P-QR3	28 R-R3	Q-Q8ch
8 Castles	P-QKt4	29 B-B	Kt-K
9 B-Q3	B-Kt2	30 Q-R7ch	K-B
10 P-QB4	P-K3	31 R-Q8	Kt-Q3
11 Kt-K4	PxP	32 Q-R8ch	K-Kt2
12 PxP	Kt-QR4	33 Q-B4ch	K-B
13 R-K	B-Kt2	34 QxPch	K-Kt
14 B-KB4	Q-Castles	35 P-Q6	B-Q2
15 R-QB	R-B	36 P-Q7	K-B2
16 RxR	BxR	37 Q-R4ch	K-Kt3
17 KtxKtch	BxKt	38 B-B4	Q-Q8
18 Q-B2	Kt-Kt2	39 Q-Kt4	QxP
19 BxPch	K-R	40 B-K2	R-B3
20 B-Q3	BxP	41 Q-R5 mate	
21 KtxB	QxKt		

ORSER WINS STATE TITLE.

Captures New York Junior Tennis Championship at Rye.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Horace Orser of Stuyvesant High School, New York, added the New York State junior lawn tennis championship to his titles of metropolitan and Connecticut State junior champion today when he defeated A. B. Bicket in the final round of the tournament at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club. The match was decided in four sets at 6—2, 6—4, 5—7, 6—0. In the final of the boys' championship William Rand defeated H. S. Moore, 6—4, 6—2.

Orser played some of the best tennis he has shown all season in gaining the State title. His forehand drives went across the net with great speed, carrying so much pace that his opponent was almost helpless against them in the first set. The Stuyvesant High School youth followed his forcing shots to the net and smothered Bicket's returns with crisp volleying and decisive overhand smashes. Orser was particularly effective in taking the ball out of the air and putting it away to unreachable corners of the court. In the third set Bicket made a fine pull up from 1—5 to 5—all, and then won the next two games for the set. He had little to show, however, in the fourth set to meet the strong attack of his opponent and dropped six games in a row.

ANDERSON IN TOURNEY.

New York Golfer Will Play in Homestead Invitation Event.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., Aug. 15.—The Homestead Golf Club will act as host to golfers in the metropolitan, New Jersey and Philadelphia districts beginning tomorrow when the qualifying round of the annual invitation tournament will be held. Among the well-known New York golfers entered for the event is John G. Anderson of Grassy Sprain, former runner-up in the national. Others who have sent in their entries are A. P. Gray Jr., of Arcola, Meredith Hemphill, Charles F. Sheldon, Peter Thropp, Harold Steiner, Dr. A. V. Gharrity, W. F. Siemon, J. Wilkett Brown, J. T. Cannon, Robert Swanson, John W. Herbert, W. A. Bagby, Frank Harper, John B. Buffalo, A. De Luca, E. W. Haven and Chalmers Martin. The tournament will continue until Saturday.

PEARL BENBOE WINS GRAND CIRCUIT RACE

Captures Toledo Blade Stake for 2:12 Trotters at Fort Miami Track.

JOHNNIE QUIRK SCORES

Steps Second Mile in 2:03¾ and Takes 2:04 Pace—Easter Belle Leads in 2:08 Event.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Pearl Benboe, Tom Murphy's sensational entry, captured the Toledo Blade Stake of $3,000 when she led the field of 2:12 trotters in the first two heats of the feature event of today's card in the Grand Circuit meeting at the Fort Miami track. Nat Ray sent Davenport to the front early in the second mile, but Murphy let out his mare at the draw gate, coming up through the field to win by a nose.

Ethelinda, with Cox up, won the Zenobia Stake for 2:12 trotters by taking the last two heats, Eugenia Harvester finishing first in the initial heat.

The 2:04 pace went to the veteran Johnnie Quirk, who took the first two heats, stepping the second mile in 2:03¾. Logan Hedgewood was second and Roger C., third. The 2:08 pace went to Easter Belle, which McMahon whipped in ahead of Harry Gray's Maybelle Direct in the second and third heats, after Gray's entry won the first mile.

Sanarado, star pacer of the Geers Stable, which holds the world's record for geldings on half mile tracks, failed in his attempt to beat two minutes flat against time. The veteran Geers drove the gelding to the wire in 2:02.

The summaries:

THE ZENOBIA, 2:12 TROT, 3-YEAR-OLDS.
Purse, $2,000.

Ethelinda, b. f., by Peter The Great (Cox)	5	1	1
Eugenia Harvester, b. f., by The Harvester (Caton)	1	2	3
Ettagale, s. f. (Erskine)	2	4	2
Queen Etta, br. f. (White)	4	3	5

Frank Worthy also started.
Time—2:11¼, 2:10¼, 2:07½.

2:04 PACE.
Purse, $1,000.

Johnnie Quirk, ch. g., by Hedgewood Boy (Egan)	1	1	2
Logan Hedgewood, b. g., by Hedgewood Boy (Childs)	6	2	1
Roger C., s. g. (Erskine)	2	4	4
Wrack, b. h. (Falin)	5	5	3

Sunflash and Atawah also started.
Time—2:04¾, 2:03¾, 2:05.

THE TOLEDO BLADE STAKE, 2:12 TROT.
Purse, $3,000.

Pearl Benboe, br. m., by Benboe (Murphy)	1	1	1
Miss Rhinelander, b. m. (White)	2	2	2
Gordon Peter, b. h. (Cox)	4	3	3
Wilstar, b. g. (Marven)	3	6	5

Davenport, Lorena Watts and Hollyrood March also started.
Time—2:05¼, 2:05¼, 2:06

2:08 PACE.
Purse, $1,000.

Easter Belle, b. m., by Ingolabes (McMahon)	2	1	1
Maybelle Direct, b. m., by Gordon (Gray)	1	2	2
King Abbe, ch. g. (Cox)	3	4	3
Edward Marque, b. g. (Murphy)	4	3	4

Moonshine, Rifle Grenade and Laddie Patch also started.
Time—2:06½, 2:05¼, 2:05¼.

TRUMPET CAPTURES TROT.

Takes Two Consecutive Heats at Middletown in 2:09½.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Trumpet was the stellar performer in the harness races here this afternoon. The gelding trotted two consecutive heats in an event for three-year-olds in 2:09½. In the same event Progress sprung a surprise by defeating Sir

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1923.

SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT.

Washington is surprised, mainly, perhaps, because its own guesses have not been verified, at the appointment of former Representative CAMPBELL BASCOM SLEMP of Virginia as Secretary to the President. Mr. COOLIDGE has a habit of knowing what he is about. He has selected for this important and difficult post, requiring so much tact, discretion, diplomacy, wide knowledge and experience of men and politics, a man nearly two years older than himself, successful in law and business, who served fifteen years in the House of Representatives and has been Chairman of the Republican Committee of a State for nearly twenty. He knows a large number of public men. He knows the ways of Congress and committees and departments. He was a close friend of President HARDING, who offered him three considerable appointments and depended much upon his political advice, especially in regard to the reorganization of the Republican Party in the South.

It is natural that Mr. SLEMP's long service as a political manager in a Southern State should cause surmise among the political forecasters; that sage lips are already murmuring "Southern delegations" and all that. People are entitled to mitigate midsummer by whatever cooling gossip they can circulate. It is unlikely that Mr. COOLIDGE has time to bother about renomination. He has more than enough to do. He knows that doing his work well is the only means of satisfying the majority of a party—a satisfaction not always shared by the politicians. It is fair to suppose that Mr. SLEMP has been chosen because Mr. COOLIDGE regards him as "the best all-around man" for the place.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATIONS AND THE LAW.

Attorney General DAUGHERTY has sensibly concluded not to appeal from the recent decision of the United States District Court of St. Paul affirming the legality of the control of the Southern Pacific Railway by the Central Pacific. The history of the case is long and somewhat complex, but the main facts are clear. Suit was first brought in 1914 on the charge that the then existing lease between the Southern Pacific and the Central Pacific was in violation of the Sherman law. Final decision on the question was not had from the Supreme Court until eight years later, when it was held that the lease and the plan of stock ownership were in violation of the Sherman law.

In the meantime Congress had passed the Transportation act, authorizing railroad consolidation under certain conditions. On the strength of that statute the Interstate Commerce Commission had approved the virtual merger of the two roads. The Government fought the case in the District Court of St. Paul, contending that there was nothing for the Judges to do but to carry out the mandate of the Supreme Court holding the merger illegal. But that was under the law as it stood when the suit began. The District Court held that the later act of Congress had changed the whole character of the proceedings. Under the law now prevailing, consolidations are permissible in accordance with stipulations laid down by the Interstate Commerce Commission. To this view the Department of Justice now formally adheres.

In some quarters this is spoken of as a radical departure from former practice, and a new instance of "Judge-made law." It is nothing of the kind. Congress passed one law at one time, and another at another. The latest one in set terms repealed certain clauses of the earlier, so far as they affected railways. The Judges have simply decided that Congress knew what it was about, and have applied the legislation last enacted. This does not mean that there may be an indiscriminate and unwise consolidation of railroads. All that is as yet judicially established is that there is legal authority to consolidate. But the actual work must be done under the conditions and safeguards laid down by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

GERMANY'S CHANGED PLANS.

The new German Chancellor declares that his first energies must be wreaked upon domestic politics. This shows a good strategic sense. Communist rioters at home must be put down, and their threatened revolution, about which so many exaggerated notions had been spread, must be stamped out before the Government can proceed with a settled program respecting its relations with France. Furthermore, Chancellor STRESEMANN is awake to the need of setting every agency at work to draw Germany out of her horrible financial quagmire as soon as possible. Measures for gold loans and for the beginning at least of a currency with a fixed gold value are being hurried through the Reichstag.

The revised plans for a new settlement with France have thus far not been worked out in detail by the new German Government, or at any rate not made public. But there is a distinct indication of a willingness to approach the French Government with proposals of some sort. The attitude of stubborn refusal to make any offers at all to France, which was adopted by the Cuno Government, has evidently been abandoned. There may not be at once a diplomatic realignment. The probabilities point to a pause, a period of unofficial or only semi-official negotiation, with many "feelers" put out in various capitals, before anything positive is done.

While the statesmen are hesitating, the report is renewed that the big industrialists of Lorraine and of the Ruhr are again moving to bring about an agreement for the benefit of both. If they should, after many failures, be able this time to combine their vast resources, the result will be to cause many British manufacturers and exporters carefully to consider their position. Recently both Sir ROBERT HORNE and the Prime Minister himself have admitted that a commercial and industrial alliance between France and Germany would mean for the English a competition more formidable than any they had ever known. This is but a hint of the high cards which France holds in her hand. It is certain that she could today offer to Germany much more than could England.

DUTCH FINANCES AND THE FLEET.

The Dutch Ministry of Finance, which DE GEER resigned in despair of balancing the budget and at the same time constructing a fleet to protect the East Indian colonies, has been assumed by HENDRIK COLIJN. He is said to be devoted to retrenchment and the building of a navy, and if he tries to combine these two policies he will have trouble enough without the fantastic complications which the Socialist and Radical papers are prophesying. As head, since KUYPER's death, of the Calvinist Anti-Revolutionary Party, COLIJN is naturally unpopular with Socialists; but the cause of the present agitation lies in the fact that he is in the oil business. So the Socialist press already talks of the East Indian submarines as the "oil fleet," designed to protect Dutch and British interests against American aggression.

This is carrying the economic interpretation of history and of American politics rather far. If our Government protested in 1920 against the lease of oil fields in the Dutch East Indies to the Royal Dutch-Shell group, this hardly means that we are going to war with England to get these fields, as some excitable Dutch editors seem to think. Certainly COLIJN, for all his connection with British oil interests, has no such eccentric idea. He was for twenty years a colonial administrator, and one of the best. He knows the Far East from long experince. He looks forward ultimately to the complete autonomy of the East Indies under the Dutch crown, but hardly expects that the native populations will be fit for it in the next few decades.

As a practical man he knows that rich possessions of a small State on the other side of the world are not always safe, if protected by nothing but the Christian charity of their powerful neighbors. He served as War Minister from 1911 to 1913, and had a good deal to do with the strengthening and improvement of the Dutch Army. When the war came that army, half a million strong, preserved Dutch neutrality when many in both Germany and England talked of making the Dutch take sides. It would not be unreasonable if COLIJN felt that in case of war in the Pacific a fleet based on Soerabaya might deter other Powers from making the Dutch take sides; or, if the worst came to the worst, might enable the Netherlands to take sides with some such decisive effect as the small but useful Rumanian Army at Plevna.

Certainly there are oil fields in the Dutch East Indies, and COLIJN is interested in them. Is no one else in the Netherlands interested in the East Indies? Could they be lost to the nation without loss to the people? According to Socialist doctrine, of course, "the people" does not exist and the proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains; but even among Socialists there are cautious skeptics. Socialist demonstrations in Amsterdam display the banner: "How Shall the Netherlands Take Part in the Next War?" It might be more appropriate to ask how the Netherlands shall stay out of the next war if it happens to be in the Pacific.

It is probable that there will be no war in the Pacific; certainly there is no prospect of this Anglo-American war for the Djambi oil fields which inflames a certain portion of the Dutch press. The Four-Power Treaty gives some guarantee that no war will be hastily precipitated by misunderstandings, without a preliminary effort at international solution of the problems involved; and there is at present no power in the Pacific inclined to take the bit in its teeth, as Austria and Germany did in 1914. Yet the value of the Four-Power Treaty, from the American viewpoint, lies chiefly in the fact that it ended the Anglo-Japanese alliance. As to the naval treaties concluded at Washington, there is no doubt as to their significance. American naval action in the Pacific will be virtually confined to waters east of Hawaii, British naval action to those parts of Asia west of Singapore.

The provisions of the Washington treaties did a good deal to promote international good feeling across the Pacific, if not across the English Channel. Admiral KATO's Government has been loyally living up to the spirit of those treaties, and the imperialistic spirit in Japan is obviously ebbing at present. Yet it is clear that the treaties left Japan potentially supreme in Asia and in Asiatic waters, at least until Russia revives. These are the political and strategic facts on the basis of which the Dutch people must determine their naval policy. Dispatches from The Hague indicate that the Catholics will support the Navy bill, and Catholics and Anti-Revolutionaries together can probably carry it. How it can be fitted in with a program of financial retrenchment is a question which will give the new Minister of Finance the hardest task of his administrative career.

THE "TRAGEDY" OF ELLIS ISLAND.

Despite the use of such an unfortunate phrase as the "tragedy" of Ellis Island, and despite the somewhat doubtful propriety of a foreign Ambassador suggesting remedies for a matter of purely internal American administration, the report of Sir AUCKLAND GEDDES about Ellis Island gives a fair description of conditions as he found them last December. He admits that most of the troubles come from the immigrants themselves, but rightly points out that the planning of the station leaves much to be desired, and that the ventilation and sleeping cages could be improved. He was struck, as are many visitors, by the dirt and smell; and while he recognized that the authorities are constantly battling against both in the face of the overwhelming odds imposed by the immigrants themselves, whose notions of order and cleanliness are not high, he expresses the opinion that greater use of hot water and strong cleansers would be a help. Persons familiar with the "policing" of military barracks would doubtless agree with the Ambassador on this point.

Nowhere does he make it plain that the purpose of the authorities is to keep the immigrants on the island as short a time as possible, and that those only are detained overnight whose cases are under special examination. Inasmuch as these form only a small percentage, most of those who go through the island never even come in contact with many of the appointments which have been most sharply criticised. So also, by his criticism of the process of stripping and examining special individuals suspected of physical defects, the Ambassador implies that the medical examinations as a whole are badly conducted. Such an implication, besides being unjust, does little when published in a White Book of the British Government to allay the nervousness often bordering on panic which the Ambassador noted among many of the immigrants. Coming on top of the propaganda which has been freely circulated in London, painting Ellis Island as a modern "Black Hole of Calcutta," with the apparent purpose of discouraging British subjects from sailing to America, it is of dubious effect.

Sir AUCKLAND, like many American investigators, is struck with the necessity of more complete regulation abroad. The recent European tour of Secretary DAVIS with the avowed object of looking into methods of checking immigration at the source may produce constructive suggestions. There is also merit in the Ambassador's opinion, long shared by American authorities, that the final board of appeal for detained cases should sit at Ellis Island instead of in Washington. His suggestion that there be a special immigration station for Jews is, however, utterly out of keeping with American sentiment.

There is little new or startling in the Ambassador's report. "It really is remarkable," he writes, "to see "how well the miserable mobs of ner- "vous human beings, with all their "worldly goods, are manoeuvred "through the legally necessary exam- "inations and are dispatched to their "destinations. The officials certainly "deserve credit for what they do "achieve. Still, detention on Ellis Island must be a hateful experience "for all of any sensibility who pass its "portals." Although the proportion of detained, as already indicated, is small, improvements can and should be made. They have long been advocated, but they require money, and money for such purposes is not readily granted by Congress.

THE GREAT OIL CONSPIRACY.

Wheat is a luxury. Its price ought to be put up. Gasoline is a necessity. Its price ought to go down. The woes of the one-crop wheat farmers are no longer howled to the reverberant heavens. Every consumer's bosom has throbbed with joy and expectation since Governor MCMASTER of South Dakota bought 160,000 gallons, doubtless from some unfortunates loaded to the gills with it and nagged by the banks. The State distributing agents began to sell at 16 cents, a reduction of 10 from the ruling price. The Standard Oil companies had to cut prices to match those of the irate Governor; and the independents, much-wailing, were forced to meet the cut. The war for cheap gasoline spread from State to State. The Governors of the Middle West found something to do or investigate. Senator FRAZIER and Senator SHIPSTEAD forgot wheat and began to shriek gasoline. At some stations in Oklahoma, centre of all storms, the indispensable fluid sold for 5 cents. If the East has not yet been equally blest, the East deserves no blessing.

California, especially the wells in the Los Angeles Valley, occasioned the trouble. For three months or more the production of crude oil was enormous. For one week in July, according to the American Petroleum Institute, the daily domestic production was some 580,000 barrels in excess of daily consumption; and improved processes have increased the average yield of gasoline by some 15 per cent. There was bound to be a smash. The project of the Mid-Continent refineries to shut up shop during August and try to work off the surplus fell, according to the Federal District Attorney at Chicago, before his threats of prosecution. Farmers and oil refiners are citizens of two very different sets of rights and privileges. The oil market is being deflated very rapidly. A lot of producers have been hurt, and may be hurt more. Aroused Governors are doing their best to throttle competition. Millions of car owners in the region of main conflict are storing up supplies for the people's vehicle. The combat deepens. The sole regret of the good is the temporary eclipse of wheat.

Economists may talk drably about overproduction. Cynics may recall the flurry of 1911, when the price of gasoline dropped 50 per cent., soon wickedly to rise again. Deeper ponderers will not be satisfied with these jejune views. It ought to be clear to the faintest intelligence that the Standard Oil "trust" conspired with Nature to bring about this dizzy tumbling of gasoline prices for the purpose of falsifying Mr. LA FOLLETTE'S prophecy of "dollar gasoline." While the tribune of the people was abroad the "interests" have done their wicked work. The "interests" are purblind. If Mr. LA FOLLETTE sinks, HENRY FORD may arise. Governor DAVIS of Kansas wants Mr. FORD to buy 200,000,000 bushels of wheat and hold it for higher prices. That is too small a task for the Michigan statesman's powers. Can he resist the opportunity now offered? Can the god of the car refuse to be master of the fuel that runs it? FORD and Five-Cent Gasoline! Millions on millions would rally around that saving standard, the pillar of a people's hope.

PLASTIC SURGERY FOR THE STAGE.

Miss FANNIE BRICE has just had her nose condemned and torn down, and is about to erect a high-class modern structure on the site. To speak of this operation in terms of engineering is only to reflect the language of the dispatches from Atlantic City, where the great event took place. One might think it the greatest engineering feat since the building of the Panama Canal. Miss BRICE says, or at any rate is quoted as saying:

> I look in the mirror and I say to myself that this is the nose that God gave me, and I tell myself how well it has served me, and how faithfully. But then, in noses as in life, one wearies of the too familiar. Charm lies in the unexpected. Besides, I am tired of having to fit my hats to the curve of my nose rather than the needs of my temperament.

Ah, well, Progress, the Time Spirit, will be served. An ego that scrapped the Madison Square Presbyterian Church when it outlived its usefulness can hardly pause for an actress's nose. Terms of a real estate transaction are appropriate, for it appears that the real reason for the reconstruction of the nose was not the desire to buy hats for the temperament, but to act in plays of a different type. In other words, it was a change in the character of the district—just as in the case of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church—which required the demolition of the old structure and the erecting of a new one.

Miss BRICE, already successful in homely comedy for which the old nose was an asset, now wants to branch out. In the drama of the drawing room the nose might distract attention from the play, like ROBERT EDMOND JONES's setting for "Macbeth." Other artists would accept the limitation and go on doing comedy; Miss BRICE boldly decides to abolish the inhibitory nose. It is a perilous undertaking, artistically if not surgically. Yet everybody will hope that the purpose which its owner has in mind will be attained. Certainly no great harm can be done, for unlike some other comedians Miss BRICE carries her talent inside her head and not on the frontal elevation.

An interpretative artist, of course, is able to do things that a creative artist couldn't attempt. Miss BRICE thinks that she can change her style by changing her nose. Hurrah for the intrepid FANNIE, whose motto is "All for art and a nose well lost."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Concerning Wayside Advertising.

Adverse criticism of billboards by a newspaper is open to suspicion, of course, as not being entirely disinterested or animated purely by esthetic motives. The chances are, however, that the money spent for publicity of this sort is an additional sum, not one withdrawn from the amount that would go to the papers if there were no billboards.

Whether or not wayside advertising pays those who indulge in it is a question with no answer demonstrably true. It is and must remain a matter of opinion. Undoubtedly there is advantage in making the name of a trade article widely familiar, no matter how the thing is done, but there also may be an element of disadvantage if the manner of doing gives offense to a large number of people.

That billboards out in the country do offend not a few persons is made evident by the frequency with which complaint is made of them. Indeed, rarely are they discussed by anybody without the use of epithets ranging from harsh to violent, and while some of this indignation may not be sincere, a good deal of it is, and must develop something of antagonism to the things forced upon their attention at times and places when and where they want to see the beauties of nature. Not very often, perhaps, does this animosity inspire a determination never to buy the wares thus advertised, but it has been known to do so.

For it is the habit of billboards to congregate where they most "desecrate the scenery," not in malicious intention, presumably, but in mere indifference to anything except that of attracting the greatest number of eyes.

Advertisers Might Be Advertised.

Some such arguments as the above must have been used by the organized enemies of billboards who have been trying to abolish them in the Lake George region. Their first efforts, it seems, were directed at the billboard advertisers themselves. "In many cases," one of the reformers wrote in a letter printed on this page yesterday, "the result has been gratifying."

That is rather vague. Our correspondent would have exercised a subtle pressure if he had given the names of those who have promised to clutter up scenery no more—a pressure, that is, on the more hardened vandals. Thus would the virtuous group have received some free advertising which nobody would begrudge. On the other hand, by telling who wouldn't put away their sins, a basis of comparison would have been provided.

The next class for the Lake George reformers to get after is composed of those who, for a price, allow the big signs to be erected and maintained on their land. Such folk thus add an often welcome amount to their scanty incomes, but it is money from which they can derive little real satisfaction, as they acquire it in a way that grieves all of their more enlightened neighbors and gives to everybody who passes the conviction that they are a rather poor lot, with no inclination at all to hitch their wagons to a star.

Their Name Open to Seizure.

There are higher courts than the one in Philadelphia which, after brief consideration, has decided that one HENRY KABOTCHNIK can call himself "Henry Cabot" if he chooses to do so. While an appeal is possible, however, the chances are that none will be taken, so obviously sensible was it.

In the particular case that was under examination there was nothing to show on the part of the new Mr. CABOT, born KABOTCHNIK, any thought of disguising his origin or of seeking whatever of glory comes from a name of some historic and more Bostonian grandeur. He wanted, seemingly, to do no more than shorten a name which his neighbors found too long, and to spell the remnant as it naturally would be spelled in this country. Those were both laudable aspirations, and the Judge did well to permit their gratification.

As for the offended CABOTS and their friends the genealogists, why did they not remember that in innumerable cases great lords have permitted and even encouraged the taking of their lofty names by humble dependents and near neighbors? The Scotch could tell them a thing or two about that, if delicately approached, and the same thing has been done in many lands.

"Cabot," anyhow, is not a name of such great distinction as to be sedulously guarded, especially by people who cannot prove descent from its one bearer who managed to get himself into our early history. And as an explorer and colonizer he was no great shakes at that.

The later CABOTS, descendants of an eighteenth century sailor before the mast, have been a self-respecting and respected family, notably able to make money and to keep it, but none of the Muses has crowned their heads with bay or laurel or leaves of olive, and they have little excuse for getting excited over what they might as easily have taken as a compliment to their sober fame.

But Radicals Are Not All Fiends.

Though anything said by a committee of the American Bar Association must be heard with respect, a warning just given by its Committee on American Citizenship is not going to excite any great amount of public apprehension.

These investigators report the existence among us of 1,600,000 "radicals," all eager for and working to bring about the overturn of our Government and its institutions. Perhaps there are as many as that, but the roundness of the number is something to excite doubt of its accuracy and to hint exaggeration, while the word "radical" has many meanings, depending on the user's point of view.

And there are as many kinds of "radicals" as the name has meanings. The several varieties have rather less love for each other than for "conservatives," and for a while at least the latter can consider themselves as safe as is the sea captain who has taken care widely to diversify his crew as regards the nationalities of its members. He knows that they are a tough lot and that they all hate him, but he also knows that they cannot unite against him, and that therefore he and the rest of the after-guard are in no danger.

Apparent Scriptural Contradictions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note with interest your reader's questionings relative to apparent contradictions in scriptural passages. May I offer a few suggestions for the strengthening of faith, as a deep study of Bible truths along broad lines has disclosed a harmony in all statements of principle in the Scriptures, provided we look for the spiritual meaning?

The two statements: "Let your light so shine" and "Take head that you do not give alms before men," &c., can be reconciled if we understand that we are not to boast and display personal merit for selfish ends, but through prayer and its fruit in spiritual power and service, to let a light which is not ours in a personal sense, but the light of the divine within us, shine through—for the kingdom's sake.

"Use not vain repetitions" and "Ask and it shall be given" can be reconciled if we understand that we do not receive by prevailing upon an unwilling God to change His mind because of our much speaking. We ask in absolute faith, knowing that God is ready to give us all that we need as soon as we fulfill the conditions. Two of the necessary conditions are: First, to concentrate our desire, and, secondly, to recognise the Divine Source, both of which we do in "asking." But the asking is in no sense "begging." It operates according to a fixed inner law.

"Give us this day our daily bread" and "Take no thought for the morrow" can be reconciled if we understand that the first statement refers primarily to the divine bread, that divine consciousness out of which the universe was created, and which will draw to us all things needful, as in prayer we let it well up from our inmost being, where God dwells. If we are to take it as referring directly to physical supply, we must remember that in any case we are asking in the sense defined above, and thus meeting the condition for receiving the daily bread from the continuous and limitless source of supply, with faith in its continuance and with no anxious thought for the morrow.

These principles are taken up at length in "The Faith That Overcomes the World," the Macmillan Company, in which the law of faith and prayer in its various applications is explained in a way that clarifies many of these problems.

(Rev.) VAN RENSSELAER GIBSON,
Episcopal Progressive Thought League.
New Rochelle, N. Y., Aug. 13, 1923.

Ancient Food Prohibitions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer of this letter has been much interested in G. H. Gladwell's explanation of the method used by the Biblical author in arriving at the knowledge of the deleterious effects of feeding on the flesh of the coney, the prohibition of the eating of which is to be found in certain verses of the Old Testament. According to Mr. Gladwell, this knowledge was arrived at by "divine reflection," "divine illumination of human mentality," &c., which he calls "inspiration."

May I ask whether or not it is certainly known to the medical profession that feeding upon this forbidden animal is really followed by any "deleterious effects" (to quote Mr. Gladwell), and what are the symptoms?

If Mr. Gladwell will go to the New York Public Library and make himself acquainted with certain books contained therein he will find that, far from being conclusions arrived at by "the divine illumination of human mentality," the food prohibitions of the Israelites are merely the peculiar results of the pitiful ignorance of an almost unbelievably primitive state of society, through which the Jewish nation, as well as all other peoples, in the course of its development has passed, and that, far from being "a proof of the prophets' use of mind and choice of word," as Mr. Gladwell puts it, these food prohibitions had existed and had long been practiced before there were any priests or prophets, let along Kings, in Israel, and that the verses are merely a codification of those beliefs and practices at a date far later than their origin.

The books to which Mr. Gladwell's attention is respectfully directed are as follows: James George Frazer's "Golden Bough," also his "Folklore in the Old Testament" and "Totemism and Exogamy"; Salomon Reinach's "Orpheus," also his "Cults"; E. S. Hartland's "Primitive Paternity," also his "Legend of Perseus"; Spencer and Gillen's "Native Tribes of Central Australia."

These books are plentifully supplied with bibliographies, and Mr. Gladwell may, by their use, pursue the subject to any extent it seems desirable. It may be possible to cover the ground quite well by the use only of the "Golden Bough" and "Native Tribes," though all contribute to throw light on this fascinating subject. C. C.

New York, Aug. 14, 1923.

Ownership of Property Found.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This morning a girl found a pocketbook on a seat as she entered a southbound subway train at Thirty-third Street and Seventh Avenue. She handed it to a trainman. He opened it, revealing some greenbacks. I told the girl that she might have kept the pocketbook, told the trainman who she was and also advertised for the owner. She immediately asked him as to her right to do this. He said: "No, not when you find it on a train. I'll turn it in." He did not ask for her name and address. I have repeatedly seen it stated that a finder has a right against all the world, except the owner, to property. Since similar finds are a daily occurrence in New York, will you please say whether I have read aright on this subject—whether my advice to the girl was good?

Bayside, L. I., Aug. 14, 1923. W. M.

VANDALISM.

There're many morials who contend
It pays to advertise;
They argue that the more you spend
The more your profits rise.
Well, that may be, but poor's the rule
That fails to work both ways,
And there are other people who'll
Contrive those signs to raze!

I took a motor trip last week
To gaze on Nature's face;
My rage rose so I couldn't speak
The way they'd messed the place!
Such gross disfigurement I found—
The colors made me ill!
They'd even slapped upon the ground
The virtues of some pill!

It used to be a treat to go
Along the countryside
When trees and bushes had a show,
And beauty satisfied;
Then fences were adorned with vines,
But now my spirit faints
To see them hideouts with signs
Splashed on with lurid paints!

Whene'er I purchase cigarettes
Or need a cake of soap,
No highway desecrator gets
One smithereen of hope!
I'll puff a brand that's never seen
Disfiguring a tree,
And suds that leave the roadside clean
Shall sweetly lather me!

'Twill not be many years before
Dame Nature rises up—
Her patience cannot stand much more!
'Twill overflow the cup!
A torrent such as Noah knew—
Perhaps a greater flood—
Will steadily blot out the view
Till every sign is mud!

ANNE F. L. LLOYD.

WASHINGTON ARRESTS GROW

Correspondent Attributes Large Increase to Prohibition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Roy A. Haynes in the glittering generalities which bespeckle his book has very little, if anything, to say of one little spot in the United States, occupying an area of some sixty square miles, in which his authority is supreme and in which he has conspicuously failed to perform his duties in the slightest degree—the District of Columbia, which contains the City of Washington.

Washington is entirely under the control of the Federal authorities; its inhabitants have no vote; its avenues of approach are few and easily guarded; the army and navy can be constitutionally used to assist the Prohibition Commissioner in the performance of the duties of his office, and, in addition, the District police must lend a helping hand also. And what is the state of affairs prohibitionally in that city? It is the wettest spot in the country in proportion to population.

What does Mr. Haynes do besides writing books and making speeches to earn the $5,000 salary he takes? Here is an ideal place in which to put into practice the fulminations he reeks with. Does he dare send his agents or go himself into the Senate or House office buildings and into the very Capitol itself? He does not. He would be separated from the $5,000 in a very short time if he did, and he knows it.

All the Governors' conferences that can be called will still leave Washington in its present state, as evidenced by the following figures, taken from the last report of Major Daniel Sullivan, Superintendent of the District Police:

WASHINGTON, D. C.

TOTAL ARRESTS FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30.

1921	50,502	1923	65,663
1922	61,057		

ARRESTS FOR INTOXICATION.

1918	2,812	1921	5,418
1919	3,510	1922	6,375
1920	3,491	1923	5,099

DRUNKEN AUTOISTS.

1921	166	1923	521
1922	206		

TOTAL ARRESTS FOR VIOLATIONS OF LIQUOR LAWS.

1921	7,115	1923	12,751
1922	9,173		

What an exhibit of his efficiency is here presented! Let him explain it if he can. "Dry up Washington first," says Governor Silzer of my State, and then call the Governors together. The farce of prohibition "as is" is exemplified in the capital city of the United States. To paraphrase Daniel Webster, "Washington there she stands."

WILLIAM L. FISH,
Secretary New Jersey Division Association Against the Prohibition Amendment, Inc., and Editor of The Minute Man.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 14, 1923.

BLAMES SULLIVAN LAW.

Daring and Impunity of Robbers Attributed to It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The daring and impunity of robbers is due to the Sullivan law. An armed bandit fears an ordinary crowd as little as a wolf does a flock of sheep. The law is only effective as an indirect protection to criminals. Formerly a bandit feared that some of a crowd might be armed; now he does not. True, the law does provide for granting permits, but they involve red tape, delay and so much expense yearly, as well as at the first, that few men or women arrange to protect their money or their honor.

Our proper liberties are being curtailed or destroyed by extremist or fanatical legislation! Some use arms wickedly, and to prevent that none are allowed real freedom to carry them for protection against death or dishonor, and the constitutional prohibition against such restriction is disregarded. Recently a man rushed next door and shot a criminal attempting murder. Though the Judge praised his bravery, he was fined for not having a permit to carry the means by which he saved his neighbor's life!

When the police need assistance, citizens are sometimes sworn in and armed; verily, the police are now unable to protect us and need such assistance! At times it is thought best to use police as "plain clothes men"; why not let citizens act in that way now, so that criminals may fear that some such men are in every crowd? We are training thousands of men this Summer for possible service against foreign foes. Is there not a crying present need for men that will be ready to put down the lurking foes we are liable to meet in our daily life and work?

The constitutional provision as to carrying arms applies only to citizens and not to criminals (they having lost citizenship) nor to aliens, so that the pistol toters most in need of regulation can legally be subjected thereto by any desirable legislation.

State and Federal laws should favor rather than hamper the possession of arms by all good citizens, men or women, who show themselves able to handle them safely and shoot accurately (some of my girls are fine shots). I will not attempt here to outline proper legislation, but suggest that, as many of our best and most alert citizens pass frequently from one State to another, there is need for Federal legislation, just as in the case of interstate commerce. The writer passes his Summers in one State and at other seasons is during the day in a second State and during the night in a third; he should be free to protect himself everywhere.

Our natural and necessary liberties have been so much restricted or destroyed by unwise or fanatical laws that respect for law is being destroyed. The criminal classes would deplore the repeal of the Sullivan law, as they will be actually liable to be shot themselves when shooting or threatening plain people.

DAVID PARKS FLEXLER.

Salisbury, Conn., Aug. 10, 1923.

"The Destructive Slav."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I truly feel that you ought to be highly commended for your editorial of yesterday (Aug. 9) under the caption "The Destructive Slav." This editorial, let it be hoped, is destined to open the road toward a better understanding and it should help in putting a stop to all nonsensical and so utterly false German propaganda. Count Kessler not so very long ago was one of those who prided themselves upon their (German) influence over the former Austro-Hungarian monarchy, and he knows only too well that the Austrians are Germans (Teutons). If he came to Williamstown to advocate and to spread truth he should have stated frankly two historical facts:

(1) That Germany's influence dominated the former Dual Monarchy during the late Emperor Francis Joseph's declining years.

(2) That the Hungarians, Poles and Czechs—and even the Austrians proper—had nothing to say in regard to the war.

Count Kessler seems to run true to the pattern established two years ago by Count Paul Teleki, former Premier of Hungary. Both, along with hosts of others who prefer to hide in the shadowy background, are exerting themselves in distorting historical facts. The unbiased historians of an unbiased future will reduce their protestations to their real value. Meanwhile such misstatements are apt to do mischief.

VICTOR DE KUBINYI.

New York, Aug. 9, 1923.

FARMERS RAISING MORE LIVE STOCK

Vicissitudes of Grain Growing Turn Attention From Agriculture to Cattle.

SUCCESSFUL SALE IN OHIO

An Average of $467 a Head Realized—One Blooded Bull Brings $7,600.

That the ups and downs of grain raising are turning farmers to raising more live stock as a better means of livelihood is the conclusion drawn by The Breeder's Gazette in its current issue from the successful sale last week at Mansfield, Ohio, of 282 head of shorthorn cattle of Carpenter & Ross.

Figures made public yesterday show that $131,555 was received for the 282 head at an average of $467. The famous bull Rodney brought $7,600. Forty-eight other bulls brought an average of $741 and 238 cows averaged $410. Buyers represented distant parts of the country.

"It was one of the greatest sales of the breed ever made in America," says The Breeder's Gazette. "It refutes daily reports on the plight of farmers so far as stock farmers are concerned, for it was stock-raising farmers who made this cash sale possible. They proved they not only possess money with which to finance their needs but also have an abiding faith in the future of the pedigree stock business. The sale revealed the business acumen of stock farmers who came from fourteen States and Canada to bid on cattle as first class money making investments.

"Another interpretation which the sale justifies is that the chronic ups and downs of grain farming, which is fostering a vicious paternalism in the Federal Government, are slowly compelling the most enlightened land owners in every important agricultural region to raise more and better live stock. Many of the buyers at the sale were 'new men' making their first purchases of seed stock.

"Prices of pure bred stock are beginning slowly to rise. Those who are prepared to invest will save money and secure the unskimmed 'cream' of herds if they buy now. The significance of the event is not limited to one breed, as the pure bred industry as a whole will be animated by the psychological forces which inhere in the widely heralded fact that this cash sale was an indubitable success."

FINDS HOUSING VITAL.

S. M. Harrison Urges Sanitary Community Planning.

The necessity of community planning based on clean and sanitary surroundings for residents is acquiring increasing recognition by those who plan for the future, said Shelby M. Harrison of the Russell Sage Foundation yesterday in an address at Teachers College before the Summer session of Columbia University. He spoke under the auspices of the Department of Household Economics.

The speaker said that New York City's planners were studying the movements of its population to determine future centres of economic and social activities.

"The movement for better housing and living conditions in this country is playing an important part in the building of a stronger and better America," said Mr. Harrison. "A strong nation depends to a large extent upon wholesome and healthful living conditions, both in the home and in the neighborhood. Such conditions depend in turn upon the provision of the right sort of house in the first place, and in the second place upon the maintenance of high standards of municipal housekeeping—that is, upon the, securing of clean, safe, light and sanitary surroundings for the homes of city dwellers.

"Incidentally, many women are feeling that this is a place in which they can make their contribution, and a particularly valuable one, to the country's strength and welfare. Their interest and enthusiasm in these fields, on boards and commissions working for improved conditions, amount to great civic and social assets which are becoming more and more understood and appreciated.

"One of the problems of the city planners is to determine or predict as accurately as possible future trends in the movement and distribution of people and the location and shifting of their economic and social centres of activity throughout neighborhoods, cities and regions."

Discussing the work of the Committee on Plan of New York and its Environs, the speaker said: "The committee realises that much other data on the movement of population will be needed, and studies therefore are being made of building and housing trends as well as industrial and economic factors in the distribution of population."

SCHOOL NEEDS DISCUSSED.

Committee of Finance and Budget Holds Second Session.

The second session of the hearing before the Committee of Finance and Budget of the Board of Education was held yesterday afternoon at the Education Building, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. Arthur S.

SEEK ARCHBISHOP IN BALDWIN NUPTIAL

Messenger Sent From London to Scotland to Get His Approval of Waiver of Residence.

DELAYED GETTING LICENSE

Expected That Marriage of Daughter of Leroy W. Baldwin and G. A. Harris Will Be Held Today.

LONDON, Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—Cupid has called to his aid telegrams and fast railway trains to aid in the marriage of George U. Harris, a New York stock broker, and Miss Lucille Baldwin, daughter of Leroy Wilbur Baldwin, President of the Empire Trust Company, New York, by Canon Carnegie, subdeacon of Westminster Abbey, before Canon Carnegie sails for the United States on Friday.

Mr. Harris and Miss Baldwin arrived at Southampton Monday on board the steamer Mauretania from New York. They were unable, however, to reach the London marriage license office before it closed, although the office had been held open later than usual in view of a message saying they probably would arrive on time.

To be married in London without waiting long enough to establish the necessary residence, the approval of the Archbishop of Canterbury must be secured. Mr. Harris and Miss Baldwin when they reached London found that the Archbishop had gone to Scotland and that Canon Carnegie, who they particularly desired to perform the ceremony, had booked passage for the United States on a steamer sailing Friday. Therefore a messenger was rushed overnight on a 500-mile journey to Sutherlandshire to obtain the sanction of the Archbishop. It is expected that the messenger will telegraph the Archbishop's approval in time to permit the marriage to take place tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin, parents of Miss Baldwin, have planned to start a Continental tour immediately after the marriage.

The engagement of Miss Lucile Baldwin to George Upham Harris was announced early in the Spring. Miss Baldwin and her parents sailed last week for England.

Miss Baldwin is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy Baldwin of 647 East Seventieth Street and Tuxedo Park, and made her debut several years ago. She is a member of the Junior League. Her father is President of the Empire Trust Company.

Mr. Harris is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Harris of this city and Tuxedo Park, and is associated with his father in the brokerage business in New York and Chicago. Mr. Harris Sr. and two of his sons went abroad this Summer and were to join Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin in London. The bridegroom's three brothers are Henry P., John S. and Lement B. U. Harris, and they are all undergraduates at Harvard.

MISS FRANCES HENRY WEDS M. E. GATES JR.

Red Cross Worker in France During War Marries Former Staff Officer of the 77th Division.

The marriage of Merrill Edwards Gates Jr., a son of the late Dr. Merrill Edwards Gates of Washington, D. C., and Miss Frances Douglas Henry, a daughter of Mrs. Douglas Henry of 62 East Ninetieth Street, New York, took place yesterday at 5 o'clock at the country home of Mrs. Raymond French at Shippan Point, Conn., in the presence of the immediate relatives and a few close friends. The Rev. Alfred Grant Walton of Stamford officiated.

The bride was attended by her sisters, Mrs. J. Mansfield Redfield and Miss Honor Henry, and the other members of the bridal party were Mr. Redfield, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gerald Benkard, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Tilt, Mrs. Egon Newsly, James T. Terry and James Addison Blackwell.

The bride served in the war with the 2nd Cross in France. Mr. Gates, who graduated from Amherst in 1896, was a staff officer of the Seventy-seventh Division from the time it was organized at Camp Upton until it returned from France.

TO WED LIEUT. RAPICAVOLI.

Miss Frances E. Forchelmer Engaged to Friend of Italian Ruler.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 15.—Announcement was made in society circles here today by Frederick and Landon L. Forchelmer of the engagement to wed of their sister, Miss Frances E. Forchelmer, to Lieutenant Adeodato Rapicavoli, son of the Rev. and Mrs. Antonio Rapicavoli of Sondrio, Italy.

The nuptials are to take place in the Autumn. The bride is a popular member of the younger social set and an heiress, while the groom is a favorite in the imperial circles of Italy and a friend of the Italian ruler.

INTERNATIONAL CARD PARTY

Quotations From Harding's Speech on World Court on Score Cards.

Mrs. Frederick Edey gave a card party yesterday at her home at Bellport, L. I., which was largely attended. After cards Mrs. James Lee Laidlaw gave a talk on "International Co-operation." On the score cards were quotations from the late President Harding's last speech on the World Court. It was called an international card party.

The affair was held for the benefit of the First Congressional District of the Pro-League Council, comprising Nassau and Suffolk Counties.

Among the guests were Mrs. Frank MacDowell Leavitt, Mrs. Charles Tiffany, Mrs. Frederick Peterson, Mrs. Frank Day Tuttle, Mrs. Montgomery Sears, Mrs. Fleron W. Grace, Mrs. Peter Bottom, Miss Belle Starkey, Mrs. Martin Meaker and Mrs. Chester Parrish.

CAR LEAPS RAILS ON BRIDGE

Traffic on Brooklyn Span Tied Up for an Hour.

Two men were injured yesterday when a Flushing Avenue trolley car jumped the track at the centre span of the Brooklyn Bridge and crashed into an inside railing. The twenty-eight passengers escaped without injury.

Julius Carriello of 342 Palisade Avenue, Jersey City, suffered a fracture of the left leg, and Angelo Bellatori, 52, of 81 Melrose Street, Brooklyn, cuts and bruises. Both were taken to the Cumberland Street Hospital in Brooklyn.

Traffic was tied up for an hour.

Onyx Hosiery Makes $486,961.

The Onyx Hosiery Co., Inc., for the six months ended June 30, reports a gross business of $3,268,151 and net profits of $486,961 after taxes, interest and depreciation. The net profits were more than double the dividend requirements on the preferred stock for the year. The general balance sheet on June 30 shows current assets of $2,-[illegible] and current liabilities of $1,[illegible].

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Finch of 40 East Seventy-fourth Street sailed yesterday on the Paris for a trip abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, who are at Saratoga for the races, spent the week-end at their country home in the Delaware County mountains.

Admiral Cary Travers Grayson and Mrs. Grayson are the guests at Saratoga of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Barklie for an indefinite stay.

Miss Katherine De Forest Wakeman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nichols Wakeman of Southport, Conn., and Henry Albert Wedekindt of Chicago, will be married today at Southport at the home of the bride's parents.

Mrs. John Prentice Kellogg entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's for her daughter, Miss Barbara Kellogg, and her fiancé, John F. Boyd.

Alan Harriman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Harriman, has come from Avondale, the Harriman country place in Brookville, L. I., and is staying at the Lorraine.

Mrs. Norman B. Ream of Thompson, Conn., is at the Chatham for a visit.

Barron G. Collier of 8 East Seventy-fifth Street has returned from Europe and is at the Vanderbilt until his family arrives from abroad.

Mrs. Walter G. Oakman, who spent the Winter at the Plaza, is passing a few weeks at Garden City, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Brooks, who have been at the Ambassador for several days, coming there from White Sulphur Springs, sailed yesterday on the Paris and will be abroad several months.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Randolph Morris left the Ritz-Carlton yesterday for Newport.

Princess Rospigliosi entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Mayflower.

Mrs. W. W. Atterbury and Miss Atterbury of Philadelphia are at the Waldorf-Astoria for a few days.

TOURISTS LEAVING ON LATE VACATIONS

Three Liners Sailing Today Will Carry Belated Travelers to Europe.

Three liners leave today for Europe carrying belated tourists, many of whom are taking their vacations late to avoid the early homeward rush next month.

Among those leaving today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg on the American liner Mongolia are Baroness Virginia Fodmanicsky; Mrs. Carl Seelmann, wife of Professor Sannimann, head of the Hamburg Public Health Service, who is now in this country studying American methods of handling sanitation problems; Mrs. Alice V. Patten, wife of the American Consul at Belgrade; Jacob Dahl of the Department of Internal Revenue, Washington, and Professor Glen Haydon of the University of California, who is sailing with his bride, who was one of his students at the university.

Others on the Mongolia are Mme. Alice M. Reddy, Mme. Henrietta Filion, Mme. Dorothy Hefferman, Mme. Margaret Kerby and Mme. Lucille G. Walsh of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville; W. W. Ames, Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Byers and Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Real of New York; Mrs. Ella A. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Corsen, Miss Carol Corsen and Miss Gertrude Corsen of Philadelphia; Mrs. Walter H. Woods, Miss Hesta Buchanan and W. W. Churchhill of Boston, Earl Endres and Louis Robotti of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Rugg of Yonkers, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Alverson of Newark and Mrs. A. M. Faulkner of Dongan Hills, S. I.

Some of those leaving today for Melville and Glasgow on the Anchor liner Cameronia are the Rev. A. G. and Mrs. Mill and their two children, on their way back to Central Africa to resume their missionary labors.

New Yorkers sailing include Professor Agnes L. Rogers, Dr. and Mrs. Newton Andrews, Miss Ellen S. Marvin, Joseph I. Smith, Mrs. James Barclay, D. M. Ross, Percy S. Hill, Miss Flora Forsythe, J. M. Gillian, Miss Anna M. Gillian, Thomas McNair, Alexander Hyslop, Mrs. Winifred Allan, Mrs. Mary F. Savale, Miss Agnes Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. James Wham, Miss Agnes Wham, Mrs. Margaret Gribbin, Miss Catherine Gribbin, Mrs. James Gillespie, William Clark, John McGough, the Misses Mary and Alice McGough, Benjamin McLeod, Miss Elizabeth Barry, Miss Emily Patton, Miss Sarah Dykes, Miss Jane McFarlane, Mrs. Margaret Donegan, Mrs. E. A. Brown, Miss A. O'Rourke, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel McCandless, Miss Mets Burrows, James Kerr, Mrs. H. L. McLay, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crawford, A. L. Parteous, Misses E. and M. Rossborough, Miss Isabelle G. Mcgeughey, Miss M. Mellmoyle, Mrs. A. R. C. Marshall, Miss Jessie Stevens, Miss M. Keeney.

Among the passengers sailing today for Gothenburg on the Swedish-American liner Stockholm are Dr. E. A. Anderson, Frank Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Anderson, O. J. D. Beck, Mrs. E. Beck, Robert Cook, Captain and Mrs. Theodore Clausen, Herbert Carlson, R. P. Hammond, Commander Arnold Jacobi, O. A. Hunter, August Johnson, Miss Vera McCune, Miss Antoinette Nelson, Mrs. N. Pearson, Richard A. Streed, Miss Emma Sandell, Isaac Swanson.

Among the first cabin passengers arriving yesterday from Southampton and Cherbourg on the White Star liner Olympic were Mrs. W. Buckley, Miss E. D. Cortes, S. Cahan, Mrs. H. S. Low, E. Hobbins, Mr. and Mrs. Mansfield, Mr. and Mrs. Brockway, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Mottet, Robert W. Milbank, Charles Lockwood, Morgan Brainard Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Wittpenn, John A. Wright, O. D. Young, Mrs. E. T. Terrell, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Weinstein, Thomas White, H. H. Meyer, Mr. and Mrs. John Bissell Pope, Miss Mary Pope, Miss Jane Pope, Mrs. Albertini Rash, Miss Hazel Miller, Mr. and Mrs. John L. Severance, E. Kadcorde, L. Kadcorde and M. Kadcorde, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lyon, Mrs. John E. Liggett, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Glazier, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Hammond, David Evans, James B. Day, Miss Cora Day, Miss L. M. Day, Mrs. Campbell Clark, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Clapp, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University and Mrs. Butler, Miss Sarah Schuyler Butler and mother, Mary Joseph Butler, ex-United States Ambassador John W. Davis and Mrs. Davis.

"DEVIL'S GRIP" SPREADS.

Richmond (Va.) Authorities Order Sufferers From Malady Isolated.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 15.—Health authorities have ordered the isolation of sufferers from "Devil's grip," a painful and mysterious malady which is spreading in this section. It appears to be very infectious. The disease causes severe abdominal pains and is accompanied by pleurisy and other maladies. No fatalities have been attributed to it, although one person died of heart trouble incident to the disease. Twelve new cases were reported today, bringing the total of sufferers here to forty.

Dean Twichell of Yale Resigns.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 15.—The resignation of Dean Burton P. Twichell, who for three years has been Dean of Students at Yale University, has been accepted by President James Rowland Angell, according to an announcement made tonight by Secretary Robert M. Hunnibee.

Wales Due in Quebec Sept. 19.

QUEBEC, Aug. 15.—The Prince of Wales, whose plans to visit his ranch in the Canadian West were announced recently, will arrive here on Sept. 19 on the Prince of France, it was learned today. He will travel incognito with a party of [illegible].

MISS PANKHURST NOW AN EVANGELIST

Preaches to Large Audience in Tent at 95th Street and West End Avenue.

FINDS CONDITIONS CHANGED

Declares War Brought Problems That Woman's Votes Could Not Solve.

Christabel Pankhurst, once militant suffragette, who in former years came to New York to preach the doctrine of votes for women, was in New York again last night, at the Old Tent Evangel, Ninety-fifth Street and West End Avenue, with a new doctrine—that the only hope of the world is in a personal redeemer. It was a quiet, slender little figure in gray that preached the sermon last night which held the rapt attention of a large audience.

"There will be wars and rumors of war as long as the governments are in human hands," said Miss Pankhurst. "I have had considerable experience in politics. I have seen politics from two sides—from the side of the women who had to fight to get in and from the other side, where she has as much power as the men. It was experience and all experience counts. Some of us have been in a fools' paradise and we thank God that our eyes are opened. Our experience educates us and we become acquainted with ourselves and we know that there is none that is good among us; no, not one.

"I think that it was through the war that I came to the conclusion that things were wrong. The women were no sooner prepared to vote than there came up great questions that could not be settled either by vote or guns. What could voters do to settle the great questions of Europe? People said, 'Oh, but it is because we have class government. See what the workingman will do.' But we know that if the workman's son was changed with the rich man's son in the cradle there would be no difference between them. We know that communism in Russia has not made people kind. They say 'can't the women do something?' but the women are, as George Eliot said, fools, too, for the Lord Almighty made 'em so to match the men. We did not take into consideration a supernatural power.

"People say to me: 'Do you believe in Satan?' My friend I do. We shall have no good until we become a new creation. So it is the supernatural regenerating human nature. As good is personal, so evil is personal. With mere human strength we are no match for the supernatural foe."

Miss Pankhurst is to speak at the tent every evening this week and Sunday morning and evening. She has been in this country about a year she said at the close of the service. She went to Canada to rest and with the intention never to make anything in the nature of a speech again in all her life. She has been speaking and urging a belief in religion and a personal God for the last six months, chiefly in Bible conferences in different parts of the United States. She will continue to speak if she is needed, she said. She has written a book "The Lord Cometh, the World Crisis Explained," which has appeared in England and will be brought out in this country.

She told her audience last night in closing that it was not until they began to believe that they would get a glorious proof the the Gospel. "What it was like learning to float—if they did not trust, they would drown.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

Farmer Sinks at Long Beach Before Wife Brings Life Guard.

LONG BEACH, L. I., Aug. 15.—Harold W. Post, 25 years old, a farmer, of 120 Lincoln Boulevard, Lincoln, L. I., was drowned today when he stepped into a hole in the water at the foot of Monroe Boulevard here. The section, which is on the easterly end of the beach, is not used by bathers and there was no one to go to his rescue when he disappeared.

According to the police, Post was bathing there with his wife, Mrs. Mary Post. Mrs. Post ran a distance of more than a mile and told Lifeguard John Cumachio of the accident. They both ran back to the place, but all attempts on the part of Cumacnko to recover the body failed.

Timothy Sheehan, 23 years old, of 525 Forty-third Street, Far Rockaway, Queens, and John Behr, 6, of the same address, were drowned in Jamaica Bay, off the foot of Beach Forty-fifth Street, Far Rockaway, today when a boat in which they were seated upset, not far from shore. Persons on the beach saw the boat tip and heard the man's shouts for help. The boy screamed as he went down. Lifeguards put out in dories, but when they reached the spot where man and boy had gone down there was nothing to be seen but the overturned dory.

The lifeguards dived near the spot for a half hour, and though the water at the point is shallow they could not locate the bodies. Police of the marine division had been summoned in the meantime. They grappled for several minutes.

The body of Sheehan was first recovered—lifeless. The boy's body appeared still to be warm. It was brought to shore, where ambulance surgeons from St. Joseph's Hospital worked over it unsuccessfully with a pulmotor.

KOSLYN, L. I., Aug. 15.—William Beck, 22, son of Mrs. Martha Beck of Bar Beach, was drowned Monday afternoon while rowing in Hempstead Bay, off Bar Beach. John Whalen, of Glenwood, who saw the accident, said the youth lost an oar, and in reaching for it became entangled in some rope in the bottom of the boat. The boat overturned and Beck did not come up.

Edward Rabita, 13 years old, of 435 East 119th Street, yesterday saved from drowning Mrs. Elizabeth O'Brien, 48 years old, aunt of John O'Brien, Chief of the Telegraph Bureau at Bronx Police Headquarters. Mrs. O'Brien has been occupying a cottage at Edgewater Camp, City Island. Yesterday afternoon while swimming in eight feet of water, twenty-five feet from shore, she was seized with cramps. Several hundred bathers heard her scream for help, but failed to go to her aid and the rank for the second time. Rabita was on a float near by, and although he weighs only 80 pounds and Mrs. O'Brien weighs 185, he dived and swam to the woman, and succeeded in holding her up in the water until other rescuers arrived in a rowboat.

Mrs. O'Brien was taken to Fordham Hospital in a critical condition, however.

SHOOTING VICTIM WORSE.

Mrs. Shetland, Injured by Policeman's Bullet, Partly Paralyzed.

Paralysis has developed in the right arm and both legs of Mrs. Bella Shetland, who was accidentally shot by Patrolman Francis J. Regan, in her apartment at 6,712 Twelfth Avenue, Brooklyn, Monday night. It was said yesterday at the United Israel Zion Hospital, Brooklyn, As the bullet entered the shoulder and not a downward course it was believed that it struck the spine.

Captain John J. Hughes of the Parkville Station said he was satisfied the shooting was the result of an honest mistake on the part of Regan, who thought the negress was in the Shetland apartment. Patrolman Regan was on duty yesterday.

ELECTRIC SIGN CLOSES WHOLE HOTEL FLOOR

Front of the Broadway-Claridge Building Leased for 100-Foot Sparkler.

The value of electric sign space on Broadway is shown by the fact that the entire second floor of the Broadway-Claridge building, formerly the Hotel Claridge, at the southeast corner of Forty-fourth Street and Broadway, has been leased to the O. J. Gude Company by L. K. Schwartz.

The Broadway front of this floor, covering half the block between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Street, will be masked by a huge electric sign.

The Broadway-Claridge occupies 102 feet on Broadway and 130 feet on Forty-fourth Street. The rent to be paid per year was not revealed.

The Gude Company took immediate possession and is building a steel frame-Broadway front, to support a huge electric sign.

This sign, which will block the light and air of the entire second floor on Broadway, will be about 25 feet high and about 100 feet long.

The Forty-fourth Street side of the second floor probably will be left as it is and the floor space rented to some concern that does not demand light and air on the Broadway front.

It is understood that the Gude Company has already leased the sign space.

The sign rental probably will pay the entire rent of the floor plus what can be obtained for the floor space.

This is true of several buildings in the Times Square section. It has been found more profitable to block off the light and air of the floors above the street level and rent them as electric sign space than rent the floor space for commercial use.

ORDERS NEGRO DOCTORS TO TUSKEGEE HOSPITAL

Director Hines, After Hearing Protests of Whites, Sustains the Former Decision.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—After several conferences with white residents of Tuskegee, Ala., who have protested against the installation of negro personnel at the veterans' hospital there, Director Hines of the Veterans' Bureau has selected six negro physicians for duty in the institution and expects them to leave for their posts within the next week or ten days.

The present white commanding officer will remain for the time being, but Mr. Hines said today that the original policy of installing a complete negro personnel had not been changed.

POLICE SHOOT PRISONER.

Wounded After He Kicks Detective in Station House.

George J. Harben, 22 years old, of 121 West 126th Street, is in Harlem Hospital in a critical condition with a bullet wound in the abdomen as a result of his attempt to escape following his arrest yesterday by Detectives Begley and Shields of the East 126th Street Station on a charge of forgery.

Harben was arrested in the tailor shop of Philip Berg, 1,806 Park Avenue, and taken to the 126th Street Station. While standing before the desk in the police station he kicked Detective Shields in the groin and darted onto a radiator. From the radiator he jumped through a window facing the street.

Detective Begley fired two shots at Harben as he was going through the window and, with Shields, set out in pursuit of the escaping prisoner, who ran west on 126th Street to Lexington Avenue and north to 128th Street, reaching 115 East 127th Street, Harben tried to open the door, planning to run through the hallway to the yard, but another shot from one of the detective's revolvers floored him at the entrance to the building. An ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the hospital.

Detectives accuse Harben of stealing a $135 bank check.

CLAIMS VAN WYCKS AS KIN.

Woman Arrested for Peddling Candy, Pleads Poverty.

Saying that she was a cousin by marriage of the late Robert A. Van Wyck, first Mayor of the city after the consolidation, and Augustus Van Wyck, who was on the Supreme Court bench many years ago, Mrs. Marie Antoinette Van Wyck was arraigned in the West Side Court yesterday before Magistrate Goodman on a charge of violating an ordinance against peddling chewing gum and candy in the theatre district. She told Magistrate Goodman a pathetic story of a struggle to maintain an existence for herself and George Mitchell Van Wyck, her husband, whom she described as a paralytic.

She said that they lived in a shack on Broadway near 190th Street, which they got rent free in return for keeping the yard clean. Van Wyck earned $18 a week as a watchman and she sold candy to supplement his wages. Magistrate Goodman, impressed with her story, remarked that she evidently had seen better days.

"Yes, your Honor," she said, "we had $8,000 a few years ago, but lost all of it except $800 in unfortunate transactions. We moved to the Catskills and purchased a mortgaged farm with our remaining funds. We knew the family of Mayor Hylan at Hunter, N. Y., and they were very kind to us, but we were unable to meet the payments and the mortgage and the holder foreclosed."

Magistrate Goodman suspended sentence, with the provise to peddle outside the theatrical district.

Dorothy Follis Kitchen.

Dorothy Follis Kitchen, wife of Karl K. Kitchen of The New York World, died early Wednesday morning at St. Luke's Hospital after a few days' illness. Funeral services will be held tomorrow at All Angels' Protestant Episcopal Church at West End Avenue and Eighty-first Street, at noon.

Mrs. Kitchen at the time of her marriage a year and a half ago had achieved a reputation as a singer, having graduated from musical comedy roles into grand opera, singing for two seasons with the Chicago Opera Company. Her last public appearance was about a year ago when she made a brief concert tour. Mr. and Mrs. Kitchen returned only four weeks ago from a European trip. Their home was at 80 West Fifty-ninth Street.

Mrs. Kitchen was born in Newark, N. J., in 1892, daughter of Charles and Ruth Follis, long residents of that city. Following the services the body will be placed in a temporary vault at Evergreen Cemetery, Newark.

Hold Harding Memorial Services.

Memorial services for President Harding were held last night at the Twelfth Assembly District Republican Club, 409 Ninth Street, Brooklyn. John T. Rafferty, Collector of Internal Revenue in Brooklyn, presided and offered resolutions expressing the sorrow of the club at the death of Mr. Harding. Former Senator William M. Calder told personal stories of the late President. Other speakers were Arthur Somers, President of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce; the Rev. Dr. E. T. McClean, assistant pastor of the First Dutch Reformed Church, Carroll Street, Brooklyn; the Rev. William T. Meginnis, pastor of St. Thomas Aquinas Roman Catholic Church, Brooklyn. Several of Mr. Harding's favorite hymns were sung.

Col. House's Brother Dies at 78.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 15.—T. W. House, 78, former postmaster here, and brother of Colonel Edward M. House, died at his home here early today.

DYING, ASKS POLICE TO FIND HIS FAMILY

Patient in Sea View Hospital Writes Commissioner He Is Homesick.

OMITS THE HOUSE NUMBER

Relatives of Dead Man With Opera Contract in His Pocket Are Sought.

Saying that he knows he is dying and wants to see his folks before he "pushes over the great divide," George J. Wagner, 23 years old, who is in a critical condition at the Sea View Hospital, Staten Island, sent a letter to Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright last night asking the aid of the Police Department in locating his family. Wagner, according to his letter, has been "almost everywhere" since he left his home "in East Sixty-ninth Street between First and Second Avenues." He says he never has been homesick before.

Wagner says that his father, Frederick, is a glass blower who lives, he thinks, with his mother, Rose, at the East Sixty-ninth Street address. He also says he has three sisters, Mrs. Lora Bayer, Mrs. Martha Koenig and Mrs. Anna Bloom, who live in New York. The Missing Persons Bureau is trying to locate the man's family. The man failed to give the house number in Sixty-ninth Street.

The police of the Missing Persons Bureau are trying to find friends or relatives of a man believed to have been Salvatore Cival, about 45 years old, a musician, who was found dead of natural causes in a furnished room at 46 Olympic Avenue, South Beach, Staten Island, last Tuesday. A contract with the Chicago Opera Company, signed by Salvatore Caval, and a coupon showing that Cival took part in a concert at the Polo Grounds in July of this year were found among the man's effects yesterday by detectives of the bureau.

William Whitehead, 75 years old, left the home of his daughter, Mrs. Anna Taylor, at 1,011 Freedman Avenue, Richmond Hill, where he had lived for several years, last Wednesday evening in a heavy rain and has not been seen since, according to a report of his son, Edward Whitehead, of 200 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, to the police. Whitehead said that his father left without any money, after an altercation with his daughter. The son said that his father was very feeble. He is 5 feet 5 inches tall, weighs 145 pounds, has gray hair, but is bald on top of his head, and wears a van Dyke beard. He wore a blue suit and a blue shirt. The son said he wanted to take care of his father if he could be found.

Mrs. Helen Buchynsky of 137 Twenty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, yesterday requested the Missing Persons' Bureau to look for her 10-year-old daughter, Anna, who left home Aug. 13. The girl is three and 4 feet 10 inches tall, weighed 70 pounds and had blue eyes and blonde hair. She wore a white dress and white shoes. Mrs. Buchynsky said her daughter might have gone to Bridgeport, Conn., where she had friends.

Carmelia Placente, 14 years old, of 248 East 136th Street, was reported missing since Tuesday by her mother, Maria. The girl was 5 feet 2 inches tall, weighed 110 pounds and had dark hair, eyes and complexion. She wore a white sweater and a gingham skirt.

Announcing that he was going to Philadelphia, Charles O'Neill, 16, of 159 West Sixty-second Street, left a group of friends on Aug. 10 and disappeared. He had $26 with him. The boy was 5 feet 4 inches tall, weighed 90 pounds and had blue eyes and light brown hair. He wore a brown suit and a gray cap.

BURIED IN COSTLY FURS.

Funeral Robes of New Yorker Who Died in Texas Valued at $35,000.

TEXARKANA, Texas, Aug. 15.—In accordance with requests said to have been made prior to his death here yesterday, the body of Dr. Fred M. Spiera, reported to have formerly served as United States Commissioner in Alaska, was wrapped in a great coat of Russian sable, fur-lined boots and a fur cap when it was prepared for burial today. The burial robes, it is estimated, were valued at approximately $35,000.

Dr. Spiers came to Texarkana two years ago but lived an exclusive life and made few acquaintances. His home was in New York State.

Dr. Herman L. Collyer.

Dr. Herman L. Collyer of 133 West Seventy-seventh Street, died on Monday at Bellevue Hospital, after a short illness. He had practiced medicine in New York since 1881, when he graduated from the New York University-Bellevue Medical School. His specialty was gynecology. He is survived by his wife and two sons, Homer L. and Langley Collyer. Funeral services will be held at St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal Church in West Sixty-ninth Street tomorrow at 11 A. M.

Mrs. J. F. Nathan.

Mrs. J. F. Nathan, wife of J. F. Nathan, general superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, died early yesterday morning at Long Branch, N. J. With a view to improving Mrs. Nathan's health the family had been spending the Summer at Asbury Park. A serious development recently necessitated her removal to the Long Branch Hospital, where she passed away.

The body will be removed to Mrs. Nathan's late residence, 1 Martense Court, Brooklyn, N. Y., pending arrangements for the funeral.

Obituary Notes.

HERMAN K. VIERLINGER, formerly foreign buyer for the Strobel & Wilken Company, toy importers, died on Tuesday at his home, 149 Woodruff Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 70 years.

CHARLES RANGS VALENTINE, a retired foreman compositor, formerly with the Martin B. Brown Printing Company, and later with Dauchy & Co., died on Tuesday at his home, 1,305 Union Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Valentine was for fifty-four years a member of Clinton Lodge of Masons, of which he was Secretary for thirty-five years.

ISAAC VALENTINE, for nearly fifty years a foreman for the old Union Ferry Company and the oldest inhabitant of Amityville, L. I., died at the Brooklyn M. E. Church Home on Tuesday in his ninety-fifth year.

Miss JOAN WATSON, head buyer for the firm of Wm. A. Wade & Co., died on Tuesday night at her home, 126 Eldert Lane, Brooklyn. Miss Watson was born in New York. Funeral services will be held at the late residence on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

WILLIAM A. SULLANAN, librarian of the New York Life Insurance Company for thirty-six years, is dead at his home, 230 Seventh Avenue, Jersey City, in his fifty-eighth year. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Catherine Rowan Callanan, and three sons.

CHARLES WALLACE SHERRICHT died on Tuesday at the home of his father, Rose Hill, North Avenue, New Rochelle. He was in his forty-eighth year. He was a native of New Rochelle and had been associated in the wine business with his father, Joseph A. Sherricht, who formerly was a florist in New York City.

LEON SCHILISKY, 58 years old, for thirty-five years a traveling salesman for Strauss Brothers, importers of novelties, 550 Broadway, died yesterday at the Wesley Memorial Hospital, Chicago, Ill. On Aug. 4 he had gone to an automobile accident in Mount Pleasant, Ill. Schiliasky was born in England.

The Rev. ROLLIN JOHN THOMSON, 72, one of the best known Baptist clergymen in Northern New York, died at his Summer home in Dayton yesterday. He was born at Perrier, Vt.

EDWARD F. HANLEY, 82 years old, a retired cafe owner and for seventy-eight years a resident of Brooklyn, died on Sunday at the home of his nephew, 100 A Douglass Street, Brooklyn.

BLOOMINGDALE FLORIST SHOP, 59th St. and Lexington Av.—Artistic floral designs $1 and up; open evenings and Sundays. Plaza 8500.

THOMAS ELLIS BROWN, ENGINEER, DIES AT 67

Aided in Construction of New York's Elevated Roads and Designed Eiffel Tower Elevator.

Thomas Ellis Brown, well-known engineer, died suddenly yesterday at Morristown, N. J., of heart disease. He was born in New York City 67 years ago, the son of the late Thomas Ellis and Adelaide Clinton Brown. He attended the School of Mines, Columbia University, and was assistant to Professor Fhunk on railroad and topographic surveys. Subsequently he was assistant engineer on elevated railroad structures design below Fifty-ninth Street and was in charge of designs and construction of the Ninth Avenue elevated structure from Fifty-ninth Street to and including the Putnam Bridge over the Harlem River.

For twenty-seven years Mr. Brown was chief engineer of the Otis Elevator Company and for the last ten years was chief consulting engineer. He designed the original elevator in the Eiffel Tower in Paris, developed modern high speed elevators and designed a number of mountain incline railways. He also perfected the Brown bascule, or movable bridge. For many years he was a member of the New York Yacht Club, Union Club, and the old Corinthian Yacht Club, and at the time of his death was active in the Century and Engineers' Clubs, the American Institute of Consulting Engineers and the American Institute of Mining Engineers. He is survived by his wife and four sons. Funeral services will be held in the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J., tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock.

Born.

MAY—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice I. May wish to announce the birth of a daughter on Aug. 14 at Lenox Hill Hospital.

SELIGMAN—Mr. and Mrs. William Seligman, 1,168 Oak Street, Far Rockaway, announce the arrival of a daughter Aug. 11.

WALDMAN—To Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Waldman at the Newark Maternity Hospital on Aug. 14, a son. Mrs. Waldman is also Lillian H. Schary of Newark, N. J.

Died.

ASSELTA—Michael, 53 years, Aug. 13. Funeral Aug. 16, 1923, from 382 Henry St., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M. Mass Sacred Heart Church, corner Degraw and Hicks Sts. Automobiles cortege.

BAEHR—On Wednesday, Aug. 15, 1923, Flora, beloved wife of Bernhard Baehr of 7,412 New Utrecht Av. Funeral service at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 56 Lefferts Place, Prospect Park, Brooklyn, Friday, Aug. 17, at 1 P. M.

BALMER—Ralph, Tuesday, Aug. 14, 1923. Funeral services Friday evening, 8 o'clock, at parlors Chas. A. Benedict, 150 West 125th St., New York.

BALMER—Livingston Lodge, 654, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are requested to attend the Masonic funeral ceremony of our late brother, Ralph Balmer, Friday evening, 8 o'clock, at the Flora Chas. A. Benedict, 150 West 125th St.

HENRY CLELAND, Master.
GEORGE L. WEBER, Secretary.

BRITWITZ—Bina, on Aug. 14, at Westwood, N. J., beloved wife of Meilech and mother of Meyer, Mrs. Fannie Mayer, Louis and Mrs. Sadie Wyckoff. Funeral services at 1,190 Madison Av., New York City, on Aug. 17 at 10 A. M. Interment at Mount Carmel Cemetery, Tampa (Fla.) papers please copy.

BROOKENBROUGH—Henrietta Ashton Quarrier, at the residence of her son, Nyack, N. Y., Tuesday, Aug. 14, 1923. Funeral and interment Louisville, Ky.

BROWN—Thomas Ellis, beloved husband of Florence Bleecker and son of the late Thomas Ellis and Adelaide Clinton Brown, suddenly of heart failure at Morristown, N. J., Aug. 15, 1923, aged 67 years. Funeral service will be held at the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J., Friday, Aug. 17, at 10:45 A. M. Limousines will meet Lackawanna Railroad train leaving Hoboken at 9:15 A. M. (Daylight Saving Time).

BURKE—On Tuesday, Aug. 14, Thomas F., beloved husband of Ruthie. Funeral from his late residence, 511 West 164th St., Friday, 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of the Incarnation, West 170th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

BURKE—The St. Nicholas Democratic Club, Inc., expresses its deep sympathy in the loss to his family and the community of Mr. Thomas F. Burke of our members and kindly request to attend requiem mass at the Church of the Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., Friday, Aug. 17, 1923, at 10 A. M.

WILLIAM J. MURPHY, President.
PETER S. POALE, Secretary.

BURKE—The members of the William L. Marcy Tammany Association are requested to attend the funeral of their late member, Thomas F. Burke, from his late residence, 164th St., near St. Nicholas Av., on Friday morning, Aug. 17, 1923. THOMAS F. McAVOY, Pres.
JULIA M. MURRAY, Sec.

COHEN—Flora, Aug. 15, beloved mother, wife of Goodman Cohen, 1,028 Hoe Av., Bronx. Funeral Friday, Aug. 17, 10 A. M. Interment Bayside Cemetery.

COLLAT—Helen, beloved wife of Abraham Henry Collat and devoted mother of Justin A. Collat and Ruth Collet Russ, on Aug. 15. Services Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and 66th St., on Friday, Aug. 17, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers. Savannah and Atlanta papers please copy.

COLLYER—Herman L., on Aug. 13, 1923, in his 68th year. Funeral services to be held at St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, at 123 West 69th Street, on Friday, Aug. 17, at 11 A. M. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

CONOVER—Glendora Kathleen, aged 22, Aug. 15, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Mathey. Services at 505 West 138th St. Thursday, 8 P. M. Interment Bridgeport, Friday.

COOKE—At Stamford, Conn., Aug. 14, 1923, Frances Marie Cooke. Funeral services at her late home, 963 East 305th St., Stamford, Friday, Aug. 17, at 1 P. M., Daylight. Interment Woodlawn, N. Y.

CRUMMEY—On Aug. 14, at

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LIFE OF BOOTLEGGER IS NOT ALL PROFIT

He Has a Bad Time Dodging the Many Nets Spread to Catch Him.

ENEMIES ON EVERY SIDE

No Code of Honor in the Traffic Such as Thieves Are Supposed to Maintain.

HARD TO GUARD HIS STOCK

Even Big Bribes Are No Guarantee of Safety, Because Double-Cross Is Common.

PROHIBITION INSIDE OUT
Thirty-Third Instalment

The popular idea that a bootlegger has little to do but take his profits is shown to be a fallacy by Commissioner Haynes. In the next chapter he will discuss these difficulties further.

By ROY A. HAYNES,
U. S. Prohibition Commissioner.

MANY press pictures have been drawn of the fabulous fortunes being made by big bootleg operators, and the comparative ease with which such fortunes are accumulated. The public, generally, should know that these pictures are largely overdrawn, and often the chief object is to write a story which will challenge the interest of the reader and supply many a thrill.

The true picture of the big or little bootleg operator is that of a man constantly haunted with fear of apprehension and with a veritable Damoclean sword hanging by a thread over his head, for he knows not at what moment he will be grabbed by the officers of the law. Being in a crooked business, he also must be constantly paying out money to individuals from whom he thinks he may get the much discussed "protection," and he is constantly touched by grafters of every kind, who, knowing of his operations, demand money or they will "squeal."

He also is in a constant mental attitude of fear of criminal sentence and subsequent imprisonment. If he is well informed, and most bootleggers are, as to the consequences of successful prosecution, he knows the strength of the law that may be used in his punishment. He knows that there are the criminal processes which may be invoked against those who illegally manufacture, sell, transport, import, export or possess. He knows that the injunction process is being invoked with greater success every day against violators and that he may be the subject of conspiracy prosecution. Also that there will be imposed, if he is found guilty, certain provisions of the internal revenue laws and tax penalties.

With such a formidable array of possible results of his illegal operations, the bootlegger's life is increasingly a life of fear, dread and apprehension.

No Honor Among Bootleggers.

Honor may exist among thieves, but it prevails in the bootleg world only to the extent that it is made good by acts. Unqualified confidence does not exist. One bootlegger trusts another, but always with the understanding that conditions may change in a moment. A man who has kept silence for a year may talk when tempted by a desire for revenge or for immunity from prosecution for his own misdeeds, or for pay. Or he may assist prohibition men for any one of a variety of reasons.

Agents who do the principal work in preparing cases against bootleggers, or "under cover" men, are detectives of unusual ability, intelligence and courage. Most of them are young men who, as a result of their association with and study of bootleggers, know the liquor business almost as intimately as the operators themselves. They are out for big game, and ordinarily do not bother much with the smaller violators unless local authorities are absolutely undependable.

Ordinarily an "under cover" man has definite instructions to get evidence against a certain individual or group of bootleggers. He focuses his attention on the immediate job at hand. It is his duty to get the evidence, direct the raids, and take such proper steps as may be necessary to make the case stand up in court.

Of course, the bootlegger fully understands the methods used by agents to "get" him. He studies every case. He studies agents and their methods. He knows in every move he takes great chances. He knows it is a game of matching wits. So this story of a typical procedure has no new information for the violator, but will be illuminating to the average reader.

The "Under Cover" Man.

It is quite common for an "under cover" man to use his real name. He does not resort to the disguises commonly attributed to detectives, and he may even let it be known that he is a prohibition agent, but more frequently he poses as a liquor broker looking about to make a purchase of a large quantity of "good stuff."

Sometimes the first step is to learn the identity of the close friends and business associates of the intended victim, for "with the right introductions you can do anything." In such cases the "under cover" man pays close attention to the bootlegger's neighbors and tries to obtain their confidence.

In the course of his discussions with the bootlegger's friend or friends he may find occasion to disclose in confidence that he is a broker in whisky. Frequently this leads to an introduction to the bootlegger. The neighbor or friend goes to the bootlegger and says he has just had dealings with another man in the same line of business. The friend says he has high regard for the supposed bootlegger. He knows he has money, for he has seen it in big bills. He knows he has strong "New York connections," for he has seen letters from agents in New York. He is looking for a consignment of $75,000 worth of stuff, and he has an immediate outlet for it.

The real bootlegger is interested. He knows where he can get the stuff. He can turn a deal and make a pretty penny, and he is greatly pleased to make the acquaintance of the big broker with New York connections. The introductions are arranged, cautious negotiations are entered into, money is displayed as evidence that payment will be made, and a time and place agreed upon for delivery of a quantity—generally large—of illicit liquor.

Trapped at the End.

The liquor is delivered as agreed, inspected, and found to be of proper quality. The real bootlegger is on hand for his pay. Then comes the surprise party. The broker from New York turns out to be a prohibition agent. The bootlegger is caught. He is amazed. He is arrested, released on bail, and after the usual period of chagrin sets in motion his machinery for defense. There are lawyers to be got, good lawyers, and plenty of them. There are character witnesses who must be had, if possible men standing high in the community. Political influence must be obtained, if it can be had. Technicalities of law serve to aid him, and in the end he may be convicted, but he uses all means to delay.

The success of an "under cover" man in working up a case when he actually represents himself as a prohibition agent depends on the assumption, common among bootleggers, that every man has his price. The bootlegger takes it for granted that here is a prohibition agent "out to get his," and that it is only necessary to approach the subject of bribery adroitly to obtain the desired ends. The agent arranges the conversation in such a way that a proposal for a split comes from the bootlegger. The "under cover" man appears to agree, and the time comes when money is passed. Sometimes more money is forthcoming.

The raids are made, bootleggers are arrested and the "system" collapses. The liquor vendors for a time are inbensed, but ordinarily soon accept the conclusion that they have been outplayed at their own game.

A roll of yellow bills is part of the "property" of a Government agent, and he learns to display them discreetly, not by crudely boasting of his roll, but perhaps in the course of a mock wager.

Detective Methods.

Seldom do "under cover" men work with the local authorities. In the first place, there is always doubt as to who can be trusted to keep secrets. Secondly, methods of detection ordinarily are most effective when they are limited strictly to bootleg circles. Bootleggers have their own code of conduct, and "under cover" men must be prepared to be "good fellows," to go to the races, the prize fights, the bull fights on the border, to be jovial members of week-end parties, or to visit a Summer resort for a few days with important members of the bootleg group.

Catching high-powered beer manufacturers is a specialized variation of enforcement work. Here, rules and the technique are different. With beer, bulk is large and alcoholic content dubious. An agent may stop a wagon loaded with beer only to find that the supposed contraband is an entirely innocent cereal beverage. He may inspect the output of a brewery every day for a week, a month or a year, and find it contains less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol, as permitted by the law.

If, however, the agent overlooks a day, some breweries may turn out that day alcoholic beer and distribute it widely. Seizures have been made of high-powered beer in bottles bearing the label of a reputable manufacturer of cereal beverage who is above suspicion as a violator of the law. In such cases bottles containing the legal product of the reputable manufacturer have been emptied and refilled with contraband.

An agent may have every assurance that a certain brewery is manufacturing beer containing 4 or 5 per cent. of alcohol, but if he raids that place he may be delayed long enough to permit the illegal beer to be switched off and legal product turned on. Prohibition agents have found instances in which the brewing of illegal beer was resumed within an hour after a successful raid.

Systematic Corruption.

The limited number of illegal brewers represents big game in the eyes of the prohibition workers, for they generally are well organized and their system for distribution of their product and for "protection" is highly perfected. By systematic bribery and corruption they feel they have reduced many of the hazards ordinarily attendant upon open violation of the law. The temptation to violate the law is ever present. Beer costing from $3 to $4 a barrel to manufacture can be sold for $20 or $25. A day's earnings may run into thousands of dollars; a month's operation may mean a fortune.

Illegal beer is doomed, but many brewers do not seem to know it. Undoubtedly the strongest motive for continuation of the illicit business is the hope that the prohibition laws will be modified to permit the sale of higher alcoholic beer. Some brewery owners and managers are quite frank about this. They say that if they believed there were no chance for the come-back of beer in the United States they would convert their plants to other lines. In vain hope they preserve, they hang on to their properties month after month, year after year, keeping them intact against their hoped-for day when the ban on beer is to be lifted.

With respect to illicit brewing, enforcement workers have found their chief problems in Chicago and near-by cities, Paterson, N. J., Jersey City, Atlantic City, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Baltimore, New Orleans, Buffalo, Scranton, Wilkes-Barre and other industrial cities of Pennsylvania. Pittsburgh was formerly wet with beer, but has been relatively dried up. Some other communities in the United States have alcoholic beer supplies at intervals from local breweries, but the traffic is not well organized.

In some communities it has been possible to obtain injunctions against lawbreaking brewers, which have resulted in closing up plants on the ground that they constitute "nuisances." Nuisance injunctions are rapidly becoming an important legal weapon in the hands of the enforcement authorities.

It should be borne in mind, however, that the number of brewers who are producing alcoholic beverage illegally is in the minority, and that the majority of former brewers are co-operating in the enforcement of the prohibition laws.

TOMORROW'S INSTALMENT:
HARD TO GET RICH QUICK.

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Saws Elevated Turnstile Bars Which Held Child a Prisoner

Erwin Feder, 3 years old, of 10,701 109th Street, Richmond Hill, while playing tag with another little boy on the 109th Street station of the Fulton Street elevated line at Richmond Hill today, tried to crawl underneath a turnstile. His head was caught between two bars.

He was stuck there for half an hour, when Patrolman Hark of the Eighty-third Precinct, on his way to his home in Richmond Hill, saw the child's predicament. He turned in an alarm for Fire Engine Company 29, but before it arrived got a saw and cut the bars, releasing the boy's head. Erwin was treated by an ambulance surgeon from St. Mary's Hospital, Jamaica, for cuts on his scalp and then was taken home.

FIVE LAYMEN NAMED FOR HOUSING BUREAU

Governor Approves Selection Made by State Architect to Aid Commission.

SMITH EXPLAINS DUTIES

He Emphasizes That Task Is to Find Facts Before Planning for Future.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 15.—Governor Smith tonight gave his approval to the appointment of five lay members to the Bureau of Housing and Regional Planning in the State Department of Architecture. Those appointed were: Chairman, Clarence S. Stein of Manhattan, Secretary of Housing Committee of the Reconstruction Commission named by Governor Smith during his first term and Secretary of the Regional Planning Association of America; Walter Stabler, controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company; Oliver Cabana Jr. of Buffalo, Food Administrator during the war; Mrs. Sara E. Conboy, International Secretary-Treasurer of the United Textile Workers of America, and Peter D. Kiernan of Albany, former President of the Albany Chamber of Commerce.

It is proposed to organize an Advisory Committee to work with the commission. This committee will be composed of representatives of real estate interests, tenants associations, civic and community organizations, contractors and others who are interested in or familiar with the problem of providing homes at prices within the reach of the poorer classes.

The Commission will also co-operate with housing and city and regional planning associations and will endeavor to establish co-operative relations with chambers of commerce and industries of the State which are now engaged in study of the housing problem as it affects productive industry.

The Commission is charged under the law creating it with the task of determining whether a housing emergency exists and of reporting its findings to the Governor not later than January, 1924.

"Housing has been a much agitated and highly contentious question since the war," says a statement issued at the Executive Mansion. "Large interests have been and are involved. The question of how housing is to be provided has become a partisan issue, and like most partisan issues, has become pretty thoroughly confused in the public mind. One of the main responsibilities which rests upon the Commission is to clear up this confusion of mind by securing and presenting the facts. Primarily, the Commission is a fact-finding body. After it has the facts in hand and understands their significance, the Commission may then devote its time and thought to planning for the future to the end that a recurrence of the housing emergency may be avoided.

"Many of the interests involved in the housing question have felt that they ought to be represented on the commission. While these interests should be given every opportunity to express their views, and the commission should be in close working contact with them and have their full co-operation, my firm conviction has been that the commission, as a fact-finding and planning body, should be completely free from the partisan point of view and from those prejudices which necessarily grow out of such a point of view. In casting about for the five lay members of the commission I have thought it wise, therefore, to seek those persons who had no direct personal interest in the housing question and consequently did not seek appointment."

ACCUSES ITALIAN ENVOY.

Editor Says U. S. Is Used as Agent of Vengeance in His Arrest.

Carlo Tresca, editor of Il Martello, an anti-Fascisti weekly, who was arrested by Postal Inspector Owen on Tuesday night and locked up in the Tombs on a charge of having used the mails for the distribution of obscene matter, was held yesterday in $1,000 bail by United States Commissioner Hitchcock for examination.

Tresca blames the Italian Ambassador for his arrest and accuses him of using the United States as an agent to wreak vengeance on a political enemy.

The article complained of was published in Il Martello on May 5, and it is charged that with the publication there was mailed copies of a book alleged to be obscene. It is also charged that this issue of the publication contained on the front page an article with the caption, "Down with the Monarchy," and that parts of it were so indecent that extracts were omitted from the complaint to avoid making such alleged objectionable matter part of the records of the Federal Court.

One part of the objectionable article mentioned in the complaint read: "Guido Podrecca, the scurrilous exwriter of anti-clerical pornography, placed himself in the ranks of the scandalised—the Fascisti, who, like the Ku Klux Klan, delight in putting on airs of the Puritans." The article states that the writer of the article hates monarchies and all that goes with them, and that "we are not bowing our heads reverently to the passing by of the royal princess, who from among the puppets and the vassals fetched herself one to the altar in order to join hands with him.

"You may raise to the skies, like the braying of asses, the chorus of praise of the virtues of the royal damsel. We know that every gem worn by Yolanda in her wedding gown is made of tears and blood."

The offensive article is signed "Ego Sum."

PRINTERS' FACTIONS FIGHT.

Typographical Union Administration Twice Defeated at Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 15 (Associated Press).—A stormy factional outbreak started off the third day's session here of the sixty-eighth annual convention of the International Typographical Union. The convention was thrown into an uproar when Chairman Galloway of the Credentials Committee charged politics were being injected into the convention. Delegates all over the hall jumped to their feet, making similar charges.

The fight was a continuation of yesterday's action, when the delegates voted against the administration, which had advocated a literal interpretation of the organization's law regarding the seating of delegates.

Delegate Fischer of Oakland, Cal., created the second outburst when he charged that a "continual effort of an insidious organization to over-ride the laws of the union" were being made.

The delegate whose eligibility started the debate was William J. Rogers of Evansville, Ind. The credentials committee recommended that a seat be denied him, but by a non-concurrence vote of 135 to 123 Rogers was seated. This was another victory for the faction known as the "conservative" over the administration.

The administration received another defeat in a vote for non-concurrence on the report of the Laws Committee dealing with a change in the system of nominating international officers.

Raid Nips Alleged Counterfeit Plot; Outfit Seized in a Floral Park (L. I.) House

A complete outfit, including plates and presses for printing counterfeit $100 Federal Reserve notes, was seized Tuesday in a house on Lowell Avenue, Floral Park, L. I., by Secret Service agents under Joseph A. Palma, in charge of the New York district. At different places in Manhattan the agents arrested five alleged counterfeiters who, the Secret Service men said, were about to flood the country with the most dangerous counterfeit they had yet seen.

The seizure and arrests were the second since last Thursday, when Secret Service men raided a farm house at Nassau, near Albany, captured five alleged counterfeiters and seized another complete plant for turning out counterfeit $100 Federal Reserve notes.

The Secret Service, Mr. Palma said, obtained confessions from the prisoners. The die which was to have been used in printing the counterfeits was brought to the Floral Park house from Canada, where the alleged counterfeiters paid $1,500 for it, according to Mr. Palma.

The prisoners said they were Samuel Cohen, 25, of 940 Tiffany Avenue, the Bronx; David Cohen, 30, brother of Samuel Cohen, of Edgemere, L. I.; George Cisneros, 28, of 215 Audubon Avenue; Joseph Rossoff, 29, of 1,077 Fox Street, the Bronx, and Joseph Tittlebaum, 20, of 217 West 125th Street. The last two, according to the Secret Service agents, are printers and were to have operated the presses.

When the raid was carried out proofs of the counterfeit were being run off the presses. According to the Secret Service, the plate would have undergone further refinement before the process was perfected sufficiently to produce a counterfeit that would have stood chances of escaping detection.

The counterfeiting plates seized here and in Nassau last Thursday were made in Canada and sent into the United States, according to Mr. Palma. The prisoners taken at Nassau gave their names as George Hodgy, Daniel Kuryonjian, Paul Barberian and Oscar Esepian. The Nassau prisoners were held in $20,000 bail by United States Commissioner Hubbard.

Arraigned yesterday before United States Commissioner Samuel M. Hitchcock, Samuel and David Cohen were held in $2,500 bail each, and George Cisneros in $7,500 bail.

The alleged counterfeiters had been trailed by Secret Service men for six months, Mr. Palma said. The supposed plot was upset just in time to prevent the circulation of counterfeit $100 notes.

In Canada Secret Service agents, with the aid of Dominion officials, captured five Frenchmen with a counterfeiting outfit for making $10 and $5 American notes.

When Chief Moran of the Secret Service was notified in Washington of the arrest of the alleged counterfeiters and the seizure of their outfit, he said his men in New York had blocked a dangerous counterfeiting possibility, for, although none of the money was in circulation, everything, in Chief Moran's opinion, "was prepared for its distribution."

ELECTRICAL STORM HITS JERSEY SHORE

High Wind Sweeps Belmar and Four Places Are Struck by Lightning.

BLAST RUINS A CASINO

Falling Tree Wrecks House Under Construction—Tornado 100 Miles an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

BELMAR, N. J., Aug. 15.—A wind, electric and rain storm reaching terrific proportions struck this section early this morning and did damage estimated at many thousands of dollars. The high wind cut a swath through this place, uprooted trees, tore roofs from dwellings, overturned smaller structures and severed electric light and telephone connections.

Four places were struck by lightning. The home of Louis Franklin, at New Bedford, was struck and burned to the ground. Franklin, his wife and child ran into the driving storm for safety. An ice wagon was blown over, the driver narrowly escaping injury, and the chimney of the Avon Inn crashed through the roof to the third floor, just missing a sleeping room.

The storm reached tornado force at Spring Lake, and the community suffered heavily. A 100-mile gale whipped up trees by the roots and made some of the streets almost impassable with an abattis of fallen branches laced with fallen electric light wires.

Lightning struck at least half a dozen structures, including the Belmar Inlet Terrace Club. The latter was almost completely unroofed and then partially destroyed by fire which followed the bolt. During the short duration of the storm a full inch of rain fell, according to the Weather Bureau. Hailstones natives described as the size of walnuts shattered windows on all sides. Every pane of glass throughout the seventy-five foot length of the Ludlow Avenue greenhouses of Frank Erde was demolished. Electric light service was shut off throughout the day till linemen could sufficiently clear wires to make the streets safe for pedestrians. Service was restored shortly after sunset.

Murphy's Shore Casino, popular with resorters, was badly damaged, the wind demolishing a storehouse and the lattice garden.

A huge tree in front of the Community Club was uprooted and fell against the building and the houses of Oscar Lavance on Washington Avenue, under construction, was partly destroyed, the timbers crash to the adjoining structure and doing much damage.

The roof of Edward Bamberger's house on Ocean Avenue, Avon, was torn off, while at Spring Lake trees were lifted up their roots and thrown across highways, effectively blocking traffic and disrupting telephone and electric light service. On Washington Avenue three garages were blown over and King's garage at Avon was moved several feet, one side caving in.

The United States Weather Observatory at Long Branch reported that the tornado reached nearly 100 miles an hour in the Belmar district.

In Asbury Park, Long Branch and Atlantic Highlands the damage was general, but not so severe as here.

The crop loss in the interior of the county is reported to have been heavy. The storm lasted less than half an hour, but the precipitation was nearly three-quarters of an inch.

MORE ZIONIST DISSENSION.

Weizmann Determined to Oust Bitter Opponents From Their Posts.

CARLSBAD, Aug. 15 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The lobbies of the Zionist Congress are filled with rumors that Dr. Chaim Weizmann will resign as President of the world organization, despite the vote of confidence which the Assembly gave him yesterday.

Dr. Weizmann approved the formula upon which the vote of confidence was based and expected that all factions would unite on this formula, and that the vote would be unanimous.

Another cause of friction is the choosing of members of the new executive. A variety of lists is now being circulated. It is learned, however, that Dr. Weizmann insists on what he calls a "homogeneous executive," and, as his program has been approved, he will demand that the new leadership be in thorough accord with his system. He is accordingly determined to drop M. Ussishkin, the present director of Zionist activities in Palestine; Dr. Soloweitchick, former Minister for Jewish Affairs in Lithuania, and Dr. M. Lichtheim of Berlin, all three of whom publicly opposed him.

SLAYER DEFRAUDED HER, SAYS MOTHER

Charges Deceit in Getting Farm Against Spear, Who Surrendered 13 Years After Shooting.

MOTION TO FREE HIM PENDS

Accused, Held in Jail, Declares He Is Innocent and Promises to Prove It.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 15.—Theft, fraud and deceit in obtaining title to the Cooper homestead farm, near Ellisburg, Camden County, are charged against Charles Cooper Spear by his mother in a suit pending in the New Jersey Court of Chancery. Spear is a prisoner in the Camden County Jail on a charge of murdering Edward Lawrence at the Ellisburg farm on Sept. 17, 1910, during a dispute over wages. He surrendered last Saturday after being a fugitive for thirteen years, most of which time he spent in South America.

Spear has asked for dismissal of the murder charge on the ground that he shot Lawrence in self-defense. Counsel for Spear's mother declares Spear surrendered so that he could be in a better position to oppose the application of his mother to set aside the deed to the farm and deeds to two other parcels of land.

Spear's mother is Mrs. George H. Aleck of 23 Stiles Avenue, Collingswood, just outside of Camden. Her suit charges that her son formed a corporation, known as the Equitable Estates Corporation, under the laws of New York, for the purpose of advancing his alleged scheme to defraud her. She says other nominal stockholders are Spear's wife and Hobart S. Bird of New York.

The bill alleges that Spear, by fraud and trickery and without the knowledge of his mother, obtained possession of all her deeds and title papers, and after returning some of the papers he kept the unrecorded deeds made by the trustees. The bill alleges that new deeds were drawn by Spear for three pieces of ground and that his mother's signature was procured through trickery.

Spear, at the County Jail, said: "I shall say little now, but I promise to show I am innocent of the charges."

WIFE TRACKS HUSBAND BY FOOT AND BY AUTO

Finds Him in St. Louis After Journey From New York—Hunted Four Years.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—A four years' search, conducted by Mrs. Sadie Scobel of New York City for her husband, Benjamin Scobel, President of the Obelite Products Company of this city, has ended successfully, it was learned today when it became known that he had been arrested here on a charge of abandoning his wife and child. Mrs. Scobel arrived here from New York several days ago. She made the journey on foot and by occasional automobile lifts.

She told the police her home had been wrecked by her own cousin while she was nursing her sick child at a country resort near New York in 1918. She left her husband and worked to support herself and child, but her husband kidnapped their daughter. She later obtained legal custody of the girl, then 4 years old. Several months later her husband and the cousin disappeared. Ever since then she had been trying to locate him.

Through an official letter sent by the patent offices of the Belgian Government she found the first trace of him. Because of the lack of money she decided to hike to St. Louis, but automobile tourists permitted her to ride most of the way.

According to the attorneys representing Mrs. Scobel here, Scobel has been living in East St. Louis, Ill., since he established his business in St. Louis. Mrs. Scobel's cousin, the attorneys said, also had been found in East St. Louis. Scobel is held under bond until extradition formalities have been complied with.

Mrs. Sadie Scobel is not listed in the New York City Directory. No information concerning her could be obtained here last night.

Col. John Coolidge, the President's Father.

When the President was asked what the greatest influence on his life had been, he answered: "My father."

A vivid account of Col. Coolidge's career and characteristics.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY
Order in advance from your newsdealer

MURPHY GETS FOLEY TO SUPPORT PRALL

It Now Looks as if Hylan's Candidate Will Land Congressional Nomination.

TAMMANY SEEKS PEACE

Many Squabbles Over Places on Assembly Ticket Must Be Settled, However.

With Charles F. Murphy exerting himself to the utmost in the rôle of peacemaker, it looked last night as if Tax Commissioner Anning S. Prall, Mayor Hylan's candidate for Congress in the Eleventh Congress District, would have the support of ex-Sheriff "Tom" Foley, who dominates the Tammany end of the Eleventh. Mr. Prall was indorsed unanimously for the nomination by the Richmond County Democratic Committee at a meeting held Tuesday night.

Mr. Foley came to the Wigwam in Fourteenth Street late yesterday afternoon. Mr. Murphy at once beckoned and he stepped up to the desk of the Tammany chieftain, where he remained in conference for something like half an hour. Mr. Foley up to the time he saw Mr. Murphy had been credited with designs on the Congressional nomination for the benefit of Assemblyman Peter J. Hamill, who represents the First Assembly District in the lower house at Albany.

"Are you going to give the nomination in the Eleventh Congressional District to Staten Island?" Mr. Foley was asked when he arrived at Tammany Hall.

"No one has been near me to ask me," he replied.

"But are you going to be magnanimous and do that?" he was asked.

"If we got to, we will," was his reply just before he went into conference with Murphy.

Foley "Standing Pat."

After his talk with the Tammany chieftain, Mr. Foley in answer to a question said that he was "standing pat," whatever that meant. Then Mr. Murphy was interviewed.

"What about the situation in the Eleventh Congressional District? Tax Commissioner Prall was indorsed by the Richmond County Committee for the nomination last night. Is he going to get it?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"The Staten Island people will settle that," said Mr. Murphy.

"But what about the part of the district that is in Manhattan—what will the Democrats there do?"

"I should think they would get behind Prall," was the reply. This was after the talk with Mr. Foley.

In the meantime it was learned that Commissioner Prall may encounter opposition in the primaries from Democratic contenders in Richmond—his own political habitat. There were two other candidates in the field when the County Committee got together on Tuesday night and put Prall over. One was Assemblyman Thomas R. Cosgrove, an overseas veteran who has the backing of the American Legion. The other was Edward Gleason, secretary to Lewis Nixon when he was Public Service Commissioner in the first Smith administration and at one time secretary to the late Borough President Van Name of Richmond. Mr. Gleason came into prominence at the time of the Democratic State Convention in Syracuse last Fall for his refusal to enter a caucus called for the purpose of pledging the Richmond delegation to W. R. Hearst for Governor.

Neither received a vote in the County Committee meeting on Tuesday night. Cosgrove's friends, however, said that he would enter the primaries and make a fight for the nomination. Some one else had been recommended for the designation to succeed him as nominee for the Assembly. Yesterday Mr. Gleason announced that he would circulate petitions to get his own name on the primary ballot.

Mr. Murphy has not as yet talked with Park Commissioner Thomas R. McGinley of Richmond, who, as leader of the Democratic forces in that county, put Prall over at the Tuesday night meeting. It was said at Tammany Hall last night that Mr. Murphy expected to have a talk with Commissioner McGinley today. Plans for getting the friends of Cosgrove and Gleason to pull out of the fight undoubtedly will be discussed then. Should this be found impossible, the candidacy of Commissioner Prall, despite the promising outlook last night, may get him nowhere if he is not actually forced to withdraw from the race.

Murphy Wants Harmony.

Mr. Murphy wants harmony this year more than ever. To all contenders in primary fights arising out of leadership contests the Tammany leader issued yesterday the decree that where they endangered Democratic candidates for the Assembly they should be dropped.

"We owe it to the Democratic Governor and the people who elected him to give him a Democratic Assembly next year if it is within our power to do so; everything must be sacrificed to attain that," was in substance what Mr. Murphy told them.

One such contest he actually succeeded in settling. In the Sixth Assembly District former Assemblyman Adolph Stern, who is one of the younger element in the district organization, has started a fight on David Lazarus, for many years Tammany leader of the Sixth. The Stern forces had placed candidates for the Assembly and Aldermanic Board in the field and had been preparing for a bitter-end struggle to put Lazarus in the political graveyard. Yesterday Mr. Murphy called Lazarus and Stern both into conference. Afterwards it was said that their differences probably would be ironed out.

Another similar job will be tackled by the Tammany boss today, in the Twenty-third Assembly District, at present represented in the Assembly by George N. Jesse, a Republican. John Mara, the Tammany leader of the Twenty-third, is being fought by William J. Murphy. But for the fight by the namesake of the Tammany chieftain, many Democrats believe that an Assemblyman of their own party faith might be elected in the Twenty-third this year, owing to the transit situation, although the district is normally pretty heavily Republican.

Mr. Murphy said last night that no settlement had been reached in regard to the selection of a candidate to succeed the late W. Bourke Cockran in the Sixteenth Congressional District, which includes Mr. Murphy's own Twelfth Assembly District. Ex-Mayor McClellan has been talked of as a possible candidate, but it did not look good for him last night. There are various candidates. At the Wigwam there was considerable talk to indicate the selection of Mr. Murphy's own Assemblyman, John J. O'Connor, who as a lawmaker at Albany has established a record for operators on the consuming public," women with sound following to develop and efficient service.

Murphy Silent on Bases.

Mr. Murphy would not discuss the prospect of an extraordinary session of the Legislature in connection with the bus situation. "That is up to the Governor," he said.

President pro tem. of the Senate James J. Walker had a long talk with the Tammany chieftain. He said he had talked with Governor Smith on Thursday, but did not know whether the Governor would call an extra session or not.

Charles D. Donohue, Democratic leader of the Assembly, was at The Wigwam, too, and in the same state of uncertainty on the subject. All the lawmakers who were interviewed at Tammany Hall agreed that if there was to be an extra session it could not be held until late in September, owing to the absence of some Democratic members who are abroad and whose votes would be necessary to the success of any Democratic program.

The Democrats have abandoned the idea of holding a State convention for the nomination of an Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Justice Lehman of the Supreme Court is the man most talked about for the nomination, and it is understood that the Republican leaders have given assurances of some form of an endorsement in the event that the Democrats should name him.

"Do you favor the adoption of a State platform by the Democrats this year?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"It seems to be the Governor's idea that one should be adopted," he replied.

It was said last night that in all probability Governor Smith's proposal for a large gathering of representative Democrats, meeting at the invitation of the Democratic State Committee at the time that body meets to name a candidate for the Court of Appeals, will prevail and that the proposed platform will be promulgated by a conclave in which all County Chairmen and the Democratic women leaders in the various counties, the Democratic Senators, the Democratic candidates for Assembly and possibly Democratic Mayors of cities throughout the State will have a voice and a vote.

Mosquitos Drive Chauffeur To Refuge in Farmhouse

CAPE MAY, N. J., Aug. 15.—Swarms of mosquitoes today forced John H. Backner, a traveling salesman, to abandon his automobile in the woods between Tuckahoe and Dennisville and to run two miles to a farm house, where he found refuge from the pests. Backner stopped his touring car to make some small repair to the motor when mosquitoes attacked him. He used his left hand to beat them off while endeavoring to repair his motor with his right hand, but was finally forced to run off. He was treated by a physician upon his arrival here by railroad train.

Members of the State Mosquito Commission were forced to abandon an inspection of the meadows near Goshen yesterday because of the swarms of mosquitoes.

WALLACE NOT FOUND BY CRAIN SUBPOENA

Queens Prosecutor, Wanted in Police Inquiry, Cruising on Vacation.

District Attorney Dana Wallace of Queens County, who is wanted as a witness at the hearing into the police charges before Judge Thomas C. T. Crain in General Sessions, will not be present when the hearing is resumed this morning. Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora received a telphone message yesterday from Assistant District Attorney Phillips of Queens to the effect that Mr. Wallace was away on his vacation and probably could not be reached.

Efforts to find Chris Hohmyer, described as Mr. Wallace's chauffeur and who, according to witnesses at the Crain hearing, was arrested while he was carrying several cases of liquor away from the scene of a police raid on Nov. 13 were equally fruitless. Mr. Phillips said that he had no idea where Hohmyer could be found.

A representative of John D. Lindsay, counsel for Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, who, in justification of the statements on which Commissioner Enright is suing Magistrate Corrigan and Assemblyman Louis A. Cuvillier for libel, is submitting evidence of alleged misconduct by the police, went to Queens yesterday with subpoenas for Mr. Wallace and Hohmyer. He left the one for Mr. Wallace with Acting District Attorney Phillips.

Mr. Phillips told Mr. Pecora that he had sent a telegram to Mr. Wallace, but he was not sure that it would reach him. Mr. Phillips explained that Mr. Wallace was away on a motor boat cruise with his family and intended to be gone three weeks. He said he had sent the telegram to a point where he thought Mr. Wallace might stop, but he was not sure that he would do so.

When the hearing is resumed this morning John M. O'Connor, friend of former Inspector Alfred W. Thorn and Inspector John O'Connor is expected to resume his testimony concerning the so-called Petrucci case. Another witness is Sergeant Frederick C. Kruse, who described himself as confidential investigator for Commissioner Enright.

28-HOUR AIR MAIL STARTS NEXT WEEK

Coast-to-Coast Fliers Will Leave From New York and San Francisco.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Postmaster General New has fixed Aug. 21 for starting the experiment which, he hopes, will lead to the establishment of a regular twenty-eight-hour mail service between New York and San Francisco. On that date air mail will leave New York and San Francisco at 11 A. M. and should arrive on each coast at 2 P. M. the afternoon of the following day. The experiment will continue for five days, mail aviators flying at night as well as by day, the night flights being the first of their kind undertaken in the world.

Zone rates have been tentatively fixed at 8 cents, 16 cents and 24 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof. The first zone is between New York and Chicago, the second between Chicago and Cheyenne and the third between Cheyenne and San Francisco.

During the last year the Post Office Department, at each of five major fields, Chicago, Iowa City, Omaha, North Platte and Cheyenne, has placed two 600,000,000 candle power arc lights, one as a flood light and the other as a beacon, and at every twenty-five miles of the air route between Chicago and Cheyenne emergency landing fields have been established, illuminated with beacons and outlining lights. Small beacons flash at distances of three miles apart all along the route

Stamps for the transcontinental air service will be ready for the public within a few days. Those of the 8 and 16 cents denominations will be available tomorrow at the Philatelic Agency of the Post Office Department for members of the American Philatelic Society, who are in convention in Washington. The new stamps will be of the same dimensions as the present 2-cent stamp.

KLAN GETS UNIVERSITY.

Completes Deal for Control of Valparaiso in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 15.—Negotiations have been completed for the taking over of Valparaiso University, at Valparaiso, Ind., by the Ku Klux Klan, it was announced here tonight by Milton Elrod, editor of the Fiery Cross, official publication of the Klan.

The university, which is one of the oldest educational institutions in the country, will be called the National University, Mr. Elrod said.

Foreign Fruits Held Up.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—A quarantine on all fruits and vegetables offered for import into the United States, except from Canada, effective Nov. 1, was announced today by the Department of Agriculture as a step toward keeping certain injurious fruit and melon flies out of the country. Under special permit, shipments of certain fruits and vegetables may be brought into the country at the discretion of the Federal Horticultural Board.

WARD SEEKS IN VAIN FOR JURY MINUTES

Lawyers Serve Seeger's Order, but Fail to Get Possession of Murder Testimony.

THREATEN COURT ACTION

Intimate That Unless Records Are Produced Contempt Proceedings Will Start.

SEARCH LASTS ALL DAY

Told Prosecutors Are "Out of Town"—Plans to Free Accused Upset With Trial Near.

Absence from the city of the officials in possession of the records frustrated the efforts of counsel for Walter S. Ward yesterday to obtain the minutes of the Westchester County Extraordinary Grand Jury which indicted Ward for murder in the first degree in the shooting of Clarence M. Peters.

It was intimated that unless the minutes were produced immediately proceedings might be started for contempt of court. Early in the day a representative of Rabenold & Scribner, of counsel for Ward, filed in the County Court House in White Plains a certified copy of the order of Justice Arthur H. F. Seeger, granted in the Supreme Court in Newburgh on Tuesday, granting permission to the defense to inspect the Grand Jury minutes.

The defense had hoped to obtain the records at once, so that tomorrow it could move for reduction of the degree of homicide charged against Ward and for admittance of their client to bail pending his trial Sept. 4. It was planned to make the motion before Justice Taylor in White Plains.

A certified copy of the order was presented at the Attorney General's office at 51 Chambers Street. It was accepted by Deputy Attorney General Benjamin Simon, who said he did not have the minutes. He said he believed Attorney General Carl Sherman and Deputy Attorney General Wilbur W. Chambers were in Canada, and that Special Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill was at his Summer home at Avon, N. J. These three officials have been handling the State's case.

Late in the afternoon the Ward attorneys served a copy of the order on Michael Gilligan, stenographer who recorded the testimony. Gilligan conferred immediately with a Ward lawyer to the Attorney General's office, where he asked for the minutes or for his original notes, which he had turned over to the State. He was told the records were not in the office, but in a safe deposit vault, to which only the three officials in direct charge of the State's case had access.

During the afternoon and before Gilligan had been found, Rabenold & Scribner addressed this letter to Attorney General Sherman at Albany:

We refer to the certified copy of the order permitting our inspection of the Grand Jury minutes delivered at your New York City office this morning.

"In response to our demand at the time of serving this order that we be permitted to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury, we were informed by Mr. Simon, in charge, that he could not give us the minutes; that he did not know where they were, and that for all he knew they might not yet have been written out. He further informed

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Both gross and net earnings of Northern New York Utilities, Inc., have more than trebled since 1914, net earnings as reported for the 12 months ended April 30, 1923, having been double annual interest requirements of all bonds now outstanding.

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For many years we have prepared an analysis of this Company based on official data and supplemented by original research. Our 1923 edition is now ready and may be had upon application for Circular D-204.

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Our most recent Market Letter gives some facts not generally known.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks and Commodities Steady Despite Cross-Currents—Car Loadings Smaller.

Yesterday's news developments of an industrial nature represented a curious medley of favorable and unfavorable factors, but stocks as a whole appeared inclined to disregard the immediate news and to work higher, carrying on in rather impressive fashion the rally which had been inaugurated in the final hour of the preceding day. Of course, it was quite evident that a large part of the buying power developed from purchasers who had previously sold for the decline, but at the same time it was likewise evident that in the stocks known as "market leaders," those who had been accumulating these shares on the way up were quite willing to press the advantage which a steady market has given them.

The fact that a "gasoline war" is raging in almost all parts of the country was very widely construed as one of the day's unsettling factors. The additional cuts announced for the Eastern section of the country yesterday brought a splurge of selling in the independent oil shares yesterday morning; but just as has happened many times before, the oil stocks moved more or less independently of the list as a whole, and once more the curious spectacle was presented of one or two groups of industrial shares declining at the same time that the balance of the list was advancing.

Possibly of even more importance than the open warfare which has developed in the oil industry were the occurrences yesterday in regard to wheat and the reflection which low prices for this commodity have had on car-loadings. The reports of 25,000 farmers to the Department of Agriculture on acreage to be sown to Winter wheat this Fall indicated a reduction of 15.5 per cent., or 7,177,000 acres, which in itself should furnish a partial corrective, at least, for the present condition of overproduction. Of course, there is a question as to how much confidence may be placed in "declared intentions" as of Aug. 1 where wheat planting is concerned. Doubtless a sharp upturn in the market price for wheat would bring about a very drastic revision of these figures. It is safe to say, however, that they represent the preliminary reaction in the wheat belt to present market prices for that product.

Another reflection of the unsettled conditions brought about by low wheat prices was the fact that the car-loading figures announced yesterday indicated a volume of grain traffic in the week of Aug. 4 of 5,380 cars less than for the corresponding time last year. Total car-loadings reflected a decline in traffic of 7,900 cars for the week, but still it placed the loadings of that week second in the history of the railroad industry. It is, of course, much too early to say that the trend of car-loadings is downward. It will require the figures of three or four weeks more before such a decision is possible, but at any rate it may be said that at this season the trend should be definitely upward.

The reviews of the iron and steel trade emphasize the fact that the introduction of the eight-hour day has been a stabilizing factor of very great importance in the steel market. The Iron Trade Review, for instance, observes that "it gives promise of giving even stronger support to prices and buyers' confidence," while The Iron Age remarks that "thus far the change has had no traceable effect on orders or prices." Possibly the most heartening development in the steel situation at the moment is the slight turn which has come in the scrap market, ordinarily a very good barometer. Prices generally are about $1 a ton higher for this class of material.

Because of the holidays abroad, the foreign markets gave little actual indication of the day's political happenings. They are plainly marking time. Francs, however, established a new low at 5.42¾ cents, and sterling was fractionally lower. French bonds here were moderately steady and the Belgian issues enjoyed some sharp recoveries.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money was steady and without change at 4% per cent. throughout. There is only a moderate amount of new money for fixed periods on offer, which lenders hold at 5¼ per cent., while bid is nominal at same figure, with few actual trades arranged. Market was dull and featureless. Commercial paper market remained quiet at prevailing discount, while no change was reported in rate on acceptances.

CALL LOANS.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
4½	4½	4½	4½	4½

TIME LOANS.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5¼
4, 5 and 6 months	5¼

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5¾

REDISCOUNT RATES, FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

Commercial paper, 15 days	4%
30 to 90 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days	4½
60 to 90 days	4½

BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES.

Call loans against acceptance	4¼
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:	

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	4¼	4
60 days	4¼	4¼
90 days	4¼	4¼
Four months	4¼	4¼
Six months	4¼	4¼
Nonmember and private bankers, 60-90 days	4¼	4¼

London Market.

Money in London ¼ up at 2¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2@2¼ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2¼@2¾ per cent.

Gold bullion unchanged at 90s 2d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the nearest quotation of gold would represent a price of 106 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106¾ on July 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 140¾, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest 107¾, on Feb. 21, 1923. Highest price last year, 106, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $626,000,000; balances, $77,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $62,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $711,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 31¼d. per ounce; New York price ⅛c lower at 63⅛c.

Range for 1923:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	32¾d Apr. 28	30¼d Feb. 5
New York	68c Mar. 27	62⅜c July 30

Range for 1922:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	31¾d May 31	26¾d Dec. 18
New York	67⅛c Dec. 14	58⅜c May 26

NO STEEL COST RISE IN WORKDAY CHANGE

Trade Journal Says Abolishing 12-Hour Day Has Not Yet Affected Conditions.

The change in working hours from twelve to ten and eight hours a day in certain classes of labor in the steel mills of the country has thus far had no noticeable effect on either orders or prices for steel products, according to The Iron Age.

"There is a similar lack of definite data on the increase in cost due to the employment of more men for a given output," says The Iron Age, "but where detailed figures have been attempted they indicate that some estimates of the added cost have been high. While the larger companies lead off in abolishing the twelve-hour day, a good many of the smaller producers have made no plans. For some time their costs will be unchanged, and this is a competitive factor yet to be measured.

"August started out with signs here and there of renewed buying of finished steel, but last week's observances brought quiet and thus far in the new week the demand has been for small amounts for specific purposes and for early delivery.

"The Steel Corporation's operating ratio holds close to 90 per cent., with the prospect of maintaining that scale into the Fall. The larger independents are nearer 80 per cent., while companies whose main output is one or two lines are at a somewhat less rate. Prices of all forms of finished steel are substantially those of recent weeks."

The Iron Trade Review says: "Increased volume in new buying steel is keeping up. Indications are that consumption is going ahead at a high clip as shipments come off the books. Buyers are more disposed to restore a good part of them, even where the best delivery date is several months distant. Automobile builders are more liberal in placing new tonnages.

"The Norfolk & Western Railroad has placed 50,000 tons of rails with the Carnegie Steel Company and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation for 1924 delivery. At Chicago more than 40,000 tons for next year's delivery are pending. New construction plans for the Fall are larger. The past week's building steel awards total 18,818 tons."

BANK MERGER APPROVED.

Stockholders of the America Favor Absorption of the Battery Park.

Plans for the taking over by the Bank of America of the Battery Park National Bank have been approved by the stockholders of the former institution.

As a result of the merger the Bank of America will have resources of more than $125,000,000 and capital and surplus of about $11,500,000. Total deposits will exceed $110,000,000. The addition of the Battery Park National Bank gives the Bank of America eight offices in the financial, wholesale and retail districts of Manhattan and Brooklyn, and is the second merger in which the Bank of America has participated within the past year. The Franklin Trust Company was taken over in 1920.

Procter & Gamble Earnings Rise.

The Procter & Gamble Co. for the year ended June 30, 1923, reports gross earnings of $109,776,589, against $105,695,386 in the previous fiscal year. After payment of all operating expenses and reserves for depreciation and taxes there was reported net income of $8,552,825, against $7,940,327 the year before. The profit and loss surplus on June 30, 1923, was $24,155,969, against $21,645,485 on the same date last year.

FREIGHT LOADINGS APPROACH RECORD

Total of 1,033,130 Cars for Week Ended Aug. 4 Is Only 7,914 Below High Mark.

Although the car loadings of 1,033,130 for the week ended Aug. 4 were the second largest for any one week in the history of American railroads, the total slumped 7,914 cars below that of the previous week, when 1,041,044 cars were loaded. Compared with the previous week, a decrease in all the groups was reported, according to the American Railway Association.

Despite this decrease, the total for the week ended Aug. 4 was 190,467 in excess of the same week last year, and 246,963 cars more than in the same week of 1921. While the number of cars loaded with revenue freight for the week showed an increase throughout the country of 22.6 per cent. over the corresponding week of last year, freight loadings in the western district increased only 15.3 per cent. and in the southern district 17.1 per cent. The increase in the eastern district was 30.3 per cent., partly due to curtailment of the coal loadings last year because of the miners' strike.

Except for grain and grain products, all commodity loadings showed an increase over the corresponding week of last year. The 52,871 cars of grain loaded were 289 cars fewer than last week; 5,383 fewer than in the same week of last year and 6,571 fewer than in the same period of 1921.

Loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous freight, generally considered a criterion of business conditions, totaled 585,139 cars, or 685 fewer than in the previous week, but an increase of 54,826 over the corresponding week of last year, and an increase of 119,524 cars over 1921.

The following is a comparison of the total loadings of four weeks in this year and the past three years:

	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.
Aug. 4	1,033,130	832,673	784,761	835,730
July 28	1,041,044	848,899	786,970	838,886
July 21	1,028,927	825,543	780,943	828,418
July 14	1,018,067	850,686	776,352	842,851

The high record for all time was 1,041,044 cars loaded in the week ended July 28, 1923. The largest loading for any week in 1922 was 1,014,480 cars on Oct. 28, and for 1920, 1,015,530 cars on Oct. 14.

Live stock loadings for the week ended Aug. 4 totaled 31,490 cars, a decrease of 369 cars from the preceding week, but 4,967 more than in the same week of last year.

Coke loadings totaled 13,458 cars, 518 fewer than in the preceding week, but 5,000 cars more than in the corresponding week last year. This also was an increase of 9,110 cars above the same week two years ago.

LARD AND HOG PRICES RISE.

Lamb and Beef Stocks Gain Also in Chicago Markets.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Lard gained 15@17½ cents on removing of hedges by small packers, presumably against false sales for export, and on the strength in hogs. The latter were up 15@25 cents, with top at $8.70, or only 15 cents under the best figure of the year.

Shippers took about 25 per cent. of the receipts. Packers were slow in taking hold, some being out of the market.

Better grades of steers were 10@15 cents higher, with heavy steers up to $12.60 and yearlings to $12.80, a new high for the year.

Lambs gained 25 cents on a better shipping demand, with a top of $13.25 for Westerns.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Rally in Stocks Continued.

The sharp upward movement in stock market prices which created considerable interest in the last hour of business on Tuesday was continued yesterday and some substantial gains were recorded in the more active speculative issues like American Can, Studebaker, Baldwin, Bethlehem Steel and Republic Steel, while stocks in the class of Steel common, Reading, General Electric, American Car and Foundry and Steel common also recorded good gains for the day. About the only weak spot in the entire list was in the independent oil shares, which reacted sharply, due to the situation created by the cut in gasoline prices in the West, which is expected to affect the smaller companies more than the Standard Oil units. But even the low-priced oils recovered part of their loss in the late dealings. Standard oil issues were firm. In connection with the further rally in stocks yesterday reports were circulated to the effect that several of the recent active bearish professionals had switched to the long side of the market. The only information which would appear to substantiate such reports was the statement made in several quarters that most of the buying yesterday was short covering.

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Independent Oils Again Weak.

The independent oil stocks yesterday experienced another sharp setback in prices as a result of the slashing of gasoline prices in the Middle Western States, with less drastic cuts in other sections. Many of the stocks of the independent companies dropped from 1 to 2 points or more and some of them sold down to the lowest prices for the year to date. The weakest stocks in the group included Marland Oil, Cosden & Co., Producers and Refiners and Sinclair. The break in Mexican Seaboard issues was due to the passing of the dividend. While the drop in the independent stocks was caused mainly by the statements of oil trade leaders that gasoline was being sold below the cost of production, the belief exists that the present low prices will be of short duration and that drastic steps will soon be taken to alleviate the situation. But while this appears to be the consensus, the heavy liquidation in the oil stocks yesterday was the result of reports freely circulated that the various smaller companies would be unable to maintain current dividend payments if the situation were prolonged.

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German Possibilities.

Many international bankers express the opinion that there is too great a disposition in this country, as well as in London, to base judgment of present industrial conditions in Germany on current mark quotations, overlooking the possibility that the currency inflation might have been the result of a scheme of a clique of industrialists to aid in avoiding reparations payments and to enrich themselves. The fact that German purchases and sales now are on either a sterling or a dollar basis has led many international bankers to the conclusion that it possibly will not be so difficult as it has been for German manufacturers to make arrangements for foreign credit for the purchase of raw materials. In other words, the opinion is held here that the absolute elimination of the mark will eventually bring about a rebound in Germany's foreign trade, through further uses of balances which have been built up in other currencies.

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Exchange of Small Countries.

A study of exchange rates as they concern some of the smaller countries of Europe affords some interesting comparisons. A year ago the Greek drachma, which at par is worth 19.3 cents, sold on demand for 3.33 cents, as against about 1.85 today; the Hungarian crown, par value 20.3 cents, brought .07⅞ of a cent a year ago, compared to .0057; the dinar of Yugoslavia, normally 19.3 cents, has dropped from 1.23 cents to 1.07; the Rumanian leu, par 19.3 cents, was .68 a year ago, compared to .46 today; Finland's fitmark, par 19.3 was 2.13 against 2.78 today; Sweden's krona, of 26.8 par value, was 26.25 cents a year ago, against a late quotation of 26.70; Norway's krone of the same parity was 17.39 a year ago, against 16.77, and a Czechoslovakia's crown, which at par is 20.3, was .0028 a year ago, against .0014 of a cent. It is to be observed that Greece, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Rumania and Norway exhibited losses for the twelve months, while Sweden is back within a tenth of a cent of parity; Finland, while still far below par, gained .68 of a cent, and Czechoslovakia gained .0004 of a cent.

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"Home Comforts" and Utility Bonds.

In the public utility field no great surprise is expressed at the fact that $601,910,936 in new public utility securities were sold during the first half of this year. Even though this is an increase of almost $100,000,000 over last year, and more than double that of 1920, students of the situation predict that the coming years will see a steady trend upward in the amount and number of public utility offerings. This prediction is based on improved living conditions in the United States. An official in charge of financing for one of the largest utility companies in the world, just back from a trip through the country, said that the thing which astounded him most was that living conditions are so greatly improved in comparison with ten or fifteen years ago. Other utility men have made the same observation and point out that improved living conditions at once call for the installation of gas, electric lights and telephone service. Most of the proposed new financing is to provide facilities to meet this popular demand for greater "home comforts."

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Railroad Bond Issues.

The scarcity of railroad bond issues in Wall Street of late is due more to the condition of the market than to the fact that the railroads are not in need of additional funds, in the opinion of railroad men. Much has been said, they point out, about the large volume of financing during the first part of the year being responsible for this decrease. A comparison of the actual figures shows that the railroads raised but $252,992,500 for bonds during the first six months this year, against $443,666,850 in the same period last year and $362,364,000 in 1921. Taking these figures into consideration, they declare that the railroads are not through with their financing for this year. The prices of railroad stocks and bonds have decreased so steadily that any company offering securities at this time would have to compete with its own issues, they say. In some instances gilt-edge railroad bonds are yielding at market prices as high as 5¼ per cent. and others, considered more speculative, as much as 7 and 8 per cent. But despite this, they show that market unsettlement has not discouraged railroad officials, a number of whom have announced that their plans for improvement will be as great during 1924 as they were this year.

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Car Loadings.

To those in the railroad district who have referred to car loadings of the last few weeks as an indication that the July depression in business was over, and that car loadings would climb steadily until October, the report for the week of Aug. 4, made public yesterday, was a complete surprise. Even more so was the fact that the decrease in loadings was not confined to any one group, but extended generally over all commodities, at a time when they were expecting an increase in loadings. In railroad circles, it is pointed out, that while the loadings in 1920 showed an upward trend in August, there were slight decreases in the same month of 1921 and 1922. Attention also has been called to the fact that the loadings of 1,033,130 cars reported for the week constituted the second largest week of car loadings in history.

Have You Created an Estate?

The securities you have in your estate will indicate the intelligence and care with which you made your investments.

Upon request we will be pleased to review your securities and make such suggestions as in our opinion appear constructive and advisable.

Inquiries Welcomed

W. C. Langley & Co.
Investments
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Established 1865

7.60%
Yield; a Secured Gold Note; a Prosperous Company
Maturity 1932

This security is the direct obligation of an established corporation which is the leading independent manufacturer in the United States of steel specialty products in wide use. For the six months ended June 30, 1923, the corporation reports earnings available for interest in excess of such charges for the entire year.

Full description of this Note furnished on request.

Ask for Circular 434

Hambleton & Co.
43 Exchange Place, New York
Philadelphia BALTIMORE Washington

We Suggest

Sugar Estates of Oriente, Inc.
First Mortgage Sinking Fund 7% Bonds
Due Sept. 1, 1942
At market to yield about 7.30%

We are prepared to execute Commission Orders in these Bonds, which we have selected with especial reference to safety and marketability.

The particular reasons for this suggestion are set forth in our Letter T-10.

COPY SENT ON REQUEST

Potter & Company
Members New York Stock Exchange
5 Nassau St. New York

Changing Conditions

THE status of a bond or stock is often vitally affected by changing conditions.

Without obligation on your part, our Investment Department will analyze your security holdings and suggest exchanges should it seem advisable.

TOBEY & KIRK
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St., New York 208 So. La Salle St., Chicago

Charcoal Iron Co. of America
8% First Mortgage Bonds
Due November 1, 1931

Company will soon publish the fourth redemption notice calling bonds in the amount of $100,000 at 112.50 on November 1, 1923. Each six months $100,000 of these bonds will be drawn for redemption at prices shown below:

Call Date	Price	Call Date	Price
Nov. 1, 1923	112.50	Nov. 1, 1927	107.50
May 1, 1924	111.94	May 1, 1928	106.92
Nov. 1, 1924	111.50	Nov. 1, 1928	105.45
May 1, 1925	110.92	May 1, 1929	104.50
Nov. 1, 1925	110.45	Nov. 1, 1929	103.73
May 1, 1926	109.50	May 1, 1930	102.95
Nov. 1, 1926	108.95	Nov. 1, 1930	101.51
May 1, 1927	107.73	May 1, 1931	100.57

Present market price about
93½ and interest
Special Letter upon request.

P. W. CHAPMAN & CO. INC.
42 Cedar St. New York 116 So. La Salle St. Chicago

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
623,100	534,116	320,261	658,685	462,802	149,178,142	160,561,686	107,568,404	144,170,923½	191,573,672

1923. High.	1923. Low.	Sales.	Stocks and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
82	68	100	Adams Express (5)	70	70	70	70	+ 1½	69	71
19½	9	100	Advance Rumely	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¼	9¾
54½	32½	100	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	33	33	33	33	+ ½	32½	33
14⅝	6	200	Ajax Rubber	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛	6¾	7
80	39½	3,600	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	62¾	64½	62¾	64½	+ 1½	64½	65
51⅜	37⅛	1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	41¼	42	41⅜	42		41⅝	42
30⅝	10¾	1,000	Amer. Agricultural Chem.	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛	11¾	12
68⅞	29	100	Amer. Agricul. Chem. pf.	30½	30½	30½	30½		30	30¾
91¼	77	100	Amer. Bank Note (5)	81	81	81	81	+ 1½	79½	81½
55¼	50½	200	Amer. Bank Note pf. (5)	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	+ ¼	53	55¼
40½	27	100	Amer. Beet Sugar	27½	27½	27½	27½		27	28
69	35¼	100	Amer. Bosch Magneto	38	38	38	38	+ 2	32	35
106	73⅞	21,000	American Can (5)	90¾	92⅞	90¾	92⅜	+ 1½	92¼	92⅜
115	106	100	American Can pf. (7)	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾		109½	110
189	148½	700	Amer. Car & Fdry. (12)	160	161⅜	160	161⅜	+ ⅝	161	161½
23	20⅜	200	American Chain A (50c)	21	21½	21	21½		21	21½
25¾	14	100	American Cotton Oil pf.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ¼	16	16½
117¼	87⅜	500	American Ice (7)	93¾	93¾	93¾	93⅝	+ ⅛	93½	93¾
89	78	100	American Ice pf. (6)	82	82	82	82		81	85
83⅜	16⅛	400	American International	17⅜	18	17⅜	18	+ ½	17⅜	18
38	17	200	American Linseed	18¾	18¾	18⅝	18½	+ ½	18¼	19
74⅜	64⅜	9,400	American Locomotive (6)	72⅝	73⅞	72⅜	73⅞	+ 1½	73¼	73⅜
65¾	40¾	700	American Metal (4)	44	45¾	44	45¾	+ 1⅝	45¼	45½
116	76	100	American Radiator (4)	85¾	78¼	78⅝	78⅝	+ ⅛	77⅜	78¼
21⅜	10¾	400	Amer. Ship & Commerce	12	12	12	12		11½	12¼
60¼	53	2,300	Amer. Smelt. & Refin. (5)	57⅜	58	57½	58	+ ½	57¾	58
102¾	88	100	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf. (7)x d	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	+ 1	93	95¾
40⅝	31⅝	600	Amer. Steel Fdry. (2)	35	35	35	35		34	35¼
86	57	800	Amer. Sugar Refining	55¾	58¾	55	58	— ½	58	59
125¾	110¾	1,500	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	122¾	122⅞	122⅝	122⅞	— ⅛	122¾	123
161⅜	140¾	200	American Tobacco (12)	144½	144½	144½	144½		144	145¾
44⅜	37¾	100	American W. Wrks. & El.	37⅞	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛	36¾	37½
88	85¾	200	Am. W.W. & El. 1st pf. (7)	90	90¾	90	90¾		89¾	89¾
109¾	98½	2,600	American Woolen (7)	104¾	106	104¾	106	+ 1¼	104¾	105
111⅝	99⅝	100	American Woolen pf. (7)	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾		100¾	101
54	7	400	Amer. Writing Paper pf.	8	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛	7¾	8½
53¾	38	700	Anaconda Copper (3)	40	40	39½	39¾	+ ¾	39¾	40
89	62¾	400	Associated Dry Goods (4)	81⅝	81¾	81¾	81¾		81	81½
134	103	700	Associated Oil (6)	106	106	106	106	— 2	105	106
103⅝	94½	2,100	Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (6)	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾	+ ⅛	96¼	96½
99⅝	89⅞	400	Atch., Top. & S. Fe pf. (5)	88	88	88	88		87½	88¼
127	109¾	300	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	111½	111½	110⅝	110⅝	— ¾	111	112
84	84	300	Atlantic Gulf & W. Indies	13	13	13	13¼	+ ¼	13¼	14
35¾	17	100	Austin Nichols	19	19½	19½	19½		19	20¼
114⅝	110¼	32,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	113⅝	115⅝	113⅝	115⅝	+ 1⅝	113⅝	113¾
56¾	40¾	4,000	Baltimore & Ohio	45	46⅞	45	45⅝	+ ⅛	45⅝	45¾
35	10	200	Barnsdall Class A	10¾	10¾	10	10		10	11
⅝	⅛	300	Batopilas Mining							
84½	51	300	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	64¼	66	64½	65	+ 3	62	65
76	41⅜	7,100	Bethlehem Steel (8)	45	49¾	45	49¾	+ 4¼	48	49¾
121½	104½	300	Brklyn Edison Electric (8)	108½	110¾	108½	110¾	+ ¾	110	110¾
15⅝	9	500	Brklyn. R. T. stk. of dep.	11	11	11	11		10¾	11
110¼	94¾	100	Brklyn Rapid Transit	96	96	96	96	— ¼	95	96
12⅝	5	1,600	Brown Shoe	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	+ ⅛	5¾	6
50	44	200	Calumet & Arizona (4)	48	48	48	48	+ ¼	47½	48¼
160	140¼	5,800	Canadian Pacific (10)	146	146⅞	146	146	— ¼	146	146¼
40¾	13½	1,100	Central Leather Co.	16	16¼	15⅝	15⅝	+ 1¼	15⅝	16½
70¾	40⅜	400	Central Leather Co. pf.	44½	45¾	44½	45¼	+ ¾	44¾	45¼
50¾	30⅜	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+ 1⅛	38¾	39¾
76	46⅜	2,100	Chandler Motor (6)	50¾	50¾	50	50		49	50¾
76¾	57	500	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	+ ¾	59¼	59¾
26	9	100	Chicago Alton	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	9¾
6¾	3½	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾		4¾	4¾
38⅜	10	200	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	21	22	21	22	+ 2	21½	22
62¾	46½	400	Chicago & Eastern Ill. pf.	46½	46½	47¾	46½	— ½	47	48
17	8½	100	Chicago Great Wn. pf.	10	10	10	10	— ¼	10	10½
28¾	14½	1,000	Chicago, Milw. & St. Paul	15	15¼	15	15¼		15¼	15⅝
45¾	24¼	2,600	Chicago, Milw. & St. P. pf.	25	26¼	25	26¼	+ ¼	26¼	26½
68	61⅝	400	Chicago & Northwn. (5)	63½	64¾	63¾	64¼	— ¼	64¼	64¾
90¾	75¾	400	Chicago Pneu. Tool (5)	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾		80¾	81
27⅝	19¼	700	Chicago, R. I. & Pacific	21½	21¾	21½	21¾		21¾	22
65	60¾	400	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	64¼	65¾	64¼	65¼	+ ¼	65¼	65
30¾	24¼	400	Chile Copper	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾		25¾	26
20¾	15¾	9000	Chile Exploration Co.	16¾	17	16¾	16¾		16¾	17
78¾	60	800	Cluett, Peabody (3)	65	65	65	65	— ¼	64	65¼
83¾	73¾	2,900	Coca-Cola (7)	77¼	78	76¾	78	— ¼	77¾	78
35⅜	25	800	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26¾	27	26¾	27	+ ¼	27	28
37⅞	30¼	800	Columbia Gas & El. (2.80)	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ¼	34¾	34¾
2¾	⅝	1,000	Columbia Graphophone	1	1	1	1		1	1
12¾	3	100	Columbia Graphophone pf.	4	4	4	4	— ¼	4	5
30	15	100	Commercial Solvents	25	25	25	25		24	25
83½	67	900	Comput. Tab. Record. (6)	72¾	73⅝	72¾	73⅝	+ ⅝	73	73½
24¾	16	500	Consolidated Cigar	21	21¼	21	21¼	+ ¼	21	22
69¾	53¾	4,100	Consolidated Gas (5)	61¾	61¾	61	61⅝	+ ¼	61⅜	61¾
14¾	6¼	1,900	Consolidated Textile	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾		7¾	8
52¾	42¾	5,400	Continental Can (4)	45⅝	46¾	45¾	46¾	+ ¾	46	46¾
107¾	90	100	Continental Insurance (6)	90	90	90	90		89½	90
12¾	6⅝	100	Continental Motors	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ¼	7¼	7¾
135¾	114⅜	2,800	Corn Prod. Ref. (17½)	128⅛	129⅝	121½	122¾	— 4½	122¾	122⅞
62¾	29⅜	17,500	Cosden Co. (4)	30¾	31	29¾	30¾	+ ¾	30¾	30¼
84¾	57¾	2,200	Crucible Steel (4)	63¾	63¾	62	62¾	+ 1	62¾	63¼
87¾	58¾	100	Cruc. Steel pf. (7)	67	67	67	67		66½	67½
10¾	6¾	400	Cuba Cane Sugar	10	10¼	10	10¼		10	10¾
12¾	8¾	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾		8¾	9
24¾	14¾	2,900	Cuban American Sugar	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾		24¾	25
61¾	40¾	400	Cuyamel

No. 3 Investment Service

When Should Bonds Be Purchased?

Cycles are present in the bond market, as in general business where depression, prosperity, inflation follow one another.

There are times when long term bonds should be purchased, others when it is best to invest in short term notes. Certain seasons of the year are generally marked by a firming up of prices.

A knowledge of these factors is essential, but the investor who is active in his own business often cannot spare the necessary time. Our service is designed to do this for you. We shall be glad to explain it fully, if you will write, giving a brief description of your holdings.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

We recommend purchase

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS

Convertible Adjustment

5%

Bonds

Price about 51
Yielding about 10%

Listed on New York Stock Exchange

Send for detailed Circular T87

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Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

ARE any of your bonds selling above their callable prices? Have you any bonds likely to be called for payment? If any of your holdings are convertible, are you familiar with the conversion features? Our

Investors' Service Department

will be glad to check up for you these and other important points, without obligation on your part.

Investment List 970 Furnished on Request

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia Pittsburgh
Baltimore Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange

$25,000
Sturgis, Goshen & St. Louis
1st 3s, 1989
6834 & Int.
To net about 4.95%

$50,000
Chicago, Indiana & Southern
4s, 1956
8434 & Int.
To net about 5.00%

$50,000
Cin., Ind., St. Louis & Chicago
Gen. 1st 4s, 1936
86¾ & Int.
To net about 5.10%

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.
Phones
40 Wall St., New York. John 0367, 4880
Municipal and Railroad Bonds

HOAGLAND, ALLUM & Co.
INCORPORATED
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Safe Bonds for Investment

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List of offerings T-14
Investment Record T. R.-14

OFFICES
115 Broadway, New York
Chicago

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1923.

Day's Sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
United States Government bonds..	$1,677,240	$2,928,200	$5,871,200	$5,198,500	$7,296,850
Other domestic bonds	4,906,000	6,717,000	2,519,500	1,717,500	1,324,000
Foreign bonds	1,676,000	1,815,500	878,500	356,000	394,500
Total all bonds	$8,259,240	$11,460,700	$9,269,200	$7,272,000	$9,015,300
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds..	$512,770,480	$1,161,908,350	$1,180,678,580	$1,827,975,000	$1,506,443,000
Other domestic bonds	1,004,468,900	1,231,233,200	534,371,200	362,017,500	343,279,489
Foreign bonds	302,608,900	402,621,300	193,311,700	180,943,300	192,450,100
Total all bonds	$1,819,848,280	$2,795,762,850	$1,908,361,430	$2,370,935,800	$2,042,172,589

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

—Range Since Date of Issue.— High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	—Range, '23.— High.	Low.	Sale.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19,'22	96.1	June 2,'21	101.30	100.00	366	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	100.2	100.5	100.2	100.4	+.3	100.3	100.5	3.40
102.25	Oct. 19,'22	86.4	July 1,'21	101.28	99.31	10	Liberty 3½s, reg	100.3	100.3	100.3	100.3	+.3	....	....	....
101.25	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	98.30	97.5	35	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	98.9	98.8	98.8	98.8	+.3	98.4	....	4.12
101.25	July 24,'22	83.25	May 19,'20	98.12	97.3	....	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.25	July 25,'22	81.12	May 20,'20	96.12	96.12	2	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	98.8	98.8	98.8	98.7	+.1	98.7	98.8	4.14
100.16	July 14,'22	81.15	May 21,'20	96.16	96.16	....	Lib. 2d 4s, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 16,'22	90.00	June 7,'20	100.00	97.5	....	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s,'32-47	....	....	....	....	....	97.10	96.10	....
101.25	July 13,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	99.8	98.22	66	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.8	98.9	98.7	98.7	+.1	98.7	98.9	4.27
101.14	July 24,'22	84.00	July 20,'20	98.28	96.20	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	....	....	....	....
101.00	July 24,'22	81.12	May 20,'20	98.3	96.24	3234	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.7	98.9	98.8	98.9	+.2	98.7	98.9	4.27
100.25	July 23,'22	83.16	Dec. 23,'20	98.28	96.21	4	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	98.9	98.4	98.4	98.4	....	98.4	....	....
101.00	July 20,'22	83.20	Dec. 20,'20	98.6	97.25	1924	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.28	98.29	98.27	98.29	+.1	98.27	98.29	4.50
100.27	July 25,'22	82.12	May 19,'20	99.1	97.17	....	Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.27	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	98.6	98.27	640	Lib. 4th, 4¼s, 1933-38	98.9	98.10	98.8	98.9	+.1	98.8	98.10	4.41
101.00	July 26,'22	82.15	May 20,'20	99.00	98.28	20	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg	98.8	98.7	98.3	98.7	+.1	....	....	....
100.4	Oct. 19,'22	98.1	Mar. 27,'23	100.1	98.1	15	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	98.18	99.19	99.17	99.17	—.1	99.17	99.18	4.27
100.09	Feb. 14,'23	98.30	Apr. 28,'23	100.00	98.30	....	Treasury 4¼s, reg	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine Ism 7s, 1927 1st'27..102 1st'27..102½ 3.....102¼ 2d10f..101¾ 6.....102¼ 2.....105 2.....102¾ Austrian Govt gtd s f 7s, 1943, int rcts 5..... 80 3..... 80¼ 12..... 80 12..... 80½ 1..... 80 4st'27..80½ 1..... 80½ 2..... 80 2..... 80½ Cy Bordeaux 6s, 1934 9..... 74½ 24..... 74½ 2..... 74¾ Cy Christiania s f 8s, 1945 5.....106¾ Cy Copenhgn 5½s, 1944 1..... 88½ 3..... 88½ 1..... 89¼ Cy Gr Prague 7½s, 1952 4..... 75 Cy Lyons 6s, 1934 7..... 74½ 1..... 75 84..... 74½ 5..... 74¾ 5..... 74½ 1..... 74½ Cy Marseilles 6s, 1934 9..... 74½ 5..... 74½ 5..... 74¾ 4..... 74½ 5..... 74¾ Cy Por Alegre s f 8s, 1961 5..... 90 Cy Rio de Jan s f 8s, 1946 1..... 92½ s f 8s, 1947 1..... 91 3..... 91½ 1..... 91 3..... 90¾ 15..... 91 1..... 91¾ Cy Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952, int rcts 4..... 87 City Belgrade 6s, 1934 1..... 78 City of Tokio 5s, 1952 10..... 74¾ Czechoslovak Rep 8s, 1951 5..... 92¼ 5..... 92¾ 1..... 92¼ Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser A, 1946 2.....107¼ s f 8s, Ser B, 1946 1.....107¼ Dept of the Seine temp 7s, 1942 1..... 79¾ 1..... 80 1..... 79¾ 15..... 80 .5..... 79½ 6..... 80 Dom of Can 5s, 1926 2..... 99¾ 3..... 99¾ 2..... 99¾ 1..... 99¾ 1..... 99¾ 5½s, 1929 11.....101¾ 5.....101¾ 3.....101¾ 1.....101¾ 1.....101¾ 5s, 1931 3..... 99¾ temp 5s, 1952 1..... 82½ 1..... 82¾ 1..... 83 12s'27.. 80¼ Dutch E Ind s f 5½s,1953, trust rcts 5..... 92 5..... 91¾ 15..... 91¾ 12..... 91¾ 1..... 91¼ 1st'27..90¾ Jurgens (Ant) Un Mar Wks 6s, int rcts, 1947 3..... 74 14..... 75¼ King of Belg 6s, 1925 22..... 95¼ 7½s, 1945 6..... 96¼ 2..... 96 7..... 96¼ 2..... 96 1..... 96¼ 38..... 96 5s, 1941 1..... 97 King of Denmark 6s,1942 4..... 99¾ 22..... 98¼ 2..... 98 10..... 96 5s, 1945 14.....100¾ 2.....100¾ 1.....100¾ King of Italy 6½s, 1925 1..... 96¼ 1..... 96¼ King of Netherlands s f 6s, 1973 28.....101¾ 20.....101¾ 2.....101¾ 17.....101½ King of Norway s f 6s, int ctfs, '52 5..... 97 1..... 96¾ 48..... 96¾ 3..... 96¾ 14..... 96¾ 15..... 96 15..... 95¾ 1..... 95¾ 8s, 1940 16.....110 King of Ore Serbs, Croats & Slovens 8s, 1962 8..... 96¾ 18 c..... 96 5..... 96½ 1..... 96½ King of Swed 6s, 1939 5.....104¾ 5.....104¾ Paris-Lyons-Med R R 6s, 1958 1..... 98 1..... 97¾ 63..... 97½ 6..... 97 1..... 97¼ 5..... 97 1..... 97 Paulist Ry 1st & ref 7s, '42, Ser A 1..... 95½ 1..... 96 Rep of Bolivia s f 8s, 1941 1..... 88¼ 1..... 89¾ Rep of Chile s f 7s, 1942 2.....114¾ 1..... 96 1..... 95 1..... 95 1..... 95 1..... 95 1..... 95 Rep of Cuba s f 5½s, '53, int ctfs 5..... 99½ 9.....100 12.....103¾ State of Queensland 6s, 1947 12.....100¼ 7.....100¾ 5.....100¾ 1.....100¾ s f 7s, 1941 2.....106¾ State of Rio Grnde do Sul 8s, 1946 5..... 95 1..... 95¼ State of San Paulo s f 8s, 1936 1..... 89¾ Swiss Confed 8s, 1940 2.....114¾ Un Kingd of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1929 3..... 112 2.....111¾ 15.....112 5½s, 1937 10.....101¾ 7.....101¼ 10.....101¾ 5.....101¾ 1.....101¾ 2.....101¾ 2.....101¾ 25.....101¾ 1s'27..101¾ U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952 2.....100 5s, 1941 1s'27.. 96 2..... 96 2..... 96¼ 2..... 96 2..... 96¼ Cent Rys of Brazil 6½s, 1952 8..... 81 2..... 81¼ Mtge Bk 6½s, 1957 20s'10.. 32 1..... 31½ 5s, 1945 5..... 53¼ 2..... 53 readj debt dep rcts 1..... 51 large 5..... 51¾ 5..... 52

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4½s, 1960 4½s, 1964 5.....100¼ Allegh & Wn 4s, 1998 3..... 83 Am Agr Chem cv 5s, 1928 3..... 96 7½s, 1941 1..... 96¾ 1..... 96¼ 1..... 96¾ Am Chain temp s f 6s, 1933 2..... 94 Am Republics deb 6s, 1951 2..... 88¼ 7..... 88¾ Am Sm & Ref 1st 5s, 1947 1..... 97¼ Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929 5..... 92¾ 18..... 92½ 2..... 92¾ 1..... 92¾ col tr 5s,1946 3..... 98 1..... 97¾ 1s'31.. 97¾ Am W Wks & Elec col tr 5s, 1934 1..... 84¼ Am Wr Paper 6s, 1939 2..... 64¼ 3..... 64¼ Anaconda Mar 1st s f 6s, Ser A, 1953 5..... 97¾ 14..... 97½ 2..... 97¾ 1..... 97¼ 10..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 3..... 97½ conv deb 7s, 1938 1..... 98¼ Atl Gulf & W I SS Lines col tr 5s, 1959 1..... 63½ 1..... 63¼ Atl Refg temp deb 5s, 1935 7..... 98¾ Balt & Ohio pr lien 3½s, 1925 1..... 93¾ 20..... 93¾ gold 4s, 1948 1..... 77¼ 10..... 77¼ 1..... 77¼ cv 4½s, 1933 8..... 81¼ ref 5s, 1995 1..... 83¼ 1..... 83½ 6s 3..... 100¾ 12..... 100¾ 1s10f..100¾ P L E & W Va 4s, 1941 9..... 75¾ 2..... 75½ 1..... 76 1s'27.. 76¾ ref 4s, 1941 1..... 70¼ 4s, 1951 1..... 70¼ Barnsdall Cp s f 8s, 1931 1..... 93 1..... 94 Bell Tel of Pa 1st & ref 5s, 1948 5..... 97¾ 2..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 1..... 97¾ 2..... 97¾ Beth Steel 6½s, 1926 1..... 99 2..... 99¾ pur mon 5s, 1926 8..... 97¾ 1st & ref 5s, 1942 1..... 93¾ 1..... 94 2..... 93 s f 5½s, Ser B,1953,temp 1..... 89¾ s f 6s, 1948 5..... 98 Braden Cop s f 6s, 1931 5..... 99¾ Bklyn C R R 5s, 1941 1..... 84½ Bklyn Ed gen 7s, Ser C, 1930 2..... 107 Ser D, '40 13..... 109 gen 5s, Ser A, 1949 1..... 97¼ Bklyn Un Gas con 7s, 1932 3..... 109¾ 1..... 109 Bush Ter Bldg gtd 5s, '65 4..... 99½ Camaguey Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942 2..... 98¾ Can S S Lines 1st s f 7s, 1949 1..... 83½ 1..... 83¼ Can Gen Elec deb 6s, Ser A, tr rcts 1..... 101 Can Nor 6½s, 1946 1..... 113 5.....113¾ 1.....113½ 7s, 1940 1.....113¾ Can Pac deb 4s 5..... 80 1..... 79¾ 3..... 80 20..... 80¾ 10..... 79¾ 19..... 80 Carol Clinchfield & Ohio 5s, 1938 5..... 93 5 Ser A, 1952 2..... 96¾ 2..... 97 Cen of Ga con 5s, 1945 15..... 95½ Cen Leather 5s, 1925 10..... 97¼ 27..... 97 1..... 97¼ Cen N E 4s, 1961 7..... 97½ gen 4½s, '69 1..... 78¾ ref 4½s, 2014 1..... 80¾ 1..... 80¾ 1(3)... 81 Cen Pac guar 4s, 1949 1..... 86¾ 10..... 87¼ 40..... 87 30..... 86¾ 10..... 86½ 10..... 87 Cerro de Pasco cv s f 8s, 1931 1..... 120 Ches & Ohio conv 5s, 1946 3..... 89 38..... 89 conv 4½s, 1930 2..... 83½ gen 4½s, '92 1..... 83¼ Chi & Alt 3½s, 1950 3..... 28½ 5s'27.. 23 2..... 28 Chi, Bur & Q tem 1st & ref 4s, 1971 1..... 89 C & E Ill 1st 5s, 1982 10..... 90¾ Chi Gt Wn 4s, 1959 9..... 49¾ coupn pay 3..... 49¾ & all sub coupn att'd 1..... 49¾ Chi & East Ill gen 5s, ism ctfs, 1951 1..... 76¾ Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1925 1..... 72 1..... 71¾ 1..... 71¾ 1..... 71¾ 2..... 71¾ 1s'27.. 70¾ 1..... 70¾ 4s, 1964 1..... 53 2s10f.. 52½ con 4½s,1952 3..... 85¼ 2..... 85 1..... 85 3..... 85 1..... 85¼ 1..... 85¼ 1..... 85¼

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Ashtabula Co., Ohio.
6% Bonds—Due 1926 to 1939
To Yield 5.00%

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37 Wall Street New York

$20,000,000 LOANED TO COTTON GROWERS

Seaboard National Bank and Goldman, Sachs & Co. Finance Texas Planters.

CROP TO BE PUT IN STORAGE

Advance Believed to Represent Around 65 Per Cent. of Value of the Security.

The Seaboard National Bank and Goldman, Sachs & Co. will loan $20,000,000 or more to the Texas Farm Bureau Cotton Association to finance that organization's marketing of approximately 250,000 bales of Texas cotton through a co-operative plan, it was definitely learned yesterday. The negotiations were begun on July 18, when Colonel Sloan Simpson, Trustee and Treasurer of the Farm Bureau, arrived in New York, and virtually were concluded last week when he left for Dallas to report to his association, which is the largest of its kind, having a membership of 27,000 planters. The final pegging down of details was not completed until yesterday, however, when the contract was approved by the banking group.

The figure of $20,000,000 very likely will be exceeded, it became apparent yesterday, further advances to depend upon the requirements of the planters and also upon the price of cotton. Colonel Simpson said shortly before he left for the Southwest that he was desirous of obtaining $40,000,000, although he indicated that amount might be scaled down. He expressed confidence that $30,000,000 would be advanced should that amount be necessary.

Officers of the two banks which are a party to the transaction declined to make any statement, and in answer to questions as to the terms and amount of the loan suggested that such information was "confidential" and could not properly come from them. It was learned, however, that the loan is to be secured by warehouse receipts on cotton stored with the Houston Compress Company, which has the largest independent warehouse in that State and is connected in no way with the cotton association. Just what per cent. in money on value of cotton was advanced could not be ascertained, but last year the cotton association obtained approximately 65 per cent., and it is believed that this figure held good in the present contract, although Colonel Simpson tried to obtain an allowance of 70 per cent. The interest rate is understood to be 5 or 5½ per cent.

Scurity for the loan consists entirely of cotton which is stored and will be carefully graded in accordance with specifications outlined in the contract, which is a voluminous document providing for safeguards both for the bankers extending the loan and the cotton growers obtaining it. The Littial credit to be extended to the cotton growers will be $10,000,000, it is reported, this sum virtually equaling the total of a similar loan obtained last year which consisted of a $6,000,000 advance and of similar payments, bringing the total figure to $12,000,000.

The loan will be in the form of ninety-day acceptances, it is understood, and the final paper will expire on June 15 next. By that time, the farmers have assured the bankers, 90 per cent. of the crop will have been sold.

The new loan marks the third which the Texas Farm Bureau Cotton Association has obtained in New York. In the first year the association received $6,000,000 in advances and last year $12,000,000.

The advantage of the present financing method is said to consist chiefly of the fact that the planter does not receive the money for his crop in a lump sum. Prior to such an organization, he cashed in on his crop and often became extravagant. Under the new system, he draws money from month to month as he needs it and he is paid for his crop on the basis of $75 a bale as an initial payment. Later payments are made from time to time and a final payment is made when the crop has been sold and distribution completed.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Easier Tone at London—Holiday on Paris Bourse.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Gilt-edged securities were easier on the Stock Exchange today. Oil shares were quiet and British industrials firmer. Consols were ¼ lower at 58¾. British 5 per cent. war loan ¼ lower at 101¼, and 4½ per cent war loan unchanged at 96½. De Beers were ⅛ higher at 13, while Rand Mines were ⅛ lower at 2⅞.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—The Bourse was closed today on account of a holiday.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Holiday Abroad No Factor Here —Market Active, Rates Generally Lower.

Although most Continental markets were closed in observance of a holiday yesterday, dealings here in European remittances were on a decidedly more active scale than previously. The market started moderately firm and at slight concessions from Tuesday's finals, but heavy speculative offerings of all bills soon sent the list much lower, with particular weakness noticeable again in the francs of France and Belgium, both of which got down to new lows. Trading sentiment seemed to be depressed by cables suggesting that an acute stage in the relations between England and France had been reached and that economic reprisals against the British had been contemplated.

Paris bills started at 5.51 cents, just a shade under Tuesday, but pressure of offerings sent the rate down to 5.42 cents at the close. Belgian francs were 10 points lower at 4.42½ cents. Sterling and lire were also reactionary, London checks declining about ¼ cent to $4.58⅝, with lire at 4.28½ cents from a previous 4.30. Heaviness was also noted in the Spanish, Holland, Scandinavians and Central Europeans, while Germans marks ruled steady around 24 cents per million marks, unchanged.

Far Easterns and South Americans were firm, while Canadian moved up slightly to 97.77 cents.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 15, 1923.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Tuesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.57	$4.56⅝	$4.56⅝	$4.5611
PARIS	5.50	5.42	5.42	5.51½
ROME	4.82	4.77¼	4.78½	4.80
AMSTERDAM	39.30	39.26	39.27	39.29
BERLIN	.000038	.000036	.000036	.000036
MADRID	13.66	13.63	13.64	13.59
STOCKHOLM	26.70	26.63	26.65	26.70

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Tues.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86% per sovereign.				
Demand	4.56⅝	4.56⅛	4.56⅜	4.47½
Cables	4.56⅞	4.57⅛	4.56⅝	4.47¾
Com., 60 days	4.53¾	4.53¼	4.53⅛	4.45⅛
Com., 90 days	4.53⅜	4.52¾	4.52⅝	4.44¾
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.42	5.51½	5.62	7.90½
Cables	5.42	5.52	5.63½	7.91
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.28¼	4.30	4.28⅝	4.31
Cables	4.29	4.30½	4.29¼	4.31½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	4.42¼	4.52½	4.41⅝	7.50
Cables	4.43	4.53	4.42	7.50½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.000036	.000036	.000030	.10
Cables	.000036	.000036	.000030	.10
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014	.0014	.0014⅛	.0017
Cables	.0014	.0014	.0014⅛	.0017
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 29.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.92	2.92¼	2.93¼	2.93
Cables	2.92	2.92½	2.93½	2.93
DENMARK—Par, 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.64	18.57	18.23	21.67
Cables	18.67	18.60	18.26	21.59
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.78	2.78	2.77⅛	2.14
Cables	2.78	2.78	2.77½	2.14
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.83	1.95	1.85	3.33
Cables	1.86	1.98	1.88	3.33
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.27	39.29	39.36	38.84
Cables	39.31	39.33	39.40	38.89
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0057	.0057	.0060	.07¼
Cables	.0057	.0057	.0060	.07¼
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.06¾	1.07	1.08	1.22
Cables	1.06¾	1.07	1.08	1.23
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.65	16.77	16.17	17.39
Cables	16.66	16.80	16.20	17.41
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0004	.000425	.00045	.013
Cables	.0004	.000425	.00045	.013
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.43	.46	.50¾	.66
Cables	.43	.46	.50¾	.66
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata.				
Demand	13.64	13.59	13.92	15.69
Cables	13.66	13.61	13.92	15.70
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.65	26.70	26.55	26.275
Cables	26.68	26.73	26.57	26.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.10	18.06	18.25	19.06
Cables	18.13	18.11	18.28	19.07

FAR EAST.

	Wednesday.	Tues.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong:				
Demand	52.125	52.125	52.00	57.88
Cables	52.25	52.25	52.125	58.00
Peking:				
Demand	73.25	73.25	72.00	81.00
Shanghai:				
Demand	70.00	70.125	69.75	77.13
Cables	70.125	70.25	69.875	77.25
INDIA—Calcutta; Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.44	30.48	30.48	29.13
Cables	30.56	30.60	30.60	29.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	56.51	55.94	56.45	+ .40
25 industrials	106.29	101.66	102.92	+ .33
50 stocks	79.87	78.80	79.68	+ .49

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Aug. 14	79.30	78.28	79.19	+ .38
Aug. 13	79.21	78.50	78.81	— .09
Aug. 11	78.85	78.46	78.81	+ .45
Aug. 10	Stock Exchange closed.			
Aug. 9	78.71	77.98	78.44	— .19
Aug. 8	79.04	78.52	78.63	— .04

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High—		Low—		Last.
*1923	79.64	Aug. 8	77.33	Aug. 1	79.68
1923	83.91	Aug. 31	82.84	Aug. 2	83.56
1921	66.37	Aug. 3	58.57	Aug. 25	61.39
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	69.46
1919	80.46	Aug. 1	79.52	Aug. 21	85.95

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923	82.83	Mar. 6	77.27	July 21	79.68
†1922	85.77	Aug. 16	66.21	Jan. 10	85.14
Full Years.					
1922	85.06	Oct. 18	66.21	Jan. 10	85.54
1921	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	65.39
1920	94.57	Jan. 6	67.20	Dec. 21	67.20
1919	98.47	Oct. 21	69.78	Jan. 31	80.63
1918	90.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	78.59

DOMESTIC BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.55	+.13	+.24	—4.58

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

Aug. 14	76.42	—.03	Aug. 7	76.39	+.22
Aug. 13	76.45	+.08	Aug. 6	76.04	—.04
Aug. 11	76.37	—.02	Aug. 4	76.08	—.15
Aug. 10	Ex. closed		Aug. 3	Ex. closed	
Aug. 9	76.39		Aug. 2	76.22	—.04
Aug. 8	76.39	+.10	Aug. 1	76.37	+.34

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1923	78.48	Jan. 2	75.25	July 5	76.15
†1922	81.82	Aug. 9	75.01	Jan. 3	81.42
Full Years.					
1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.13
1921	76.21	Nov. 29	61.56	June 20	76.27
1920	81.14	Aug. 2	75.04	Aug. 9	79.86
1919	79.06	June 2	71.06	Dec. 7	72.09
1918	82.28	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	79.78

FOREIGN BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Week.	Month.
10 Govt. issues	99.24	—.46	—.66	—.51

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

Aug. 14	99.72	—.13	Aug. 7	99.92	+.18
Aug. 13	99.85	—.01	Aug. 6	99.74	—.12
Aug. 11	99.86	—.04	Aug. 4	99.86	—.10
Aug. 10	Ex. closed		Aug. 3	Ex. Closed	
Aug. 9	99.90		Aug. 2	100.01	+.09
Aug. 8	99.90	—.02	Aug. 1	100.01	+.09

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1923	101.14	June 7	96.92	Jan. 30	99.24

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

Far East.

	Wednesday.	Tues. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.75	38.75	38.825	39.00
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	48.83	48.80	48.79	47.75
Cables	48.95	48.92	48.91	47.875

SOUTH AMERICA.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.48 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	33.10	33.10	33.25	36.30
Cables	33.20	33.20	33.35	36.40
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	10.00	10.05	10.15	13.40
Cables	10.05	10.10	10.20	13.45
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.35	12.45	12.25	13.60
Cables	12.40	12.50	12.30	13.62
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.15	4.15	4.20	4.06
Cables	4.16	4.16	4.21	4.09
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	78.26	78.52	76.18	80.32
Cables	78.61	78.87	75.53	80.64

CANADA.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.77	97.74	97.69	99.93

RUSSIAN CURRENCY.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, $1.40 cents per rubis.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubis notes, per rubie	.05	.07½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.02¾	.02⅝

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1947	77½	78½
Arg. (restr'n)	4	1945	66	67
Belgian Pren.	8	1926	44	47
Belgian (restor'n)	5	Sep., 1934	41	41
Brazil	4	1889	39	40
Brazil	5½	1913	42	44
Brazil	5	1909	45½	47½
Brazil	4	1910	36	38
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	81	85
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	80	85
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	97	100
Brit. Nat. M. B.	5	1947-29	91	94
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1929	95	98
Brit. Exchequer	5½	1922	93	97
Canada	5	1937	95½	100½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1929	100⅜	103¼
Chile 1st	6	1911	68	71
City of Pelotas	6	1911	51	54
Colombia	6	1917	71	74
Costa Rica	6	1911	57	60
Cuba	6	1920	90½	96½
French Govt. Ue.	5	Jan., 1931	40½	42½
French Loan	4	1917	32½	33½
French Loan	5	May, 1920	45½	50½
French Loan	6	1920	48½	50½
Italian War Loan	5		37	37½
Midl. R. R.	6	1968	47	49
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1965	61½	64½
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1956	46½	48½
Russ. External	5½	Dec., 1951	10	11
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs.)			9½	11
Russ. External	6½	Dec., 1919	10½	12
Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs)			10	11
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1920	10	11
Russ. rentes of 1906	6		5½	6½
Russ. Ry. ctfs.			6½	7½
Sweden	6	June, 1939	104½	105½
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	98⅝	99
Uruguay	8	1919	88	89

Commonwealth Light & Power Company
AND
Interstate Electric Corporation

Combined Statement of Earnings and Expenses of Subsidiaries

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31st 1918 *	1919 *	1920 ***	1921 **	1922 *	Year Ended May 31, 1923 ***†	% Increase 1918 to 1923	Average 5 Years Ended Dec., 1922
Gross Earnings	$1,056,802	$1,219,454	$1,492,663	$1,655,794	$1,773,933	$1,972,749	86.6	$1,439,729
Operating Expenses including Taxes and Maintenance	756,360	885,639	1,172,515	1,093,059	1,171,775	1,275,262	68.6	1,015,869
Net available for Interest, Dividends, Depreciation, etc.	300,442	333,815	320,148	562,735	602,158	697,487	132.1	423,860
Maintenance	46,269	68,680	98,075	120,744	114,904	132,686		89,734
	4.37%	5.63%	6.57%	7.29%	6.48%	6.72%		6.23%
Depreciation	140,287	144,450	140,450	139,400	145,306	164,437		141,978
	13.27%	11.84%	9.41%	8.42%	8.19%	8.34%		9.86%
Total Maintenance and Depreciation	186,556	213,130	238,525	260,144	260,210	297,123		231,712
	17.65%	17.47%	15.98%	15.71%	14.67%	15.06%		16.09%
Expenditures for Improvements and Betterments	269,770	153,459	210,955	338,529	899,913	819,092		374,525

* Taken from A. Young & Company C.P.A. Reports. †Includes Michigan Public Service Co.
** Taken from Haskins & Sells C.P.A. Reports. *** Company Figures.

Average Maintenance and Depreciation, 16.09% of Gross.

92.39% Common and 78.08% Preferred Stock of Interstate Electric Corporation owned by Commonwealth Light & Power Company.

Gross Earnings, Five Years Ended December 31, 1922		$7,198,647
Maintenance	$448,674	
Depreciation	709,893	
Expenditures for Improvements and Betterments	1,872,627	
	$3,031,194	or 42.1% of Gross

Circulars giving complete details upon request.

A. E. FITKIN & COMPANY
165 Broadway, New York
Boston Los Angeles Chicago

Exempt from all Federal and New York State Income Taxes

$135,000

Town of Rye, N. Y.

Union Free School District No. 4
4½% and 4¾% Registered Bonds

Dated Sept. 1, 1923 Due Sept. 1, 1924-1933

Registered form, $1,000 denomination. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the First National Bank in Port Chester, N. Y.

Legal investments for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation, Taxable property	$19,167,282
Total Bonded Debt	744,000
Population (estimated) 18,000	

Prices yielding 4.40% and 4.35%

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
New York Buffalo Chicago

POSITIVELY *instead of* MAY BE!

IT is true that a bond secured by first-mortgages on income-earning properties MAY BE SAFE, even without a guarantee as to interest and principal. The PRUDENCE GUARANTEE on the face of the Bond simply takes the MAY BE out of the proposition and puts a POSITIVELY in!

We do not ask you merely to take our word for safety.

We offer you our entire resources to prove it!

They are PLEDGED as additional security for you.

Mail coupon and read the facts

The PRUDENCE COMPANY, Inc.
Under the supervision of N. Y. State Banking Dept.

NEW YORK
31 NASSAU STREET
Capital and Surplus $1,100,000

BROOKLYN
162 REMSEN STREET
Deposits now $100-$800-$1000

TEAR OUT F-416

The Prudence Co., Inc.
31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
Gentlemen:
Without obligation on my part, please send booklet "Building an Income with Guaranteed Bonds."
Name
Address

Copyright 1923, The Prudence Company, Inc.

Fill out and mail this coupon today!

New York Title & Mortgage Company
135 Broadway, New York
Send me your booklet T-82
Name
Address

Habit-Forming Investments

THE man who invests in our 5½%, Guaranteed First Mortgages or Certificates, from $100 up, and realizes that his principal is safe and the income sure, usually becomes a regular customer and stays with us—start this thrift habit today.

New York Title and Mortgage Company
Capital Funds over $8,000,000
135 Broadway, New York 205 Montague Street, Brooklyn
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City
White Plains 375 Fulton Street, Jamaica Staten Island

SECURE AS THE BEDROCK OF NEW YORK

CLAPP, DULANY & CO.

(Successors to Thos. M. McKee & Co.)
5 Nassau Street New York
Union Trust Bldg., Pittsburgh

THE present partnership, Thomas M. McKee and Co., consisting of Thomas M. McKee, Charles E. Clapp, Jr. and H. Earl Dulany having been this day dissolved by mutual consent the undersigned have formed a co-partnership under the above name for the continuance of a general business in bonds and investment securities.

CHARLES E. CLAPP
CHARLES E. CLAPP, JR.
H. EARL DULANY

August 16, 1923.

Legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York.

$133,000
City of Cohoes, N. Y.
Local Improvement 4½s
$5,000 Due May 1, 1924-30 Incl. On 4.25% basis
$8,000 Due May 1, 1924-37 Incl. On 4.20% basis
A. M. LAMPORT & COMPANY
Inc.
44 Pine St., N. Y. Phone John 5660.

Private Wires Cleveland—Detroit Denver—Boston
Procter & Gamble Com. & Pfd.
Firestone T. & R. Com. & Pfds.
Southwestern Bell Tel. Pfd.
Ohio Bell Telephone Pfd.
Sherwin-Williams Com. & Pfd.
Firestone T. & R. of Can. 7's, 1937
Unlisted Securities Dept.
OTIS & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
11 Wall St. Telephone: 2092 Whitehall

SHIELDS & COMPANY
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
27 PINE STREET
NEW YORK
INVESTMENT BONDS

ROBINSON & CO.
26 EXCHANGE PLACE
NEW YORK
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Underwriters and Distributors of Corporation Securities
John Nickerson & Co.
61 Broadway New York

Bi-Weekly
MARKET LETTER
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SHIPMAN & COMPANY
Members of New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Boston 9000

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BONDS
OF PROVEN VALUE AND READILY SALABLE
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
PHONE: LOCUST 4725

Low Prices of Good Stocks

conform to the view taken of conditions ahead, but are apt to over-discount matters. This is the case now which makes the present the

Right Time to Buy Sound Stocks Conservatively

Gerard Newell
15-25 Whitehall St., New York

Consolidated Statement

of

General Gas & Electric Corporation

and Subsidiary Companies

	Year ended June 30, 1923	*Year ended June 30, 1922*
Operating revenue	$15,080,200	$11,722,443
Operating expenses, taxes, maintenance, depreciation and rentals	11,166,030	8,479,519
Operating income	$ 3,923,170	$ 3,242,924
Other income	295,953	110,684
Total income	$ 4,219,123	$ 3,353,608
Deductions from income of subsidiary companies, including interest on funded debt and dividends on stocks held by public	2,716,589	2,072,653
Balance	$ 1,502,554	$ 1,280,955
Expenses and taxes of General Gas & Electric Corporation and interest on its funded debt	395,118	395,330
Net balance	$ 1,107,436	$ 885,625

**Earnings of properties acquired by Metropolitan Edison Company in 1922 and 1923 are included.*

In connection with the above figures it might well be added that $763,573 was set aside for depreciation reserves in the first six months of 1923 alone. The item of maintenance was also a large one, all of the properties having been kept in a highly efficient condition. As of June 30, 1923, combined surplus was $3,006,046 and combined depreciation reserves $2,510,525.

W. S. BARSTOW & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
Operating and Financial Managers of Public Utilities
50 Pine Street New York

New Issue

$1,500,000

Ottawa & Hull Power Company, Limited

7% Cumulative Preferred Stock

(with a bonus of Common Stock)

This prosperous Company has two Hydro-Electric Plants at Chaudiere Falls on the Ottawa River between the cities of Ottawa and Hull, with a capacity of 40,000 H.P. For future development the Company controls a power site capable of developing 60,000 H.P.

The Company serves an important manufacturing district, one of Canada's centres of lumber, pulp and paper industries where the demand for electric power is steadily growing. Its capitalization per H.P. is unusually low. Total interest and dividend bearing securities amount to only $100 per H.P.

The record of earnings has been steady and entirely adequate, while with the extension of properties made possible with this issue, even more profitable operation is assured.

Write for full details of this attractive offering.

NESBITT, THOMSON and Company, Limited

145 St. James St., Montreal

Toronto — Hamilton
London, Ont. — Winnipeg

361

Bankers Capital Corporation

Bank and other Financial Corporation Stocks

41 East 42nd Street
New York

Telephone Vanderbilt 1155

PENNSYLVANIA EDISON COMPANY

STATEMENT FOR 12 MONTHS TO JUNE 30TH

Operating Revenue	$2,923,653
Net income after all charge and dep.	594,666
Preferred dividends	144,813
Balance	449,853

EARNINGS FOUR TIMES DIVIDEND REQUIREMENTS

Subject to sale we offer the Preferred Stock for investment at the market, about $100 per share

TO YIELD ABOUT 8%

Complete Information on Request

Listed on New York Stock Exchange

Gilbert Elliott & Co.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
26 Exchange Place, New York

Bank & Trust Co. Stocks

McCLURE, JONES & REED

Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway — Phone Rector 8221

The **COAL & IRON NATIONAL BANK**

LIBERTY & WEST STREETS

Personal Service Headquarters

THE CHINESE MERCHANTS BANK, LTD. of HONGKONG, China

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Direct banking service through medium of native Chinese. Purchase, Sale and Collection of Bills, Issuing Letters of Credit.

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The First Chinese Bank in New York City
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Barclays Bank Limited

F. C. GOODENOUGH, Chairman

Agents and Correspondents in all Principal Towns of the World.

Head Office: 54, Lombard St., London, Eng.

Representative in America: H. POE ALTON
90 Wall St., New York City

NORWEGIAN BONDS IN STRONG DEMAND

New York Investors Expected to Take Greater Part of $20,000,000 Offering.

OTHER ISSUES ANNOUNCED

$2,100,000 Mortgage Notes of Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company Sold in Day.

Although it was too early yesterday to gauge accurately the response of the investment public to the offering of a new issue of $20,000,000 of Government of Norway twenty-year 8 per cent. gold bonds, it was announced by the National City Company that dealers throughout the country had evidenced a strong desire to take part in the flotation. In New York there were approximately thirty who took over units ranging from one or two millions down, in addition to the group which is described as the head of the selling organization, including besides the National City Company, J. P. Morgan & Co., the Guaranty Company of New York, Harris, Forbes & Co., Dillon, Read & Co., Lee, Higginson & Co., the Bankers Trust Company, Halsey, Stuart & Co. and Brown Brothers & Co.

Inquiry in the offices of four dealers who are taking part in the flotation, but whose names are not included in the group named above, indicated that public demand was good under existing conditions which, they explained, are dull owing to the absence of many customers on vacation and also of many bond salesmen. Distribution of the issue, it was stated, will be fairly well effected throughout the nation, with New York taking the major portion.

Another issue offered yesterday consisted of the $2,100,000 of Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company 7 per cent. mortgage notes, due in 1926, all of which notes were purchased before the close of the day, according to the announcement of H. M. Byllesby & Co., the Federal Securities Corporation, Bonbright & Co., Spencer Trask & Co. and E. H. Rollins & Sons, who marketed the securities.

The largest issue announced for today consists of $5,000,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. three to nineteen year serial coupon gold bonds of the 277 Park Avenue, Inc. These bonds are being sold by S. W. Straus & Co. and are secured by a closed first mortgage on the twelve-story apartment building, equipment and leasehold estate consisting of a full block owned by the New York Central Railroad Company and leased to the borrowing corporation for twenty-one years.

A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., are offering a new issue of $500,000 Danbury & Bethel Gas & Electric Light Company twenty-five year 6 per cent. mortgage gold bonds, series A, dated Aug. 1, 1923, and due Aug. 1, 1948. The proceeds of the issue will be used for the enlargement of the company's plants and for other corporate purposes. The bonds are being offered at 100 and interest.

Offering of $200,000 St. Charles County, Mo., direct obligation serial 4½ per cent. bonds is announced by Sink & Co. of St. Louis. These bonds are dated Aug. 1, 1923, and are due serially from 1933 to 1936, inclusive.

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co. are offering a new issue of $135,000 Town of Rye, N. Y., registered 4½ and 4¾ per cent. school bonds dated Sept. 1, 1923, and due from 1924 to 1933, inclusive. They are priced to yield 4.35 to 4.40 per cent.

Dillon, Read & Co. are expected to make an offering of a block of $3,000,000 to $10,000,000 bonds later in the week in behalf of one of the subsidiaries of the North American Company.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
De	1924-36	6½	5.50	5.30
Balt. & Ohio	1923-38	4½-5	5.60	5.35
De	1924-35	6	5.80	5.40
Bethlehem Steel	1924-30	7	6.70	6.15
Boston & Albany	1923-27	4½	5.50	5.25
Buff., R. & P.	1923-38	4½-5.6	5.45	5.20
Can. Northern	1923-29	6	5.60	5.30
Canadian Pacific	1923-32	4½-6	5.50	5.25
C. R. R. of N. J.	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Chesapeake & Ohio	1923-38	5.5½-6½	5.60	5.30
De	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
Chi., Bur. & Q.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.30
Chi., M. & St. P.	1924-38	5.5½	6.10	5.75
De	1924-35	6	6.25	5.85
Chi. & N. W.	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1924-38	5.6½	5.50	5.25
Chi., R. I. & P.	1923-38	4½-5	5.75	5.40
De	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
C., C., C. & St. L.	1924-29	5	5.50	5.25
De	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
Colo. & Southern	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Del. & Hudson	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Erie Railroad	1923-38	4½-5.6	5.25	5.75
Gt. North. Ry.	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Hocking Valley	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Illinois Central	1923-38	4½-5.5½	5.45	5.15
De	1925-38	6½-7	5.50	5.25
De	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Kan. City South.	1924-35	6	5.75	5.45
Long Island	1924-35	6	5.90	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1924-37	4½-6½	5.50	5.25
De	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Michigan Central	1923-32	5.6	5.50	5.25
De	1924-33	6	5.70	5.40
M., St.P.&S. S. M.	1923-33	4½-5	5.75	5.40
De	1924-35	6	5.85	5.45
M., K. & T.	1924-35	6	6.00	5.90
Missouri Pacific	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
De	1924-36	6½	5.80	5.40
Nat. St. Car L.	1923-28	6	7.75	6.75
N. Y. Central	1923-37	4½-5	5.50	5.25
De	1924-35	6	5.70	5.40
De	1924-38	7	5.55	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1923-35	4½-5.6.7	7.00	6.00
Norfolk & West.	1924-32	4½	5.55	5.00
Northern Pacific	1924-32	4½-7	5.50	5.25
Pacific Fruit Ex.	1923-35	6	6.00	5.75
Pennsylvania R. R.	1924-38	6	5.55	5.30
De	1924-35	6	5.65	5.35
Pere Marquette	1924-35	6	5.80	5.45
Pitts. & L. E.	1923-32	6½	5.50	5.25
Reading Co.	1923-33	4½-5.6	5.65	5.40
Seaboard Air L.	1923-37	4½-5.5½	6.35	5.90
Southern Pacific	1923-26	4½	5.35	5.10
De	1924-35	6	5.60	5.30
De	1924-37	7	5.60	5.25
Southern Railway	1923-37	4½-5.5½	5.65	5.35
De	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
St. L.-San Fran.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.45
De	1924-37	7	5.90	5.50
St. Louis S. W.	1923-36	4½-5.5½	5.75	5.45
Union Pacific	1924-36	5.7	5.45	5.20
Virginian Ry.	1923-35	6	5.70	5.40
De	1924-35	6	5.85	5.50
Wabash Railroad	1924-35	6	6.20	5.75
West. Maryland	1924-37	5.6.7	6.30	5.85
Western Pacific	1923-38	5½	6.10	5.75
Wheeling & L. E.	1924-37	6	6.05	5.70
De	1924-35	6	6.15	5.75

Short-Term Government Obligations

Following are the prices paid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.C.	Bid.	Ask.	Approx. Yield.
March	1924	4½	100⅓	100⅓	4.13
March	1928	4½	100⅓	100⅓	4.61
March	1923	4½	100⅓	100⅓	4.58
March	1927	4½	100⅓	100⅓	4.61
June	1924	4½	101⅛	101⅛	4.35
June	1923	4½	99⅞	100⅛	4.48
September	1922	4½	99⅞	100	3.67
December	1923	4½	99⅝	99⅞	4.82
September	1923	4½	100	100⅛	3.82
December	1925	4½	99⅛	99⅜	4.48

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Continued From Page Nineteen.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

	Bid.	Ask.
Utah Power & Light 5s, 1944	95	95⅛
1st	93½	94
1st	88½	89
1st	89½	90
1st	89½	90
1st	89½	90
Vanadium 5s of 1941	97	98
2d	97½	98
2d	97½	98
2d	97	97½
2d	97½	98
2d	97¾	98
Va. Car Chem. 1st 6s, 1947	101	101½
1st 6s, 1947	101	101½
2d	81½	82
2d	81½	82
2d	82	82½

NEW HAVEN BOARD OPPOSES RAIL PLAN

Sees Menace in Consolidation of Northern or Southern Lines With Trunk Systems.

STATE CONTROL DISCUSSED

Proposal of Guarantees Declared to Offer Nothing to Protect Present Stockholders.

Following an examination of the report of the Joint New England Committee on railroad consolidation to the Governors of the New England States, the Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford yesterday sent to the company's 25,000 stockholders their reply to the report.

The Directors are of the conviction that "it is vital to the interests of New England's industries as well as to New England's railroads that in due time a consolidation of the rail lines within New England, including not only the New Haven, Boston & Maine, Maine Central, Rutland and Bangor & Aroostook, but also the Boston & Albany and Central Vermont, should be accomplished, and that a consolidation of all the Northern or Southern lines with the trunk lines will be in the highest degree detrimental to New England's future prosperity."

The Joint Committee had pointed out economic reasons for a consolidation and why such consolidation should be of the New England roads rather than of the several New England roads with several trunk lines. The New Haven Board's answer to these is that the interests of the trunk lines are on the other side.

"Their financial interests," the reply states, "are not in New England; they are west of the Hudson. The volume of business they transact in other parts of the country is larger and more important in many respects than the business of New England. It would be to their business interests to dry up the differential routes both by rail and water and oblige the traffic to move in both directions over the east and west main lines. The views expressed by Board's answer to these is that the interests of the trunk lines are on the other side.

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The Directors in their exceptions to the Storrow committee recommendations also point out certain features in operation not referred to by the committee, which for the period between 1917 and 1922 have saved the New Haven approximately $18,500,000 in payrolls, fuel costs and per diem charges, that "to the same management which is praised for efficiency in handling its passenger traffic is criticised for supposed inefficiency in handling its freight traffic."

"For," the reply continues, "one-half of the operating problem of the New Haven Railroad is comprised in the handling of its passenger traffic. Moreover, the Central New England Railway is under the same management and handled by the same operating heads. The performance of the Central New England in car movement, train loading and gross ton miles per train hour is higher than any other railroad in New England, not excepting the Boston & Albany."

As to the Storrow committee's plan for financial aid to the company, the board states that it feels the company should "welcome and gladly co-operate in any effort satisfactory to its security holder which will increase its revenues without prejudice to its customers and diminish its fixed charges," adding:

"A scaling down of the interest rate it pays the United States will be helpful as well as just. A public recognition that the railroads are carrying an undue and unfair burden of taxes, and a public recognition of the inconsistency of subsidizing motor-truck competition with the rail lines at the expense of the taxpayers are suggestions by the joint committee which are heartily endorsed by your board. Further, it certainly is not fair that industries which are paying their full share of rates should bear an undue proportion of the burden because the railroads are now required to carry a certain class of passengers at less than cost, and, indeed, at a heavy loss."

Regarding State aid and State control, the reply of the board says it has carefully considered the recommendation of the committee with reference to State guarantees and the surrender of the management of the property to trustees appointed by the Governors of the States, and adds:

"While the acceptance of this proposition is, of course, for the stockholders to determine, it is the strong conviction of the board that the plan outlined by the joint committee of offering substantial help by way of State guarantees in return for the suggested surrender of control. The plan outlined differs essentially from that which is proving so successful with the Boston Elevated Railway. The proposed Legislature would have no power to fix rates adequate for a fair return upon the value of the property, nor is any guarantee suggested in the event that revenue is deficient beyond a requirement of taxes sufficient to take care of fixed charges. In this the plan differs widely from the plan under which the Boston Elevated Railway has been rehabilitated, in that it offers nothing to protect present shareholders or attract new capital."

The board defers comment on certain other points in the Joint Committee's report relating to operation pending more detailed examination by independent experts and concludes:

"This railroad has been under the harrow for a long period of years. Any errors of former administrations should not be visited on the present one. What the road needs is a respite from investigations, an opportunity for its officers to devote all their time to the railroad business, the friendly co-operation of New England business men, and with a strong pull all together the New Haven road can be put back where it used to be, a capable public servant and a sound financial institution."

Atlas Powder Company Dividend.

Directors of the Atlas Powder Co. yesterday declared a dividend of $1 a share on the capital stock, payable Sept. 15, to stockholders of record Aug. 31. This dividend is payable on the 7% preferred stock which was exchanged recently on the basis of three for one of the old stock of $100 a share par value. The dividend is the same as was paid on the old stock which is equal to 12 per cent. annually.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at auction at the salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street, A. H. Bickmore & Co., auctioneers, yesterday:

For account of whom it may concern: 1,000 shares Piggly Wiggly Stores, Inc., Class "A," sole Allotment to Aug. 23, 50 shares New Fiction Publishing Co., Inc., $100 par; 50 shares Shubert Co., $100 par share; 32 shares First National Bank of the City of New York, $1,100 per share; 325 shares Continental Oil and Refining Co., $1 par; 12 shares Republic Motor Truck Co., pf., $50 par.

$1,540,000 Gold From Abroad.

The steamship Olympic, which arrived yesterday from Southampton, brought $1,540,000 in gold specie, consigned to J. P. Morgan & Co.

EARNINGS.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Adirondack Power & Light Corp.—

	1923.	1922.	Increase.
Gross	$400,316	$406,262	$63,636
Net after charges	70,786	66,845	3,941
Gross	3,615,888	3,263,341	1,170,464
Net after chgs.	708,845	606,978	109,866

*Deficit. †Decrease.

Newport News & Hampton Ry.—

	1922.	1921.	Decrease.
Gross	$1,282,279	$1,287,888	$7,610
Net after chgs.	69,726	69,845	1,918
Gross	3,156,139	3,160,659	49,510
Net after chgs.	381,088	397,027	84,488

*Deficit.

ITALIAN CABLE CO. OFFERS STOCK ISSUE

199,000,000 Lire Sought in Sale of 796,000 Shares to Construct Three New Lines.

G. Carosio, President of the Italian Submarine Cable Company, announced yesterday the public offering of 796,000 shares of the company's stock at par, or 250 lire a share. Funds raised from the sale of this stock will be used, he says, in the construction of three new Italian cables, one to connect with South America, another with North America and the third with Greece.

The North American cable was mentioned recently in an announcement by the Western Union Telegraph Company as designed to facilitate direct communication between New York and Rome.

The proposed cable to South America will connect Italy with Spain, the Canary Islands, Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina. Plans are now under way to get permission from the Portuguese Government to connect also with the Cape Verde Islands.

The third cable is to be constructed between Brindisi and Greece and is to be operated by the Italian Government.

The company, according to the announcement, has received the concession from the Italian Government for the construction of the three cables and certain guarantees by the Italian Government calculated to assure the approximate equivalent of revenues from 5,000,000 words annually on the South American cable for ten years from the beginning of the operation of this cable. A guarantee of 1,000,000 words annually has been made for the Greek cable, but the North American cable, it is stated, should be self-supporting.

Mr. Carosio estimates that the annual revenues of the company should approximate 17,400,000 gold lire annually, less operating expenses, taxes, repairs, bond interest, reserves and amortization of 10,910,000 gold lire, leaving estimated annual net earnings of 6,490,000 gold lire.

The company is an Italian corporation with its chief office in Rome and the seat of its general management in Milan. At a meeting of the stockholders held early in the year the capital stock was increased from 1,000,000 gold lire to 200,000,000, represented by 800,000 shares of 250 lire each. It is the stock resulting from the capital increase that is now being offered for sale.

Subscriptions for the stock are being received in the United States by Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Banco di Napoli, Banca Commerciale Italiana, Credito Italiano, Italian Discount and Trust Company, Banco di Roma and Lionello Perera & Co.

COLLAR FIRMS TO MERGE.

Lion Shirts, Inc., to Take Over William Barker Co.

The Lion Collars and Shirts, Inc., has completed arrangements to purchase the plant, equipment and inventory of the William Barker Company of Watervliet, N. Y., according to a statement yesterday by Frank E. Howe of the Lion company. The amount involved, he said, will not be known until a check of all inventory, now under way, is completed. Mr. Howe said:

"The interests of both companies suggested the move. We made an offer to start negotiations, and the Barker company met us half way. We have reached an agreement, and the consummation merely awaits working out of details. Our organization intends to operate the Watervliet plant as a branch factory with the same management and employees, it being a combination of interests rather than a merger.

"William Barker Jr., head of the Barker company, will have charge of the Watervliet plant. The move is in line with the tendencies of the collar industry to economize where the extension of activities has created large overhead expense and large appropriations for the establishment of tradenames. The addition of the Barker plant to the Lion establishment, which is located at Lansingburgh, will make the new concern one of the largest in the collar and shirt trade.

"Instead of two concerns manufacturing almost identical styles of collars, all the work will be done at the Watervliet plant."

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	225	235	Fifth Av.	1300	
Amer. Exch.	285	290	Fifth	225	235
Bank of U. S.	145	150	First	1140	1210
Bowery	185	190	Garfield	260	270
Bowery	440		Gotham	184	190
Bryant Park	160	170	Greenwich	290	310
Broadway	150		Hanover	875	
Bronx Boro	175		Harriman	235	245
Bronx Nat.		150	Manhat. Co.	140	145
Butchers & D.	130	140	Mech. & Met.	265	280
Chase	400	410	Mutual	200	
Chatham & Ph.	236	240	Nat. Amer.	135	145
Chelsea Ex.		90	New Neth.	153	
Chemical	625	635	Pacific	300	
City	444	448	Park	410	424
Coal & Iron	215	225	Public	350	360
Colonial	275		Seaboard	325	
Columbia	290		5th Av. Bank	95	105
Commerce	235	241	Standard	175	190
Commonwealth	230	240	State	230	
Continental	135		23d Ward	200	
Corn Exch.	425	435	Wash. Hts.	200	
Commercial	120		Yorkville	450	
East River	200	210			

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	98	102	Lawyers Mtg.	130	135
Am. Surety	94	96	Lawyers Title	120	130
Bond & M. G.	270		Manufacturers	275	
Bankers Trust	460	470	Metropolitan	450	460
Bonding & Mtg.	260	275	Nat. Surety	130	140
Brooklyn	420		New York	340	344
Central Union	465	475	N. Y. T. & M.	180	
Commercial	115		Title Guar.	400	410
Empire	205	215	Realty Assoc.	100	
Equitable	180	192	Sty. A, 1st pf.	80	90
Farm. L. & T.	420	435	Sty. A, 2d pf.	58	
Fidelity Int.	340	360	Title Guar.	363	370
Fulton	245		Unit. States	1200	
Guaranty	248	253	U. S. Mtg.	204	212
Hudson	205	215	West. T. & T.	210	
Irving-Col.	215	220	Westchester	195	
Kings County	800				

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Alum Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1923	102⅝	102¾	5.20
Alum Co. Am.	7	Oct., 1923	101⅜	101¾	4.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Mar., 1924	99	99½	5.75
Am. Sugar	6	Feb. 1, 1924	102¼	102½	4.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	100⅝	100⅞	4.30
Am. Thread	8	Dec., 1923	101⅛	102⅛	5.32
Anaconda Cop.	7	Jan., 1924	101⅛	102⅜	5.30
Anglo. American Oil Co. Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	102⅛	102½	5.80
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	100⅝	100⅞	4.30
Bell Tel. Can.	7	Apr., 1925	102⅝	102⅞	5.45
Braden Cop. M.	6	Feb., 1931	99½	100	6.10
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100	100⅛	5.30
Can. Argentine	8	Feb., 1927	97¾	98¼	8.40
Cent. Leather	1st lien	5	Apr., 1925	97	97¼	6.80
Empire G. & R. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1923	99¾	99⅞	7.50
Federal Sugar	6	May, 1924	100⅜	100⅝	5.45
Hocking Val.	4	May, 1924	100⅛	100½	3.15
Humb. O. & R.	6½	July 15, '23	99⅞	99⅞	6.30
Int. Cem.	6	Nov. 15, '23	100⅛	100⅜	4.80
Ken. Coal & Coke	7	May, 1923	100⅜	100⅝	5.00
Natl. Leather	8	Nov. 15, '23	98	100	8.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	100⅛	100⅜	5.60
Shaw-S. B. & L.	6	Aug. 15, '23	99¾	99⅞	6.50
Sinclair Oil	7	Aug., 1923	100⅛	100⅜	6.35
St. Paul U. A. D.	7½	Dec. 15, '23	100	100	6.25
Swift & Co.	5	Oct., 1923	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
U. S. Of. S.	6	May, 1923	100⅛	100⅜	5.70
U. S. Rubber	7½	Feb., 1923	100⅛	100⅜	6.70
Vacuum Oil Co.	6	Apr., 1926	102⅝	102⅞	4.30
Westinghouse El. Mfg.	7	May, 1923	101⅜	101⅝	6.80

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Geodyear	10	10	9⅞	10
Goodyear pfd.	42	42	40	40
Goodrich	42	42	42	42
Sherwin-Williams	29⅜	29¾	29⅜	29¾
			Bid.	Asked.
Firestone			46	48
Fisher Body			125	130
Stearns			13½	15

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per-iod.	Pay-able.	Rec. of Rec.
Amer. & C. Oil., pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	
Amer. & Con. Dev. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct. 1	
Calo. Fuel, pref.	1¼	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 31
Cities Service	2	M	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
Eastern Asbestos	2	Mthly	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Fairbanks-Morse	$1.50	Q	Oct. 1	Sept. 20
Do. pf.	$1.50	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
Fay (J. A.) & Egan				
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 20	Aug. 16
Foundation Co.	50c	Q	Sept. 15	Sept. 12
Foundation Co. pf.	87½	Q	Sept. 15	Sept. 12
Galena Signal Oil	1¼	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
Do. pf.	$1.50	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
Montreal Cottons	1¾	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 31
North Penn. R. R.	$2	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 10
Ogilvie F. Mills.	1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
Postum Cereal	75c	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 20
Do. pf.	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 20
Standard Oil, N. J.	25c	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
Do. pf.	$1.75	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
United Profit Sharing	10c	M	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
United Stores C.	1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 21

ROADS PLAN FIGHT FOR CANAL FREIGHT

Will Ask Permission to Cut Rates From Chicago to the Pacific Coast.

FIRST OF SEVERAL MOVES

Reduction of 25% to Be Sought to Put Railroads on More Equal Footing With Ships.

Application to the Interstate Commerce Commission to reduce the through freight rates from Chicago to the Pacific Coast will be filed shortly by the Transcontinental Freight Bureau, it was learned yesterday. The application, which is now nearing completion, will ask for the reduction of the rate on forty-seven different commodities, all of which are handled by the steamships using the Panama Canal.

This is to be the first of a series of moves on the part of the railroads to put their business on a competitive basis with the ships now using the canal. While the reductions asked for will be 25 per cent. in some instances, they will not be enough to put the boats and the railroads on an equal footing. Instead the railroad rates will remain a little above the canal rates. Railroad men say the saving in time which the railroads will be able to effect will be more than enough to give them an advantage over the ocean traffic.

A second move, that probably will be made in the near future, it was said, will be for a similar reduction in rates from such points at Pittsburgh and Cleveland to the coast. This is under consideration, but the application will not be filed for some time.

Neither application will ask for any change in the short-haul rates now in effect. It is the desire of the railroads to maintain these rates in order to produce the revenues they need. They do believe, however, that with a decrease in the through rates they will be able to obtain much of the business now being handled by ship from one coast to the other. The volume of this business has been increasing steadily, as indicated by the reports of the Panama Canal, which collected more than $2,000,000 in tolls in July.

The recent success of the boats in handling certain classes of freight, formerly considered too perishable to be sent by water, as well as the constantly diminishing volume of transcontinental business, have been outstanding reasons for the plan to reduce the rates.

Railroad men point to the fact that the earnings on the Western lines as a group have been unfavorable, as an indication of the failure of the roads to get their share of business even during a period of exceptionally heavy business for the railroads in general.

Previous efforts have been made by the railroads to meet this canal competition. Previous to 1917 an attempt was made to reduce the through rates without reducing the short hauls. This application was refused by the Interstate Commerce Commission, but later permission was granted for a reduction of all rates, which was intended as a defensive measure against the Panama Canal traffic.

Realty Earnings Higher.

The United States Realty and Improvement Company, for the quarter ended July 31, 1923, reports gross earnings of $662,264, against $658,582 in the same period last year. After all expenses, interest charges and reserves for depreciation there was reported net income of $588,120, against $518,634 last year. After adding other income the balance available for the capital stock was $770,750, against $627,016.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Power & Light	20¾	21¼
Adirondack Power & Light pf.	90½	92
American Gas & Electric	35¾	36
American Gas & Electric pf.	41	42
American Light & Traction	118	120
American Light & Traction pf.	80	81
American Power & Light	1158	1190
American Power & Light pf.	81	83
American Public Utilities	5	45
American Public Utilities pf.	44	50
Appalachian Power, new, pf.	89	91
Appalachian Power, new, pf.	82	85
Arkansas Light & Power	23	27
Carolina Power & Light	135	141
Cities Service	134½	*136¼
Cities Service pf.	85	*86½
Cities Service pf. B	6	*6¾
Cities Service Bankers' shares	13¾	14
Colorado Power	18	19¼
Columbus Elec. & Power	106	
Columbus Elec. & Power 1st pf.	107	
Columbus Elec. & Power 2d pf.	92	
Commonwealth Power Corp. pf.	88	89
Commonwealth Pow. Ry. & L.	37½	39
Consumers' Power pf.	94	97
Connecticut Power pf.	89	
Eastern Texas Electric	104	108
Eastern Texas Electric pf.	81	84
El Paso Electric	122	
El Paso Electric pf.	90¾	93¾
Federal Light & Traction	60	62
Federal Light & Traction pf.	66	69
Empire Gas & Fuel pf.	85	*90
General Gas & Electric pf. A	94	100
Galveston-Houston Electric	5	9
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.		45
Lehigh Power Sec.	19¾	20
Mississippi River Power	21	24
Mississippi River Power pf.	80	83
National Power & Light	48	50
National Power & Light pf.	84	85¾
Northern Ohio Electric	10	12
Northern Ohio Electric pf.	22	25
Northern Ontario L. & P.	14	17
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	63	65¾
Northern States Power	92	96
Northern States Power pf.	93	96¾
Northern Texas Electric	45	70
Northern Texas Electric pf.	70	76
Oklahoma Gas & Electric pf.	88	91
Pacific Gas & Electric	89	91
Pennsylvania Edison pf.	98	100
Puget Sound Power & Light	38	40
Puget Sound Power & Light pf.	80	83
Republic Railway & Light	14	16
Republic Railway & Light pf.	35	37
Southern California Edison	101	103
Southern California Edison pf.	115	117
Standard Gas & Electric	25¾	26¾
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	47¾	49
Tampa Electric Power	140	145½
Tennessee Electric Power	12	16
Tennessee Electric Power 1st pf.	86	90
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf.	77	80
Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf.	41	45
United Light & Railway	135	140
United Light & Railway pf.	79	81
Utah Power & Light	25¼	27½
Western Power pf.	67	70

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS

Adirondack P. & L. Co.	1950	89½	100¾
American Gas & Elec.	2014	92	92
American Power & L.	6s	92¼	92
Appalachian Pwr. 1st	6s	1941	87	88¼
Cities Service deb.	5s		87	
Cities Service deb C.			85½	
Cities Service deb D.			89	90
City Light & Traction	5s	1952	69½	70
Consumers' Power	5s	1952	92	92½
Col. Power 1st	5s	1953	90	90
Connecticut Power	5s	1943	91	97
Cons. Cities E. P. & L.	5s	1962	88	
Cities Service deb.	5s	1966	87	88
El Paso Electric	5s	1932	90	95
Galveston-Houston	5s	1933	83	84½
General Gas & Elec.	5s	1952	82	84
Houston Electric 1st	5s	1928	98	100
Lehigh Power Sec.	6s	1927	93½	94½
Mississippi River Power	5s	1951	90	91
Mississippi River Power	7s	1935	100	101
Nebraska Power 1st	5s	1947	90½	92¾
N. News & Hn. Ry., G. & E.	5s	'41	76	79
Northern States Power	5s	1926	99	99
Northern Texas Elec.	5s	1940	60	65
Puget Sound P. & L.	5s	1949	101½	101¾
Savannah Elec. & P.	5s	1952	103	105
Seattle Electric	5s	1929	93	96
So. California Edison	5s	1951	101¼	101¾
So. California Edison	6s	1944	100½	101¾
Standard Gas & Electric	6s	1935	85	89
Standard Gas & Electric	6s	1936	87	89
Tampa Electric	5s	1952	91¼	93¼
Utah Light & Traction	5s	1944	104	107
Western States G. & E.	5s	1941	88	92

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Asked.	Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Bid.
Copper std. spot	13.62½		13.62½	
Copper, electrolytic	14.00		14.00	
Tin std. spot	38.37½		37.75	
Lead, N. Y. spot	6.60		6.60	
Lead, St. L. spot	6.40		6.40	
Antimony	7.25	7.05	7.25	7.05
Quicksilver			63.00	
Aluminum	23.50		23.00	23.50
Platinum, soft			27.39	
Platinum, hydraulics were:				

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Copper, spot	62	15	62	15
Copper, futures	64	16	64	16
Tin, spot	134	6	133	6
Tin, futures	133	5	132	5
Lead, spot	31	32	31	32
Lead, futures	31	32	31	32
Spelter, spot	6	7	6	7
Spelter, futures	6	7	6	7
Lead, spot	22	23	22	23
Lead, futures	22	23	22	23

FINANCIAL NOTICES. FINANCIAL NOTICES. FINANCIAL NOTICES. FINANCIAL NOTICES. FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To Holders of

Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd.

Five-Year 7½% Sinking Fund Gold Notes

Issued Under Indenture Dated April 1, 1920

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to provisions of Article 3 of the Indenture mentioned above, between the Anglo-American Oil Company, Limited, and the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, Notes outstanding under said Indenture bearing the serial numbers below listed have been drawn for redemption on October 1, 1923 at 102% of the principal sum thereof, out of moneys in the Sinking Fund, viz:

NOTES @ $1,000 EACH

15	1265	2365	3231	4259	5115	6150	7460	8534	9513	10445	11375	12375	13397
39	1309	2380	3239	4263	5122	6161	7534	8545	9563	10446	11379	12377	13402
43	1309	2390	3337	4264	5127	6165	7541	8549	9569	10447	11393	12386	13413
64	1311	2413	3338	4270	5132	6180	7548	8553	9584	10455	11407	12390	13436
118	1336	2415	3355	4282	5148	6183	7582	8558	9592	10474	11414	12403	13524
141	1348	2431	3368	4288	5169	6193	7609	8593	9599	10488	11434	12407	13529
151	1358	2438	3370	4313	5175	6195	7616	8595	9600	10493	11438	12419	13529
164	1369	2447	3381	4313	5187	6210	7622	8597	9635	10496	11446	12434	13570
176	1371	2449	3397	4320	5192	6242	7682	8601	9647	10525	11442	12430	13579
180	1391	2460	3403	4337	5199	6287	7636	8614	9658	10566	11466	12431	13581
195	1400	2491	3420	4340	5201	6300	7650	8648	9660	10572	11490	12433	13585
216	1401	2492	3427	4352	5215	6354	7678	8653	9667	10582	11481	12446	13634
219	1402	2498	3434	4368	5217	6357	7698	8661	9690	10614	11498	12468	13650
225	1431	2505	3450	4395	5221	6360	7728	8668	9696	10618	11506	12473	13681
236	1446	2587	3481	4403	5229	6388	7745	8663	9716	10622	11507	12478	13682
238	1456	2530	3486	4409	5236	6400	7763	8697	9747	10652	11542	12507	13697
247	1479	2531	3490	4413	5241	6402	7770	8701	9724	10659	11547	12542	13710
249	1484	2570	3499	4434	5257	6411	7772	8707	9725	10670	11553	12538	13714
252	1489	2581	3511	4451	5288	6432	7778	8709	9726	10708	11565	12547	13715
262	1527	2583	3522	4454	5290	6431	7782	8710	9732	10711	11583	12553	13726
277	1528	2596	3524	4462	5306	6454	7800	8738	9735	10718	11599	12560	13735
279	1550	2609	3533	4484	5307	6455	7809	8747	9751	10720	11607	12610	13735
280	1551	2621	3539	4492	5311	6456	7847	8750	9758	10722	11631	12636	13736
283	1572	2624	3545	4501	5321	6468	7819	8769	9762	10733	11624	12641	13802
285	1575	2629	3546	4513	5381	6500	7854	8775	9782	10738	11633	12653	13812
297	1586	2645	3552	4517	5387	6542	7861	8789	9792	10750	11667	12661	13831
324	1622	2662	3553	4520	5396	6578	7895	8807	9804	10763	11671	12662	13850
355	1625	2693	3573	4554	5399	6628	7951	8815	9814	10768	11734	12681	13857
360	1627	2698	3585	4562	5400	6630	7957	8818	9823	10781	11736	12711	13867
382	1630	2717	3587	4566	5403	6650	1965	8827	9830	10796	11748	12729	13889
389	1647	2723	3622	4588	5420	6678	7983	8828	9842	10798	11759	12733	13896
435	1652	2728	3676	4617	5449	6681	7987	8844	9858	10801	11780	12757	13928
444	1751	2729	3684	4628	5462	6689	7992	8855	9859	10810	11788	12761	13939
474	1669	2730	3686	4621	5454	6702	7994	8849	9947	10812	11789	12763	13943
493	1688	2737	3695	4651	5459	6705	8000	8850	9951	10816	11794	12766	13946
508	1695	2768	3700	4662	5461	6720	8008	6861	9965	10845	11803	12783	13951
501	1702	2782	3736	4670	5476	6735	8017	8871	9966	10856	11811	12789	13956
536	1785	2784	3749	4671	5489	6778	8022	8891	9980	10878	11816	12797	13976
556	1718	2794	3757	4689	5501	6785	8024	8899	9992	10894	11823	12809	14018
579	1731	2797	3764	4701	5502	6800	8035	8907	9999	10896	11825	12815	14035
620	1735	2809	3775	4711	5531	6819	8046	8983	10028	10928	11839	12842	14060
634	1746	2815	3782	4725	5543	6830	8064	8967	10046	10938	11852	12823	14062
638	1749	2835	3783	4727	5548	6831	8082	8970	10047	10942	11834	12855	14065
641	1756	2845	3792	4730	5580	6868	8090	9025	10049	10948	11837	12868	14073
642	1762	2871	3840	4743	5583	6869	8094	9042	10054	10980	11849	12897	14100
649	1817	2876	3847	4746	5588	6893	8095	9043	10055	10981	11850	12901	14110
684	1832	2876	3901	4832	5616	6901	8119	9067	10057	10983	11862	12916	14121
702	1838	2894	3904	4836	5638	6911	8138	9080	10078	10994	11849	12928	14173
706	1829	2909	3917	4837	5660	6928	8164	9088	10091	11008	11868	12932	14200
731	1836	2922	3926	4838	5692	6940	8178	9105	10097	11009	11880	12942	14201
748	1844	2924	3927	4841	5606	6984	8181	9107	10103	11016	11889	12962	14225
750	1889	2948	3928	4844	5718	7035	8185	9117	10106	11027	11887	12974	14240

WHEAT ACREAGE CUT 7,177,000 FOR 1924

Reports From 25,000 Farmers Show Plans for a 15½ Per Cent. Reduction.

STILL ABOVE PREWAR RATIO

A Decrease of 9 Per Cent. in the Intended Rye Acreage Is Also Indicated.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—American farmers will plant considerably less Winter wheat and rye in the Fall of this year, according to a report on "the intentions of farmers" issued this afternoon by the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture.

The board stated that if the Aug. 1 intentions of farmers are carried out the acreage to be sown in Winter wheat in the Fall will be 7,177,000 acres less than was planted last Fall, and that there will be a reduction of 475,000 acres in rye sown. The reduction in the acreage to be sown in Winter wheat, if farmers carry out present plans, will be 15.5 per cent.

Reports on rye acreage indicate a reduction of 9 per cent. The acreage sown last Fall is estimated at 5,234,000. A reduction of 9 per cent. would therefore indicate that the total acreage of rye to be sown will be 4,759,000. The average annual acreage sown for the years 1909-1913 was 2,562,000.

"This report," the Crop Board says, "is not a forecast but a statement based on the expressed intentions of many thousands of farmers on Aug. 1. These expressed intentions are subject to change."

The announcement was based on 25,000 reports received by the board from farmers reporting for their own farms to the Department of Agriculture.

"If a reduction of 15.5 per cent. is made this year in the sown acreage of Winter wheat from last year," the Crop Board stated, "it would make a total sown acreage this year of about 39,200,000 acres, compared with 46,379,000 acres actually sown last Fall, of which 39,750,000 acres were harvested, there having been an abandonment of 14.3 per cent."

Compared with the prewar (1909-1913) average annual sowing of 33,741,000 acres, the intended sowing this Fall is an increase of 16.2 per cent., and compared with the prewar average annual harvested acreage of 30,236,000 acres, an increase of 29.6 per cent.

The average annual abandonment of Winter wheat acreage for the last ten years has been 9.8 per cent., the reduction in acreage due to abandonment ranging from 1 to 31 per cent. If the average annual abandonment is maintained this Winter it would leave about 35,340,000 acres to be harvested next Summer.

Details for the more important wheat States were thus given by the Crop Board:

State.	Acreage Sown 1909-1913.	Acreage Sown Fall of 1922.	Acreage Left for Harvest in 1923.
Pennsylvania	1,329,000	1,336,000	1,308,000
Ohio	2,128,000	2,018,000	2,231,000
Michigan	1,014,000	961,000	961,000
Indiana	2,385,000	2,221,000	2,088,000
Illinois	2,555,000	3,412,000	3,224,000
Missouri	2,412,000	3,152,000	3,076,000
Nebraska	1,944,000	2,446,000	2,327,000
Kansas	7,350,000	12,284,000	6,844,000
Texas	852,000	1,695,000	1,558,000
Oklahoma	1,911,000	3,733,000	3,397,000
Colorado	1,011,000	1,607,000	1,541,000
Washington	1,052,000	1,456,000	1,385,000
All other States	7,451,000	8,373,000	7,915,000
United States	33,741,000	46,379,000	39,750,000

The board also stated that the intended sowing for the fall of 1923, when compared with pre-war acreage, the acreage sown in the fall of 1922, and the acreage left for harvest in 1923 on a percentage basis, works out thus:

State.	Average Acreage Sown 1909-1913.	Average Acreage Sown Fall of '22.	Acreage for Harv. in 1923. Per Cent. Per Cent.
Pennsylvania	98	98	100
Ohio	113	98	110
Michigan	102	98	101
Indiana	95	83	93
Illinois	107	90	85
Missouri	97	75	76
Nebraska	83	75	100
Kansas	116	54	111
Texas	163	82	98
Oklahoma	152	78	89
Colorado	75	90	134
Washington	143	101	95
All other States	104	92	95
United States	116.2	84.5	95.6

MONTH'S BEST PRICES RECORDED BY COTTON

Unsettled Condition of Crop in Many Sections of Belt Brings Active Support.

Highest prices of the month were reached in cotton yesterday under a large volume of business. The advance brought the market to a level where hedge selling in distant positions for Southern account proved heavier than buying power could absorb, and all earlier gain disappeared in final trading. While progress of the crop is distinctly unsatisfactory, domestic and foreign trade conditions, with unsettling surroundings generally, keep sentiment unusually conservative. Many of the larger and more important interests regard the problem of consumption as so uncertain that the question of effects of the crop movement later on in the season influences sentiment. Though a rise of half a cent occurred, final prices were unchanged to 5 points lower on the day.

A full response abroad to Tuesday's sharp afternoon rise in American markets started quotations at highest levels of the week. Both October and December sold over 24¾ cents on the call, with a large amount of cotton changing hands in early trading. Soon after the opening active buying in near months advanced October to 24.65, or a full cent above low figures on the previous day. This had two results. First, the sharp upturn in twenty-four hours encouraged profit-taking on contracts bought at lower levels, and, second, the basis of 24¼ cents for distant positions encountered Southern selling similar to that of Monday. The feature of the previous day was the amount of trade buying on a basis of 23¾ cents for distant months, but yesterday cash upturn around 24¾ cents found a liberal supply of contracts available. This influenced the market, and a sufficient quantity of cotton came out to satisfy at 40 points advance before midday. Predictions of showers in Oklahoma and lower temperatures ran prices off sharply at one time, but outside demand, as well as covering by local operators, steadied the tone.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	24.60	24.70	24.18	24.38@24.41	24.38
Dec.	24.42	24.70	24.32	24.57@24.62	24.40
Jan.	24.30	24.58	24.20	24.10@24.14	24.10
March	24.38	24.44	24.00	24.16@24.20	24.21
May	24.24	24.40	23.96	24.10@24.15	24.14

The local market for spot cotton was steady and unchanged at 25.65c for middling uplands.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 25.15c, unchanged; New Orleans 24.50c, unchanged; Savannah 25.15c, unchanged; Augusta 25c, unchanged; Memphis 24c, 25 points advance; Houston 25.50c, unchanged; Little Rock 21c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yester. day.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	7,324	7,915	5,914
Exports	8,963	7,396	6,850
Imports, season	69,535	30,813	79,196
New York stocks	15,190	22,333	21,756
Ports stocks	178,040	168,602	281,714
New York Receipts	2,659	1,961	1,358

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, a fair business doing, 25 points advance, 15.96d for middling. Sales, 6,000 bales; American, 3,000; imports, 11,000; American, 8,000. Futures opened steady, 19 to 23 points advance. Closed steady, 30 to 33 points advance. Prices: October, 13.77d; December, 13.47d; January, 13.40d; March, 13.25d; May, 13.17d. Manchester: Yarns firmer; cloths freely offered.

SEPTEMBER WHEAT AGAIN MAKES GAIN

Rises Above $1 on Bidding in Outside Markets and New Winter Crop Forecast.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Government report on the Winter wheat outlook was regarded as bullish by a majority of the trade. Though it is felt that it is too early for acreage estimates to have any lasting influence on values, the report made some of the bulls more confident. Prices were on the upgrade the greater part of the day, the finish being at gains of 1¼@1¾c here, with September above $1 again.

Outside markets led the upturn, with St. Louis 1¼@1½c higher, September there going to a premium over Chicago for the first time on the crop. Minneapolis gained 1¼@1¾c, with milla buying futures as a hedge against flour sales, while Winnipeg was up 1¼@1¾c. It was understood that some of the seaboard exporters have large quantities of Manitoba's wheat sold abroad and the sellers have neither the cash wheat nor futures bought, making the business a dead short affair, and there is a belief that, unless sales be canceled or the unexpected happens, there will be a wild scramble to secure one or the other in the near future. A few scattered loads were reported as canceled during the day, while the fresh export business was very slow. Cables claimed that India, Argentine and Australian wheats had declined nearly 10 cents per bushel of late, while Chicago had advanced 5 cents during the same period. Distressed Argentine was quoted as offered at equal to $1.03½ for No. 2 hard at the Gulf.

A local professional was active on the buying side, stampeding the shorts into covering at the last. St. Louis stated that the advance in September was due to a scarcity of cash wheat and the primary movement has now fallen below last year. Premiums on hard Winters here were ½@¾ cent higher for the day, with sales of 40,000 bushels to exporters and charters for 360,000 bushels to Buffalo and Montreal.

Corn gained ¼@¾ cent, with the locals good sellers at 77¾ cents for September, a figure that has been a stumbling block to the bulls for some days.

December No. 2 yellow on spot sold early as high as 13 cents over September, but was only 12 cents over at the last, closing ¼ cent lower for the day as compared with futures, due to larger country offerings. The Government's weekly weather and crop report was favorable except for parts of Kansas, Arkansas and Oklahoma, these States getting showers.

Oats gained ¾@¾ cent. Congestion might develop in the September. It is understood that a liberal quantity of September oats is held by cash houses against sales of December.

Rye was ¾ cent higher in sympathy with wheat.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	1.01	.99¾	1.00¾	.98¾	1.11¾
Dec.	1.04¾	1.03¾	1.04½	1.03¾	1.03¾
May	1.09¾	1.08¾	1.09¾	1.08½-¾	1.11¼

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.77¾	.76½	.76¾	.76¾	.62¼
Dec.	.63¾-½	.62½	.63½	.62¾	.64¾
May	.65	.64¾	.64¾	.64¾-½	.65¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	.36¾	.35¾	.35¾	.35¾	.36¾
Dec.	.36¾-½	.37¾	.35¾-½	.35	.40¾
May	.41¼-¾	.40¾	.41¼-¾	.40¾	.45¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	....	....	.65¼	.65¼	.82
Dec.	.68¼	.67¾	.68¼	.67¾	.73¼
May	.72¾	.71¾	.71¾	.71¾	.81¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	11.07	11.07	11.07	11.00	11.15
Oct.	11.30	11.15	11.30	11.02	11.15
Jan.	10.00	9.95	10.00	....	....
Ribs—					
Oct.	....	....	....	9.30	10.30

CERTAIN-TEED GAINS MORE THAN MILLION

Gross Operating Profits of Products Corporation for 6 Months Put at $2,802,245.

The Certain-Teed Products Corporation for the six months ended June 30 reports gross operating profits of $2,802,245, against $1,603,102 in the same period last year. After payment of all operating expenses and taxes, including interest, there was reported net income of $663,425, which, after preferred dividends, was equivalent to $4.56 a share on the 92,000 shares of capital common stock of no par value outstanding. In the same period last year net income after deductions was equivalent to 44 cents a share on the common stock.

The general balance sheet on June 30 shows net current assets of $7,765,073, against net current liabilities of $2,164,685. Total assets were given as $26,023,739.

George M. Brown, President, in a statement to stockholders said:

"We took over complete management of the plants of Cook Linoleum Co. and Standard Inlaid Manufacturing Co. and Acme Cement Plaster Co. as of April 29, and there was little opportunity to secure the benefit of operating as a single unit during the first six months. The work of adjusting them to a single management and reshaping our organization for the enlarged work was practically completed June 30 and all expenses of such adjustment have been provided for.

"In taking over the newly acquired properties it was deemed desirable to have our statement reflect the sound appraisal values of all of our properties as per recent appraisals taken by George W. Goethals & Co. and Ford, Bacon & Davis. These adjustments to appraised values were merged with our surplus to Dec. 31, 1922, against which we charged off bond will and the expenses of the bond issue, etc., the net credit being segregated as capital surplus. Good will has been written down to $1.00.

"Had final payment been made Jan. 1 for the additional properties and bonds and stocks issued as of that date the bond interest and dividends carried during Jan. 1, 1923, would have cost the company $157,308.36 less than was repaid to former stockholders of the acquired companies as a share in the earnings between Jan. 1 and April 28, when they were paid in full for their properties, and in that case the net earnings and credit to surplus would have been $370,959.14, or an earning of $6.27 per share of common stock for the six months' period instead of $4.56 per share actually shown for that period.

"We now have sixteen manufacturing plants located in all sections of the United States so that we may readily reach the market for consumption of our products. We are finding our enlarged plans up to our expectations."

Defer Sale of Piggly Wiggly Shares.

A block of 1,500 shares of the capital stock of the Piggly Wiggly Stores, Inc., was scheduled for sale at public auction yesterday at the Exchange Sales Rooms, 14 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller, auctioneer, announced, however, that the stock had been withdrawn for one week. It was learned that the stock represented collateral held by a local bank for a southerner who had pledged the stock for a loan. It was said that he had requested for another week's time in which to try to settle the loan.

Clapp Buys Interest in McKee Co.

Announcement was made yesterday of the purchase by Charles E. Clapp Sr., a former Vice President of the Crucible Steel Company, of Thomas M. McKee's interest in Thomas M. McKee & Co., in which firm his son, Charles E. Clapp Jr., is a partner. The other member is H. East Dudley. The firm will have the name of Clapp, Dudley & Co., with offices at 5 Nassau Street.

Chicle Official Resigns.

Ernest Willvonseder has resigned as Treasurer of the American Chicle Company. Alonzo A. Masterson, formerly Assistant Treasurer, succeeds Mr. Willvonseder.

PROTEST AGAINST CUBA RAILROAD BILL

American Metal Co. Files Complaint on Tarafa Measure With State Department.

COPPER INTEREST AT STAKE

Government Asked to Take Action to Protect Rights of Property Holders.

A protest was filed with the State Department at Washington yesterday by the American Metal Company of this city against the final adoption of the Tarafa Railroad bill by the Cuban Legislature. The protest was sent to Washington in the form o a letter urging the American Government to take action pending a hearing on the measure's effect on American property in Cuba. Numerous protests against the bill have already been filed by prominent sugar interests.

The American Metal Company is the principal owner of the Minas de Matahambre copper mines, in the Cuban Province of Pinar del Rio. The company, according to the letter, ships between 50,000 and 60,000 tons of copper annually from its private seaport in Cuba, to Norfolk, Va., and the Tarafa bill, it is alleged, would have the effect of confiscating its seaport properties.

Assurances that action on the bill would be delayed in the Cuban Senate until the American interests have been heard already have been made to the State Department by the Cuban Government.

The letter sent to the State Department by the American Metal Company follows:

The Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.

Sir: Permit us to call your attention to the so-called Tarafa law recently passed by the lower house of the Cuban Republic which provides for the practical closing of a large number of smaller ports, or at least serious discrimination to the shipper who desires to ship from these so-called private ports. We are interested in this proposition as the principal owners of the stock of the Minas de Matahambre, which owns copper mines in the Province of Pinar del Rio, and we are shipping at the present time its products from a little port called Sta. Lucia. We respectfully ask the State Department to use its influence in order to prevent this bill from becoming a law before a thorough investigation of the situation can be made by the department.

We refrain from submitting at this time a detailed argument against the law, inasmuch as we notice from the newspapers that an elaborate statement was submitted to the State Department by the firm of Sullivan & Cromwell on behalf of the sugar refiners. Sufficient to say that we are shipping from Sta. Lucia to New York Harbor and Norfolk, Va., between 50,000 and 60,000 tons of copper ore per annum, and that we are shipping to Sta. Lucia large quantities of supplies from this country, as well as from Mexico. (From the latter country principally oil.) The Minas de Matahambre has built an aerial tramway to the port of Sta. Lucia and has purchased expensive equipment in order to improve its shipping facilities at this port. The proposed bill should become law we are afraid that all the expenditures made for the purpose of utilising the port of Sta. Lucia might become useless and a heavy loss fall upon the mining company. May we add that the ores coming from the Sta. Lucia are smelted and refined in the United States.

If the department so desires we are, of course, prepared to submit a more elaborate and detailed statement of our case. In the meantime we trust that the influence of our Government will be used in order to prevent hasty action on the part of the republic of Cuba. Respectfully submitted,

"AMERICAN METAL CO., Ltd.

TO FIGHT ILLINOIS CUT-OFF.

Communities Warn the I. C. C.—Another Step Authorized.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today authorised the Illinois Central Railroad to assume obligation for the Paducah & Illinois Railroad Company first mortgage bonds, amounting to $4,571,000, as another phase of the program for construction of the Illinois-Kentucky cutoff. The Paducah & Illinois forms the connecting link between the lines to be constructed by the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans from the South and by the Illinois Central to the North.

CAIRO, Ill., Aug. 15.—Action to prevent the Illinois Central from building the proposed Edgewood cut-off will be taken in the Federal courts should the Interstate Commerce Commission deny a re-hearing to towns in Southern Illinois which have protested against the proposal, it was announced today. D. S. Lansden, a local attorney, stated a telegram was sent the commission today by Harry E. Kelly of Chicago, chief counsel for the Association of Illinois Central Railway Communities, signed by Attorney General Brundage of Illinois.

RAILROAD'S DIVIDEND UP.

Brooklyn City Co. Puts Stock on $1 Per Annum Basis.

As the result of recent gains in the net income of the Brooklyn City Railroad Co., the directors, yesterday, declared a dividend of 25 cents a share a quarter. This is an increase from the old rate of 20 cents a quarter, and places the stock on a $1 per annum basis. The dividend is payable Sept. 1 to stockholders of record Aug. 20.

The Brooklyn City Railroad Co. was separated from the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. in October, 1919, and since then has steadily increased its earnings. During the year ended June 30, 1923, the surplus after charges totaled $2,256,025, against $1,612,581 in the previous year.

Ask Interest on M., K. & T. Bonds.

The Executive Committee of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad has recommended to the Directors that semi-annual interest of 2½ per cent. be declared on the 5 per cent. adjustment bonds. The recommendation will be brought before the Directors of the company at their regular meeting on Aug. 20. If passed, the interest will be payable on Oct. 1.

Hercules Corporation Prospers.

The Hercules Corporation of Evansville, Ind., for the six months ended June 30, 1923, reports gross profits of $479,005 after general expenses and allowances for depreciation. Administrative expenses aggregated $230,011, leaving a net profit of $253,994, which is equal to six and one-half times annual interest charges on the outstanding bonds for the period.

Berlin to Trade in Russian Consols.

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—Trading in Russian securities will again be permitted on the Berlin bourse beginning Sept. 1, it was announced today. For the present the regular quotations will be confined to Russian consols of 1902.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A circular on the public utility industry has been prepared by McClellan& Claggett Company, 60 Broadway.

Clinton Gilbert, 9 Wall Street, has issued a comparative tabulation of New York City banks, trust, title and surety companies.

The Empire Trust Company has been appointed registrar of the preferred and class A and class B common stock of the Commercial Cod Company.

The Board of the New York Indemnity Company has elected the following Directors: F. A. Rockefeller, Charles Hayden, Frederick W. Allen and Dallett Wilson.

$14,866,650 BONDS DUE IN SEPTEMBER

Largest Issue Is Scioto Valley Traction First 5s, to the Amount of $1,426,000.

DULLNESS GRIPS MARKET

Little Call to Refund Issues Which Mature Next Month Is Anticipated.

With the volume of new securities offered in the financial market the lowest it has been in years, there will be little call to refund issues that mature in September, according to compilations of bonds maturing during the month.

The total of railroad, public utility, and industrial bonds falling due in September is $14,866,650, against $29,376,550 in August and $54,391,540 in September, 1922.

The largest issue that will fall due in September is the Scioto Valley Traction first 5s to the amount of $1,426,000. The Savannah Gas Co. has an issue of $1,946,000 due Sept. 1. Provision has already been made for the $1,000,000 Seaboard Air Line notes.

The following is a list of the corporate maturities in September, 1923, as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co.

	Railroad Bonds.	
Sept. 15	Seaboard Air Line notes..?	$1,000,000
	Miscellaneous	1,758,650
	September total	$2,758,650
	Public Utility Bonds.	
Sept. 1	Scioto Valley Trac 1st..5	$1,426,000
Sept. 1	Savannah Gas 1st.....	1,946,000
Sept. 1	Roanoke Gas & Elec 1st..5	1,150,000
Sept. 1	Leavenworth Lt., Heat & Pr 1st	675,000
Sept. 1	Binghamton R. R. 1st..5	462,000
Sept. 1	Webb City North'n 1st..5	200,000
Sept. 5	Nat'l Lt. H. & P notes..6	500,000
Sept. 15	Louisville & So Ind Trac 1st	1,000,000
	Industrial Bonds.	
	Miscellaneous	1,022,500
	September total	$7,781,500
Sept. 1	Empire Oil Pur. m'g...7	4,000,000
Sept. 1	Gt. Glass Bottle...8	390,000
Sept. 1	Van Sweringen Co. 1st..7	300,000
Sept. 1	Gen Am Tk Car 6% st. or 1st	297,600
Sept. 1	Nat'l Car wheel 1st.....6	275,000
	Miscellaneous	2,283,500
	September total	$14,346,600
Combined total for Sept.		$14,866,650

COMMODITY PRICES.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business, Wednesday, a week before, and a year ago:

	Aug. 15 1923.	Aug. 8 1923.	Aug. 16 1922.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.16¼	$1.14	$1.16½
Corn, No. 2 yellow	1.06¾	1.03¾	.75¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.39½	.38½	.43
Flour, Minn. patent	6.95	6.00	7.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.19¾	.19¾	.19
Sugar, granulated	.07¾0	.07¾0	.07
Butter, cr. 92 score	.44	.43	.34
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.28½@.31	.30	.28
Lard, Mid. W	11.50@.60	11.25	11.55
Pork, mess	35.00	33.00	28.00
Beef, family	16.50	16.50	16.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X Phila	28.00	28.75	29.75
Steel billets, Pitts	42.50	42.50	35.00
Lead	6.00	6.00	5.90
Copper	14.00	14.25	12.75
Tin	38.87½	38.75	32.75
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	25.65	24.65	32.95
Printcloths	.06¾	.06¾	.06¾

Range of prices year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54	Feb. 15	$1.03¾	Aug. 6
Corn	1.03¾	July 24	.83	Jan. 3
Oats	.57¼	Feb. 13	.43¼	July 13
Flour	7.40	Jan. 2	5.90	July 24
Coffee	.23¾	Mar. 15	.16¾	July 14
Sugar	.10¾	Apr. 25	.06	Jan. 27
Butter	.54	Jan. 11	.37¼	July 2
Eggs	.48	Jan. 2	.22¾	June 22
Lard	13.10	Mar. 16	10.85	July 28
Pork	38.50	Jan. 3	24.50	Aug. 7
Beef	22.00	Apr. 13	16.00	Aug. 7
Iron	31.75	Apr. 7	26.00	Aug. 14
Steel	46.00	Mar. 15	34.00	Jan. 3
Lead	8.75	Mar. 5	5.90	July 10
Copper	17.25	Mar. 19	14.00	Aug. 14
Tin	41.50	Mar. 15	27.37½	July 5
Cotton	31.30	Mar. 17	22.35	July 28
Printcloths	.08¾	Mar. 3	.06¾	July 31

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Spot	....	....	....	....	10.00	....
Aug.	....	....	....	10.35	10.40	....
Sept.	2,000	10.35	11.05	10.35	10.05	....
Oct.	3,200	10.02	9.62	9.97	9.68	....
Nov.	1,800	9.83	9.04	9.32	9.03	....
Dec.	1,800	9.35	9.10	9.25	9.00	....
Jan.	10,300	9.25	8.85	9.23	8.93	....
Feb.	....	....	....	9.23	8.93	....
March	1,600	9.00	9.08	9.49	9.10	....
Total	sales. 29,900					

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	7.14	7.14	7.20	7.20	9.39
Sept.	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.63	9.27
Dec.	7.65	7.65	7.72	7.97	9.42
March	7.36	7.35	7.40	7.37	9.45
May	....	....	....	7.33	9.18

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	4.15	4.00	4.07	4.20	3.44
Dec.	3.95	3.86	3.86	4.04	4.26
March	3.43	3.32	3.36	3.46	4.32
May	3.44	3.43	3.43	3.53	4.55

*Closing bid.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Aug. 14): 18,203 packages. Prices firmly maintained. Creamery, higher than extras, 1lb., 44½@46c; extras, 92 score, 44c; firsts, 90@93c; seconds, 88@89c; lower grades, 36½@87½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 42c; 89 score, 40½@41c; 88 score, 40c; 87 to 87 score, 39½@39¾c; unsalted, higher than extras, 40@42c; extras, 92 score, 45½@46c; firsts, 40½@44½c; seconds, 38@40c; Danish casks, duty paid, 44@44½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 43½@44½c; firsts, 42@43c; seconds, 40@42c; ladles, current makes, extras, 35c; firsts, 33@33½c; seconds, 32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1 32c; No. 2 30c; No. 3 27½c.

EGGS—Receipts (Aug. 14): 30,264 cases. Finest qualities of western and white eggs continue in sellers' favor with further advance in prices. Fresh gathered, extra fancy, dozen, 32@37c; extra firsts, 31½@34c; firsts, 28½@31c; seconds and poorer, 25½@28c; trade says, 25@27c; dirties, No. 1 regular packed, 25@25½c; No. 2 and poorer, 22@24½c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@25½c; New Jersey, hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 39@40c; other nearby hennery whites, closely selected, extras, 31@32c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 48@50c; extra firsts, 45@47c; firsts, 40@44c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 40@46c; nearby whites, under grades, 34@38c; Jersey, 40@44c; other nearby whites, mediums, 38@42c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 35@40c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 39@40c; extra firsts, 36@47c; firsts, 36@44c; mediums, 34@36c; other western and southern gathered whites, 32@40c; New Jersey, hennery browns, extra firsts, light, 40@42c; other nearby and nearby western, hennery browns, extras 38@45c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK—		Chesapeak	.03
Andes	.06	Extension	.06
Best & Belcher	.06	Harmill	.04
Challar	.07	Hasbrouck	.05
Concordia	.01	Marsa	.05
Con. Virginia	.13	Mayflower	.01
Gould & Curry	.07	Operator	.04
Hale & Norcross	.16	Smuggler	.04
Justice	.03	Sutherland	.04
Mexican	.16	Wonder	.04
Ophir	.26	GOLDFIELD.	
Potosi	.06	Booth	.02
Savage	.03	Consolidated	.05
Sierra Nevada	.56	Crackerjack	.09
Union	.19	Development	.10
TONOPAH.		Florence	.45
Belmont	.69	Jumbo Extens	.05
Chas Exy	.05	Kewanas	.09
Halifax	.30	Lone Star	.02
McNamara	.02	Red Hill	.02
Midway	.02	Silver Pick	.03
North Star	.05	Speculator	.09
Rescue	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Extsn	2.00	Boundary Min	.11
Tonopah Pet	.01	Gold Key	.03
West End	.01	Manhattan Cons	.03
DIVIDE.		Nellis	.08
Amazon	.03	Round Mountain	.20
Jumbo Extsn	.01	Sandstorm	.02
Ben-Hur	.02	White Caps	.08

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	3¾	3¾	Mary McK.	1¼	2¼
Elkton	3	....	Portland	.26	.28½
El Paso	15	20	U. Gold M.	13¾	14
Findley Lee	3	....	Vindicator	.24	.25
Golden Cr.	.04	.06	Work Mines	.04	.06
Granite	4	6			

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.
Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—All colors, plain, quantity no object; cash. Commodore Shirt Co., 459 Broadway.

BUYERS' WANTS.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Ormandales, Belvertite, Fromcas, 1358, 10041, 10062, 0533, 0622, 06210, 0589, 10071; Poiret, 00164, 0562; Velour, 1870, 10052; Stewart, 569, 5419; Raritan 1639. Lexington 1909.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Navy, Dobson's or similar; quantity. I. & B. Sapiro Cloak, 233 7th Av.

BOLIVIAS wanted, quantity Raritan 1605, 095; American 10025, all shades. Lipchansky Brothers, Watkins 2835.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewart's 5819 Kit Fox, also Geronas, Marvellas, Orionas. Pennsylvania 0781.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—21384, 21371, 18209, 1355; also 1316 or similar. Lackawanna 9272.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 4440, all shades. Karpas, 1,370 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Goffs 602, 701, kit fox, navy. Fregress, 102 West 29th. Lack 2165.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Navy, 42-75-85. Chelsea 9585.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewards and Goff; quantity wanted. Watkins 9420.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Ormandale 21371 brown. A. Levinsky, 37 West 24th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan, Stewarts, Goffs, for cash. Call Longacre 3662.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Ormandales and velvertites; assortment of colors. Longacre 4600.

CARACUL plates wanted, colors gray, brown, black or white. Bodenstein Bros., 246 West 38th. Fitzroy 6730.

CHARMEEN Wanted—F. & H. charmeen, rosewood, navy, gray and tan. Watkins 8904.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Forstman Hoffman navy cordovan. Rosewood. Longacre 10465.

CHARMEEN Wanted—3618 brown and Karnak. Samuel Sherlip, 37 West 28th.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Rose, wood and brown for cash. Louis Bernstein, 242 West 36th.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—And Liberty satin; cash. 1,123 Broadway, Room 1008.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted—Brown and high shades, mercerized back. Wm. M. Posner, 237 West 37th.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted—Black and brown. Pinkenburg, 21 East 31st.

CHINCHILLA wanted, red only. Lackawanna 4660.

CLOTHS Wanted—14-25, 36-inch, curry, reindeer, polaire. Louis Rosenheim Co., Chelsea 2495.

CLOTHS Wanted—Deering Milliken's Luxona; must be cheap. Longacre 6736.

COATINGS Wanted—Open for any quantity for cash; one-piece and up, about $1 per yard; submit samples. M. Garfinkel's Sons, 127 Bleecker St.

COATS Wanted for our new quarters; spot cash for 5,000, large or small lots, entire stock, jobs. Emanuel, 43 West 27th. Watkins 5154.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade coats; all week. David Ress, 38 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Quantity bolivias, plain and fur trimmed; spot cash; also striped and plaid sport coats. Watkins 2045.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on sport and dress coats; plain and fur trimmed. Rosing & Gans, 1353 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on cloth and plush coats; call all day. Room 407, 49 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Large or small quantities for cash. Schachsel, 43 West 27th.

CONTRACTOR—Presses big quantity, cut and uncut, 110 West 25th; 11th floor.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Satin striped for linings; black only. Desmonde, 12 West 27th.

DIVIDENDS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Standard Oil Company (incorporated in New Jersey) has declared the regular quarterly dividend upon the outstanding common and preferred stock of the Company, payable September 15, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business, 12 o'clock noon, August 31, 1923, as follows:

Preferred stock.....$1.75 per share
Common stock
$100 par value.....$1.00 per share
$25 par value......25 per share
Checks will be mailed.

But, the proper officers of the Company are authorized to withhold payment of the foregoing dividends, so as to make said dividends are declared in respect of any outstanding $100 par common certificates and any outstanding full-paid preferred stock receipts, until such $100 par common certificates shall have been surrendered in exchange for $25 par common certificates, and such full-paid receipts shall have surrendered in exchange for definitive preferred stock certificates. C. T. WHITE, Secretary.

August 15, 1923, New York City.

PETROLEUM REALIZATION COMPANY, WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS.

The fifth regular monthly dividend of two per cent. (2%) has been declared on the Class A shares of this company, payable August 15, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 30, 1923.

NORMAN R. CRUM, Treasurer.

THE BROOKLYN CITY R. R. CO., 168 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y. DIVIDEND No. 241.

August 14, 1

Wholesale Only.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

POIRET DRESSES
To Retail At
$9.75
50 Different Styles.
Sizes to 50 in This Price-Range.
We Specialize on Dresses to Retail at $9.75 $14.75 $19.75
KING & APPLEBAUM
333 SEVENTH AVE.
Cor. 29th St.

Wholesale Only.
Stout Dresses
The Strongest Line of
New Fall Stout Dresses
NOW READY!
$9.75 to $42.50
LINDE & RUBIN
129 W. 27th St.

Wholesale Only

SOLD BY RELIABLE RETAILERS EVERYWHERE
Girls' Hats
Baby Caps
Max Mayer Inc
Tops for Tots
352 Fourth Av. at 25th St.

Wholesale Only
JUNIOR MISS
PETITE WOMEN
DRESSES
16.75 to 19.75
Immediate Delivery
SUNNYMAID DRESS CO.
48-54 W. 25th St., N. Y.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—5½ per cent. for the best names. Tuesday—5¼ per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Burlaps Are Quiet Here.

Although speculators are willing to buy burlaps here under replacement values to cover orders in hand, consumers of the goods are entirely out of the market. Most holders are unwilling to meet the views of the speculators, with the result that there is very little being done. Prices, however, are fairly firm here, although at Calcutta there was a break yesterday of about 10 points and the tendency was to soften further. In the local market spot and afloat burlaps were quoted at 6.10 and 6.00 cents, respectively, for standard lightweight and heavyweight goods. Calcutta cables set 6.05 and 6.80 cents as the respective prices on lights and heavies for August-September shipment and 6 and 6.85 cents as the quotations for October-December shipments of similar goods from that port.

***

Finished Cottons Selling Better.

Reports from the Worth Street dry goods district indicate that the expected buying movement in finished cotton goods has begun. Sales in the last several days, it was said yesterday, have been better than for some time. Among the active sellers are napped goods, where they can still be had, and the situation in that part of the market is the strongest in several seasons. Cheviots and plaids have done well, following the recent reductions, and an improved demand for gingnams also is seen. A single order lately placed here for the latter called for nearly 1,000 cases of staple and fancy cloths. From present indications, prices on gingnams will be even later in coming out than had been expected, and the feeling was yesterday that they would not be made much before Oct. 1.

***

Better Demand for Heavyweights.

More business in heavyweight suitings is being reported daily by the men's wear jobbers. "The sharpshooters are beginning to nibble," was the way one large Fourth Avenue jobber described the current activity. This buying, whether of the "sharpshooting" variety or not has done much to instill a greater amount of confidence in the trade generally. One well-known selling agent said he is convinced that there will be the biggest Fall clothing business done in quite a long while and it will find both the retailers and cutters unprepared. He said he was holding his heavyweight stacks at their full opening values and he expected to sell them at these figures. Moreover, he believes the Fall suiting business will be drawn out possibly into December with the chances being that there will not be enough real heavyweights to go around as the mills did not make anywhere near their usual run of them. He looked for this to create a demand for the "heavy" lightweights, thus balancing the Spring situation.

***

Improvement in Collections.

Several jobbers and selling agents said yesterday they had noticed some improvement in collections lately. The general situation, however, is still very sluggish. Little worry is being shown now, as the current state of credit affairs is tending to adjust itself. It is pointed out that the time is approaching when a better story can be told. The whole matter finally depends on the retailer and, as the latter will shortly be ordering Fall clothing, it is expected that these sales to consumers will allow settlement of past due accounts. With these payments in hand the manufacturers will be able to liquidate their indebtedness. The small jobber will be particularly benefitted when this stage is reached.

***

Jewelry Sales Keep Up Well.

Although there is no unusual snap to buying of the finer grades of jewelry at the present time in this market, house is said, those by men on the road are keeping up well enough to sustain the gains recorded during the first half of this year over the same period a year ago. Quite a marked pick-up is expected to the annual convention of the National Retail Jewelers' Association, which is scheduled to begin in Providence late this month. Retailers from all parts of the country will attend it, and most of them are expected to visit this market afterward. At the moment the buying is divided among bracelets, sautoirs, rings, hat pins, earrings, &c., with no really outstanding feature.

***

Wholesalers Are Not Worried.

Although dissatisfaction is voiced here and there in the garment trade over the slowness which the Fall ready-to-wear buying is developing and the rather limited quantities being taken, the general feeling of representative wholesalers is that there is nothing to be alarmed at. The slower the early buying is, it is pointed out, the longer should be the active period of receiving reorders. Due to the careful production policy and the strength of the cloth and fur markets, garment prices generally continue firm. They will remain so practically throughout the season according to manufacturers, and those buyers who figure otherwise, it is said, will be disappointed. Little enthusiasm is shown over the plan of retailers of holding cloth coat sales with the August fur sales. The small retail advantage gained, it is claimed, are more than counterbalanced by having the season start off with slashed prices instead of the normal early turnover of merchandise at regular values.

***

Hat Styles for Fall.

The present outlook in the millinery field is for a contest for Fall style leadership between the Louis Philippe and associated Victorian influences and the Chinese effects that were given such an impetus at the Bal du Grand Prix in Paris in late June. Among the favored models for the new season are high front berets reminiscent of the Empire military types, and in contrast to them are seen Far Eastern effects in turbans that range all the way from cocolis types to Mandarin. Tricornes also are seen, but with the points scalloped, rather than pointed. Buccaneer and Cavalier flares predominate in hats for day wear. Also smacking of things warlike are some of the new small hats that take their inspiration from the helmets of old armor.

***

Not as Active as Expected.

Although this is the period in which the buying of Oriental rugs ordinarily would be most active, the current purchasing of retailers, according to a leading importer, is dull. With prices easily 15 per cent. higher than last Fall, the tendency, it is explained, has been for the merchandise manager to hold buyers of this merchandise in close check. Quite a few requests have been received lately from retailers who wish to buy a certain amount of rugs, provided an equal or larger amount is sent on consignment. The importer in question says he is turning down every request of this kind that he receives. Persian rugs dominate the field now, it is said, with considerable hesitation on the part of some of the trade with regard to the Chinese kind, in which very close price competition has developed.

***

Gray Goods Much More Active.

Trading in the local gray goods market yesterday was more active than for some time. Most of the business was done in printcloths, from all accounts, and large sales of 38½-inch 64-60s and 60-44s were made at 6⅞ and 7⅛ cents, respectively, for nearby deliveries. Toward the close 9 cents was asked for the 64-60s, and it was said that the 60-44s available at 7⅛ cents were not numerous. Goods of the latter construction for later shipments were quoted at 7¼ cents. Large sales of 36-inch 5.50-yard sheetings were made at 7¼ cents, with some houses asking 7⅜ cents later in the day. Active trading in 27-inch 3.95-yard drills also was reported at 10 cents, with smaller business done later at 10⅛ cents.

***

Skirt Buying Still Slow.

While some lagging in Fall buying is still reported by skirt wholesalers, there is a good volume of orders being received that promises to grow. It is generally conceded however that the total will not be as big as that of the Spring and Summer, specialty shops are the most active buyers at the moment and they are inclined to test out by careful selection the probable inclination of consumers. The pleated styles, as far as the popular priced merchandise is concerned, are thought likely to be favored again, particularly in the combination effects, although there is expected to be some call for those with knife pleats. Plaids in sports skirts are stressed by some wholesalers. Wool crepes, either plain or brocaded, cut and raised velours and rope are the outstanding fabrics being used. Serges are coming in for attention in the low end merchandise.

BUSINESS NOTES.

S. Petersdorf of Terre Haute, Ind., is no longer associated with the Petersdorf Co. of that city. He intends going into business in the same city.

Frank P. Held & Co., 11 West Nineteenth Street, makers of men's and boys' cloth hats and caps for more than 50 years, have created a special department for the production of men's sport hats. It is under the direction of Jack Blum.

Max Price is no longer connected with the Besco Dress Co., Inc., 43 West Twenty-seventh Street.

STOPS STOCK SALE BY APPAREL FIRM

Court Enjoins Willard J. Valentine, Inc., From Disposing of Shares.

Willard J. Valentine, Inc., organized to sell at retail women's apparel, and Joseph Marshall, Treasurer of the company, were temporarily enjoined yesterday by Supreme Court Justice James O'Malley from continuing the sale of shares of stock. This was the second such injunction granted in two days by Justice O'Malley in Deputy Attorney General John J. Dwyer's new crusade against alleged frauds in stock selling.

The order was granted on affidavits submitted by Deputy Attorney Generals Abraham Rosenthal and Walter D. Fletcher, who conducted the investigation which led to the injunction. They charged fraudulent practice.

Justice O'Malley directed Marshall to appear in the Supreme Court with the corporation's records next Tuesday morning for examination. The Court's order was the consequence of a complaint by the President of the corporation, Willard J. Valentine, a well-known designer, against further use of his name in its business and as a protection to the public, which might be induced to buy stock.

According to the affidavits filed with Justice O'Malley, the company was incorporated July 13 last in Albany as the outgrowth of Valentine's desire to enter the retail business. He had advertised for financial aid and Marshall responded with support. It was agreed that the corporation receive from Valentine his lease on a building at 149 East Fifty-seventh Street. But a dispute developed between the two men, and the lease was not effected.

Fletcher's affidavit said that Valentine then asked the Attorney General "to take such action as necessary to protect the public from the sale of the corporation's stock because he believes that this stock would be worthless, for the reason that it had no building in which to operate and that its principal asset was Valentine's services and the clientele which he would bring the company."

Some of the stock is said to have been sold. The corporation was capitalized at $100,000, of which 500 shares 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock were listed at par of $100 each, and 500 shares 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock at the same figure.

BIG COTTON MILLS MERGE.

Jenckes Spinning Company Will Take Over the Manville Company.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 15.—Purchase by the Jenckes Spinning Company of all the property and assets of the Manville Company is expected to be accomplished at special meetings of the stockholders of both corporations called for next week, Thursday.

The transfer will unite two of the largest cotton manufacturing concerns in Rhode Island, and the new corporation, to be known as the Manville-Jenckes Company, will be one of the largest units in the cotton industry in America, with a capitalization of $30,000,000, operating nine plants employing more than 6,500 persons.

The Jenckes Spinning Company has been engaged exclusively in the manufacture of automobile tire fabric. The mills of the Manville Company produce sheetings, shirtings, linings and fancy cotton goods. The Jenckes Company has, in addition to its huge main plant in Pawtucket, two smaller mills in that city, another in Central Falls, and a Southern producing unit at Gastonia, N. C. The Manville Company's main plant is in the village of Manville, in the town of Lincoln. The company operates also the Social and Nourse Mills in Woonsocket and the Globe Mill in Georgiaville.

The present authorized capitalization of the Jenckes Company is $20,000,000, of which $8,994,100 has been issued; 35,400,000 being in common stock and $3,994,100 in preferred. It is the intention of the company, before the transfer of the Manville Company, to increase its outstanding common stock to $12,000,000, the increase to be "distributed full paid ratably to the holders of the present common stock."

The present authorized capitalization of the Manville Company is $21,360,000, practically all issued and divided into $2,300,900 preferred and about $9,000,000 common stock. The Jenckes Company will assume the liabilities of the Manville Company and issue for that corporation's assets $7,594,100 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock (class B) and $12,000,000 of its common stock.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against.

THE CABINET AND ACCESSORIES CO., INC., phonographs and accessories, 3 West Fifteenth Street; by Brilliantone Steel Needle Company of America for $618; Reflexo Products Company, Inc., $78; Davega, Inc., $158.

ROSCOE KNITWEAR COMPANY, INC., jobber, 7 East Thirtieth Street, by Herbert B. Schoenblum for $32; Edward J. Brandt 40-46, Bayside, Queens, $40.

ALBERT MARBER, women's wear, 27 Lenox Avenue, by Philip R. Cohen for $134; Louis Morrison $140, Miriam Janowitz $104, Lee Elder $250.

J. LIEBOWITZ & CO., manufacturers of cloaks and suits, 11 West Seventeenth Street, by Louis Schulman for $537; David Lieberman, $1,000; Samuel Greenblatt, $750. Liabilities, about $13,000; assets, about $6,000. The members of the firm are Julius Liebowitz, David and Joseph Mondschein and Irving Greenblatt.

ALEXANDER HOROWITZ, pharmacy, 85 West 135th Street, by David Queen on a claim of $1,240.

Petitions Filed—By

SAMUEL DALL, grocery and delicatessen, 854 Eighth Avenue. Liabilities, $2,154; assets, $825.

ELSIE F. BALDWIN, housewife, 942 Abingdon Road, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $7,286; assets, $100.

SELIG SCHWARTZ, retail grocer, 2,183 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $1,404; assets, $150.

MAUD HAYARD, designer, 3,880 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $36,-883; assets, $310.

Assignment.

ISIDOR TORESLOWSKY, trading as the Monroe Bargain Store, at 130 Monroe Street, general merchandise, to Meyer Tonkin of 304 Clinton Street.

Receivers Appointed.

CHARLES DOLL & TOY MFG. CORP., 190 Green Street; David Klein appointed under $1,000 bond by Judge Goddard.

PERLIN 17 WEST GLEN CO., 17 Glen Street, Glen Cove, L. I.; Judge Ineh has appointed J. Edward Payne in bond of $1,000.

Schedules Filed.

UNITED THEATRE EQUIPMENT CORP., 95 West 45th Street. Liabilities, $141,115; assets, $50,000 in addition to 60 per cent. of the stock of the Procter Automatic Co. and an action against the Nicholas Power Co. Principal credits are Pacific Bank, $44,000, secured; United States Government, $1,904 for taxes; Precision Machine Co., $1,140. Moving Picture World, $4,100; Arthur S. Graham, $2,500; Century Holding Co., $2,-000; Herman Fitz, $1,000.

HARRY ROSENFIELD, doing business as Rosenfield Raincoat Co., 104 Fifth Avenue. Liabilities, $39,493; assets, $4,922. Main items being stock, $4,000. Principal creditors are Meade Knitting Co., $2,200; Schwarzwaelder Co., $2,120; St. Louis Clothing Co. of Boston, $1,926; Plymouth Rubber Co., $1,827; Abraham Miller, $1,700; Jacob Abrahams, $1,500.

Compositions Confirmed.

L. Mans & Co., importers and exporters of dress trimmings, 148 Fourth Avenue, 25 per cent.; Nelson & Greenstein, manufacturers of hats and caps, 101 Bleecker Street, 50 per cent.

Bankruptcy Discharges.

Ellen A. Cunningham, Hotel McAlpin; Louis Payer, electrical contractor, 121 East 116th Street; Frank J. O'Hara, clerk, 207 West 170th Street; Joseph Baldberg, 1,469 Broadway; William Eppman, 16 Hudson Street; Israel Lieber, 10 East 107th Street; Abraham Feldman, doing business as The Feldman Shop, 1,178 Third Avenue; Harry Mandelbaum, leather goods, 70 East 116th Street; George Bloemberg, doing business as Imperial Slipper Manufacturing Company, 145 Chrystie Street; Julius J. Schertzberg, 37, who was a member of the firm of J. Schwartzbaum & Sons, baby carriage supplies, 1,146 West Farms Road; John Dugan, 220 East 116th Street, and Michael Joseph Unger, 110 East Tenth Street, who conducted business under the name of Unger Bros., 2,365 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn; Nathan Cohen and Harry Dornbush, doing business as Tepper & Dornbush, coat manufacturers, 36 West Twenty-seventh Street; Samuel Finkelstein and Harry Goldberg, doing business as Star of Freedom Trading & Banking, dress manufacturers, 148 West Twenty-ninth Street; Barnet Kibrick, furniture, 4,011 Third Avenue; Samuel Smith, who was a member of the firm of Sander Bros. & Sons, hosiery, 295 Broadway; Abraham I. Feinberg, Gardiner, N. Y.; Ceno Cotignola, employe, 250 First Street; Dorothea Westphal, 1,301 Avenue N, Brooklyn; Joseph Frank Trading as the Frank Shop, 922 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Christopher Zullatis, 636 South Wabash Avenue, waiter and manager, with liabilities of $12,396 and assets of $627.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Bach, Clarence L.—M. B. Temple.....$781.83
Berkowitz, Jacob, and Nathan Goffman—United Naval Stores Co., Inc.....$296.47
Bo-Kay Perfume Co., Inc.—S. Schwartz.....$1,140.97
Baumer, Geo. J.—Lodi Trust Co. Inc.....$4,237.89
Brady, Edw. J.—W. R. Wilson.....$100.88
Carrier, Edw. B. P.—R. C. Brown et al.....$292.80
Christ, Harry R.—W. F. Irish et al.....$118.58
Datan Mfg. Co., Inc.—Frank F. Pels Co. of N. Y., Inc.....$196.00
Delt, Richard W.—Star Auto Ignition Sales Co.....$319.35
Franco, Abraham—Globe Merchandise Co., Inc.....$367.20
Florian, Chas. H. Jr.—Bank of Gotham.....$100.00
Freeport Theatre Corp.—Independent Movie Supply Co., Inc.....$541.55
Gross, Nathan, Louis P. Gross, Isidor Gross and Phillip Wiewiecki or Viviatsky—S. Singer.....$2,576.38
Gladstone Fetticoat Co., Inc.—Fulton County Silk Mills, Inc.....$513.28
Goldsmith, Isidor B. (Res Gee Fixtures Co.)—Dreier Iron Works, Inc.....$282.05
Grangwitz, Irving—Edward Davis, Inc.....$123.88
Hart, David—A. Hiseman.....$150.45
Holmstein, Carl A. F.—Goldstein.....$5,298.10
Horowitz, Irving S.—Luigi Borrelli et al.....$295.80
Jennings, Florence E.—Hundee & Gross.....$127.25
J. F. & M. B. Construction Co., Inc.—I. Vivian Martin Pictures, Inc.....$166.25
Jackson, Edgar R.—Prism Corp.....$140.56
Kaufmann, Henry H.—Fath.....$241.78
Klingele, Conrad F.—Fifty-ninth St.-Madison Av. Co.....$838.97
Kane, John—Nti. Woodenware Co., Inc.....$127.27
Lucas, Chas. W.—Clinton Trust Co.....$538.70
Lovitt, Ray, Louis Lindenhauser and Annie Lindenhauser—Ideal Pictures Corp.....$1,040.00
Lardi, Italo M.—State Discount Corp.....$1,064.30
Ladd, Robert N.—Canadian Bank of Commerce.....$500.00
Miller, Benjamin—Krielin Co.....$259.40
Medinah Co.—Commonwealth Bank.....$167.05
O'Keefe, Thomas F.—Columbia Drysuit Co.)—A. Klipstein & Co.....$518.45
Proctor, Robert G. and Lily M. Proctor—F. J. Andrews et al.....$260.41
Finkelstein, Simon—Spitzer.....$231.51
Paris & Alteri Corporation Corp., Camillo Alteri, Lillian Alteri and Nicholas Paris—J. Ciofreddi.....$535.05
Smith, Harry—Overland Trucking Co.....$175.78
Smith, Carleton W.—Stanley & Patterson, Inc.....$148.50
Schneider, Hugo—Yonkers Electric Light & Power Co.....$97.18
Sedge, Morris Realty Co., Inc., and Samuel Horowitz—Krielin Co.....$281.41
Sedge, Morris Realty Co., Inc., and Samuel Horowitz—Metal Tile Construction Co., Inc.....$149.50
Vitti, Leonard and Vincent J.—W. D. Andrews Co.....$1,354.28
Washington Exploration Corp., Kenneth S. Hamilton, John F. Aitkinson and James Washington—Hudson Trust Co.....$6,079.12
Werlin, Morris H.—Unsworth.....$265.38

In Bronx County.

Cohen, Sarah—W. Cohen.....$600.00
Herzog, Fred, Harry S. Nirenberg, Philip H. Goodman and David Shiffrin—Bronx Union Realty Co.....$160.16
Kleinberg, Samuel A.—Commonwealth Finance Corp.....$140.76
Lazarides, Charles M.—229 West 43d St. Corp.....$523.84
Miller, Benjamin—Krielin Co.....$212.40
Rosenfeld, Leopold—E. A. Anderson.....$226.80
Siegmund, Frank—E. V. Doyle.....$628.80
Sedge Morris Realty Co., Inc., and Samuel Horowitz—Krielin Co.....$270.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Dorr Hardware & Implement Co., Inc.—F. C. Woodruff et al., March 26, 1923.....$266.06
Green, Peter—A. Holtsman; June 7, 1918.....$361.55
B. Burnstein, Inc.—H. Weismann et al.; July 27, 1923.....$264.40
57 West 75th St. Realty Co., Inc.—J. H. Simpson Hardware Co., Inc.; June 23, 1922.....$216.23
Gould, Rita—Display Stage Lighting Co., Inc.; March 9, 1923.....$244.18
Jackson, Daniel E.—S. Portegas; Feb. 10, 1921.....$750.41
Antonelli, Joseph—Michael Cohen & Co.; April 11, 1923.....$671.35
Zimbler, Samuel J. I. J. Rubin et al.; Aug. 9, 1923.....$528.32
Jones, Charles W.—Van Alstyne Motor Corp.; July 31, 1923.....$1,397.94
Leary, George—Pentecost & Martin, Inc.; June 17, 1922.....$946.70
Conran, Peter J.—Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.; May 1, 1923.....$500.00

In Bronx County.

Zimbler, Samuel J.—I. J. Rubin et al.; July 31, 1923.....$528.32

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed yesterday:

In New York County.

STAFF ST., 1: Samuel Klipatrick against Charles Riddle, owner and contractor; Belle Cooper et al., owners. $1,000.00

180TH ST., 541 to 547 WEST—Thomas F. Madden against White Cap Holding Co., Inc., owner; Atlas Art Metal Iron Works, Inc., contractor.....$4,450.00

MARGINAL ST., n e corner 18th St. 139.5x 149.9x irregular to 19th St.; Metropolitan Materials Corp. against Ambro Stores and Garage Corp., owner; Smith-Coonan, Inc., contractor.....$1,250.00

82D ST., S WEST; Samuel A. Blair against Wm. P. Clyde, owner; R. Edw. Fritz and Albert Stone, contractors.....$114.12

42D ST. 26 EAST—Samuel A. Blair against 424 St. & Madison Av. Co., Inc., owner; R. Edw. Fritz and Albert Stone, contractors.....$56.45

In Bronx County.

LONGWOOD AV., s w corner of Fox St. 100x110; Stanley & Patterson, Inc., against Longwood Fox Realty Development Corp., owners; Americolite Co., Inc., contractors.

ADEE AV., s e. 24 ft w of Bronxwood Av. 27.9x71.8; Wright Cedar Co., Inc., against Vincent Petrelli, Olinville Construction Co., Inc., contractors.....$1,051.22

JESSUP AV., 1,905; Albert Kriegel against Jeanette Goldman, owner; Morris Lee Goldman, contractor.....$2,373.40

RAINBRIDGE AV., s w corner of Mosholu Parkway, 62.8x108.8; Sobel & Krause, Inc., against Annie Wenig, owner; P. C. Weisberg Construction Co., Inc., contractors.....$2,000.00

EVELYN PLACE, s w corner of Grand Av. 100x140; Atlas Masons Supply Co., against J. F. M. Realty Co., Inc., owners; Isaac O. Farber, contractor.....$8,740.38

MORRIS AV., 1,340; Louis Silverman et al. against Grandwall Building Co., owner and contractor.....$1,160.00

NORTH ST., s e corner of Grand Av. 100x 120; Atlas Masons Supply Corp. against M. D. C. Realty Corp., owners; Isaac O. Farber contractor.....$270.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

58TH ST. 402 to 408 West, and 9th Av. 861 to 881; Taylor Fichter and Construction Co., Inc. against John A. Chanler et al.; Dec. 8, 1922.....$12,226.05

WEST ST. 130 to 164 Hart, Hess & Stein Co. Inc. against Lester Goldman Corp.; July 31, 1923 (by bond).....$274.41

In Bronx County.

HUGHES AV. 2,057; Isidore Hotsein et al. against Mary Aguzzo et al.; Feb. 10, 1922.....$116.00

KELLY ST. 729; Wm. Penn against Mr. Samuel Greenfield et al.; Aug. 1, 1922.....$260.00

WALTON AV. 2,175; Roberto Rosso against Antonio Longo et al.; May 1, 1923.....$1,000.00

UNION AV. 1,966 to 1,970; Wolk against Esther Waldman et al.; May 10, 1923.....$1,000.00

UNIVERSITY AV. 1,010; Hammer Const. Co. against Charles Held Corp.; July 1, 1922.....$1,700.00

170TH ST. s e. 25 ft s of Osborne Place, 25x 100; Hammer Const. Co., Inc., against Samuel Brenner et al.; July 31, 1923.....$1,025.00

STOUT DRESSES

Wholesale Only.

Opening on August 20th

Fabrics *for* Women's Wear

Presenting the New

Craigmoor Coatings
Registered MADE IN GREAT BRITAIN

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Wedding Dresses	Lodge Dresses	Dance & Party Dresses
Artfully interpreted in Satins, Crepes and Charmeuses, combined with Laces and Georgettes.	Modishly developed in Crepe de Chines, Cantons, Satin faced Cantons and Georgette combinations.	Fashioned gayly of Georgettes, Chiffons, Laces and Taffetas. Every wanted shade.
$12.75 to $72.50	$16.75 to $29.75	$16.75 to $35.00

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Sizes 1 to 6, $4.50 to $17.50 — 10 to 16, $5.75 to $45.00
6 to 10, $6.75 to $27.50 — 13 to 19, $11.75 to $55.00

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Ladies' sizes 36 to 44

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CAPABLE EXECUTIVE, 20 YEARS MANUFACTURER AND JOBBER IN READY TO WEAR LINE. EXCELLENT REPUTATION IN THE MARKET. CREDIT MAN AND EXPERT MERCHANDISER.
BOX 362, 131 WEST 38TH ST.

COAT SALESMAN
High class coat house desires salesman for the Middle West. Must have a very large following. Only one stating previous connections when answering will be considered. Commission basis.
Box 167, Room 1214 Wilson Bldg.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 9460.

AIKEN, S. C.—R. Wolf, gen. mdse., ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Peachtree Jobbing House (jobber); D. Rich, infants' and ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,328 B'way (Rice & Weil).

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; A. E. McClure, men's clothing furnishings; R. B. Smith, knitted outerwear; Miss Mattoney, &c.; 16 W. 32d (W. T. Knott).

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer's; J. M. Sark, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Miss H. Fallman, women's dresses; 1,361 B'way (H. Rice).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. M. Lanahan, waists, underwear, negligees, infants' wear; 1,361 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Rosenthal Bros.; Mrs. M. Perkinson, coats, suits, dresses, costumes; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—S. Lowenberg Co.; S. Lowenberg, men's furnishing goods; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; A. A. Dieterle, linens, blankets, dress goods, linings; 854 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—A. Kahn & Co.; L. Kahn, women's suitings; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Hecht & Co.; F. B. Deutsch, ready-to-wear; 2,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal & Co.); McAlpin.

BEAUMONT, Texas—E. I. Greenberg; E. I. Greenberg, Miss G. Rocks, low-priced silk and cotton dresses, skirts; 117 W. 32d (Hoffman & Hartley).

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Resnick Quality Shop; Miss H. Haber, jobs coats, dresses; 1,261 B'way, Room 1107.

BISHOPVILLE, N. C.—Stafford D. G. Co.; W. E. Stafford, ready-to-wear, juniors', misses', ladies' coats, men's, boys' pants; 1,224 B'way (Rice & Weil).

BISHOPVILLE, S. C.—B. Kelley Co.; J. B. Kelley, ready-to-wear, general mdse.; 1,328 B'way (Rice & Weil).

BISMARCK, N. D.—A. L. Lamas Co.; I. Lamas, ready-to-wear, toys, millinery; McAlpin.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Welch, chiffon velvets; Miss Nevins, misses' cheap dresses; 340 Madison Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. Fitzgerald, women's suits; 225 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; upstairs, Miss E. Logare, women's suits; Mrs. D. Hersey, stouts' coats; Miss A. Murphy, women's inexpensive dresses; Miss J. O'Callaghan, div. mgr., stouts, women's dresses; J. H. Zimmerman, raincoats, coats; basement, H. Zoosmer, jobs, last year's heavy sport coats; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs, Miss Stack, representing; and suits; basement, Mr. Kiley, women's, misses' dresses; Mr. Tobey, shoes, 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss E. Sherraf, children's, junior wear; 432 4th Av. (M. Bernstein).

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co., upstairs; J. J. Fitzgerald, foreign rugs; Miss Foley, representing; E. S. Martin, boys' clothing; basement, Miss A. V. Claugherty, vellings; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—D. R. Wolff & Co. (jobber); D. R. Wolff, Fall coats; 354 5th Av. (S. B. Feldenfeld.)

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; L. Hoffstadt, men's suits; Imperial.

BOSTON—S. T. Gregory Co.; J. F. Lucy, furs; 29 West 32d (Specialty Stores Assn.)

BOSTON—J. Reiner, jobs children's coats; 1,225 Broadway, Pennsylvania.

BOSTON—Filene's Sons Co.; B. Goldberg, Fall skirts; 1,225 Broadway (jobbers' market.)

BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; F. M. Ginsburg, millinery; Gregorian.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland Dry Goods Co.; W. E. Tiffany, women's ready-to-wear; 432 4th (R. J. Cronin).

BUENOS AIRES—Gaa Horvath; Mrs. Dean Horvath, bathing wear, baby goods, toys, novelties, gifts, nat guimps, silk sweaters, sweaters.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. G. Brost, mdse. mgr.; S. W. Dunham, coats, suits, dresses; Miss L. O'Grady, stouts' ready-to-wear; 16 West 39th.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; R. B. Abrams, toilet articles, drugs; 16 West 39th.

BUFFALO—M. J. Lee, Inc.; Mrs. M. Stoffs, waists, furs, silks, underwear; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; C. F. Tucker, women's apparel; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y.—Chas. J. Anderson; G. E. Anderson, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Belk Bros. Co.; B. F. Matthews, men's boys' clothing, gent mdse.; 120 West 32d (A. Pantl).

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Model Shop; M. Feld, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—Hixson Jobbing Co.; A. Hixson, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers' Market).

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Fair; C. W. Popper, jobs new Fall silk, cloth dresses; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Weiskopf Bros.; C. A. Hund, silks, ribbons; 30 West 36th.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; O. Jacobson, hats, caps; 225 East 23d, Room 1107.

CHICAGO—Victor Ladies' Tailoring Co.; S. Stein, coats; 1,225 B'way.

CHICAGO—Benjamin Nasatir; H. A. Nasatir, curtains, bedding, general mdse.; Latham.

CHICAGO—Max M. Kann (Jobber); M. M. Kann, popular-priced coats; 58 West 32d (Littman & Storch).

CHICAGO, Ill.—Kirshman Bros.; B. Starn, silk dresses; 1,359 Broadway.

CINCINNATI—The Louis Meyers Co.; Miss L. Meyers, millinery; Wolcott.

CINCINNATI—Vose-Milder Co.; J. Schaefer, furniture; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; J. B. Callow, wash goods; A. L. Kleineke, draperies; 72 Leonard St. (W. T. Hackett).

CLEVELAND—Klugs Novelty Co.; S. Klugs, jewelry, fancy goods; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—N. Hammerschlag & Sons (Jobber); I. Hammerschlag, low-end, popular-priced intermediate, junior dresses, poiret twill, Fall materials, wool crepe, silks; 1,328 B'way (Rice & Weil).

COLUMBUS—Union Co.; Miss A. Mackin, juniors' dresses, skirts; 1,150 B'way (F. Lilienthal & Co.).

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss Egnor, skirts, suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

CONCORD, N. C.—Parks-Belk Co.; J. E. Parks, cotton piece goods, clothing, men's furnishings, &c.; 120 W

OFFERS A SCHEME TO REDUCE RENTS

Walter Russell, Discoverer of "Luminum," Now Proposes to Help Poor Tenants.

PLANS $10,000,000 CONCERN

Stock to Be Sold, but Some of Russell's Associates Didn't Know That.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, George Grey Barnard, Howard Chandler Christy, Thomas Hastings of Carrere & Hastings, architects; McKim, Mead & White, architects; A. Sterling Calder, and scores of other artists and architects are listed as the founders of the National Rent Mutual Company through which, it is promised, rent for investors in the $10,000,000 stock of the company will be reduced in half in about seven years. The founders have subscribed $1,000 each to the company, which was organized by Walter Russell, real estate operator, artist and musician, of 366 Madison Avenue.

The plan of Mr. Russell to effect huge rent reductions through mutual ownership, follows closely his open letter to Henry Ford in which he explained how Ford could vastly increase his wealth by extracting from coal a new element, "luminum," of which Mr. Russell claims to have discovered evidence in the spectrum of the sun and stars and in nature. He predicted "luminum" will be the basis for cold light and also will greatly enhance the beauty of women.

Mr. Russell is President of the company that was organized to extend Manhattan down the bay, along lines suggested by T. Kennard Thomson, noted engineer.

Many of those who have subscribed $1,000 as founders of the rent company conceived by Mr. Russell were out of town yesterday, but two of them who were found explained that they knew little of the details of financing the company, and that they had signed as founders largely because they saw the signatures of friends on whose judgment they relied. One of these who was asked to explain how it would be operated said he understood that it would be run in such a way that studios for poor artists would be provided at low rentals.

Mr. Russell explained that the rent mutualization plan was a development of a co-operative scheme which had been tried out successfully by himself and some artist friends about twenty-five years ago. He explained that the first mutual building would be a studio and would be used for demonstration purposes. He further explained that an investor would have at the end of a certain number of years, not worthless rent receipts, but receipts for rents which he could exchange for participation warrants, enabling the investor to share pro rata in nine-tenths of the company's profits.

OPPOSE GOVERNMENT SHIPS

Middle West Conference Urges Coolidge to Back Private Operation.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.—A letter was sent to President Coolidge today by Malcolm M. Stewart, manager of the Department of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, offering co-operation of the Middle West Foreign Trade Committee, of which he is Chairman, in the upbuilding of the American merchant marine.

The letter says that "the people of the Middle West are practically unanimous in urging that the Shipping Board make no radical change of policy at this time, believing, as we do, that direct Government operation of the merchant marine will destroy the possibility of developing private initiative and can have as its only result the effect of driving out of business private companies that might become ultimate purchasers of the Government's tonnage."

Mr. Stewart enclosed in his letter a tentative program adopted at the recent Farmers-Manufacturers' Foreign Trade Conference held here as offering a possible solution of the shipping problem.

Senator Capper, in a letter received at the Chamber of Commerce, commends the waterways transportation program of the Middle West Farmers-Manufacturers' Foreign Trade Conference.

"I am in favor of a strong American Merchant Marine to the end that this nation might take its proper place on the seas," Senator Capper wrote. "But I have always been opposed to the Government subsidizing the shipping interests. That is a matter which I believe should be left to private capital, and private initiative, that the Government might properly extend preferential treatment along the lines suggested by your conference which would be most helpful in the development of the industry."

THE BRONX MARKET.

Builder Buys Site for Apartment to Cost $400,000.

R. H. Burke sold to William J. Johnston the 150-foot corner on the southwest side of Webb Avenue and 195th Street. Mr. Johnston plans to erect a six-story apartment costing $400,000. William E. Boyland was the broker.

Harry Cahn, operator and builder, purchased from the Aitken estate the five-story new-law apartment, 60 by 118, known as 338 and 336 East 150th Street, arranged for thirty-five families. The Eugene J. Busher Company were the brokers who negotiated the deal.

The Hudson F. Rose Company has purchased from Mrs. Drucker the three-family houses at 1,060, 1,062, 1,064 Union Avenue. They also purchased from Mrs. Mirra the two-family house at 617 Tinton Avenue. E. H. Kahn was the broker.

The three-story and basement dwelling at 46 East 132d Street, 20 by 100 feet, has been sold by Jerome H. Frank to Dougal Dixon, who will thoroughly renovate the same for his own occupancy. John E. Tailt was the broker.

Netter & Netter purchased for the Greenwell Realty Corporation from the F. C. Realty Corporation the modern five-story and basement walk-up apartment house at 748 East 179th Street, renting for about $9,000 per year. The building is located about 186 feet west of Prospect Avenue and measures 36 by 100. This property, which was held by the seller at $54,000, was purchased for all cash over the existing mortgages.

J. S. Kuhne of M. I. Sells Company sold for the Gudow Realty Corporation to the Lubersco Realty Corporation two five and one-half story, tax-exempt apartment houses at 2,064-2,066 and 2,070-2,072 Creston Avenue.

Charles Weinstein, the builder, has purchased from Samuel H. Golding a plot 100 by 125 at the southwest corner of Pinehurst Avenue and 177th Street, as the site of an apartment house project.

The corner is in the former Altman tract recently acquired by Mr. Golding and which is being sold to apartment house builders.

Bronx Theatre Leased.

H. & S. Bonn and Haring & Blumenthal leased the theatre now being erected on the northeast corner of Willis Avenue and 138th Street to the Consolidated Amusement Corporation for twenty-one years. The plot is 200 by 200 feet and the theatre will seat 3,000. Four hundred running feet of the plot will be improved with three-story tax-payers.

Apartment for the Village.

Chas. Clinton M. Hall sold the plot at 129 to 135 West Washington Place, 120 by 97 feet, to Nathan Wilson, who will erect a nine-story apartment from plans by John Wesley, architect. The property was held at $150,000.

TRADING IN BROOKLYN.

Investor Buys Big Taxpayer—Four Families in Co-operative.

A client of Jacob Shapiro has purchased for investment a taxpayer consisting of seven two-story buildings located on the southwesterly corner of Albany Avenue and Eastern Parkway, on a plot 100 by 100 by 180. The buildings are leased for an aggregate of $15,800 per annum and were held at $175,000.

Henry Pierson & Co. sold the eight-family brick apartment building at 360 Twelfth Street for H. Hofschneider to a client for investment.

In Flatbush the Bulkley & Horton Company sold 1,750 East Eighteenth Street, a new two-family, detached residence with garage for a Mr. Goldberg, the builder, to a client for occupancy.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company as brokers have sold the three-story brick and limestone business and apartment building located on the northwest corner of Church Avenue and St. Paul's Place, and known as 1,825 Church Avenue.

The premises have a frontage of 22 feet on Church Avenue and a depth of 110 feet and contain one store, two apartments, and four garages. The premises were sold for John Wilkens to a client for investment.

Martin A. Anabro sold a new four-family house with all modern improvements near Shore Road to four families. Each family paid the pro rata share, and the expenses and carrying charges are less than $50 per month for each family.

DEAL FOR ENO SITE.

Syndicate Leasing Plot for Theatre From Columbia University.

The property at 1,556 and 1,558 Broadway, with an L to 157 to 163 West Forty-sixth Street, control of which was obtained by Columbia University under the will of Amos F. Enos, will be improved with a theatre building, according to a report in real estate circles.

It is understood the Trustees of the university have agreed on a lease to a syndicate for twenty-one years, with renewals at $90,000 to $100,000 yearly.

Mortgage Loans Placed.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell have placed for the Mandel-Ehrich Corporation a first mortgage of $135,000 for three years on 16 East Fifty-seventh Street, a four-story private house, on a lot 20.8 by 100. The same brokers are negotiating a sale of the property at a price close to $250,000.

Herbert Jacques Morris and Alfred Somborn have placed a first mortgage loan of $15,500 at 5½ per cent. for five years on the premises 446 East Seventy-ninth Street for the East Seventy-ninth Street Realty Corporation with the Bowery Savings Bank.

J. C. Hough & Co. have secured a first mortgage loan for $58,000 for five years, with interest at 5½ per cent., from the Emigrant Savings Bank on the six-story apartment house 218 West 111th Stret, on plot 50 by 100.

Bellaire Lots Bring $159,425.

A total of $159,425 was obtained for the 350 lots sold at Bellaire, L. I., last Saturday.

The property was sold at public auction by Major William Kennelly of Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc. The properties are on Hillside Avenue and 213th Street and most of the sales were in two or three lot blocks to individual buyers for early improvement.

Bidding was spirited throughout the sale and the lots averaged above $455.

Private House Buyers.

The three-story dwelling, 16.8 by 102.2 feet, at 221 East Seventy-second Street was sold by Douglas L. Elliman for Irving Lewine to Ridgley Hunt.

John M. Royall sold for the Robert I. Brown estate the private dwelling at 64 West 132d Street to Julian and Bessie Anderson.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Stephen Whitney Estate Sells the Robert Fulton Apartment on Riverside Drive.

WAS HELD AT $525,000

Tenement House Properties in Manhattan in Demand for Investment.

The Robert Fulton, a six-story elevator apartment house at 230 Riverside Drive, northeast corner of Ninety-fifth Street, was sold by the Stephen Whitney Estate, Inc., to the Robert Fulton Realty Company, Inc., William Brandt, President. The building occupies a plot 105 feet on the Drive by 175 feet on Ninety-fifth Street.

The property was held at $525,000 and has a rental of over $80,000, according to Norman Denzer, the broker in the transaction.

Jourmile Silverman, operator, bought through E. A. Polak & Co. from Mandel Zacharia the premises at 338 and 340 East Fifteenth Street, a seven-story fireproof building, 42 by 103, laid out in two six and two four-room apartments on a floor, renting for $18,000 and accommodating twenty-eight families. The property was held at $100,000.

He also bought through the Hanlea Realty Company from Samuel A. Herts the northeast corner of Nelson Avenue and West 172d Street, corner building plot, 38 by 100, held at $4,000, and sold to an investing client of Charles A. De Bois, the premises at 212 and 214 West 108th Street, two five-story walk-ups, 50 by 100, laid out in two fours and two fives on a floor, accommodating thirty families. The buildings rent for about $16,000 and were held at $95,000.

Cahn & Cahn, operators, sold to James Branciforte, 1,799 Lexington Avenue, a five-story apartment with stores. M. Macaluso was the broker in the transaction.

Murray Maran resold to investors the five-story apartment house at 502-504 West 179th Street, which he purchased last week. Gold & Maran represented the seller.

Investors Buy Tenements.

Meyer Miller sold to a client of Abraham Saffir for investment the two five-story tenements with stores at 1,271 and 1,273 Third Avenue, being the northeast corner of Third Avenue and Seventy-third Street, on a plot 51 by 80, held at $80,000.

Netter & Netter purchased for the Emarest Realty Corporation, from Dora Rosenstein, the two five-and-one-half-story double flats at 106-107 East Tenth Street. The property brings a total annual rental of about $16,000. This is the first sale of these houses in twenty-three years. The property was held at $85,000, and it is understood that a resale is now pending. The property is on a plot 47½ by 100.

Charles R. Farulo resold the two five-story flats at 16 and 18 East 109th Street to Nathan Schancupp. The property was purchased by the seller at the partition sale of the Webber estate last month.

Geisler & Kraker sold for Israel Berman the six-story new-law tenement on a lot 44 by 100 located at 145 and 147 West Tenth Street, renting for $18,500 and held at $80,000.

Joseph G. Abramson purchased from Emma J. Allen the five-story and basement tenement known as 73 Broome Street, on a lot 25 by 100, situated between Columbia and Cannon Streets. The building is laid out in apartments of two twos and two three-room apartments on each floor except the ground floor, which has two stores and two two-room apartments. The building shows an annual income of approximately $8,000. The property was held at $22,000 and was sold free and clear for all cash.

The sellers have owned the property for the last twelve years, by reason of a foreclosure proceeding to foreclose a first mortgage of $20,000, which they held on this property. The broker was Alfred Katz.

Leonard Morgan Company, Inc., in conjunction with G. Reynolds Gibbens, has sold for Jane D. Pierce to an investor 350 West 116th Street, a five-story single flat on a lot 16.9 by 100.

John Finck sold the following properties: No. 619 Third Avenue, a four-story tenement, size 20 by 115, for ex-Sheriff W. F. Grell; 449 East Eighty-fourth Street, a five-story double flat for J. Tiejen et al., 25 by 100; 60 Montgomery Street, a five-story tenement, size 25 by 93, for Abraham Schwartz.

SELLS BROOKLYN LEASE.

Frederick Brown Disposes of Site on Fulton Street.

Frederick Brown sold the 42-year lease on the three-story building at 440-442 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, with an "L" to Hoyt Street. The lease was disposed of through Robert J. Coverdale as broker, who also arranged for special leasing of the premises for Mr. Brown.

The lease of the structure has now been taken by I. Blyn & Son, shoe dealers, who have been tenants in the building for several years. The property adjoins the store of Abraham & Straus and fronts 40 feet on Fulton Street and 40 feet on Hoyt Street. Part of the building is leased to the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company. This is the fifth big deal closed by Mr. Brown in that section of Brooklyn.

Commercial Leases.

The garage at 534-538 West 162d Street has been leased by James De Maille for twenty-one years to Isador Goldstein. This is a three-story fireproof building, 100 by 100, with provision for extra stories, which have to be put on by the tenant.

The lease was made by Cross & Brown Company, who also leased 45,000 square feet of space, for garage purposes, at Grand Concourse and 175th Street for the Colt-Stewart Company, distributers of Maxwell and Chalmers automobiles, to Harry Rappaport, who operates the Seventy-ninth Street garage.

The large store and basement located on the west side of Eighth Avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second Streets, and known as 651 Eighth Avenue, adjoining the A. S. Beck Shoe Company, has been leased for a period of over nine years to the Empire Shoe Company. The Finkelstein Company negotiated the lease.

Grand Opera House Plot Sold.

Mandelbaum & Lewine and Max N. Natanson sold to a client 311 to 323 (inclusive) West 23d Street, seven three-story dwellings on a plot 150 by 63, and the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue and 300½ West Twenty-fourth Street, a four-story store and dwelling on a plot 84 by 75. This is the remainder of the Grand Opera House plot sold by the same owners last month. Van Vliet & Place were the brokers in the deal.

Auction Result.

BY BRYAN L. KENNELLY.

West 36th St., 343 and 345, n. s., 275 ft. e. of 9th Av., 32x98.9, 6-story warehouse; Kate Hall vs. Agnes C. Geoghan et al.; Bauerdert & Taylor (A); Richard H. Arnold (R.); due, $21,111.24; taxes, &c., $3,398.90. Adjourned to Oct. 3.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 15.—Forty-seven new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $1,138,100, were chartered today. They include:

David H. Satten, Brooklyn, maka women's wear, $10,000; D. B. and H. Satten. (Attorney, E. B. Desatnek, 649 Broadway.)

Connors & Marcelle, Manhattan, footwear, $5,000; L. Connors, J. P. Marcelle, R. Demarinis. (Attorney, H. C. Babcock, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Bee Bee Millinery Co., Manhattan, $25,000; S. Stuffer, J. Weinerman, S. Lerner. (Attorney, E. Rasch, Woolworth Building.)

Crest Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $10,000; C. Franke, R. Prussian, L. Planwig. (Attorney, A. I. Goldberg, 1,540 Broadway.)

Wolf-Fitt Knicker Co., Manhattan, men's and women's apparel, $10,000; E. V. Eichler, R. C. Miller, W. L. Greenfogel. (Attorney, H. J. Schleicher, 381 Broadway.)

Joseph W. Wolf Co., Manhattan, department stores, $50,000; J. W. Wolf, L. Friendlich, S. L. Pohl. (Attorney, A. E. Marks, 2,106 Westchester Av., Brooklyn.)

People's Protective Finance Corp., Manhattan, loan money, $50,000; M. Rosenbeck, K. Sternberg, J. Friedman. (Attorney, I. Jacobson, 362 5th Av.)

Twelfth Assembly District Associates, Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; J. F. Murphy, G. Hartung. (Attorney, T. C. Hughes, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

W. M. F. Metz Corp., Manhattan, furniture and cabinet work, $20,000; F. S. Cornwell, P. Y. Eastman, W. F. Metz. (Attorney, Bullivant, Sullivan, 149 Nassau St.)

Colombia Plush Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; R. E. Tinsley, I. Schlessinger, I. Gershman. (Attorney, H. J. Krinsky, 299 Broadway.)

Nostrand Athletic Club, Brooklyn, manage boxing exhibitions, $50,000; C. L. Henderson, A. Brown, T. Legrys. (Attorney, A. Lehman, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Chippewa Shoppe, Buffalo, clothing, &c.; $10,000; M. Allen, M. Ruth. (Attorney, B. B. Pfeifer, Buffalo.)

Hanlon & Co., Rochester, merchandise, 350 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 350 common, no par value; active capital, $35,000; R. M. and W. J. Hanlon, G. A. Glenn. (Attorneys, Crittenden & Crittenden, Rochester.)

Tombalette Food Products Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Rossi, A. Nippi. (Attorney, I. Schmal, 25 West 43d St.)

Margus Mfg. Co., Manhattan, make confections, $50,000; R. and Y. Boulegue. (Attorney, H. Pressprich, 5 Beekman St.)

S. & S. Leather Company, Manhattan, $20,000; J. and A. and B. Schwartz (Attorney, S. H. Elder, 261 Broadway.)

C. H. Savage & Co., Manhattan, poultry and game, $50,000; C. H. Savage, C. L. Solomon (Attorney, F. M. Harris, 99 West Broadway.)

Empire Display Fixture Company, Port Byron, $10,000; H. G. Blumerich, G. H. Lapham, H. F. Tanner (Attorney, H. A. Gleason, Auburn.)

Economy Binding Service, Manhattan, bookbinding, $50,000; L. Hoolasky, H. Hauger, D. M. Bull (Attorney, E. H. Fay, 63 Wall St.)

Five Gramercy Park, Manhattan, construction and supplies, $50,000; R. and A. Cea, J. Rapinsky (Attorneys, J. and S. M. Rapinsky, 276 Fifth Av.)

H. & H. Toy and Novelty Co., Manhattan, $25,000; P. M. Hammellan, A. I. Human, S. Godets (Attorneys, Manheim Bros., 200 Broadway.)

George H. Shaffers, market, Manhattan, food products, $30,000; G. W. and A. E. and G. F. Shaffer Jr. (Attorney, J. W. Helmuth, 233 Broadway.)

Beaumonde Company, Brooklyn, restaurants and saloons, $25,000; W. Spiro, V. Vellerio, S. A. Hamelin (Attorney, G. J. Chrysaikos, 63 Park Row.)

Harry Herscovitz, Brooklyn, glass, $20,000; H. Herscovitz, G. Arenson, F. Levkov. (Attorney, C. J. Moreon, 261 Broadway.)

Frank Hug, Manhattan, sewing machine appliances, $20,000; F. Hug, E. A. Stobfeld, G. Plotkin. (Attorney, H. R. Lhowe, 321 Broadway.)

Nager Electric Co., Brooklyn, electric fixtures, $10,000; M. and J. Nager, S. Cornici. (Attorney, P. A. Keteka, 7 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Collin Printing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Collin, F. Greenberg, L. Kohn. (Attorney, H. H. Kohn, 154 Nassau St.)

G. E. D. Taxi Service, Manhattan, $5,000; S. Becker, J. Friedman, F. Carre Jr. (Attorney, J. M. Hirsch, 152 West 42d St.)

Sterling Decorating Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. R. Crane, K. Frantsetas, C. H. Bellis. (Attorney, F. L. Rohlman, 37 Cedar St.)

Fixtureller Corp., Manhattan, electrical supplies, $20,000; M. Schimel, A. King, A. Wales. (Attorneys, Drechsler, Orenstein & Leff, 225 5th Av.)

Rosenberg & Gross, Bronx, butchers and dairy supplies, $10,000; S. Rosenberg, I. and M. Gross. (Attorney, B. Regart, 31 Park Row.)

Walmrak Realty Corp., $5,000; L. Reit, I. Weinberg, M. Sullivan. (Attorneys, Reit & Mandasky, 206 Broadway.)

Integrity Economy Markets, Manhattan, $60,000; H. Friedman, M. Marom, F. Gilbert. (Attorney, M. Ehrenstein, 1,440 Broadway.)

Westchester Commercial Realty Corp., Tarrytown, $10,000; H. R. Brown, D. N. Monroe, C. E. Chase. (Attorney, C. D. Millard, Tarrytown.)

Westchester Building Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; R. McMahon, A. J. Shannon, M. Elson. (Attorney, W. E. Foster, 60 Broadway.)

Frank Realty & Construction Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; D. Pyser, S. Wiener, B. Zuckerman. (Attorney, I. L. Jacobs, 799 Broadway.)

Manx Taxi Holding Co., Manhattan, automobiles, $100,000; C. G. Gordon, L. M. Jaeger, P. Corre Sr. (Attorney, J. M. Hirsch, 152 West 42d St.)

Co-operative Retailers Milk Corp., Bronx, $100,000; I. Aronovitz, M. Shapiro. (Attorney, L. Cohen, 299 Broadway.)

C. & M. Grocery, Ogdensburg, $8,000; J. A. Cotter, G. J. Madden. (Attorney, J. F. Aikin, Ogdensburg.)

Schoharie Valley Telephone Co., $5,000; J. R. Haynes, J. Hotaling, M. Keyser. (Attorney, F. W. Bliss, Middleburg.)

L. M. Hardy & Sons, Manhattan, radio equipment, $10,000; L. H. and H. and W. Hardy. (Attorneys, S. F. & J. F. Katz, 25 West 43d St.)

George G. Chung Co., Manhattan, deal in merchandise, $10,000; G. G. Chung, C. Goon, D. Smith. (Attorneys, Williams & Williams, 1,482 Broadway.)

Sanders, Schlein & Co., Manhattan, make women's dresses, $100,000; M. and M. Sanders, J. Schlein. (Attorney, H. J. Krinsky, 299 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Therapeutic Devices Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $600,000.

P. H. Bennett Bus Co., Manhattan, $340,000 to $350,000.

M. Preyville Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $250,000.

Nature's Rival Artificial Flower Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Cloverland Ice Cream Co., Syracuse, $50,000 to $100,000.

B. G. H. Metal Mfg. Co., Syracuse, $100,000 to $150,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Bizer Timber Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $10,000.

Motor Starter Corp., Queens, $115,000 to $5,000.

DESIGNATIONS.

Victor Phillips Co., Ill., stocks and bonds, $4,000; Rep., L. Frank, Buffalo.

Inn Realty Service, Mass.; Rep., H. J. Cookingham, Utica.

Wang Chee Corp., Del., realty, $150,000; Rep., C. C. Huntington Jr., 242 Madison Av.

Babylonian Rug Co., Mass., in Oriental rugs, $100,000; Rep., G. Matigan, 225 Fifth Av.

NAME CHANGES.

Adolph Spear & Co., Manhattan, to Spear & Co.

Harbo Motor Trucking Corp., Manhattan, to Warren Gordon, New York.

Clipper Corp., Manhattan, to Clipper.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Meel Corset Shop, Manhattan.

Jamaica Tire and Rubber Co., Manhattan.

William Gleichmann & Co., Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Aug. 15.—Charters filed today: Pacific Coke and Coal Co., Wilmington, operate mines, $7,500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Guild-Made Pictures, Wilmington, motion pictures, $2,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Mutual Finance Corp. of Maryland, Wilmington, loans, $2,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

International Tube Corp., Dover, chemists and druggists, $2,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Income Properties Corp., loan and mortgage, $1,000,000; Ralph U. Shiley, James M. Carter, William Todd, Washington. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Cop-Ge Auto Products Co., Wilmington, manufacture dressings for leather goods, $1,000,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Bailey's Consolidated Tobacco Corp., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Financial Service Corp., Wilmington, $500,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Monarch Service Stations, gas, oil, $350,000; Robert M. McGauley, John A. Demarcos, Florence Waterman, New York. (Walter P. Powell, Wilmington.)

River Garage Co., Wilmington, $100,000. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Eclipse Novelty Co., Philadelphia, manufacture, $50,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Premier Cereal & Beverage Co., Dover, manufacture; $50,000. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Technicolor, New York, 20,000 shares of no par value, to 400,000 shares—an increase in capitalization from $35,000,000 to $40,000,000. For taxation purposes, New York.

Petroleum Rights Corp., New York, $1,800,000 to $5,300,000.

Taylor Bros. Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., $300,000 to $600,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Schaffer Alles Chemical Co. to Alles Harrison Chemical Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

FOR SALE: House and Lot, 782 East 183rd Street, near Tinton Avenue, at public auction, at Exchange Salesroom, 2368 Third Avenue, Thursday, August 16th, twelve noon. HERMAN HOFFMAN, Referee. For information apply to JOHN J. DWYER, Attorney, 44 Wall Street. (Hanover 8411).

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER

Young man, Christian, 29, having spent several years successfully managing high-class properties in the Park Avenue section, is anxious to take up this work again and desires a connection in the management department of a real estate firm of high standing. Would consider position as broker, but prefer the management end of the business.

J 493 TIMES.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Playground of Millionaires becomes homesite for New York's Millions

They have taken down the bars at Sheepshead Bay. The inevitable is to happen—Flatbush is to be extended to the sea. They are passing the playground of millionaires along to the people of New York City for homes. The days of Vanderbilt, and Keene, and Belmont, and Harkness, are gone forever. From now on the

Sheepshead Bay-Harkness Estate

the site of the Sheepshead Bay Race Track and the Sheepshead Bay Motordrome, is to be devoted to the building of the homes that New York City needs so badly.

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A SEVENTEEN ROOM COTTAGE suitable for sanitarium, summer boarding house, or large family. Surroundings unsurpassed. Acreage to suit. 600 feet elevation. Easy terms and AN ALTOGETHER UNEQUALLED BARGAIN.
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Interboro Subway to Grand Central Station, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St., Jackson Heights.
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Unfurnished housekeeping suites of TWO, THREE and FOUR rooms. Rentals, including maid service, from $1500 to $3000. Service provided represents substantial reduction on annual rentals.

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READY FOR OCCUPANCY IN SEPTEMBER

Leases from October 1, 1923

Our food commissary in the building for your marketing at prevailing prices.

Restaurant of the highest standard—cuisine francaise — will open for our patrons on October 1st.

CONCOURSE PLAZA

161st Street, at the Grand Concourse

GEORGE E. EVERART, Managing Director

Renting Office on premises—

Open daily from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Sunday " 9 a. m. " 7 p. m.

A. N. HALLATT, Renting Manager

Telephone: Jerome 1239

Information and floor plans may also be obtained at our mid-town office, 425 Fifth Avenue; Telephone, Vanderbilt 0274

West Side Apartments

Oregon
162 West 54th St.
Cor. 7th Ave.
3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms
$1,900 to $2,900

349 West 85 St.
Near Riverside Drive
8 Rooms & Bath, $2,100, $2,200

Lucania
235 West 71st St.
Near Broadway
3, 4 & 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$2,400 to $2,900

600 West 115 St.
Cor. Broadway.
4, 5, 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$1,600 to $2,700

Manchester
255 West 108th St.
Cor. Broadway.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms & 2 Baths
$2,500 to $3,000

270 Convent Ave.
Corner 141st St.
3, 4 & 5 Rooms & Bath
$1,200, $1,300 and $1,700

345 West 88 St.
Near West End Ave.
8 Rooms & 3 Baths, $4,800

175 Claremont Ave.
Near 124th St.
4 Rooms & Bath
$900 to $1,020

Netherland
340 West 86th St.
Near Riverside Drive
5 Rooms & Bath
$2,500 to $2,800
2 Rooms & Bath
$1,350 to $1,500
1 Room & Bath
$1,000

Hendrik Hudson
611 West 110th St.
Corner Riverside Drive
6, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
$2,600 to $4,200

145 West 71 St.
Near Broadway
3 & 4 Rooms & Bath
$1,800 to $2,500

150 West 79 St.
Near Amsterdam Ave.
7, 9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
$3,500 to $5,000

150-170 Claremont Ave.
Near 124th St.
4 & 5 Rooms & Bath
$1,400 & $1,500

545 West 125 St.
Near Broadway Subway Station.
2, 3 & 4 Rooms, $720 to $900
Kitchenette & regular kitchens

314 West 75 St.
Near Riverside Drive
2 & 3 Rooms, Kitchenette and Bath
$1,600 to $2,500

DETAILED INFORMATION AS TO FLOOR EXPOSURE, WHEN POSSESSION MAY BE HAD, ETC., MAILED UPON REQUEST.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240

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COOPERATIVE APARTMENTS
Kew Gardens
16 Minutes via Long Island R. R.
4-5-6-7 Rooms
Ready for Occupancy
WALTER RUSSELL, INC.
Selling Agents
366 Madison Avenue
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7 Years 8 Months

UNDER the Kew Hall Plan of Cooperative Ownership you become the owner of your apartment in seven years and eight months. You can make an initial payment equal to one year's rent and a similar payment each year for the intervening period. And one-half of your payments are taking care of the cost of maintenance, upkeep and mortgage interest, while the remaining one-half is applied directly to the purchase price of the apartment.

THE ADMASTON
251 W. 89th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway
5, 6, 7 Rooms
$2,200 TO $3,600

THE DE SOTA
215 W. 91st St.
N. E. Corner Broadway
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms
$2,000 TO $3,800

Immediate Possession Or October 1st.
Apply Supt. on Premises or
Byrne & Bowman
30 East 42nd Street Tel. Vanderbilt 2372

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

160 Riverside Drive

At Cor. 88th Street

Unobstructed View

Occupancy About September 1st
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS

5-6-7-8

ROOMS—1 TO 3 BATHS

The most modern apartment on the West Side

Renting Agent on Premises

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162 W. 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240
PATERNO & SON CO.
FRANCIS S. PATERNO, PRES.
OWNERS AND BUILDERS.

Unfurnished—East Side.

135 East 65th St.
Corner Lexington Ave.

Most Attractive

Two & Three Rooms
with Kitchenette
Modern in every detail, including *Elevator and Telephone.*
Now Ready for Occupancy.
Renting Agent at Building.

19 E. 57
1 Room & Bath
$1200 per annum
3 rooms and bath, $2100
Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle Tel. Circle 8748

Unfurnished—West Side.

HOTEL OXFORD
205 West 88th St. (near Broadway)
Occupancy about Sept. 15th.

The only residential unfurnished hotel featuring a serving pantry with each suite.

Pantry consisting of refrigerator, basin, electric outlet and circulating ice water.

2 & 3 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths

Few 1-room and bath available, and larger suites can be arranged.
Service and light included.
Restaurant with Excellent Cuisine
Apply on premises.

Lapidus Engineering Corp.
200 West 72d St. Phone Endicott 6271

17 WEST 71 ST.

5 Rooms & 2 Baths
8 Rooms & 3 Baths

Adjacent to Central Park
Ownership Management
New Nine-Story Apartment House in Course of Construction.
Occupancy Sept. 15th
For Floor Plans
J. Axelrod & Son
234 West 74th St.
Tel. Endicott 0468

39 West 58th St.

Parlor Floor
3 Rooms & Bath
Rent $2400.

Third Floor
3 Rooms & 2 Baths
Rent $2500

Inquire on Premises or
FRED'K FOX & CO., INC.
297 Madison Ave. Tel. Vand. 0540

166 West 72d St.
Just Off Broadway
3 & 4 Rooms
Modern 12-Story Elevator Bldg.
Housekeeping Apartments
Immediate Possession
Slawson & Hobbs
162 W. 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240

204 WEST 55th ST.
Two Exceptionally Attractive Apartments.
5 Rooms, $2,400
6 Rooms, $3,000
Immediate Occupancy
No Rent Until Oct. 1st.

High-Class Fireproof Apartments
At Very Reasonable Rentals
Terrace Court
202 Riverside Drive
10 Rooms & 3 Baths
Apply on premises or
ROBERT P. ZOBEL,
146 West 55th Street.

140 West 71st St.
Near Broadway. Fireproof apartment house.
10-Room Duplex Apartment
Three baths; unusually large and light rooms; $5,200 and $6,400.
Representative on premises or
S. E. OSSERMAN,
2 Rector Street Whitehall 8122

MORTGAGE LOANS.

PRIVATE FUNDS FOR 1ST, 2D MORTGAGES.
Also building and permanent loans. MANHATTAN, BROOKLYN, LONG ISLAND, WESTCHESTER COUNTY & NEW JERSEY. KROMER & LINCOLN, INC.
152 West 42d St., cor. Broadway. Bryant 6317.

1ST, 2D, 3D MORTGAGES; MONEY IN ANY AMOUNT; LARGEST LOANS; QUICKEST DECISIONS SAFE DEED COMPANY.
152 West 42d St., cor. Broadway, 4th Floor. Bryant 0282-0283.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS, MANHATTAN AND BRONX. SPOTTS & STARR.
Times Bldg., 42d & B'way. Bryant 4000.

$400,000 for first and second mortgages in Manhattan and Bronx; property examined and acceptance given within three days; low charges. Lloyd-Winthrop, 141 Broadway.

FIRST and second mortgage money to loan, any amount, on all types of property; reasonable charges. Aliger & Buck, 150 Broadway. Cortlandt 3191.

HAVE more than $800,000 to place for second mortgages on Manhattan and Brooklyn realty; send full particulars; principals only. Y 843 Times.

UNLIMITED funds available for second and third mortgage loans; building loans; rent assignments. Arco Service, 1,265 Broadway.

PRIVATE party, loans second mortgage, money and heirs; any amount, anywhere; very low charges. A 768 Times Downtown.

SECOND and third mortgages; quick action. MORRIS MORTGAGE CORPORATION.
51 CHAMBERS ST. WORTH 2460.

MORTGAGE LOANS, 1st, 2d, 3d, building loans, rent assignment or any good collateral. Room 1604, 303 5th Av.

SECOND MORTGAGES, income property; rent loans. Wolowitz, Attorney, 1,540 Broadway. Bryant 8284.

FIRST and second mortgages; reasonable charges. Durosa Co., 261 Broadway. Barclay 9734.

$500,000 TO LOAN on Brooklyn apartment houses; quick action. Durosa, 261 B'way.

FUNDS available, 1st & 2d, city & country. Burke Stone, Inc., 41 E. 42d. Vand. 8915.

MONEY LOANED on real and personal property; reasonable terms. B 4 Times.

LOANS—First, second, third mortgages, also rents. Manhattan Realties, 565 5th Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

WOULD borrow $90,000, first mortgage; attractive and unusual security; high class seashore hotel; principals only. F 535 Times.

PRIVATE party wants $2,500 loan, Long Island private dwelling. A 53 Times.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

59TH, 324 WEST—Immediate possession. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0253.

61ST, EAST—In zone of exclusive and artistic homes; 13 rooms; bargain.

78TH, 210 WEST—Immediate possession. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0253.

80S, WEST—FOUR-STORY DWELLING, 12 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; 4 TOILETS; ELECTRIC LIGHT. PARQUET; CASH REQUIRED, $7,000; BALANCE ON MORTGAGE. J. M. KELLY CO., 2,067 BROADWAY. ENDICOTT 4365.

80S, WEST—Four-story and basement, 17 rooms and 5 baths; electric light; parquet floors; steam heat; price $52,000; cash $8,000. Chas. K. Clapp & Co., Inc., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

130 WEST 81ST—Four-story dwelling; parquet floors, electric light; excellent condition; big bargain, $32,500; easy terms. Caretaker, premises.

306 WEST 89TH ST.—Dwelling, 14 rooms, five baths, $35,000. Caretaker.

95TH, EAST (near Park Av.)—House of 10 rooms, 2 baths; excellent condition; $32,000; generous reduction for cash.
ASCOT REALTY CO.,
20 East 57th St. Plaza 4682.

150TH ST., 513 WEST—Two or four family house, all improvements; inspection 10-3. Murray Hill 8451.

44-48 LEXINGTON AV. and 129 East 24th St.; for sale or lease on long term; for alteration or improvement; possession on title. Harry L. Weil, 1,457 Broadway. Bryant 3210.

LEXINGTON AVENUE CORNER, in 70s; 4-story building, lease 21 years, for sale, from Nov., 1924; rent $5,000 net. Hecht, 425 Madison Av.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 42d)—50x100; rent $14,000; possession. M 567 Times.

MURRAY HILL—20 ft. near Park Av.; attractive price. Murray Hill 4639.

PARK AV. corner with subordination for sale at attractive figure. Box R. B., 52 Times.

BARGAINS for sale or lease. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th. Bryant 0253.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Strathmore
404 Riverside Drive
at 113th Street

Attractively situated behind grass and trees in the most beautiful part of the Drive, this house has unusual view and light. Perfect floor plan, with rooms of unusual size and finish. Plenty of large closets. Apartments 10 rooms and 3 baths. $5,500 to $6,500.

Owner Management

345 W. 86th St.
Between WEST END AVE. *And* RIVERSIDE DRIVE
New Building
Five rooms and two baths.
Six rooms and three baths.
Attractive Rentals
JOSEPH A. RAUSCHKOLB
46 West 46th St.
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Ready For Immediate Occupancy
23 West 64th St.
Near Central Park West.
New Fireproof Apartment
2 & 3 ROOMS
with Dining Alcove
Maid Service Optional.
Housekeeping Apartments
Representative on Premises or
Slawson & Hobbs
162 West 72d St. Tel. Endicott 7240

789 West End Av.
S. W. Cor. 96th St.
Desirable Ground Floor Apt. for
Doctor or Dentist
Chiropodist, Music or Dancing Teacher or Similar Profession.
now ready for occupancy.
Apply Supt. on premises or
WINFIELD REALTY CO., 1472 B'way

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160TH ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WADSWORTH 6700.

APARTMENT HOTEL.
30 West 59th St.
Two rooms, bath, dressing room and kitchenette; 4 rooms, 2 baths. 2 dressing rooms and kitchenette. Large light rooms; overlooking park.
Manager on Premises.

58th, 200 WEST
Now leasing, from Oct. 1, unfurnished apartments, from 6 to 8 rooms. Available for immediate possession, one four-room apartment. Inquire Supt.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.
PELDEAN COURT
High-class elevator apartment, 4 rooms and 2 baths; 2 minutes to station, 32 minutes to Grand Central.
THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY
Telephone 4756. Pelham, N. Y.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Manhattan For Sale.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, tax exempt; $125,000 cash will buy 2 8-story elevator apartments; direct from builder; size 100x100 each; layout, 3-2, 3-4 and 4-3 rooms apartments on each floor; rent, $245,000; price, $650,000; principals only.
CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
110 William St., New York City.
Telephone Beekman 6000.

14 ROOMS, 4 baths, beautifully furnished rooming house for sale at sacrifice; easy terms. Burchard, Putney & Marek, 500 6th Av., Astoria, L. I. Telephone 4104 Astoria.

$4,000 CASH buys 2-story and basement in West 90s; 11 rooms, 3 baths; illness forces sale; easy terms; five-year mortgage; bargain at $25,000. Kent Realty, 203 W. 72d.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN.
MADISON AV.—20-foot dwelling; far below market valuation. See Mr. Foster, Room 730, 41 East 42d St. Murray Hill 3377.

WEST SIDE PRIVATE HOUSES For Sale and Rent.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St. Tel. End. 7240.

SEVEN west side dwellings; rent $3,000 up; 3 exceptional leases for sale; apartments. Fisher, 165 West 72d, upstairs.

Manhattan For Rent.

PROMINENT 3d Av. corner in 70s; about 90 feet on avenue, for rent on long term lease; opportunity for builders to improve and get benefit of demand for retail stores. Vanderbilt 7567.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished house, 27 rooms, 15 baths, in suites of 1 and 2 rooms; high class; can be leased for a term of years. Malone, 2 East 61st. Tel. Rhinelander 4557.

WE have houses for rent on the west side from $3,000 up. Chas. K. Clapp & Co., Inc., 129 West 72d St. Endicott 1718.

Bronx For Sale.

DOCTOR'S beautiful house, on corner, plot 50x100, having 8 large rooms; just recently renovated; large enough for 2 families; all modern improvements in house and street; $13,500; small cash payment; balance on 1st mortgage with reasonable terms; call between 11 and 2 daily; sacrifice on account of moving to Europe. M. Eller, 1,629 Parker St., Bronx, N. Y.

BEDFORD PARK section, tax exempt; $40,000 cash will buy 5½-story apartment direct from builder; size 84x100; layout, 4-3, 2-4 and 1-5 on a floor; rent $29,000; price $160,000.
CHARLES B. VAN VALEN, INC.,
110 William St., New York City.
Telephone Beekman 6000.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FLATBUSH (1,178 East 13th)—$1,500 buys beautiful brick stucco, 6 rooms; garage; B. R. T. Av. J. Morningside 5835.

FINEST IN BROOKLYN.
Two-family tax-exempt corner house, 85th St., 25th Av., 18 rooms, enclosed porches, every modern convenience; southern exposure; two-car garage; half block from station, 30 minutes Times Square; convenient to beach, best buy in this section; immediate possession. Herbert Center, owner, 391 Broadway, Worth 8723, or on premises.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN CORNER HOME, 60 x 100, in fine section; $25,000. 2,303 Av. K.

Staten Island For Sale.

ATTRACTIVE tax-exempt house, near ferry, for 2 families; fireplaces; garage. Write Owner, Room 2003, 104 5th Av., N. Y. C.

Staten Island For Rent.

STUYVESANT PLACE, 23, ST. GEORGE—5 minutes from ferry; 19 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements; $2,000; will rent in separate apartments. Endicott 2013.

Queens County For Sale.

ARLEIGH HOMES—Attractive 2-family, 3-story, brick, convertible houses, 15 minutes from Grand Central; $54.10 per month buys this house; small cash payment; take any subway (Astoria train) to Ditmars Av. station, Astoria. ARLEIGH REALTY CORP., Ditmars and 24 Av. Tel. Astoria 5908.

BROADWAY FLUSHING—Six rooms, bath, enclosed porch, exceptionally well constructed home, plot 40x100; price $12,500, terms. Clyde W. Funderburg, 34th St. and Broadway Flushing. Phone Flushing 4240.

QUAINT OLD PLACE IN WHITE PLAINS.
Within walking distance of the station, with a plot 100 feet fronting on a restricted street; there is a house that was built over fifty years ago when builders built a great deal better than they build today and when the workmen took pride and joy in their work; a mighty comfortable home to live in; the ceiling heights are exceptional, either for a town or a city house, and the rooms are of large size; large living room, library, dining room, reception hall, kitchen and pantry comprise main floor; five rooms, with tiled bath, on second floor; Servants' accommodations above; modern improvements; two-car garage; the construction, the walls, both exterior and interior, and the floors are of the good old-fashioned kind; every room is a soundproof room; for a lover of the quaint, the substantial, comfortable and at the right price. The property is being sold because the owner must move to New York City. Inquiries welcomed. Apply to Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9326.

NEW TAX EXEMPT COLONIAL HOUSE. Restricted section, every modern improvement; 6 rooms and bath; price $7,500, $1,000 cash, $25 monthly on principal. Higbie, owner and builder, 9 Herriman Av., Jamaica. Phone Jamaica 2692.

BEAUTIFUL 2-family house; includes 3 stores; on corner of Grand Av., best section of Astoria; sacrifice $40,000, cash $15,000. Burchard, Putney & Marek, 500 8th Av., Astoria, L. I. Open Sunday.

Long Island For Sale.

BAYSIDE—Colonial houses and apartments, sale, rent, exchanged, built. Hargrave, Chamber St.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
Price $12,500, cash $2,000, beautiful new stucco homes, tax exempt, modern improvements; plot 40x100; finest restricted residential section; 6 rooms, tiled bath; sewer, open fireplace, driveway, asbestos roof, copper leaders, gutters; parquet floors, fully decorated. Parado Homes Corp., builders, 28th St., cor. Cypress Av., Tel. Flushing 5020.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New, centre hall, Colonial; 7 rooms and bath; garage; plot 100x100; best location; can be seen by appointment. W 632 Times Downtown.

DOUGLASTON, L. I.—A very interesting 12-room house, plot 90x100; beautiful trees and shrubs; near station; $16,500; also several building plots. Address H. J. Peper, 1,787 Broadway, City.

FLORAL PARK—Corner, pretty six-room house, all modern improvements, enclosed porch, garage, bargain, $8,500; also six-room house, all improvements, near station, 30 minutes out, $7,400; easy terms possession. Wetzel, 25 West 42d. Longacre 9719.

FLORAL PARK is a "neighborly place" of genuine people, half hour out by electric trains; ideal for commuters; city conveniences, country comforts, real homes at $7,000 and up. A. H. Goldsmith, Post Office Building. Phone 239 Floral Park.

FLUSHING, L. I.—Modern nine rooms and bath. Clapp, 141 East 55th St.

FREEPORT VILLAGE FARM—7 rooms and bath, 4 bedrooms, every improvement, electricity and gas, heat; 10 minutes to depot; all kinds of fruit trees, berries, chicken house, garage; plot 100x100; cash $3,500; price $10,000. George E. Wheeler, 15 Railroad Av., opposite depot. Open daily and Sunday. Phone 438 Freeport.

FREEPORT—Bungalows, four rooms and bath, $3,000; others, four to eight rooms, $4,000 to $13,000. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, N. Y.

GARDEN CITY—White colonial, 10 rooms; reasonable. Apply Owner, Murray Hill 4639.

GREAT NECK, DOUGLASTON, HAYSIDE. Our listings of superior homes are very complete; let us know your requirements.
I. T. McKNIGHT, 22 East 53d St.
Madison Square 3566. Great Neck 322.

HUNTINGTON—12 minutes' walk from station; plot 50x125; five-room bungalow; bath and electric lights; in good repair; price $8,700; $700 cash; easy; act quickly. Charles E. Sammis Jr., Huntington, L. I. Tel. Hunt. 435.

JAMAICA
AND VICINITY.
ONE-FAMILY HOUSES,
TWO-FAMILY HOUSES,
MODEST-PRICED HOMES,
HIGH-PRICED HOMES,
LOTS AND BUSINESS PROPERTY,
OLDEST CONCERN, LARGEST LIST.
SAVE TIME, PHONE US.
F. W. SCUTT & CO.,
309 FULTON ST., JAMAICA. PHONE 0079.

KEW GARDENS.
Abington Road; seven rooms; 50x125; tax exempt; built for occupancy; all improvements; garage; $23,000. N. Y. 105 Times.

LENOX HILLS—Charming suburban home, one hour from Manhattan; large living room, glass-enclosed sun parlor, three bedrooms; beautiful large lot; steam heat; hardwood floors throughout; environment excellent; price $8,500; only $1,750 cash. Address "L. H.," 174 Times.

NORTH SHORE—30 minutes Pennsylvania Station; unique miniature estate; classic bungalow; every modern appointment; set in beautifully landscaped garden; old trees, lawns, shrubbery, flowers; corner property; 400-foot front; nearly half an acre ground; unmatched on Long Island. Bedford 1651.

WESTBURY (Station beyond Mineola)—$12,500; occupy immediately; new dwelling, 70x30, 4 bedrooms, fireplace, sun parlor, large living room; everything extraordinary. Flexson, 328 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Sterling 4300.

223 ACRES, 30-ROOM DWELLING.
Six bathrooms, 7-car garage, chauffeur's cottage, farm house, barns, stables, poultry plant, shade, lawn, fruit; AN ELEGANT OLD HOMESTEAD; fine place for school or institution; 46 miles out; very low priced and easy terms can be made. G. M. E. A., Room 205, 47 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

BUNGALOW PLOTS by the Sound, hour out, North Shore; wonderful views over the water; fine beach included for bathing; size 50x150; price $400; easy terms. THEO. S. HALL, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6865.

FOR SALE in Woodmere, new brick home, 8 rooms, 3 baths; near two private schools, golf clubs, boating; 5 minutes from depot; price $10,500; plot 60x128; bargain. Louis Squires & Son, Woodmere, L. I.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

Long Island For Sale.

GENUINE LONG BEACH BARGAIN.
Will sell this house completely furnished at a sacrifice; has 12 rooms (4 bedrooms) and 3 baths, two porches and sleeping porch, electricity and gas, heat, front and back stairways, 3 open fireplaces, hardwood floors, every modern improvement; house is stucco on hollow tile, with Spanish tile roof; plot 60x100, beautiful location, two blocks from the ocean; will sacrifice for $30,000; cash $10,000, balance on easy terms to suit the purchaser. Owner on premises, 35 West Olive St., Long Beach, Long Island, or see George C. Johnston, at Elmhurst Av. subway station, Elmhurst, L. I. Call at either place daily and Sunday.

A COLONIAL GEM.
One of the most attractive homes we have ever listed, built and occupied by the owner; Colonial type, centre hall; tiled bath and kitchen, finest fixtures, decorations; 6 rooms, sun parlor, fireplace; garage, dainty in all appointments; corner plot, 70x100; beautiful garden; complete in every detail; only $13,500.
F. W. SCUTT & CO.,
309 Fulton St., Jamaica. Phone 0079.

FOR SALE—Country estates, Long Island acreage and homes. John A. Neafsey, 58 School St., Glen Cove. 311.

Long Island For Rent.

HILLSIDE, L. I.—Six rooms, detached house, all modern, glassed-in bonch; 25 minutes Penn. Station; $90 per month. Phone Jamaica 8375-J.

LONG BEACH (15 East Fulton St.—Furnished house to rent, 7 rooms, near station. Phone Long Beach 826.

FOR LEASE FURNISHED.
GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME.
Leaving city, will lease until June 1, 1924, my country home, nine rebms and bath, gas, electricity, hot water heat, copper screens, metal weatherstrips; two-car garage; two minutes to station; electric service, large living room, open fire-places, extra toilet and lavatory, large dining rooms and kitchen; second floor has five bedrooms and one on third floor; beautifully furnished throughout; possession Sept. 1; price $1250 per month. Address Mrs. Hansen, Room 201, 370 7th Av. Phone Longacre 6406.

Westchester County—For Sale.

BRONXVILLE—Choice location, white clapboard Colonial home, eight rooms, three baths; all conveniences; garage; grounds 135 feet square; death in family, owner's reason for selling; price $30,000. Kirk, 9 Crary Av. (Tel. 9425 Oakwood), Mount Vernon, N. Y., or 110 East 42d St. Tel. 5460 Vanderbilt, New York.

DOBBS FERRY—Bargain, closing estate, modern house, 15 rooms, 2 baths, 2-acre, beautiful garden; garage; asking $25,000; terms. Durosa, 261 Broadway, N. Y.

GREENACRES (River Road), Hartsdale—See these beautiful half-brick houses; best home value here; each has eight rooms, three baths, garage, trees, shrubbery, rustic environment. Keller, Builder and Owner, at premises daily. Evening phone 6920 Fordham.

LARCHMONT—Colonial house, in perfect condition; 8 extra large rooms; steam heat; 2-car garage; fine shaded plot; 10 minutes' walk to 2 stations; a charming home for $14,500. O'LOOTT & ROGER, 51 East 42d St. Tel. 2326 Murray Hill. Sunday telephone 22 Larchmont.

MOUNT VERNON.
EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS
in one-family houses in restricted sections from $11,000 upward; can be bought with $3,000-$5,000 cash; balance terms.
J. BLANC REALTY CORP.
3 South 5th Av. Hillcrest 5718.

PELHAM—ENGLISH STUCCO.
Eight rooms, three baths, sun parlor sleeping porch, breakfast room, dressing room; garage; steam heat; pal floors; owner anxious, make offer. Thomas J. Good, Pelham Manor, N. Y. 5845 Pelham.

PORT CHESTER—14-room house, latest improvements, hot water heat and garage; lot 50x200; newly decorated, situated best section of town. Owner, 36 Sound View St.

RYE — For sale, 7-room house; garage; $14,000. Telephone Rye 3893.

SCARSDALE, $18,000—New Colonial, eight rooms, two baths; near schools and station. Bouchoux, Popham Road, Scarsdale. Tels. Scarsdale 628 or 587.

WHITE PLAINS.
2½ acres, perfect small estate; a show place; Southern Colonial home, 11 rooms, 3 baths, every modern appointment; three-car garage, with quarters; beautiful flower and vegetable gardens; wonderful old shade trees; owner leaving town, will sell for below value; quick action essential. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel Murray Hill 9326.

WHITE PLAINS—Owner must sacrifice beautiful new home; $15,000 house for $14,000 and only $1,000 cash down, balance easy monthly. Phone Longacre 4422, or call NATIONAL REAL ESTATE CORPORATION, 17 West 42d St., New York.

MOST COMPLETE HOME.
AT MOUNT VERNON, Chester Hill; near high school and station; 9-room Colonial type; 3 baths, hot water heat, copper screens, awnings, instantaneous water heater; good plot, finely shrubbed; garage; owner asks $25,000; offer solicited.
COOLEY REALTY CO.,
29 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Phones—Hillcrest 5400-01.

UNUSUAL OFFERING AT PELHAM MANOR.
RENT OR SALE.
Beautiful modern stucco home, nine rooms, three baths; garage; owner will rent at $200 monthly on three-year lease; asking price, $21,000. W. P. Ross, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 0701.

PRICE REDUCED TO $22,500.
Attractive Colonial home, best restricted section Mount Vernon; five bedrooms, two tiled baths; all conveniences; modern; centre hall; hot water heat; fifty-foot plot, with garage. If you want a real bargain act quickly.
McCLELLAN & CO., INC., 6 East 1st St., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Tel. Oakwood 8501.

COUNTRY PLACE, FOUR ACRES.
Only 20 miles from New York City, on good macadam road, near Irvington, a remodeled Colonial farmhouse, ten rooms, three baths; hot water heat, electric light; stable and garage; fine lawn, trees, tennis court; anxious to sell; will take $19,000. Apply M. J. Collins, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. Tel. Dobbs Ferry 34, or Murray Hill 8120.

STANDS CLOSE INSPECTION.
Scarsdale owner, going abroad, affords unusual opportunity to buy at attractive price prewar-built, high-class home, seven rooms, 3 baths, 2 fireplaces, spacious porches, garage, fine trees, view. Inquire Nash & Kennedy, Scarsdale and New York. Telephone Murray Hill 5818. Also high-class homes for rent, $200 and up.

$10,500—SIX rooms and bath; clapboard; porch; all improvements; 50x100; 5 minutes to station, 32 minutes to Grand Central; $3,500 cash, balance easy terms. David L. Jay, 405 West End Av., Schuyler 8270.

DOCTOR'S sacrifice, 8 rooms, tile baths, master bedrooms, sun parlors, open porch, garage; $13,000. Zangerle's office, Crestwood, H. R. R.

BARGAIN—Closing estate, 26 acres, small bungalow; State Road, near White Plains; $8,500. Durosa, 261 Broadway, N. Y.

$9,500, 6 rooms, bath, garage, all improvements, terms, plot 75x100. Owner, 99 Wicks Av., Yonkers.

Westchester County—For Rent.

HARMON-ON-HUDSON — Four-room bungalow, 8-room house, furnished, unfurnished. A. Frank, 251 4th Av. 4067 Gramercy.

FOR RENT AT PELHAM MANOR.
Beautiful home, ideal location, 7 rooms, 2 baths, heated garage; $175 monthly; shown by appointment only. OWNER, 28 West 44th St., New York. Room 1518. Tel. 0790 Murray Hill.

YEARLY RENTAL IN RYE.
I have several unfurnished houses from $1,000 to $1,980 a year, all improvements; good neighborhood; trolley to station.
CHAS. S. FAULKNER.
Office facing Rye railroad station.
Rye Telephone 123 Rye, N. Y.

OPPORTUNITY to rent in New Rochelle 9-room and 2-bath house; garage; plot 75x200; at 2 The Court; facing tennis court, Rochelle Park; rent $2,700; price $23,500; farms J. A. H. Bread 6160.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—New house, $15,500 net, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths; exceptionally well located, &c. Tel. Vanderbilt 10365.

New Jersey For Sale.

BELLEVILLE (248 Little St.)—One-family house; every improvement; large shady lot; choice location; good neighborhood; $10,500; easy terms. See owner, phone Belleville 9472.

CRANFORD—Great bargain, $6,500 bungalow, 6 rooms and bath, and garages, plot 80x200, fully paved street, sewer, gas, electricity; parquet floor; also house, 7 rooms and bath, $8,500; easy terms. Shaleen, 564 Lincoln Av., Cranford, N. J.

HASBROUCK HEIGHTS.
Houses, new and old, for sale; splendid train service; high ground; all American; improved streets, churches, clubs, library; high and grammar schools; 20 minutes' run; within 30 minutes of New York. F. W. Burr & Sons, 197 Boulevard, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., New York telephone Rector 8494.

LEONIA—Beautiful semi-English home, large rooms, sleeping porch all hardwood floors, open fireplace; all modern conveniences; large, picturesque grounds, 80x150; price $15,000; cash $5,000. Home-Seekers' Service Company, 104 Nassau St. Beekman 4628.

LEONIA—Send for booklet; photos, description, purchase plan; best value houses in Jersey; $8,500 to $11,000. Fine Terrace Realty Co.

HOUSES AND ESTATES.

New Jersey For Sale.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.
$12,500—Centre-hall type, Colonial, seven rooms, sleeping porch, sun porch; five minutes to express station.
$13,500—New Dutch Colonial, seven rooms, sleeping porch, solarium, &c.; seven minutes to station.
$18,500—Brick and shingle Colonial, new; centre-hall plan; eight rooms, two baths.
$20,000—Brick and shingle, centre-hall plan, three baths, eight rooms, two-car garage.
$40,000—Centre-hall plan, 4 baths, two-car garage, 13 rooms; plot 100 feet front; wonderful location.
Other properties $9,500 to $100,000.
FRANK R. CORSON CO.
Phone 7235. 376 Bloomfield Av. Residence 6060 Montclair.
1½ Blocks to Lackawanna Station.

MONTCLAIR—6 rooms, bath, steam heat, open attic, enclosed porch, butler's pantry; every improvement; large plot; 10 minutes to station; $12,000; also 9 rooms, 2 baths, $13,500. 230 Broadway, Room 512. Cortlandt 3262. Montclair 0447.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—$1,000 cash buys artistic craftsman home, 7 rooms, sleeping porch, tile bath, open fireplace, built-in bookcases, beamed ceiling, gas and electricity, steam heat; large plot; high elevation; wonderful view; sewer, paved streets; near station, stores, school; monthly $80 and interest. John A. Baldwin, owner, opp. station.

IN RIDGEWOOD'S finest residential section, Colonial home of exceptional beauty on large shaded plot; seven attractive rooms; every city improvement; complete in every detail; express depot 2 minutes' walk; reasonable price. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

AT RIDGEWOOD—Tapestry brick and frame Dutch Colonial home; Heights section, improved built-up street; large living room, 5 bedrooms, 3 baths, excellent condition; 2-car garage; plot 70x250; 7 minutes express station; $16,000. G. A. Orth, Ridgewood, N. J.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—For rent, furnished, 9-room house; all improvements; garage; desirable location; $125 per month. Address C. Bryson, 15 Woodside Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Telephone 118-R.

RIDGEWOOD homes our specialty; complete list, bargains. Frank L. Bedell, Sherman Place, Ridgewood. 90 W. B'way, New York.

WHY RENEW YOUR LEASE?
When you can buy my artistic Colonial home for $60 monthly; probably less than rent you are now paying; I want $1,000 cash, secures title and possession to you; only $7,500; plot 50x300 feet; large rooms, tile bath; spacious verandas; in select settled neighborhood, overlooks country club and golf course, pretty lake, best environment; wonderful views, trees, flowers and shrubs; churches, schools, stores conveniently near; 500 feet elevation; convenient commutation; exclusive section; property worth $10,000. Owner 302, 120 Liberty St. Phone 1321 Rector.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE — Owner, going West, must sell well-built 7-room home; every modern improvement; glass-enclosed porch and sleeping porch, open fireplace, beamed ceilings, hardwood trim, parquet floors; large plot; paved street; beautiful garden; near station, stores and school; immediate possession; price $8,200, worth $9,500; cash $2,000, balance on terms; also 6-room home; every modern improvement; hot-water heat; $6,500; cash $2,000. Call today, Hallberg & Longfellow, Inc., opposite stations Ridgefield Park and Bogota, N. J.

COMMUTERS, HOME SEEKERS!

Little cash, balance on easy terms, buys at RIDGEFIELD PARK, 20 MINUTES FROM WEST 42D ST., attractive, all-year-around Craftsman bungalow, six rooms, bath; all improvements; plot 50x120. ROSS, 23 West 43d St., New York. Tel. 0791 Murray Hill.

BEAUTIFUL new 6-room home in very desirable suburban location; 40 minutes from New York;

STORES.

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

47TH ST., 247 WEST (near Broadway)—Light store, 21x50 mem. Bryant 4144.

52D ST., 250 WEST (near Broadway)—Large store; immediate possession; lease. Circle 6161.

56TH ST., 22 WEST—Street level store, 22x90, near 5th Av.; heart of shopping district; suitable any high-class trade; lease, $6,000. Circle 0688. Friedsberg.

BROADWAY, 1,200—Space to let, high-class millinery, good following for dresses, lingerie or furs. Madame Marthy.

LEXINGTON AV., 501, at 52d St.—Store, about 20x40. $2,200 year. LAURENMAC CORPORATION, 244 Madison Av.

MADISON AV., 5,448 (corner 96th St.)—Large store, suitable for any business. Apply Superintendent or Chelsea 8027.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,370 (corner 174th St.)—Store for rent, suitable for any business. Apply Superintendent or Chelsea 8027.

TIMES SQUARE—Beautifully decorated store, equipped for ladies' apparel; long lease; reasonable rent. Rosenthal, 144 West 40th St.

TWELVE EAST 56TH STREET.

Attractive stores in America's new and largest apartment hotel, located in heart of Fifth Avenue district; ready for occupancy Sept. 1; reasonable rental. Visit premises or your own broker.

STORES — LOFTS — OFFICES
For Rent
SLAWSON & HOBBS.
162 W. 72d St. Tel. End. 7340.

EXCEPTIONALLY large corner store, basement and sub-basement to let at 48 Broadway, corner Broome; moderate rental; immediate possession. Inquire S. Berson & Co., Woolworth Bldg. Phone Whitehall 8878.

STORE, 20x100, East 37th St., just off 3d Av.; suitable display rooms or light manufacturing; steam heat, sprinkler; very reasonable. Martin D. Greenwald, Rector 1329.

LARGE or small store, 133 Liberty; lease. Apply on premises or Cortlandt 6038.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

JAMAICA, 171-73 Jamaica Av.—Variety store for sale; long lease; cheap rental. Riverside 8336.

OFFICES

Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

8TH AV., 506—Elegantly furnished or unfurnished large office suitable lawyers, office, real estate, brokers, &c. National Radio Products Corp.

8TH AV., 500—High-class offices and desk space, with or without facilities. Apply 1672 Times Annex.

8TH AV., 356—Small private office, reasonable rental. Apply Thursday, Room 505.

11TH AV., 305—Office or desk room; quiet surroundings; reasonable rent.

28TH ST., 118 EAST—Private office, desk room, with or without service. Room 900.

28TH ST., 118 EAST—Large, small, light offices, fireproof building; high class service.

30TH, 130 WEST—Attractive sunlight offices, furnished or unfurnished; telephones; secretarial service. Suite 902.

40TH, 110 WEST—Furnished private office, light, phone, service; $75. Suite 2401.

42D (Cor. 5th)—Light office, facing street, immediate possession. Superintendent, 11 East 45th. Vanderbilt 30622.

48TH ST., 148 WEST — Finely furnished office, stenographer; telephone; very reasonable. McConnell.

47TH ST., 245 WEST (Romax Building)—Light office with partition, $40.

48TH AND BROADWAY (59 Journal Bldg.)—Offices, two-room corner suite, furnished, rugs, desks, chairs, light, airy; each, 11x11. Circle 3602. 10 A. M. to 4.

AEOLIAN Building—Furnished two connecting offices, own entrance; telephone; $135. Room 1504.

BROADWAY, 2,000-2,010 (northeast corner 35th St.)—Beautiful sunny offices, 1,200 sq. ft.; very cheap rental. Apply Joseph & Beaman's store, 2,000 Broadway, 35th.

BROADWAY & 42D ST. (Brokaw Building)—Private offices, completely furnished (mahogany); switchboard phone at less than building rent. Steingut, 1,457 Bway.

BROADWAY, 42—Attractive sublease, $70 per month, three rooms; three entrances. Baumeister-Baumeister, 11 East 40th. Vanderbilt 10623.

BROADWAY—Large, light office to sublet, suitable for professional or business purpose. Apply J. Brother, 46 East 9th St.

BROADWAY, 890 (at 11th St.), St. Denis—Offices, sunny rooms, $30 up; A1 service; unequaled transit facilities.

BROADWAY and 42d St.—Front office to rent, furnished, telephone service, $35 monthly. Apply 418, 4,450 Broadway.

BROADWAY, 1,560—Elegantly furnished, private phone service; basement location; reasonable; 1st floor.

HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING—Attractive, newly furnished private office to sublet, with use of reception and work rooms; telephone, secretarial service optional. Suite 1900, 60 Church St. Telephone Cortlandt 8102.

HUDSON Terminal Building; attractive suite of 3 rooms for rent, comprising 638 sq. ft., ideally situated for lawyer, &c. Apply Agent, 30 Church St.

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING—Share of office with party having office assistant; $35. Bryant 7657.

KNICKERBOCKER BUILDING—Desk room to desirable party; references. Room 1015.

LEXINGTON, 116 (28th)—Office desk space or light, room; completely equipped; telephone, stenographic service. Inquire Vogel, Madison Square 6787.

SOUTHERN BLVD., 814-816—Garage building, 30x70; large yard space, suitable automobile business, storage, trucking, taxicabs, &c. Postjemont, 617 E. Fordham Rd.

WALL STREET—Private office and reception room; mahogany furnished; $60. Hanover 4650.

LARGE, furnished office fronting on Union Square; suitable for publicity, law or sales office, architect, or manufacturer's agent; well lighted and heated; $2 per square foot. Immediate possession. Inquire Room 4, 28 Union Square East.

FURNISHED OFFICE—Near 5th Av.; full service; $100 per month.
A. N. GITTERMAN, 72 East 44th St.

OFFICES.
Low rents.
228 West 55th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

TO RENT—Large outside office in lawyers' suite; furnished or unfurnished; use of outer office; located midtown New York; rental unusually reasonable. Telephone Murray Hill 4600.

SUBLET until Feb. 1, 1924, light loft about 1,000 square feet; immediate possession; reasonable. American Woolen Building, 225 4th Av., Room 603. Madison Square 8330.

STUDIO—Exceptional opportunity; 46th St. and 6th Av.; good light; suitable any business; rent $35 monthly. MR. KAY, care of Hudson Bay Fur Co., 862 6th Av.

FINELY furnished office, telephones installed, Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway; unexcelled transit facilities. Biltmore Realty Corp., Times Building.

PRIVATE office, attendance, telephone, in architect's office; rent reasonable. Room 3004, Knickerbocker Bldg., 42d St. and B'way.

DESK space or entire office well furnished at reasonable rental; clean and quiet business. Room 705-A, 332 West 43d.

FOR RENT—Private office and desk room, furnished or unfurnished, service. Room 1708, 59 Church St. Rector 8900.

OFFICES desirable location; telephone, accommodation; messages received; $20 up. 26 East 27th.

FURNISHED offices, desk room; mail, telephone privilege; $5 monthly. Duane, 206 Broadway.

FART of nicely furnished light office. Call 10 to 11 or 1 to 2. 1,819 Broadway, Room 517.

BRIGHT OFFICE suite, furnished or unfurnished. Write E., H., 26 East 42d St.

SUBLET office of about 700 feet—Best located in the Knickerbocker, 42d St. building; furniture for sale; attractive opportunity. 159 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 0363.

OFFICES, desk room and mailing space. Bonese Co., 148 West 45th St.

DESK ROOM

Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

8TH AV., 375—Desk, private office; light; $15; mail privileged. Mr. Franklin.

47TH—Desk room, desirable office, corner, $15. Superior, 924 Broadway. Gramercy 1140.

27TH, 118 EAST—Mail and telephone privileges; switchboard. Room 909.

33D ST., 115 EAST (Bowery Savings Bank Bldg.)—Private office and desk space. Apply Room 718.

BROADWAY, 926—Desk room in front office; telephone and stenographer. Room 1217.

FIFTH AV., 216—Suite 719. Telephone, stenographer; private offices.

GRAND CENTRAL Zone—Desk room, mailing; privileges; reasonable; stenographer nearby. Hill 0874.

MAIL PRIVILEGE, $2 MONTHLY.
Desk room, complete service, 15-618.
HOEHL, 60 East 34th, first floor.

DESIRABLE floor space and desk room for writing business, artist or whole-hearted writer; 243 West 42d. Pulse 209.

DESK room, desirable office; stenographer and agent service; 1,146 Broadway, Room 1504. Madison Square 0549.

PRIVATE office, phone service; reasonable; secretarial service, mail. Address Empire, 1,170 Broadway.

DESK ROOM, also private office; modern building; rental $17. Broadway, Room 813.

DESK room, $12, with full service; mailing facilities R. L. Harriot, 231 Broadway.

DESK room in quiet office; good location; $6 up. Room 906.

DESK ROOM.

Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

4 COURT SQUARE, Brooklyn, opposite Borough Hall; mailing privileges and stenographer; reasonable. Triangle 6261.

BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

All Sections For Rent.

53D, 148 EAST—Parlor floor; large, light, remodeled; suitable for office, studio.

56TH ST., 106 WEST—Parlor floor, suitable select retail business.

BROADWAY, 1,250—Basement to let, suitable for storage purposes; concrete floor and walls; elevator service, 60 ft. long by 30 ft. wide. For full particulars phone Triangle 7180 or Bickford Lunch System, 58 Court St., Brooklyn.

CONSOLIDATED REALTY CO.,
29 East 57th St. Plaza 1622.
Offers spacious ground floor for TEA ROOM, West 40th St.; location unexcelled; five years lease.

261 MADISON AV.—Parlor floor, two enormous rooms, bath, high ceilings, fireplaces; for business or living.

ELEGANT parlor floor, large plate glass windows; moderate rent. apply premises, 64 W. 56th St., to 4 P. M. Levin & Harris. Watkins 0602.

STORE COMPLETELY FURNISHED, Times Square, millinery, dresses; rent reasonable. Lucy, 240 West 47th. Bryant 1421.

SPACE to let by high class milliner for dresses, novelties, lingerie, etc., off Fifth Av., in East 50th. Window. M 547 Times.

GARAGE SPACE to let for 1 to 20 cars; rate $15 to $20. See Mr. Beck, 423 West 19th St.

SUITABLE space for fashionable dressmaker; would also consider as partner. Dorris Obetsch, 46 W. 51st. Circle 6912.

PARLOR floor, grand piano, dancing, meetings; professional; part time. 133 East 34th.

BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

FACTORY WANTED.
Modern factory building, area 60,000 to 100,000 square feet; anywhere near New York City; manufacturers. N 662 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED OFFICE, with services wanted in suite, for collections, adjustments, credit and bankruptcy investigations bureau; opportunity for lawyer desiring profitable connection; write full particulars, including minimum rental. F 580 Times.

STORE WANTED—Long term lease; on 57th St., vicinity Madison Av. Av. for cleaning, dyeing establishment; rent not to exceed $2,400. X 2219 Times Annex.

CONTRACTOR will buy or lease on long terms business property for alteration. Mr. Weiss, Room 1205, 1,540 Broadway.

CASH to purchase your properties. Joseph Rauschkolb, 46 W. 46th. Bryant 0253.

SMALL building with store; below 42d St. X 2243 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST (Union Square)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; independent apartment; convenient transportation; only $65; high-class building.

57TH—New suite, two rooms, bath, kitchen; private. Phone Madison Square 6908.

81ST, 130 EAST—Corner; six outside rooms; rent kitchen, bath; attractive furnished or unfurnished; good location. Call mornings.

82D, ST., 7 EAST—Two rooms, bath; entirely redecorated, refurnished; hotel service.

84TH, 54 WEST; also 252 East 61st St.—Two bedrooms, living room, bath, kitchenette; $100. Newlin, Rhinelander 5384.

86TH, 19 EAST—TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE. BABCOCK.

53RD, 159 EAST—Beautiful entire floor; 4 rooms, bath and kitchen; nicely furnished to refined people. Plaza 0644.

56TH, ST. AND 5TH AV. (NETHERLAND HOTEL)—LIVING ROOM, BEDROOM, BATH TO SUBLET; $45 PER WEEK.

51ST ST., 40 EAST.
To sublet, two rooms, $150.
Three rooms, $175.
Furnished, unfurnished apartment for Oct.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—Two room, kitchenette; unusual.

56TH STREET, 125 EAST.
Apartment, 4 rooms, 2 baths, foyer, automatic elevator; Oct. 1st.

59TH, 63 EAST (Manhasset Apartment)—3 large rooms, elevator, telephone, maid service; also one or two rooms; reasonable rent; also unfurnished apartments.

60TH ST., 18 EAST—Single, double, two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. Bar Jacinto Hotel.

61ST, 15 EAST—Beautifully furnished suites of 1 and 2-rooms and bath; select neighborhood.

66TH (Park Av.)—Apartment, six rooms, 3 baths; elegantly furnished; $350. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

68TH ST., 147 Madison Av. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, furnished rooms with bath, $15 up; without, $12 up; suites consisting of bedroom, sitting room and bath at rates in proportion; exceptional service; convenient and transportation close to park.

GRAMERCY PARK—Bachelor apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette and fireplace; rent reasonable; up to or after Oct. 1. Phone Stuyvesant 7853.—Mr. Brown.

MADISON AV., 397—Extra large room, bath, service, phone; exceptional house; bachelors.

PARK AV. (East 58th St.)—In high-class apartment house, two flights up; southern exposure; beginning October, lease one year; large living room, bedroom, tiled bathroom, shower; complete kitchen; private telephone; quiet, cool; excellent service; immaculately clean; will please most discriminating person. Call 6 to 8 P. M. Wheelock, 1,140 Park or telephone for appointment and details. Miss Wheeler, Bryant 9172.

ALSO
Attractive two-room apartment, $200.

PARK AV., 50'S—Outside large living, dining rooms, 3 master's, 2 maid's rooms, 3 baths, $5,500. Bryant 9172.

LIGHT, cool, two-room furnished apartment, with kitchen. Rhea, 1,000 Simpson, until Oct. 1. Morning, Emery, Orchard 0160.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS—Choice localities; long, short leases. CLARK REALTY, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—West Side.

27TH, 39 WEST (Hotel Beverwyck)—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath; maid service.

81ST ST., 4 WEST (WOLCOTT HOTEL)—ROOM WITH RUNNING WATER, TO SUBLET, $35 PER WEEK.

37TH ST., 39 WEST—Two-room furnished apartment, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; maid service; moderate rent. Hagaman, 37 West 39th St. Fitzroy 0450.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT). Elevator apartments, 1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, showers, kitchen, kitchenette; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 to $50 weekly. Complete service.

50TH—2-room attractive apartment, kitchenette, completely furnished; $125; bargain. Plaza 7366.

51ST ST.—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano, $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

54TH, 336 WEST (HOTEL HARDING)—Newly furnished rooms, private baths; $21 week up; 2-room suites, consisting parlor, bedroom and bath, $35 week; also subrent 4-room suite, $300 month; restaurant. Circle 2500.

54TH ST., 39 WEST—Attractive 1, 2, 3 room apartments; piano, private baths, telephone, maid service.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE REGAL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOTEL, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH ST., 71 WEST—Two extra-large light rooms; kitchenette, bath; housekeeping; entire floor. Thompson. Circle 1374.

55TH, 333 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished; fireproof building; restaurant. Nugent.

55TH (Broadway, 1,730)—Five attractive outside rooms; double, single beds, piano, Aldrich.

55TH, 70 WEST—Two beautiful large rooms; private bath, real kitchen conveniences.

56TH ST., 206 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE; WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

56TH, 22 WEST—Attractive light, large third floor, handsomely and fully furnished for housekeeping; fine residential club; hotel section; private telephone; $2,100. 9-6 or Circle 0668.

240 WEST 57TH ST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP.

57TH ST., 119 WEST—GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH; TO SUBLET; $40 PER WEEK.

58TH, WEST (near 5th Av.)—Artistic two-room suite. Phone Plaza 6100.

59TH, 130 WEST.
RESTAURANT IN BUILDING.
Beautiful view of park, luxuriously refurnished; 3-room housekeeping apartment; large living room, fireplace, double bed, rooms; complete kitchenette with gas stove and refrigerator; maid, valet service; $500 a month; long or short lease; immediate possession. Call 6 to 8 P. M. Wheelock, 1,140 Park or telephone for appointment and details. Miss Wheeler, Bryant 9172.

ALSO
Attractive two-room apartment, $200.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet, overlooking Park; two or three room, kitchenette apartments; special rates; one month or year.

61ST, 19 WEST (corner of Broadway, Hotel Pasadena)—Beautifully furnished 1-and-2 room suites with private baths; overlooking Central Park; $35 weekly; restaurant service in house; no extra charge. Phone Columbus 9150.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

69TH ST., 245 WEST—1 ROOM, $65; 2 ROOMS, $75 UP; BATH AND KITCHENETTE; REFERENCE.

70D—Everywhere elegantly furnished apartments, personally inspected by Houghton Company, Endicott 0280.

72D, 216 WEST (HOTEL EARLTON)—VERY DESIRABLE TWO ROOMS, BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; RESTAURANT; WEEKLY, MONTHLY; SUMMER RATES.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year, from $100 per month up. Endicott 1941.

72D, 210 WEST — Artistically furnished studio, 2 rooms, kitchenette, telephone, elevator, top floor, private; sacrifice until Oct. 1.

72D, 20 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE SUITES; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; SUMMER RATES.

72D ST., 135 WEST (NEAR BROADWAY). Very attractive 2-room kitchenette apartments; immaculate. Endicott 3799.

74TH, 164 WEST—Clean, cool and comfortable rooms by the week or month; Summer prices; hotel service. Endicott 8290.

74TH, 104 WEST—Two rooms with kitchen, bath; other rooms; Summer rates.

75TH ST., 5 WEST—Handsomely furnished small apartment; immediate possession; lease to May 1 or yearly; $30 month. Supt.

75TH—Beautifully furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; lease, $100. Endicott 6540.

76TH—Elevator apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $135. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

75TH, 25 WEST—Magnificent, sunny, south, front; entire floor; beautifully furnished.

75TH—Elevator apartment, 3 rooms, bath; phone; $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

77TH, 10 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED 1-2-3 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE SUITES; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

80TH, 102 WEST—HOTEL ANDERSON, 1, 2 ROOM SUITES; HOMELIKE, REFINED.

80TH, 123 WEST—One and two rooms, kitchenette; maid service; $100; references.

80TH ST., 249 WEST—One and two rooms and bath.

81ST ST., 51 WEST (Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished; one, two, three outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15, $22.50, $68.50 weekly; complete hotel service, restaurant.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. (HOTEL ENDICOTT)—PARLOR, BEDROOM, BATH TO SUBLET; $25 PER WEEK.

81ST—204 WEST—Comfortably furnished 3 room housekeeping apartment; reasonable. Phone Schuyler 10054.

84TH, 155 WEST—3 rooms, complete housekeeping apartment; independent, modern; $80 monthly.

85TH, 342 WEST (Riverside)—Modern three rooms, kitchenette, elevator; $100 monthly. Allen.

86TH, 329 WEST—Two large, well furnished rooms; $100; possession. Schuyler 6955.

87TH, 323 WEST (Riverside)—Parlor suites, bath, kitchenette, $80; large rooms, $65.

92D, 60 WEST—NEWLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; $75 UP.

93D—Apartment, 3 rooms, 2 baths; handsomely furnished; $275. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

94TH, 178 WEST—3 large rooms and bath; references; Little.

96TH (2,534 Broadway; "Ordway")—One, two, three rooms; baths; service. Riverside 4753.

97TH, 178 WEST—Large front living room, bedroom, twin beds; gentlemen. Bell 2.

101ST, 811 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE; $20.

101ST, 211 WEST—Beautiful, 5 rooms, complete; immediate possession; reasonable. Apt. 21.

105TH, 335 WEST—5, 6 rooms, nicely furnished, clean, light; elevator; reasonable.

109TH ST. (215 Manhattan Av.)—2, 3, 4, 5, 6 room housekeeping apartments, elevator, top-floor; $35 up; references essential. Main office, 215 Manhattan Av. Open evenings all day Sunday. Academy 1647.

110TH, 101 WEST.
SUMMER RATES.
Large, high-class two and three room apartments, $60 up; references essential. Academy 1611. Supt. on premises.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
THE CATHEDRAL.
High-class furnished apartments of 1, 2 and 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath; from $50 to $100; references essential. Academy 9611 or Cathedral 10000 any Sunday. Superintendent on premises.

110TH, 137 WEST (Apartment)—Nine living, bedroom, kitchen; all transportation; $70; evenings.

111TH ST., 507 WEST—2-4-6 room housekeeping apartments; unusually artistic; modern fireproof elevator building.

112TH, 508 WEST—Completely, newly furnished five-room elevator apartment; Broadway subway.

116TH, 620 WEST—Five beautifully furnished and bath; high-class elevator. Does

116TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

122D, 416 WEST (Apply Apt. 52)—Delightfully located, 3 large rooms, bath, overlooking Morningside Park, beautifully furnished; large kitchen; near Columbia and Lincoln school; $100; also 5-room apt., $125.

140TH—Beautifully furnished five-room front apartment; all modern improvements; $90. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

147TH (Broadway)—5 rooms, elevator, piano, magnificently furnished, year; $150. Endicott 1277.

172D, 550 WEST—Handsomely furnished 3-room apartment, complete, for sale; with or without piano. Immediate possession.

180TH, 630 WEST—Home-like apartment; complete for housekeeping; 5 rooms; $75; until Oct. 1. Lathrop.

DYCKMAN ST., 204 WEST—3 rooms, sunny, modern; $15 weekly. Wadsworth 2710.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 114 (near 121st St.)—6 rooms, well furnished, piano, elevator; park views; $180. References.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315 (104th)—Attractively furnished four-room apartment, bath; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE—Beautiful four-room apartment, two bedrooms; until October; $130. Endicott 6540.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 106—Three artistic, outside rooms; piano; French windows. Apt. 32.

VERMILYEA AV., 19 (Dyckman St. station)—Beautiful sunny; furnished room; Sept. 1-Jan. 1; possible extension; couple. Fitzroy 0450.

WEST END (near 72d)—Lease for one year, beginning Sept. 22, in high-class, elevator apartment house, 7th floor front; large living room, bedroom, dining room, bathroom, shower; complete kitchen, grand piano; twin beds, extra day bed; private telephone, 4 closets; apartment furnished for own use; will appeal to most critical person; $250 monthly. Tel. Cathedral Hotel, R. 3103, Graves. No brokers.

WEST END AV., 560 (87th)—Newly furnished 2-room apt. M. Smith.

APARTMENTS OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS
AT VERY MODERATE RENTAL.
Two rooms, bath and kitchenette, three rooms, one and two baths and kitchenette, comfortably furnished; telephone and elevator service; maid service if desired; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential; rent $80 to $140.
THE WILSONIA,
225 WEST 69TH ST.

BELOW WASHINGTON SQUARE.
Duplex 4 rooms, 2 baths, immense parlor, garden; exquisitely furnished; owner going abroad; exceptional opportunity for refined and responsible people. Plaza 0644-0645.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished private home, 14 rooms, 4 baths; owner leaving town must sacrifice; good lease; suitable for furnished room house. Burchard, Putney & Marek, 500 6th Av., Astoria, L. I., Astoria 3194.

APARTMENT SPECIALIST.
HUNTING UNNECESSARY. CONSULT Mrs. Dingleman, 138 W. 72d. Endicott 0838.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Choice localities; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

FOUR-ROOM furnished apartment for sale; rent low can be seen by appointment. Stuyvesant 6421.

EXCLUSIVE furnished apartments. Apartment Renting Co., Inc., 126 West 72d. Endicott 1277.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments, all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 502 5th Av. Vanderbilt 0420.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS (102 Pineapple St., one block Clark St. subway station)—One large room, studio-living apartment; kitchenette, bath; electricity; unfurnished, $55; furnished, $65; lease.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; fully furnished with new furniture. Girard, 215 Montague St. Main 9854.

HEIGHTS—2 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; modern improvements; maid service; one block subway. Laudy, 101 Montague St.

Furnished—Staten Island.

FURNISHED apartment, magnificent ocean view, picturesque grounds. Telephone 272 W. Dongan Hills.

Furnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS—Two large attractive rooms, bath, kitchenette, for two months, 1/2; tennis apartments. Telephone Boulevard 0835.

Furnished—Westchester County.

BRONXVILLE—Beautiful apartment, nine very large rooms, three baths; near station; best references required. A 47 Times.

LUDLOW—Five-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; 30 minutes Grand Central. Telephone Yonkers 1386W, or Bedtman 5047.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—Miscellaneous.

FURNISHED apartment, three and four rooms; at Erie R. R. station; one hour from N. Y.; also single rooms; 300 ft. elevation. Nelson Money, N. Y. Telephone 106 Spring Valley.

Unfurnished—East Side.

57TH AV., 25.
VERY DESIRABLE 3 & 4 ROOM SUITES.
Some with open fireplace.
Apply to Manager, on premises.

15TH, 316 EAST (facing Stuyvesant Park)—Three rooms and bath apartment, also studio apartment rooms. Superintendent.

30TH ST., 32 EAST—3 ROOMS, KITCHENETTE AND BATH ON YEARLY LEASE, $90 PER MONTH; AVAILABLE OCT. 1 OR EARLIER. SEE MANAGER, HOTEL 30 E. 30TH ST.

51ST, 112 EAST—3 large, light rooms and bath, $1,750; large room, alcove and bath, overlooking garden, $1,000. Owner resident.

53D ST., 155 EAST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, large studio, north light sleeping porch, roof garden. Murray Hill 4060.

55TH, 150 EAST—Four rooms, very desirable; immediate possession. Apply Supt.

36TH, 138-144 EAST.
Four large rooms and real kitchen.
High-class apartment, best residential section in the city; $2,400 to $2,600; immediate and Fall possession; also 3 rooms, $2,000. Inquire Superintendent.

36TH ST., 163 EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill duplex bungalow, built-in Italian garden, large studio room, tile kitchen, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, roof and garden, $5,000; also doctor's 2-room apartment, $1,800.

38TH, 15 EAST—Non-housekeeping, large, single rooms, bath, $75, $100; without bath, $40 up; charm, distinction, clubline, efficient hall, telephone service. Vanderbilt Studios, Vanderbilt 6000. Dining room on premises.

47TH ST., 232 EAST—Elegant large, light six-room apartment; all modern improvements; will decorate to suit; rent reasonable.

40TH ST., 47 EAST (between Park and Madison Avenues)—Attractive small apartment, two rooms, kitchenette and bath; most desirable location in New York City. Inquire of Janitor, Telephone Plaza 2195. Rental $100 per month.

53D, 148 EAST—Desirable apartment, two rooms, bath, modern improvements; immediate possession.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—Two room, bath, kitchenette; exceptional.

55TH ST., 127 EAST—Parlor floor, suitable physician or dentist.

60TH ST.—Large parlor, bedroom and bath; telephone, elevator; $1,200 to $1,500 per year. Barr, 646 Madison Av.

78TH ST., 42 EAST (S. E. corner Madison Av.)—2 and 3 rooms and bath; high-class restaurant on premises.

76TH, 156 EAST.
Exclusive 5 rooms and 3 baths.
All light; desirable doctor's apartment; Park Av. section; for October possession. Inquire Superintendent.

3-5 EAST 85TH ST.
Five rooms with two baths, ground floor, suitable for physician; immediate possession; rent reasonable. Superintendent on premises or
SPEAR & CO.,
1,261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 6320.

3-5 EAST 85TH ST.
Twelve rooms, with three baths, in modern apartment building, from Oct. 1; rent reasonable. Superintendent on premises or
SPEAR & CO.,
1,261 Broadway. Pennsylvania 6320.

102D, 58 EAST—Scotch-English; 6 rooms, bath; hot water; electricity; steam; $40.

LEXINGTON AV., 248—Four-room apartment; can be seen 10-12, 3-5.

MADISON AV., 1015 (79th)—Four rooms, bath; improvements; immediate possession; $100. Transportation, 5 min. kitchen, $80 and $75 monthly. Phone Morningside 5463.

102D, 515 WEST—Four-room elevator apartments; desirable; possession; $80 up. Supt.

124TH, 529 WEST (near Broadway)—4 and 5 beautiful rooms, redecorated; elevator; all improvements. Van Buren Realty Co., Owners, 565 5th Av. Vanderbilt 2356.

127TH, 40-42 WEST—5 rooms, elevator, all improvements, modern; $75.

136TH, 636 WEST (Broadway)—Five and seven rooms, outside; splendid layout; completely decorated; elevator building. Morningside 0768.

140TH, 619 WEST (adjoining Riverside Drive)—Just completed, an unusual high-grade elevator house, 3 and 5 rooms. Inquire premises or telephone Vandebilt 3661.

141ST, 436 WEST—Near Drive; 4 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; large, light, sunny rooms; excellent service; modern 8-story fireproof building. Superintendent or Winfield Realty, Telephone Bryant 7870.

141ST, 810 WEST (Near Drive) — Modern elevator building; elegant apartments, three, four, five large, light rooms; excellent service; redecorated; October or sooner; reasonable.

142D, 527 WEST—Entire floor, private dwelling; real kitchen; all improvements.

147TH ST., 521 WEST (near Broadway)—6 rooms, beautifully decorated, $75-$85.

149TH, 557 WEST (Near Broadway) — Six rooms; electricity; modern improvements; $55. Janitor.

150TH, 545 WEST—Three large, light front rooms, modern improvements; immediate possession.

151ST ST., 448 WEST—4, 5 attractive rooms, steam, electricity, $55, $60. Janitor.

156TH, 545 WEST—Modern 5 room apartment, parquet floors; near Broadway. Schmidt.

160TH ST. (southeast corner St. Nicholas Av.)—New building; unique arrangement of 3, 4 and 5 rooms; moderate rental; just ready for tenants. Representative on premises or Norman Denzer, Agent. Telephone Billings 0277.

161ST, 551 WEST (Near Broadway)—3 rooms, latest improvements; suitable couple; $55.

162D ST., 615 WEST.
Corner Fl. Washington Av., 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, all outside; elevator apartment; very low rental. Apply on premises.

163D, 800 WEST (corner B'way)—High-class elevator apartment, 3 desirable light rooms and 2 baths; facing B'way; $75. Also, 6 rooms, $82.50; 3 rooms with kitchenette, $75.

164TH, 601 WEST—5 rooms, every improvement; elevator apartment. Telephone Wadsworth 5454.

178TH, 752 WEST (Corner Pinehurst)—6-7 rooms and bath; apartments; suitable dentist. Supt.

181ST (21-49 Bennett Av., west of Broadway)—4-5 rooms, bath; elevator; all improvements; newly decorated; $85-$90. Supt. or phone Circle 2007.

191ST (St. Nicholas), 96 Wadsworth Terrace—7 room apartments, 4 baths; every improvement; five closets; living room 14x21; fine view; immediate or October.

191ST, 601 WEST, and 192d, 600 West—5, 6, 7 rooms; corner elevator. Supt. or Warren & Skillin, 38 Park Row.

BROADWAY, NEAR 67TH ST.
Three rooms, bath and sleeping porch; top floor; all improvements; elevator; business building. J. W. Harvey, 1,947 Broadway.

BROADWAY, 8,504 (corner 142d)—High-class elevator, corner apartment; seven all light rooms; $150 month; possession. Audubon 9070.

BROADWAY, 3,093 (122d)—Hamilton Court; 4 rooms, decorated; light; elevator; immediate; $65.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 554 — Six-room apartment, newly decorated; improvements; facing park; $85.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale)—4-5-6-7-9 rooms, three baths; new apartments; October; some immediate (sublet). Whitehall 7347. Wadsworth 9230.

MANHATTAN AV., 10—4, 5, 6 rooms, elevator; telephone.

MANHATTAN AV., 16—Sublet 7 rooms, lease, Sept. 1. Apt. 16.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (corner 116th St.)—Seven light rooms, modern elevator apartment, opposite Morningside Park; $125. Apply Superintendent or R. Solomon, 39 Cortlandt St.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 16 (116th St.)—Seven light rooms, elevator, facing Morningside Park, $125; express elevated station 2 blocks.

MORTON ST., 47 (Greenwich Village)—Handsome 6-room elevator apartment; parquet; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 830 (near 157th St. subway)—Delightful sunlight apartments, 4, 5, 6 rooms, all facing interior Italian garden and children's playground; possessing every desired appointment for the utmost comfort of its tenants; possession now if desired.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 158th St.)—New elevator apartments, overlooking Hudson, adjoining playgrounds and garage; 4-5-6 rooms, 2 baths. Inquire premises, phone Wadsworth 1340-9233, or Norman Denzer, 5,807 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 840 (corner 141st)—Beautiful corner apartment; 8 large rooms, 3 baths, 12 closets; southwestern exposure; fine view. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 702—Four, five, six, seven rooms, fireproof; new apartment, to lease from October; some immediate sublet. Whitehall 7247. Audubon 6904.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362—High-class front elevator apartment, 11 rooms, foyer, two baths; possession; $4,200. Apply Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 435—Elevator; 6-7-8 large rooms; wonderful view Hudson River; beautifully decorated; $135-$180-$195.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 563 (135th)—7 nice rooms, front, facing river; reasonable. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440—Eight rooms, very desirable; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468.
8, 9 AND 6 ROOMS.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

700 Riverside Drive (125th to 157th St.).
"THE RIVIERA."
7 to 10 elegant large rooms;
spacious closets; reasonable rents.
Manager on Premises. Billings 2900.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 805 — The Leander, northwest corner of 150th St., very choice elevator apartments in well-kept house, 7 and 8 rooms, 3 and 4 baths; $

FURNISHED ROOMS.
West Side.
Continued From Preceding Page.

123D, 308 WEST—Gentleman shares furnished apartment with gentleman. Morningside. 9020. Evening.

124TH, 327 WEST—Double front room; also small; $5 up. Apt. 36.

125TH ST., 545 WEST—Business girl will share small apartment with another business girl; reasonable. Apartment 26.

144TH, 502 WEST (Broadway)—Very large front room, suitable two; also large room, running water; elevator. Apt. 94.

173D ST., 551 WEST—Two adjoining rooms; private; reasonable. Hill.

BROADWAY (northwest corner 104th)—Beautiful double, $10; water, electricity; single, $5. Conway.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 40—Large front room; electricity, hot and cold water; private house; suitable for couple. Bradhurst 1540.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 260 (96th St.)—Beautifully furnished room, elevator apartment overlooking Hudson; valet service, shower; ideal for business gentleman; references. Call Martin, Apt. 7A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 580—Luxuriously furnished double room, 4 windows, facing Hudson, kitchen privileges, $20; small room, $8. Schendler.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 802 (109th)—Corner studio, 10th floor, overlooking Hudson; six windows, bath, shower; references. Apt. 10B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 203—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, PRIVATE ENTRANCE; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE, $18.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (100th)—Corner studio; 10th floor; 8 windows overlooking Hudson; balcony, bath, shower; references. Apartment 10B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 853 (106th)—Beautifully furnished rooms, facing drive; bath, elevator; hotel service. Academy 0872.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (95th)—Beautiful large outside room, bedroom and kitchen, suitable for two or three, $75. Mank.

RIVERSIDE, 322 (94th), Apartment 72—Single; gentleman; private family; $9. Riverside 9043.

RIVERSIDE, 321 (104th)—Beautiful, large front studio; well furnished; piano; single, $7.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315 (104th St.)—Beautiful double room with bath and balcony; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 15F (87th)—Large front room, private bath; meals optional; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 620 (139th)—Desirable, cool, light room; private family. Apt. 40.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668 (144th)—Beautiful room, adjoining bath, $8. Apt. 23.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS, $7.

WEST END AV., 510 (85th)—Cool rooms; Summer rates; references. Schuyler 10092.

WEST END AV., 506—Clean single room, newly furnished; private family.

WEST END AV., 661—Outside single room; private bath, $10 weekly; references.

WEST END, 630—Well furnished, cool, front basement, twin beds, private bath.

WEST END AV., 360—Medium size single room; bath same floor.

YOUNG man desires gentleman to share his attractively furnished apartment in easily accessible Brooklyn Heights apartment hotel; rates unusually reasonable. F 562 Times.

LARGE, beautifully furnished rooms with congenial surroundings in private house, with private bath. Tel. Riverside 9673.

TWO small, attractive, beautifully furnished rooms in private house; very moderate rental. Tel. Riverside 9673.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 905—Large, airy front and back parlor, suitable for 2, with or without board; refined Jewish home; half block from Simpson St. station. Schwartz.

Long Island.

KEW GARDENS—2 attractively furnished rooms, bath and kitchenette; beautiful private residence; references; reasonable. Telephone Richmond Hill 3012W.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

4TH ST., 141 WEST (just off Washington Square)—Have fine old house, like college fraternity house; will rent very attractive unfurnished rooms to refined young bachelors; college men preferred. Spring 6663.

VANDERBILT STUDIOS—Resident, non-resident, non-housekeeping; Primrose Inn on premises; efficient, interesting; best service; $46; $75 up with bath. Vanderbilt 6906.

WEST END AV., 906—Large front room, all conveniences; private house.

SPACIOUS, sunny room, three windows; private house; all improvements. Wadsworth 7384.

ROOMS WANTED.
Furnished.

BUSINESS man, 35, wants room with running water; electricity, etc.; near Grand Central or convenient to East or West Side subway; cleanliness first consideration; private family preferred; about $10 a week. C 49 Times.

JAPANESE business man desires quiet, restful place; suburb or country will do; must have convenience to commute. Write particulars. T. T., 116 Nassau St., Room 910.

ROOM and kitchen, furnished, or one large room wanted by refined young couple, with 2 children 7 years old; from 110th to 125th Sts. Pennsylvania 2714.

GENTLEMAN wants furnished room, bath, breakfast; around 59th and Madison; private house; permanent. F 1486 Times Annex.

BUSINESS woman, American Emglish; desires light, clean room below 100th St., $8; references. C. 390 Times Downtown.

REFINED business lady wants room, breakfast, high-class apartment; companion to lady; state lowest price. C 42 Times.

TWO gentlemen would like rooms and bath with two meals; strictly small private family; give full details. A 46 Times.

SINGLE room between 72d and 116th Sts.; $5. X 2234 Times Annex.

Unfurnished.

2 ROOMS, or large and alcove, water, heat, electric light, telephone, kitchenette, near bath, no cooking, free of cleaning, quiet, independent; near B or N. Y. C.; $35-40; by widower, 1 East 47th St.

BOARDERS WANTED.
East Side.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th St.)—Attractive rooms; excellent food; references.

West Side.

87TH, 251 WEST—Large, small rooms, private bath; piano; French cooking; electricity.

89TH, 46 WEST—Desirable single and double rooms; excellent table; reference.

72D ST., 315 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful corner suite, private baths; table guests.

79TH, 65 WEST—Accommodate gentlemen wishing cheerful, refined home, delicious meals; references.

79TH, 28 WEST—Miss Edwards. Desirable rooms; table guests; references.

79TH (39 Riverside)—Front suite 2 rooms, bath; accommodates 4; double front room, bath; single; home cooking; elevator; weekly guests; Summer rates. 2139 Endicott.

79TH ST., 114 WEST.
79TH ST., 132 WEST.
82D ST., 134 WEST.

Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York; group capacity 250, permitting us to furnish service and conveniences found only in the residential hotel; moderate accommodations moderately priced; booklet.

80TH, 143 WEST—Desirable rooms, newly decorated; superior house, board; homelike; references.

85TH, 63 WEST—Desirable, large, small rooms, table board; private baths; references.

131ST, 414 WEST (Columbia Section)—Comfortable rooms, elevator apartment. Apply evening room.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 337 (cor. 106th)—Large and small rooms; Summer rates. Baroness Hotels.

YOUNG business lady can have all the pleasures and comforts of a good home by sharing bedroom, single beds, with lady in refined home; terms $8 week; board could be arranged reasonably; letter first instance; location, Broadway-West 141pt. M 627 Times Downtown.

Staten Island.

WHY pay exorbitant hotel rates when you can enjoy charming home surroundings, excellent food, congenial company at EVELYN LODGE; only 25 minutes from Battery; weekly with meals, single, $20; double, $35; 15 years one management; 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Telephone 379 Tompkinsville. Booklet.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Connecticut.

BEAUTIFUL Twin Lakes in the Berkshires; boating, bathing, fishing. Address Brookside House, Canaan, Conn. Phone 195, Ring 4.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Catering to a few refined guests. Long Beach 764.

THE BROOKLAWN.
Residential hotel, Babylon, Long Island, 30 miles N. Y., overlooking Great South Bay; spacious grounds, excellent table, bathing, boating, fishing, tennis and golf; special rates Sept.

New York State.

HILLSWOOD—Board on fruit farm. Arrange White, 326 West 48th. Longacre 3118.

RESORT on rich estate, outskirts Poughkeepsie, overlooking Hudson; grounds laid out as beautiful park; 18 rooms; limited accommodations. Telephone Mr. Goodman, Lenox 3095, or write Hemlock Estate, South Road, Poughkeepsie.

COUNTRY BOARD.
New Jersey.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNBROOK LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

BUSINESS WOMAN with boy, 5, would like to board in suburbs; easy commutation distance, where child would receive real care during day; state terms. B 1158 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT (Junior); University graduate, desires connection certified firm. M 629 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING through America by auto, woman chauffeur can take another line, distributing samples, etc. F 580 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, 3 years' experience; efficient; $16. C 882 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER (expert), office manager, secretary, stenographer, fifteen years' experience, college graddate, absolutely capable taking full charge; exceptional executive ability; financial statements, credits, collections, correspondent, efficient systematizer. C 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience; complete charge; render profit and loss financial statements; salary $50. N 681 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER desires temporary position; knowledge stenography; general office routine. Phone, 9-10, Bergen, Williamsburg 4281W. Write 28 Times 103 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, several years manufacturing, mercantile experience; $25. M 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, high school graduate; $20. Reiss, 429 East 50th.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, young lady, age 23, 5 years' experience, Christian. Bushwick 5121.

COMPANION - HOUSEKEEPER — Refined American woman desires position as companion-housekeeper to elderly lady or business couple. Z 2478 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent, also remodels; out, $6; references. Miss Fairman, Clarkson 1260.

DRESSMAKER—Attractive gowns, stylish, prompt, reasonable; out; home preferred. Brown, Rhinelander 7028.

FILE CLERK desires position; 3 years' experience; references. J 460 Times.

GIRL, Irish, as chambermaid and waitress in private family. B 1188 Times Harlem.

GIRL (colored) position doctor's office or mother's helper. 240 West, 64th, Apace.

HOUSEKEEPER, cook; middle-aged French, small family; no laundry. Burckhardt, 76 East 92d.

HOUSEWORKER, young girl, good cook, wishes position in city; best reference. Helen Lasko, care Greil, 839 Columbus Av.

HOUSEWORKER, general; thoroughly experienced Southern girl; best references. Flemings, 110 West 134th St.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; whole, part time, day's work; trustworthy, reliable. Audubon 5774.

HOUSEWORKER, cook, chambermaid, waitress, whole, part days, hours. Audubon 1126. Jessie.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, day, half time, or part time. Fischer, 2412 Morningside.

LADY desires position as secretary requiring executive ability; experience in doctor's office; best references. J. B. 2,525 Broadway.

LADY refined, respectable, thoroughly experienced in real estate, desires connection with real estate firm. A 57 Times.

LADY'S MAID—Lady wishes place her maid part time or laundry. Apt 71, 445 Riverside Drive, Cathedral 4860.

LAUNDRESS, Swedish, wishes family wash at home; open drying. Phone Regent 2384.

LAUNDRESS, colored, work out by day. Nicholas, 49 East 134th St.

LEDGER CLERK and office assistant; experience; best references. D 1231 Times Bronx.

MOTHER and daughter wish positions together, cook, chambermaid-waitress; experienced. Write only. S. K., 11 Tichenor St., Newark.

NURSE wishes irrigation cases; ladies; first-class references. Rhinelander 6985. Backlin.

NURSE, trained, wants chronic case; highest references. Box 218, 852 Columbus Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, file clerk, 2 years' experience; $16. C 636 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMAN—Outside selling position desired; experienced. F 566 Times.

SEAMSTRES, competent, trustworthy; light duties; will travel; middle-age, Catholic. Endicott 3811.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, good education, desires of making permanent connection, wishes position of responsibility; executive ability, competent and reliable, twelve years' experience. F 572 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, commercial, financial, educational experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; best references as to ability and character; $35. C 37 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 6 years export forms; conscientious; $30. M 637 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, highly efficient, educated, courteous; permanent or temporary. F 565 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high school graduate; eight years' thorough business training; experienced in mailing sales office; desires position, refined, cheerful office. G, 423 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 6 months' experience, desires permanent position with reliable concern where advancement is assured; $18. G 743 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, German-English, also French dictation; college education, fond and domestic business experience. C 805 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard, billing clerk, Christian, 12 years' export, competent, accustomed responsibilities; permanent; $30-35. F 501 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, knowledge of bookkeeping, 5 years' experience, neat, accurate and dependable. B 1186 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 7 years' experience, office duties; competent. C 886 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping. A 45 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, intelligent; high school education. Telephone Butterfield 5844.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, office assistant; handle busy board; $18. M 625 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, general office assistant, 2½ years' experience; $15. C 892 Times Downtown.

YOUNG college graduate wishes position, six months' experience as typist, some knowledge shorthand and filing; refined, willing, chance for advancement. A 43 Times.

Employment Agencies.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants. 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Riverside 3491. East 48th, 757 Lexington.

TINNA ANDRESEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,289 Broadway (826-83d). Schuyler 7992.

GOLDEN RULE—In name and practice—furnishes best colored help. Morningside 0085.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, highly trained executive with constructive ability; extensive scope of experience in direction of financial and business policies; proficient in costs, production reports, financial controls, tactful and can quickly adapt himself to new conditions; record will stand closest scrutiny. L. 586 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, experienced import and export, insurance, public accounting; A1 references. F 485 Times.

ACCOUNTANT junior, advanced accountancy student, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper desires connection with C. P. A. Blaufuchs, 760 Trinity Av.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager; 38, Protestant, married; 20 years' experience; high qualifications; graduate; $45. M 630 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, highly recommended, extensive experience, seeks responsible position. J 489 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires employment with accountant afternoons 1-4. F 451 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., New York, can take work requiring few days a week. M 491 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, student, experienced bookkeeper as junior; salary no object. F 582 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 14x experience, desires connection with certified public accountant. A 41 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 26, well experienced desires connection certified firm. F 534 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, closed audited; modern systems installed. A 30 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 2 years' experience; New York University graduate. M 516 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, 25, seeks certified connection. M 626 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING young man desires position in advertising department of manufacturing or commercial firm. 120 St. X. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, junior, wishes position; no outside experience; will be able to offer best work and remarkable salary plan and references furnished upon request; low salary to start. C 883 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, Spanish speaking English; business school graduate, desires a position in any capacity. A 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, experienced, accountancy student, neat, refined young man possessing initiative and executive ability desires position with future. Pilante, 16 Court Street, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-Accountant, notary, 45, Christian, experienced, trial balance, financial statements, can take responsibility, desires to change; references, bond or security. C 379 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, full set; trial balance sheet; Christian; married; eight years' experience, import, export, coffee business; $35. C 39 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, married, age 45, Christian, thoroughly competent, 20 years' experience, references; salary $45. F 554 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, credit man, office manager, secretary, stenographer, fifteen years' experience, college graddate absolutely capable taking full charge; exceptional executive ability; financial statements, credits, collections, correspondent, efficient systematizer. C 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience; complete charge; render profit and loss financial statements; salary $50. N 681 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER desires temporary position; knowledge stenography, general office routine. Phone, 9-10, Bergen, Williamsburg 4281W. Write 28 Times 103 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, several years manufacturing, mercantile experience; $25. M 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, high school graduate; $20. Reiss, 429 East 50th.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, young lady, age 23, 5 years' experience, Christian. Bushwick 5121.

COMPANION - HOUSEKEEPER — Refined American woman desires position as companion-housekeeper to elderly lady or business couple. Z 2478 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent, also remodels; out, $6; references. Miss Fairman, Clarkson 1260.

DRESSMAKER—Attractive gowns, stylish, prompt, reasonable; out; home preferred. Brown, Rhinelander 7028.

FILE CLERK desires position; 3 years' experience; references. J 460 Times.

GIRL, Irish, as chambermaid and waitress in private family. B 1188 Times Harlem.

GIRL (colored) position doctor's office or mother's helper. 240 West, 64th, Apace.

HOUSEKEEPER, cook; middle-aged French, small family; no laundry. Burckhardt, 76 East 92d.

HOUSEWORKER, young girl, good cook, wishes position in city; best reference. Helen Lasko, care Greil, 839 Columbus Av.

HOUSEWORKER, general; thoroughly experienced Southern girl; best references. Flemings, 110 West 134th St.

HOUSEWORKER, chambermaid, waitress; whole, part time, day's work; trustworthy, reliable. Audubon 5774.

HOUSEWORKER, cook, chambermaid, waitress, whole, part days, hours. Audubon 1126. Jessie.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, day, half time, or part time. Fischer, 2412 Morningside.

LADY desires position as secretary requiring executive ability; experience in doctor's office; best references. J. B. 2,525 Broadway.

LADY refined, respectable, thoroughly experienced in real estate, desires connection with real estate firm. A 57 Times.

LADY'S MAID—Lady wishes place her maid part time or laundry. Apt 71, 445 Riverside Drive, Cathedral 4860.

LAUNDRESS, Swedish, wishes family wash at home; open drying. Phone Regent 2384.

LAUNDRESS, colored, work out by day. Nicholas, 49 East 134th St.

LEDGER CLERK and office assistant; experience; best references. D 1231 Times Bronx.

MOTHER and daughter wish positions together, cook, chambermaid-waitress; experienced. Write only. S. K., 11 Tichenor St., Newark.

NURSE wishes irrigation cases; ladies; first-class references. Rhinelander 6985. Backlin.

NURSE, trained, wants chronic case; highest references. Box 218, 852 Columbus Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, file clerk, 2 years' experience; $16. C 636 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMAN—Outside selling position desired; experienced. F 566 Times.

SEAMSTRES, competent, trustworthy; light duties; will travel; middle-age, Catholic. Endicott 3811.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, good education, desires of making permanent connection, wishes position of responsibility; executive ability, competent and reliable, twelve years' experience. F 572 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, commercial, financial, educational experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; best references as to ability and character; $35. C 37 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, 6 years export forms; conscientious; $30. M 637 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, highly efficient, educated, courteous; permanent or temporary. F 565 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high school graduate; eight years' thorough business training; experienced in mailing sales office; desires position, refined, cheerful office. G, 423 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 6 months' experience, desires permanent position with reliable concern where advancement is assured; $18. G 743 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, German-English, also French dictation; college education, fond and domestic business experience. C 805 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard, billing clerk, Christian, 12 years' export, competent, accustomed responsibilities; permanent; $30-35. F 501 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, knowledge of bookkeeping, 5 years' experience, neat, accurate and dependable. B 1186 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 7 years' experience, office duties; competent. C 886 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping. A 45 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, intelligent; high school education. Telephone Butterfield 5844.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, office assistant; handle busy board; $18. M 625 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, general office assistant, 2½ years' experience; $15. C 892 Times Downtown.

YOUNG college graduate wishes position, six months' experience as typist, some knowledge shorthand and filing; refined, willing, chance for advancement. A 43 Times.

Employment Agencies.

BERTHA CARLSON'S Swedish Agencies—Excellent servants. 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th. Riverside 3491. East 48th, 757 Lexington.

TINNA ANDRESEN Scandinavian Agency, 2,289 Broadway (826-83d). Schuyler 7992.

GOLDEN RULE—In name and practice—furnishes best colored help. Morningside 0085.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, highly trained executive with constructive ability; extensive scope of experience in direction of financial and business policies; proficient in costs, production reports, financial controls, tactful and can quickly adapt himself to new conditions; record will stand closest scrutiny. L. 586 Times.

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ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, closed audited; modern systems installed. A 30 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 2 years' experience; New York University graduate. M 516 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, 25, seeks certified connection. M 626 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING young man desires position in advertising department of manufacturing or commercial firm. 120 St. X. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, junior, wishes position; no outside experience; will be able to offer best work and remarkable salary plan and references furnished upon request; low salary to start. C 883 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, Spanish speaking English; business school graduate, desires a position in any capacity. A 60 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT.

Christian young man, 29, well educated, business experience, desires secretarial and stenographer, executive ability, broad experience; would make able assistant or secretary to busy executive desiring man for position of trust and responsibility; best references. Address C 67 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER - CORRESPONDENT; assistant to busy executive; desires position of responsibility; reliable, competent. F 561 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; ability efficiency; integrity; fifteen years' better experience; seeks desirable opening. C 893 Times Downtown.

STATISTICIAN, RESEARCHER, GRAPHIC ANALYST; economist; college and accountancy graduate; age 27. F 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 27, Hebrew, thoroughly trained handling details for busy executive, rapid stenographer, fluent correspondent, knowledge accounting, credit collections; salary $35. N 512 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.

Refined young man; American, Protestant, 30, married, seeks new connection, private office; efficient stenographer; salary $35. F 666 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 27, experienced correspondent, bookkeeper, desires position, $30. F 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 26, experienced; able correspondent; initiative, personality; valuable assistant. O 209 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT desires position; mechanic; 11 years in last place. F 551 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, wide experience building management; references; licensed. F 602 Times Downtown.

VALET ATTENDANT, or care of elderly gentleman; highly recommended. C 62 Times.

YOUNG MAN (Scottish), been around world, employed at present in the advertising department of one of New York's leading dailies, thoroughly experienced, wishes position, part or whole time, with advertising agency or newspaper. M 575 Times.

YOUNG MAN, of 22, college education, seeks an entry into business where he can eventually become of value to his employers; unusually high class references; personal interview solicited. J. M. M., 463A McDonough St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21—American; high school education; energetic, intelligent; good appearance and ambitious; desires position with opportunity; can furnish bond and references; salary to start of little importance. D 1230 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 23 for night employment where intelligence is required; hours preferred, 6 to 12; connected daytime with large financial institution; no stock-selling proposition considered. F 540 Times.

YOUNG MAN, mechanically inclined, speaking Spanish and English, with long business experience, desires change of position with automobile concern; references. C 884 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, 13 years' experience and three years in business for himself as Curb House broker, wants responsible position with an importer. M 628 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position with reliable concern; knowledge bookkeeping, good penman fair typist, selling ability, ambitious, willing, hard worker. F 708 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, thorough business experience, sales management and credit checking, capable executive, wishes position with concern in executive capacity. C 62 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, English, German, Russian, university graduate, import, export business; been manager department big European concern; best references. A 50 Times.

YOUNG man, 22, high school graduate, desires position; 3 years selling, 2 years bookkeeping and office of dress concern; knowledge of stenography required; state details. M 702 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, Christian, 6 years' experience credit, collections, investigation, adjustments; excellent references. N. N., 2,270 W. 17th St.

YOUNG MAN, 24; Christian; typist; eight years' business experience; executive ability; capable, willing, ambitious. B 1195 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 23, tackle good selling proposition, hustler, reliable, experienced; no salary or drawing; references. White, 636 W. 38th.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school grad., steno., 5 yrs. business exper., seeks position with future; well recommended. 336 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, intelligent, wishes permanent position; salary secondary. F 572 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, wishes inside position with reliable firm where conscientious work will bring advancement. C 40 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, 3 years' experience in silk lining house, desires connection with reliable concern. A 54 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, CLERICAL POSITION PERMANENT; $25; REFERENCES. C 880 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position, packing, shipping, clerking, &c., evenings and Saturday. M 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, business experience, desires position offering opportunity. A 67 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position manager's assistant; executive, selling ability. A 52 Times.

YOUNG Spaniard, speaks, writes, English perfectly, wishes position. F 576 Times.

ENGLISHMAN, public school and university, offers whole-hearted services as manager, assistant manager, secretary, public or private, representative or similar capacity; desires resign high Government appointment with premier oil company for prospects in America; qualifications, age 31, oil shipping and organization member of Institution Petroleum Technologists, staff management, commercial procedure, good accountant, highest references, excellent address, commanded regiment during late war; accept any appointment with fair prospects and sail immediately. For documents and photo apply Box 1163, Morlaix Agency, 244 Madison Av., New York City.

AVAILABLE SEPT. 10.

Executive, 39 years of age, married, experienced in attracting sales, purchasing, treasury and operating departments of the steel, railway supply or automotive industries, desirous of becoming associated with an organization which is financially able to continue business and where effort and ability will be recognized. Z 2223 Times Annex.

WANTED.

SHIRT LINE FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

New Jersey and vicinity; live young man wants a good line men's shirts for above territories. Z 2489 Times Annex.

A JOB, salary the first and foremost consideration. Danger or element of adventure welcomed. Ready to go anywhere. American, white, alone; thirty years of age; college man, in perfect health. F 703 Times.

SPANISH, French and English, young man of 18, speaking and writing these languages, wants any kind of work; highest references, small salary. Z 2477 Times Annex.

AMERICAN, middle-aged, educated, thoroughly conversant domestic, foreign business, finance, language; seeks employment; go anywhere. C 56 Times.

REFINED Japanese (married) seeks position; have electrical engineering knowledge. A 55 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE

Call Circle 2735 for competent cooks, butlers, general housworkers, laundymen, chauffeurs, couples, &c. Wasse, 215 6th Av., between 21st and 22d Sts.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced; must be competent and willing to do general clerical work; congenial position; $78 monthly and luncheon. M 501 Times.

ADVERTISING agency requires young lady with experience in accounting department; must be accurate at figures and a first-class typist; in reply state previous experience, nationality and salary desired. M 544 Times.

BILL CLERK on Underwood typewriter must be accurate at figures and rapid typist; splendid opportunity for ambitious person; state experience. D 1235 Times Bronx.

BILLING CLERK; good position for neat, experienced worker. Apply by letter only, stating education, references, &c. Colonial Works, 233 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 1N BUILDERS OFFICE. EXPERIENCED AND ACCURATE; STATE PAST RECORD AND SALARY EXPECTED. M 583 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER-Stenographer, must be experienced in business efficiency and have initiative. Apply Friedman Mills, 577 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography; Standard Trimming Co., 303 East 39th St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Bright competent worker; call between 11-12. Astalfo Import Co., 141 Wooster St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced. Apply Hudson Cloak, Suit Store, 42 West 33d, Room 805.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, jobbing or manufacturing experience; entire charge. Royal, 719 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced millinery or hat frame manufacturing; state telephone. F 546 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to take full charge of office; state religion. M 546 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced wanted for cloak house; closed Saturday, open Sunday; state salary expected. M 569 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady; use typewriter. Capital Storage Warehouse, 125 W. 60th St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; give age, salary and all details. M 599 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced young lady of mature age as bookkeeper and office executive; must be quick and accurate at figures; unmarried; not afraid of assuming a responsible position; good salary; steady job; must reside in Brooklyn; address in own handwriting, stating age, experience to own salary. W 683 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Is there a young woman in New York who knows what the duties of a competent bookkeeper are, and who can keep her mind strictly on business? This position requires reliability, accuracy, good penmanship, neatness, typing. All references. Joseph E. Baer, 17 East 49th Street.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced in double entry and able to take charge of full set of books and to furnish excellent references. Address, stating age, experience and salary desired. M 612 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, large publishing house, permanent position; chances for advancement; hours 9-5:30, Saturday 9-12; $23-$28 weekly. Write, age, nationality, religion, experience, Box 126, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, competent and experienced, capable of taking full charge of bookkeeping and office of dress concern; knowledge of stenography required; state details. M 702 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting, wanted in office of manufacturing concern. Apply by letter in own handwriting. Thibaut & Walker Co., 72 9th St., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced; capable taking entire charge wholesale leather goods. Specialty Supply Co., 19 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of accounts receivable in large coat house; neat and accurate; experienced preferred; salary $35. W 690 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry. Wanted; thorough and accurate; long experience; familiar with retail business; state salary. C 66 Times.

BURROUGHS bookkeeping machine operator wanted; experience; permanent position; excellent salary. Finkenberg & Sons, 124th and 3d Av.

BURROUGHS bookkeeper machine operator-operator. Experience; knowledge stenography preferred, not essential. Ernst & Peles, 737 Broadway.

CLEANING woman, white, for two hours daily, 50 cents an hour, for light housework each day, in bachelor's apartment; preferably one residing in the vicinity of the West 50th Sts.; require city references from former employer. S 1087 Times Annex.

CLERKS for bill copying and bookkeeping work; must write exceptionally good hand; high or business school graduates preferred; minimum age 21 years. Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc., Employment Division, 11 Bond St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERKS.

An exceptional opportunity with a downtown financial institution for girl over 16, experience unnecessary; salary, $12; state age, education, experience and religion. H. K. 894 Times Downtown.

CLERKS,

some high school experience, to work near Times Square, temporary; chance for permanency. Apply Room 518, 195 Broadway.

CLERK wanted in invoice department of large textile house; Remington-Wahl machine. Reply, stating age, experience and salary desired. W 683 Times Downtown.

COMPANION nurse to semi invalid; good reader, intelligent, assume light activities in household. Reply by letter, 549 West 113th St., Apartment 22.

COMPETENT girl, plain cook; permanent home; 2 adults. Apply at once. Apartment 14, 745 Riverside Drive, cor. 152d St.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED REFINED YOUNG WOMAN. SCHRAFFTS, 47 WEST 22D.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR in insurance office; short Summer hours; write experience, salary. V 830 Times Downtown.

COOK (white); very light housework; waitress; family of two; sleep in; must have references. Schuyler 3002, between 10 and 12.

COUPLE will share uptown apartment with middle age or elderly woman without cost; for company. 1 Times.

DESIGNER, experienced on children's 6 to 14 dresses, who can produce classy, popular price wash dresses; only first-class person with successful record will be considered; good salary will be paid. Call for interview applicants at our New York office all day Thursday and Friday up until 2 o'clock. Miller, Baker & Levene, 1,182 Broadway, Room 505.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—Large company requires the services of an experienced and competent operator; high school graduate preferred; position permanent and there is a splendid opportunity for advancement; salary to start, $1,200-$1,300 per annum; in reply give details as to age, education and experience. T 522 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Christian publishing house requires the service of refined young lady with high school education; must be experienced operator; pleasant surroundings; hours 9-5; salary $25 per week. Apply Prentice-Hall, 70 5th Av.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS—39 billing and bookkeeping machine operators for permanent and temporary positions wanted by Brooklyn and New York firms. Apply Elliott-Fisher Co., 343 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.

FITTER, thoroughly experienced, very capable, also to take complete charge of alterations, in private dressmaking establishment. Apply 11 A. M., Mme. Kahn, 148 West 44th St.

LAMP SHADES

YOUNG WOMEN WHO HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE SELLING LAMP SHADE MATERIALS.

ALSO

SALESWOMEN

FOR THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

SILVERWARE
UPHOLSTERY
HOUSEFURNISHINGS & CHINA

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, 9 TO 5:30

GIMBEL BROTHERS
33D ST. & B'WAY.

LAMP SHADE MAKER—One capable of giving instructions in making lamp shades to clerks or women in department store; give full details regarding experience &c., to superintendent,

Closing Hours for Advertisements

Sunday Edition

TODAY, THURSDAY, NOON — Schools, Financings, Hotels, Resorts, Amusements.

TODAY, THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT — Display Advertisements, large or with cuts, photographs, sections or drawings.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

TOMORROW, FRIDAY, 5 P. M.—Undisplay classified advertisements. (Business Opportunities 10 A. M. Saturday.)

Daily Edition

If received after 3 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified announcements for daily edition are subject to omission. What evening time? 5 P. M.

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate Line.

(Minimum space two lines.)	Agate Line
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted	40c
Business and Real Estate	40c
Help Wanted	40c
Male Help Wanted	40c
Lost and Found	40c
Agreements to Let and Wanted	40c
Country Board	40c
Mortgage Loans	40c
For Sale	40c
Automobiles	40c
Agents Wanted	40c
Employment Agencies	75c
	For Word
Business Opportunities (Cats 20c)	10c
Buyers Wants—Offerings to Buyers	10c
Stock Exchange (Sundays)	15c
Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.	

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements in advance of closing time.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, Hudson Terminal Building, 30 Church Street, N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER & SECRETARY—Excellent opportunity for young girl with secretarial ambitions; small office, attractive surroundings and good advancement; $25.

STENOGRAPHER & CLERK, downtown; will appeal to young girl who likes varied duties; must be good at figures; will be the only girl in office; regular hours; $28.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS—Exceptionally good openings at the present time uptown and downtown commercial and banking houses; $20-$25.

ELLIOTT-FISHER BILLING MACHINE OPERATORS, uptown importing house; $32.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, downtown law firm; exceptional opportunity; $25.

BURROUGHS CALCULATING MACHINE OPERATOR, midtown banking house; $20-$25.

CLERK, uptown merchandise corp.; check invoices; familiar with inventory; $22.

CLERK, no experience grad.; good future; midtown public utility corp.; $22.

CLERK, exp., library bureau automatic system of filing; downtown; $13.

CLERK, downtown ins. firm; hrs. 9-4; opportunity for bright beginner to become thoroughly familiar with various forms of office work; $63 mo.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST. 30 Church Street. 7th floor.

HAMILTON EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

50 CHURCH STREET. HUDSON TERMINAL BUILDING, MAIN FLOOR.

SECY.-STENO.; uptown; appearance and personality biggest assets.....$30

STENO.; midtown ins. company.....$30

STENO.; uptown; adv. exp. pfd.....$30

TYPIST; midtown drug company.....$25

BKPR.-TYPIST; midtown.....$25

LEDGER CRK.; Bklyn; good future.....$25

BURROUGHS BKPG. MACH. OPR.....$25

CLERK, perpetual inventory; uptown.....$22

STENO.-CLERK; midtown.....$22

TYPIST; H. S., downtown bank.....$18

TEL. OPR.-TYPIST; uptown mfg.....$20

STENO.; engineer; good type; advancement.....$17

CLERKS; beginners; good penmen; some H. S. education.....$15-$17

NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

EST. 1897

GANAGAN AGENCY 256 BROADWAY

J. KING, Mgr.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Downtown; $35; stenographers, legal, $30-$35; real estate, $30; lumber, $30; accountants, $30; automobile, oil, publishing, brokerage, advertising, textile, $25-$30; typists, legal $22; openings any and every line, $15-$18-$20-$22; bookkeeper-stenographer, $35; bookkeepers, $25-$30; assistants, $20; typists, $20; dictaphone operators, $25; comptometer operators, $25; office assistants, etc. All positions with reliable firms and to be filled today. No advance charge.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, INC. 1 BEEKMAN ST., COR. PARK ROW.

STENOGRAPHER—English-Italian Dict.$45

STENOGRAPHER—English-Spanish Dict.$30

STENOGRAPHER—Insurance, D'town....$30

STENOGRAPHER—Real Estate.....$30

STENOGRAPHER—Theatrical.....$30

STENOGRAPHER—Advertising, uptown..$35

STENOGRAPHERS—Numerous.....$15-$30

BOOKKEEPERS.....$18-$35

BOOKKEEPER-STENOS.....$15-$35

LEDGER CLERK—Know typing.....$25

FILE CLERKS.....$15

TYPISTS—Several.....$15-$20

CLERKS.....$15

MUTUAL BUSINESS SERVICE, 15 Park Row. Opp. Post Off. P. O.

We can offer you a choice of many excellent positions.

SECY.-STENO, statistical expr., $40; others, $30; STENOGS., Fr.-Eng., $35; Fr.-Germ., $30; others, $30-$25-$22-$20. BKPR., $35; TYPISTS, $23-$22-$20-$18; OPRS., Switchboard, $25; Compt., $23; CLERKS, calculating, $25-$22; gen., $22-$18; ages, $20; file, $22-$18-$15; DRAFTSWOMAN, $25.

MRS. JOSEPHINE ASPELL AGENCY 1465 BROADWAY (42D)

Excellent positions for experienced stenographers; highest salaries; reliable firms; also openings for typists with little experience.

WEST SERVICE, INC. 41 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 10200.

Bookkeeper-Stenographer.....$35

Secretaries, Engr. or law expr.....$30-$35

Information clerks, Ledger clerks.....$25 Mo.

PERSONNEL PLACEMENT BUREAU, 17 WEST 42D ST. LONGACRE 9080.

EXCEPTIONAL bookkeeping calls, $35 to $20; splendid stenographic openings.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway—Stenos, legal, commercial, typists, clerical; many excellent positions; permanent, temporary; highest salaries; register free.

"You Tried the Rest, Now Try THE BEST!" EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 RECTOR ST. ROOM 206.

MABEL P. CHUMLEY, 25 WEST 42D ST. Secretary, $35; stenographers, $30; clerks, $26-$18; typists, $25; file clerks, $22.

STENOGRAPHERS $30; Typists $25; File Clerks $15; Beginners $12-14; Banking and Commercial, 120 Liberty St. Annex.

EMPLOYMENT MGR. SER., 47 W. 42D. "The Agency You'll Eventually Use."

Instructions.

Shorthand and typewriting in one MONTH.

MILLER INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

1,416 Broadway, near 39th St. Penn. 5314.

Prof. Miller taught at Columbia Univ. 8 yrs. Open all year. Fan cooled. Position assured.

DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOLS, INC.,

New York—Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2720.

Brooklyn—Bedford Av. at Fulton St. Tel. Prospect 7496.

Bronx—Keith's Bldg., Fordham Road and Grand Concourse. Tel. Kellogg 5515.

THE CANDT INSTITUTE.

COMMERCIAL; CANDY-MAKING COURSES. Elinor Hanna, Principal (formerly with Pitt & Shaw). ORIGINAL School; SCIENTIFIC instruction. 40 West 90th St., New York. Phone Circle 6066. Send for booklet.

SPECIAL SUMMER COURSES, TWO TO FOUR WEEKS.

Students placed after graduation. Call for particulars.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, 19 WEST 44TH ST.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Nation-wide demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities everywhere. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training Schools, Dept. 118, Washington, D. C.

AMERICA'S most conscientious school—Special Summer courses in hair and beauty culture; complete and individual courses; "The Personal Interest School"; positions guaranteed; booklet on request. Wilfred Academy, 100 E. 59th St. Circle 10200.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 527 5th Av., at 44th St.

The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains executive secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 19.

THE IRIDOR SCHOOL FOR PROFESSIONAL CANDY MAKING. Resident and correspondence courses; direction Doris K. Weigert, Instructor in N. Y. C. Booklet. 211 West 80th St. Circle 9721.

RASSE BEAUTY COURSE, $50.

Special $75 course reduced to $39. Rasse Academy of Hair & Beauty Culture, 30 East 44th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 0032.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ACCOUNTANT-SOLICITOR, commission or partnership if desired. Phone Watkins 0887 for interview.

ACCOUNTANT; junior; state age, experience and salary. W 675 Times Downtown.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING STUDENT with some stenographic and clerical experience to work in classified advertising department of newspaper; opportunity to write classified advertising copy and to learn newspaper advertising; small salary to begin. C 36 Times.

ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER wanted for a well-known proprietary food business; must be thoroughly experienced in sales organization and management; to a live wire the position offers exceptional opportunities; good wages and prospects. Address, giving fullest particulars of experience, stating age and salary expected, to X 2213 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE DRIVERS, CHAUFFEURS, 25 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER, IN PERFECT HEALTH, MARRIED MEN PREFERRED. MEN NOW HOLDING STATE DRIVERS' OR OPERATORS' LICENSES, WHO CAN OTHERWISE QUALIFY, DESIRED. WE WILL TEACH YOU HOW TO DRIVE A TAXICAB IN NEW YORK CITY. WE WILL TRAIN YOU TO GET YOUR HACKING LICENSE. ALL OUR DRIVERS MAKE GOOD MONEY; MONTHLY BONUSES, FREE MEDICAL AND DENTAL ATTENTION, INSURANCE, SICK BENEFITS. APPLY DAILY AT EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, 385 EAST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY. YELLOW TAXI CORPORATION. LENOX 2300.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, first-class; steady employment; good wages. Apply Mr. Brown, 814 West 181st St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced man, possessing initative and capability; knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting and stenography, for resident buying office, presenting opportunity for advancement. L. Abrahmson, 25 West 33d.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; must be accurate at figures; residents of Brooklyn preferred. Address in own handwriting, stating reference and salary expected. Cost, 206 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER FOR BROOKLYN; one who understands detail, tax reports, balances, &c., for small bank; must be well recommended, middle aged; state salary. 207 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Competent young man to take full charge of the books of a manufacturing concern; limited amount of correspondence. M 559 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; one who just finished school, who can read his own notes, to assist in shipping department; $20 weekly to start. Apply Yarns, 51 Mercer St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.

Experienced Burroughs posting; call at once. The Charles Williams Stores, 25 Washington St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER for West Hoboken, familiar with customers' ledger, knowledge of typewriting; state age, salary expected; references. X 2229 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, one with some experience in butter and egg business; bring references. Apply 421 West 14th St., after 10 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced ledger clerk; must have common sense. Address, P. O. Box 43, Station W.

BOOKKEEPER—Chance for advancement; state age, salary, experience. 115 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOYS.

A large downtown bank requires the services of a number of boys, at least 18 years of age, with some high school education, to act as messengers.

Excellent position with excellent chances for advancement; lunches served free and other advantages.

V. F. P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

BOYS

For boys between the ages of 16 and 19 years wishing to make banking a career under desirable surroundings there are good permanent openings in a New York institution; for the right type of boy, the opportunities for advancement are excellent; initial salary depending upon experience; applicants should state education, training and reference. Write Box C. G., 1,111 St. Paul Building, New York.

BOYS, 16 to 21. Preferably high school graduates, desirous of qualifying for ADVANCEMENT. United States Rubber Company. 59th St. and Broadway.

BOY—Large wholesale cotton converting house has position open in stock; excellent opportunity for advancement to salesman. Write or apply J. W. Goddard & Son, 11 East 26th.

BOYS, several, neat, rapid, custom house samples; experience not necessary; salary accordingly. Advancement, 29 Broadway, Room 1321.

BOY, to work in sample department of wholesale silk house. Box 100, 280 World Tower Building.

BOY for office and messenger work. Colt, Stewart Co., 1,750 Grand Concourse, near 175th St.

BOY, 18 years, ambitious, willing; splendid chance for advancement; state experience and salary expected. M 576 Times.

BOY in stock room; experienced in wholesale dress goods. Bristol Woolen Mills, 404 4th Av.

BOYS with some high-school training wanted for positions with advancement possibilities. V 835 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted about sixteen; salary twelve dollars weekly; give age and previous experience if any. A 49 Times.

BOY to help in office of publishing house. H 587 Times.

BOY to assist in office. Write B. C., Box 20, 1,367 Broadway.

BUILDING ESTIMATOR, large experience necessary; permanent position. Call Friday after 4 P. M. Standard Appraisal Company, John M. Hall.

BUILDING superintendent capable taking charge of large construction job; salary $125 weekly. Phone for appointment, Lenox 0272.

BURROUGHS bookkeeping machine operator, experienced, knowledge stenography preferred not essential. Endel & Feles, 737 B'way.

BUYER for wash goods, blankets, silks and dress goods for medium-sized department store. Wheeling, W. Va. Box F, Levis, 115 West 30th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic white, expert driver, unmarried man, by desirable party; application must be able to furnish personal recommendations and live in New York City; excellent position for the right party. P 72 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, expert driver and mechanic; 28 to 35; single; results; personal city reference; must reside in Manhattan. P 69 Times.

CHEF, white, all-round; Sept. 1; American plant hotel, city; feeding 100; state experience, salary. M 580 Times.

CLERKS for bill copying and bookkeeping work; must write exceptionally good hand; high or business school graduates preferred; minimum age, 21 years. Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc., Employment Division, 31 Bond St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT MANAGER.

An excellent opportunity is a fine large store in one of the most important Eastern cities is offered to the man who can take complete charge of clothing department; there will be a salary and bonus commensurate with results shown. Write, giving experience and all details about yourself, which will be kept confidential.

T 518 TIMES.

COLLECTION MANAGER for installment furniture house; those with experience in this line only need apply; state experience, reference in detail and salary expected; replies strictly confidential. C. L., 527 Times Harlem.

COLLECTION AGENCY wants several men who are experienced as solicitors in this business; salary and commission. Apply Advertising Service Bureau, Inc., 212 Fifth Av.

COUPLE (reliable), wanted for general housework in all-year country home at Goosenock Point, Sound Shrewsbury River (near Red Bank, N. J.); good home for right parties. X 2224 Times Annex.

CREDIT and office man for dry goods jobbing house; good chance for the right man; state experience and salary expected. W 860 Times Downtown.

DENTAL—For dental depot, Western Pennsylvania; experienced man, familiar with merchandise and tooth end of business; excellent opportunity with future; state experience, age and salary; best references necessary. M 582 Times.

DETAILER, experienced on laying out store fixtures; state age, experience, reference, salary, &c. Apply by letter only to Zolis-Lindahl Store Fixture Co., 153 West 42d St.

DRAFTSMAN-DESIGNER, must be technical graduate, thoroughly capable of complete plant layout from building foundations to arrangement of boiler, engines and machinery; replies must be complete and state age, religion, experience, salary expected and when can report. T 504 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on chandelier work, first-class man, familiar with ¾ scale drawings, also junior and draftsman with some experience; applications can be made by letter or in person and will be held strictly confidential. Mitchell Vance, 503 West 24th.

DRAFTSMEN, two or three mechanical draftsmen, experienced on flanged and screwed double line piping layouts and general drafting; replies must state age, experience and salary expected. T 505 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, one thoroughly familiar with architectural bronze work; steady employment; give full particulars; previous employment and salary. Box 34, 620 St. James Building.

DRAFTSMAN, with a few years' experience, preferably on elevator or elevator enclosure work; state age, experience, salary desired. M 529 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on interior woodwork, cabinet work, store fixtures, good estimator, designer, to work as salesman. Apply Ely J. Rieser, 29th St. and 1st Av.

DRAFTSMAN experienced in steam heating and electrical layouts and designs. Engineering Supervision Co., 280 Madison Av.

ENTRY CLERK in office of large manufacturing concern; must be fast writer. Address, giving age, reference and salary expected. Box 25, 256d World Tower Bldg.

FLOOR MAN—AN EXCLUSIVE FIFTH AVENUE SHOP REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED AND HIGHLY COMPETENT FLOOR MAN TO BE IN CHARGE OF SALES FORCE; AN EXCEPTIONAL OPENING WITH LIBERAL PAY. BOX 638, REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH.

FOREMAN and inspector wanted for lumber yard. Apply Metropolitan Lumber Co., 1,085 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FUR BUYER.

Excellent opening for man who knows the fur business as it relates to the coat and suit industry.

COPELOF STILLMAN, 29 WEST 33D.

HOTEL CLERK, apartment, single, under 40; $175, room, meals; state experience. F 542 Times.

HOTEL NIGHT CLERK, experienced, reliable; two shifts; room, salary. Hotel Lorraine, Bridgeport.

HOTEL CLERK, experienced, references required. Hotel Walton, 70th St. and Columbus Av.

INSTRUCTOR—Two gentlemen desire private lessons in English. M 622 Times Downtown.

MAN, competent to take charge of shipping and stock departments in a large publishing house; preferably one who has had publishing experience; must be qualified to handle men; state experience. T 522 Times.

MAN OR WOMAN, experienced, to take complete charge work shirt factory out of town; must be able to break in help. W 500 Times.

MEN over 25 years of age for selling candy over the counters, from 6 to 12 P. M.; must be neat appearing, courteous and intelligent. Phone applications in person, or by mail to Loft, Inc., Employment Dept., 400 Broome St., N. Y. C.

MILLINERY SHIPPING CLERK.

Young man wanted to pack and ship millinery; must have experience in this line; state where employed; age, salary and references; must be a hustler. M 561 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, bright, ambitious young man for filing and general office work; good chance for advancement; state qualification, salary. Box 306, 131 West 38th.

OFFICE BOY, messenger, 16 to 18 years old, wanted by publisher; hours 9 to 5; closed Saturday during Summer; references required; call between 9:30 and 11:30, 3d floor, 383 Madison Av.; salary $12. M 504 Times.

OFFICE BOY, under 18 years of age, in well-established business; apply in own handwriting giving references, stating age, nationality, education and salary desired at start. V 807 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for law office in financial district; preferably boy desirous of studying law; application must state age, education, salary. M 636 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY—Good opportunity with magazine publishing concern; state age, religion, education, salary. Ac. M 644 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 16-18, for large commercial house; reply, stating age and salary desired. M 556 Times.

ORDER PICKERS.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, FOR LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE.

BOX 368, 131 WEST 38TH.

STOCK CLERK.

LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE DESIRES A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAN IN THE LINE.

NONE OTHERS NEED APPLY.

BOX 389, 131 WEST 38TH.

PACKERS—Strong, capable young men with some experience in packing magazines or printed matter. Apply Mr. Stoerts, McFadden Publications, 345 11th Av.

PACKER wanted by wholesale dry goods house. Apply with references. Forma & Perry, 446 4th Av.

PLATER Forema wanted, must be thoroughly competent to handle men and work; also mix and analyze solutions; call Thursday or Friday. Frances Kell & Son, 401 E. 103d.

PLUMBERS Wanted—Six or eight men on new work. Apply Michael Dumery, 105 Schenectady Av., Brooklyn.

PORTER, STRONG MAN; CALL WITH REFERENCES. JOSEPH SKOLNY & CO., 606 BROADWAY, 14TH FLOOR.

PORTER, experienced; good references; steady position; good salary. Ruby, 354 5th Av.

PRINTING—Young executive, 25-30, who is now estimating and following production; must know the business; good chance of rapid development; give full confidential details of present employment, previous record, salary and work you are actually doing now. F. 595 Times.

PROOFREADER, Spanish; in large publishing house; must be proficient in both Spanish and English reading; steady position to one who can qualify; publication work; union. Address Box 473, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

REAL ESTATE MAN—FOR RENTING DEPARTMENT OF WELL KNOWN FIRM; EXPERIENCE IN MIDTOWN DISTRICT COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. M 519 TIMES.

RECEIVING CLERK WANTED FOR LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN. APPLY EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, CHARLES COBY & SON, 76 KINGS ST.

SAFETY engineer, must speak Spanish, for work at large copper mine in South America. 3-year contract, transportation both ways and salary while traveling paid by company; in reply give complete details of education, experience and salary expected. V 831 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING TAG SALESMAN.

An old well-established company desires to increase its New York City selling force; to a salesman who has had experience in this line or a similar line, a splendid opportunity is afforded; salary plus bonus for accomplishment. X 2106 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK and packer, experienced on clothing. Apply Harry Pfeadlver, 688 Broadway.

SHOE MAN, having had own shop, doing repairing for shoe stores, to take charge of repair shop; references required. Lincoln Shoe Service, Inc., 1,851 Broadway.

SILK SHADE DESIGNER, FACTORY FOREMAN.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY WITH LONG-ESTABLISHED FIRM; MUST HAVE FACTORY EXPERIENCE AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY. M 509 TIMES.

SOLICITORS—High-grade laundry service; $25 salary per week to start; short hours; car necessary; route drivers, $; state age; call Thursday, 9 A. M. National Laundry, 1,471 Wilkins Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER—INTELLIGENT YOUNG MAN, BETWEEN 20 AND 25 YEARS OF AGE, WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING; ADVANCEMENT RAPID; UNLIMITED OPPORTUNITIES FOR EFFICIENCY WITH LARGEST AND MOST PROGRESSIVE MANUFACTURERS IN THEIR FIELD. A 61 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, high school education; unusual opportunity for young man to start grooming for executive up with growing advertising agency. Call 11 to 12, Room 1106, 225 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist for temporary position; must be expert; salary $30 a week; give full particulars. P 74 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; rapid dictation; state age, experience and religion; $126 per month. W 685 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK to importing house; preference will be given young man familiar with notions and novelties; state age, references, salary. M 640 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT with sufficient experience to estimate, planning and operate firm's principal business machinery, iron and steel products. W 677 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MAN, EXPERIENCED, wanted in leading export dry goods house; executive ability, tact and energy, as also a knowledge of Spanish absolutely essential; write, giving age, experience and salary. T M 617 Times Downtown.

VALET, ATTENDANT TO ELDERLY GENTLEMAN; MUST HAVE SOME MEDICAL EXPERIENCE AND FURNISH SATISFACTORY REFERENCES; WHEN REPLYING GIVE EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS. M 536 TIMES.

WINDOW TRIMMER, combination man; good salary for live ambitious man; must be experienced as advertising man, window trimmer and card writer; for out-of-town department store. Apply mornings 9:30-10, and evenings 5-6, Hoffman & Hartbiay, Inc., 117 West 33d.

WINDOW DRESSER and ticket writer, part time, for dress trimmings and ladies' wear. Apply H. B. Cohn, 1237 Broadway, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN FOR ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE BROOKLYN CORPORATION, NEAR BOROUGH HALL; FAMILIAR WITH STATISTICAL AND TABULATING WORK; ACCURATE AT FIGURES; WILLING TO WORK FOR ADVANCEMENT; WRITE, STATING EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. BOX 164, 1,214 WILSON BLDG.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 25; large organization operating popular-priced stores from coast to coast have an opening for young man to start in stockroom; opportunity for advancement to store management; applications must state last employment, age, church preference. Apply by letter only, S. H. Kress & Co., 256 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 22, to learn every phase of real estate in long established American concern specializing in Manhattan; must live with parents, be energetic, well-bred and of good appearance; opportunity in endless; moderate salary to start. Apply Mr. Hoerle, McFadden Publications, 345 11th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 25, with knowledge of English language, to solicit business for collections and adjustments; salary and commission, unusual opportunity for right man. Apply between 9-10 A. M. 280 BROADWAY, ROOM 1,004.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of toilet goods showroom, wait on trade, handle correspondence and act as general assistant to chief executive; give age, experience and all details in letter. Address P. O. Box 585, Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN who has had experience filling orders and taking care of stock for watch importers; excellent opportunity; state age, references, experience, salary desired. T 517 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN—Clerical positions; paper and cardboard establishment experience preferred, but not essential; state particulars and salary desired. P. O. Box 77, Station O, New York.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, with good education, by wholesale silk firm, to start in stock room; good opportunity; references required. M 562 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, stong, as porter and packer; wholesale dry goods house; steady position to right party. M 630 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant; prefer one experienced in sheet copper; state experience and salary expected. 2 2474, Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, experienced hosiery and underwear, for shipping and stock. Call Thursday after 10 A. M., Hirsch & Schwartz, 11 West 20th.

YOUNG MAN wanted, educated, about 18 years, without business experience; opportunity to learn importing business with established concern. W 852 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17-19, large textile house; experience not necessary. W 587 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, stock clerk, large importing house; good opportunity for willing worker. Box 128, 2501 World Tower Building.

YOUNG man, about 18, well educated, for clerical work. Call Mill Factors Corporation, 354 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN with thorough clothing experience; stock, selling. National Clothing, 90 Bleecker.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, stock clerk; silk manufacturer; advancement. M 560 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY for young man over 18 years of age, for clerical work in busy advertising department of a large organization; splendid opportunity for conscientious worker; hours 9 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.; salary $13 to start. S 1025 Times Annex.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN to sell display space in live community newspaper; no floaters, drawing account specialists; references required; liberal commission; also experienced classified advertising salesman. The Yorkville Spirit, 1,247 Lexington Av., 85th St.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN to sell a direct mail plan to local manufacturers; capable producer can earn big income on commission basis. Room 220, 119 East 87th.

AUTOMOBILE Club of New York has opening for well-recommended salesmen on membership work, offering unusual remunerative and permanent connection on salary basis. Apply between 1 and 5 P. M. to the Secretary, Hotel Ansonia.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN 3 wanted to sell Jordan cars in Long Island territory; liberal commission. Apply at once, Manager Bayer Auto Sales, Inc., 100 Broadway, Flushing, L. I. Flushing 5124.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN, Italian speaking, for Moon and Gray cars, Greater New York; commission. Moon Agency, 2,235 Concourse, 1824.

COTTON COMFORTERS—Excellent opportunity for good, experienced salesman in the following territories: New England, Middle West, Illinois and Southern States; liberal commission to real salesman; in answering ad state experience, age and what territory you wish to cover. Empire Mattress Company, 2,237 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

NARROW ribbon salesman; must have a following in the jobbing and manufacturing trade; New York; old-established house making complete line; give age, salary expected, experience. M 573 Times.

PAPER SALESMEN (3) who have sold advertised brands like Strathmore, Faluiah, Collins & Dreyer, with first opportunity with aggressive paper and cardboard concern state experience, salary desired; communication confidential. S. L., 247 Times.

RADIO SALESMAN wanted in retail store; experienced salesman; familiar with hookups; good opportunity; write, stating age, experience, references and salary expected. Address Box 534, 219 7th Av.

SECURITY SALESMEN,

wouldn't your selling talk be twice as strong if you were selling the security of an established, active, dividend-paying company, having a product of vital interest to every home owner? Commission and bonus. Call at Room 707, 25 West 43d St.

SHIRT SALESMAN FOR BROOKLYN

to sell Imperial Troy Tailored Shirts to retail trade; must have thorough knowledge of shirt business, strong ability and with a following; will turn over volume of business to right man; commission basis only.

ROGGEN BROS. & CO., INC.,

638 BROADWAY, N.Y.

SHIRT SALESMAN, experienced, city and vicinity; salary. Preston Shirt Co., 465 Broome St.

SALES ENGINEER wanted, preferably one who has thorough knowledge of automobiles, to sell an accessory of proven value; own car desirable; salary and commission. C 893 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER wanted; one able to take charge of selling and placing books direct to stores and public; commission only. Apply by letter. Modern Moose Co., 502 Madison Av.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE.

Exclusive Long Island or Brooklyn territory for man with car to sell well-known water heaters; acquaintance among plumbers or builders desirable; liberal commission. Phone Murray Hill 6046.

SALESMEN, electrical; New York, New Jersey; opportunity for men familiar with trade; commission and drawing. Tornado Electric Co., Inc., 148 Greene St.

SALESMEN.—Experience unnecessary; sell our magazines by mail; $10 per week; no investor; liberal commission. Call 28 West 45th, Suite 306.

SALESMEN

Underwear; for men, caps, ties to haberdashers, furnishers; side lines; commission basis. T 502 Times.

SILK SALESMAN with good following to call on cutting-up trade; commission basis. 656 6th Av., Room 903.

MALE HELP WANTED. Salesmen.

SALESMEN.

A soundly founded financial institution which faces one of the largest opportunities in the business world today has an unusual vacancy which it offers for a man who can meet the following requirements:

1. Irreproachable character.
2. The ability to grasp business fundamentals quickly.
3. A man big enough to make his own decisions.
4. A man of action.
5. Selling ability and temperament.

The position open in this company to the man who can meet the above qualifications, in addition to giving him the chance to determine his income in commissions, will afford him a most attractive opportunity to determine his own future.

We want especially a man who has the ability to take advantage of a business situation where unhampered and rapid advancement is possible.

Owing to our policy of adapting our men to our own methods in the selling of our issues, men who have previously sold securities will not be considered.

Write immediately outlining your previous business experience.

M 332 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

Position open for first-class salesman, accustomed to large earnings; $200 per week or more; sales and publicity work, securing co-operation on introductory sale official source records; in connection with an organization of a military character of over 1,000,000 members. Territory in New York and Pennsylvania. Commission basis. On outside territory we advance and guarantee hotel and railroad expenses. We teach you by actual personal demonstration. You are cordially invited to call and inspect the proposition, 12-12, 2 to 3.

L. EDWARDS STEARNS, ROOM 2021, Hudson Terminal, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN—SECURITY

TO SELL THE PREFERRED STOCK OF A DIVIDEND PAYING CONCERN WHICH HAS PASSED EVERY TEST FOR SOUNDNESS; THIS ISSUE IS OFFERED TO THE BEST TYPE OF INVESTOR. WE WANT MEN FROM 30 TO 40 YEARS OF AGE WHO ARE OF UNQUESTIONED INTEGRITY AND ABILITY, WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK HARD FOR WORTH WHILE RESULTS IN A PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH A HOUSE OF BEST REPUTATION; COMMISSION; MORNINGS 9 TO 12. JAMES M. THORNTON, INC., 23 WEST 43D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN.

A Western manufacturer of electrical appliances nationally advertised through extensive magazine campaigns, advertising through resale departments with central stations, department stores and large dealers, has openings for two department managers in New Jersey, experienced in selling electrical appliances to the consumer at retail and capable of directing sales force; men with automobiles preferred.

Salary and bonus. Call 9 to 12, Mr. Wooledge, Room 1007, Knickerbocker Building, Broadway and 42d St.

SALESMEN—ROGER BARSON, THE GREAT STATISTICIAN, RECENTLY STATED THAT THE ELECTRICAL INDUSTRY OFFERED THE GREATEST OPPORTUNITY FOR AMBITIOUS MEN. RIGHT NOW A LARGE UTILITY CORPORATION HAS OPENINGS FOR 10 SALESMEN TO SELL ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS. THERE IS OPPORTUNITY FOR AGGRESSIVE MEN. EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. SALARY AND BONUS OR STRAIGHT COMMISSION. APPLY C. B. BOLEY, ROOM 1007, KNICKERBOCKER BLDG., CORNER 42D AND BROADWAY.

SALESMAN.

FOREMOST MANUFACTURER OF HIGHEST PRICED LADIES' DRESSES OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO A SALESMAN WHO HAS SUCCESSFUL RECORD SELLING THE BETTER STORES THROUGHOUT THE U. S.; THIS IS NOT FOR CUSTOMARY SALESMAN JOB, BUT ONE THAT HAS UNLIMITED POSSIBILITIES FOR LARGE EARNINGS; COMMISSION. BOX 370, 131 WEST 38TH.

SALESMEN—AN OPPORTUNITY.

Four salesmen to solicit retail accounts for well established Chesterfield corporation operating several stores; experience ranges, washing machines, water heater, electric appliances demanded, but not necessary; in first years leader; liberal commission basis; permanent. Call mornings before noon or write W. G. Dawson & Co., 510 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

SALESMEN.

Can you sell real estate to interested men and women who have answered our advertisement? Sales help freely given; our average commission $112.50 per sale; leads furnished.

SEE SALES MANAGER, SUITE 1308, 350 MADISON AV.

SALESMAN—If you have a good following in the State of New Jersey and Southern Pennsylvania and are financially situated to carry on strictly commission basis a complete line of rugs and carpets for a prominent New York importer, we have a proposition for you; giving details as to age, if married references and if you travel by car. M 526 Times.

SALESMEN—NEW YORK STATE CORPORATION DISTRIBUTING GOVERNMENT-COMPILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR MEN WITH SALES RECORDS; EARNINGS RANGE FROM $50 TO $400 WEEKLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION, EXPENSES. 40 WEST 32TH ST. MR. SPRINGER.

SALESMEN—TAILORING.

$6 Commission; 4% Bonus on every suit or overcoat; hustlers can make $100 or more weekly selling our all-wool, made-to-measure clothes; all one price, $29.50; commission paid daily. Scotch Woolen Mills, 518 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—Prominent converter of cotton wash fabrics and drapery materials has opening in show room for young man of good appearance to assist in handling house trade and keeping display in order; give age and previous experience, if any, in replying. W 947 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN-MANAGER.

Retail sporting goods store requires the services of an experienced salesman and manager, capable of taking complete charge; this is an excellent opportunity for a man with initiative and energy; state salary expected. M 706 Times.

SALESMAN and estimator experienced in selling office partitions and cabinet work; applicant must be familiar with details of design and construction; good opportunity for right man; salary and commission basis; give full particulars, age, experience and former connections. T 514 Tomes.

SALESMEN—Old established firm requires the services of experienced salesmen, 30-35 years old, to sell orthopedic appliances to shoe trade on salary and commission basis; real proposition for a hard worker; write, stating age, experience, education, nationality and religion. X 2206 Times Annex.

SALESMEN calling on any of the following, drug trade, department stores, barber, beauty patrons, doctors-dentists, gift shops, &c., we offer a side line selling electrical appliances; liberal commission. Call 146 Greene St., 4th floor.

SALESMEN (3)—We want 3 real honest to goodness salesmen, good appearance essential, to sell Ford cars; amount here; commission basis, but will pay drawing account when worth proven. See Mr

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

AUSTRIAN DAIMLER, SIX-CYLINDER.
PIERCE-ARROW 1922 SEDAN.
LANCIA 5-PASS. TOURING.
WINTON 7-PASS. TOURING.
PACKARD TOURING.
PACKARD ROADSTER.
MERCEDES ROADSTER, LIKE NEW.
LOCOMOBILE SEDANS.
LOCOMOBILE TOURINGS.
LOCOMOBILE LIMOUSINE.
MARMON SEDAN.
PIERCE-ARROW "38" TOURING.
PIERCE-ARROW "38" LANDAULET.
CADILLAC TOWN CAR.
ROLLS CYCLE 4-PASS.
ROLLS ROYCE OF AMERICA, INC., 36th St. and 8th Av.

BUICK 1923 Sport Roadster.
BUICK 1923 Roadster.
CADILLAC 1923 Phaeton.
CADILLAC " 61" Imperial.
CADILLAC " 61" Sedan.
CADILLAC " 61" Coupe.
CADILLAC " 59 " Victoria.
CUNNINGHAM 1923 Suburban Sedan.
MARMON 1923 4-Pass. Sport.
WILLS ST. CLAIRE 1922 Sedan.
LAFAYETTE Spec. Holbrook Suburban.
L. F. JACOD & CO.,
1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

BUICK 1922 coupe, 6 cylinder, late model 4 passenger; storage 3 months; time payments arranged; 90-day guarantee. 904 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 5811.

BUICK 1923 5-passenger touring, like new, $1,050. Buick, 902 to 910 Avenue Q, Brooklyn. Sheepshead 1958.

BUICK 1922, seven-passenger sedan, sacrifice. Oberweger, 136 West 52d. Circle 9618.

BUICK, 1923, roadster; wire wheels; sport model; sacrifice. Finance, Circle 10269.

BUICK 1922 sedan, 7 passenger; like new. OWNER, Cortlandt 8121. Phone mornings.

CADILLAC TOURING,
Model 57 AA.
Overhauled, newly painted, equal to new, $900.
PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
1,877 Broadway at 62d Street.
G. M. Brock. Col. 8763.

CADILLAC 1923 phaeton; limousine.
CADILLAC 1921 sedans, 5 and 7 passenger.
CADILLAC 1921 limousine; "59" roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 phaeton; limousine.
CRANE Simplex—Latest type touring & chassis.
PACKARD 1923 6-cylinder imperial; new.
PACKARD 1923 coupe, single 6.
PACKARD—Latest model imperial limousine.
PACKARD—Latest type Fleetwood cabriolet.
PIERCE—Deico roadster; Brewster body.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
20 West 60th St. Columbus 3078.

CADILLAC 1923 Amesbury Limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 Roadster.
LINCOLN 1923 5-Pass. Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1921 Suburban Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1921 4-Pass. Sport.
CUNNINGHAM 1922 6-Pass. Touring.
GEORGE LAMBERTY,
1,866 Broadway. Columbus 9610.

CADILLAC Town Car.
LINCOLN Touring.
LOCOMOBILE 4-pass Sport Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE Limousine Landau.
WINTON 1923 Town Car.
LANCIA Town Cabriolet.
LINCOLN USED CAR DEPT.,
216 West 58th St. Circle 6363.

CADILLAC "61" PHAETON, practically a new car; painted special maroon; 5 Rudge Whitworth wire wheels.
L. F. JACOD & CO.,
1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

CADILLAC 1922-5-PASS. COUPE.
CADILLAC 61-5 PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1923 IMPERIAL SEDAN.
Daniels Cabriolet Town Car like new.
Powers & Mercus, 20 Central Park West.

CADILLAC roadster 1918, rebuilt annually, in wonderful shape, motor perfect, four cords almost new; moving West; first $400 buys it. Phone Chester 1597-5; fifty miles out, Orange County.

CADILLAC, 1921 brougham; mechanically perfect; excellent paint; replevined car. Chatham Securities Corp., 1,755 Broadway, 56th. Circle 8877.

CADILLAC coupe, model 59; newly painted; mechanically perfect; new tires. Phone Rhinelander 3007 before 10 A. M. or after 4 P. M. for demonstration.

CADILLAC coupe, Model 51, late; first-class condition; full equipment; beautiful job; disposing, having bought new car. Dr. Blakley, 344 Jay St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC USED CARS—ALL MODELS.
Uptown Cadillac Corporation,
7 West 61st St. (Used Car Dept.)
PHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC 1921 Amesbury sedan, full 7-pass., overhauled and refinished, $2,500. Marmon Agency, 401 Flatbush Av. Nevins 8175.

CADILLAC phaeton; 3 weeks old; run 370 miles; owner deceased; no dealers. Phone Morningside 1592.

CADILLAC "59" R victor's, late type; like new; perfect condition; fully guaranteed. International Warehouse, 128 West 54th.

CADILLAC SEDAN, 1923, like new; sacrifice. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St. Circle 9618.

CADILLAC 4 passenger sport, like new; sacrifice. Alexander, 801 Riverside. Wadsworth 0811.

CADILLAC, beautiful, late model touring, for hire; long trips especially. Havemeyer 4219.

CADILLACS and Packards, limousines, landaulets by hour, trip or contract; first-class service. Petrucci, Circle 4858.

CADILLAC 1923, four-passenger, sport touring, delivered July. Timothy, White Plains 4135.

CADILLAC, 4-pass. coupe, perfect condition; accept reasonable offer. Stable, 148 East 20th.

CADILLAC, 1922, coupe, seating 4; condition like new; must sacrifice. Bryant 6906.

CADILLAC limousine, 1919, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 126 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC, 1923, 5 pass. coupe; like new. Oberweger, 126 West 52d St.

CHANDLER, 21 SEDAN, $650.
Light 6 cyl. 7 pass.; excellent tires; fully guar.; payments, trades arranged; demonstrated. 128 East 149th. Mott Haven 6035.

COLE touring demonstrator, $600 off list.
COLE MOTOR CO.,
1,850 BROADWAY. CIRCLE 6661.

CRANE Simplex touring body for sale, practically new; complete with slip covers. Minerva Auto, Inc., 135 West 72d. Endicott 5938-5405.

CRANE, LATEST TYPE, $3250.
Like new throughout. 240 West 50th.

DORRIS 1920 7-passenger touring, perfect condition. Nat. Schwarzer, Mad. Sq. 8925.

DORT TOURING, $166 CASH
and $33 monthly; painted a deep blue, with light blue raised striping; a wonderful buy.
Also an Oldsmobile Touring, cheap.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION, 1,787 Broadway, at 58th Street. Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

DURANT 6, touring; like new, will sacrifice, for immediate delivery, leaving city; for particulars phone Rosies, New Rochelle 3100.

EARL & NATIONAL bargains—Late models. EARL & NATIONAL DISTRIBUTORS, 1,902 Broadway (64 St.) Col. 7625.

FLAT roadster; excellent condition; Westinghouse shock absorbers, 6 tires, like new; model 55; paint good; make offer. Garage, 400 16th St., Brooklyn. Individual.

FORD, late 1923 touring, 2 months old; extras; special price $350; time payments arranged. Bronx Chevrolet Sales Co., 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.

FRANKLINS, GUARANTEED RIGHT.
A VISIT TO US WILL PAY.
WE HAVE SOME USED CARS.
OPEN AND CLOSED MODELS.
AT PRESENT PRICES AND TERMS
YOU WILL BE SURPRISED TO
KNOW HOW LITTLE CASH YOU
NEED TO BUY A CAR FROM US.
ALSO
BUICK TOURINGS, 1921-1920.
1923 NASH SEDAN, 4 CYLINDER.
1921 SCRIPPS SEDAN.
1920 STEARNS TOURING AND COUPE.
FRANKLIN, N. Y. CO., INC.,
USED CAR DEPT. E. G. KUH, MGR.
1,828 Broadway (60th St.) Columbus 7536.

FRANKLIN sedan (brougham), comparatively new; sacrifice. For demonstration call Riordan, Riverside 9634, Apt. 3C, beofre 10 A. M. and after 5 P. M.

HAYNES
1921 Touring.
Overhauled, newly painted; $650.
PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
1,877 Broadway at 62d St.
G. M. Brock. Col. 8763.

HAYNES.
HAYNES 1921 Touring; 7 Pass. Bargain.
HAYNES 1921 Brougham 5 Pass. Rebuilt.
HAYNES 1923 Touring, 6 Pass. Like new.
HAYNES 1923 Sedan, 5 Pass. Rebuilt.
HAYNES 1923 Speedster, 3 Pass. Like new.
Special low prices. Terms if desired.
Haynes Automobile Co. of New York, Inc.,
1,715 Broadway, Circle 2062.

HUDSON AND ESSEX
open and closed models; some overhauled and refinished; ready for immediate delivery; also a few bargains in other makes of cars. Hudson Exchange Car Department, 1,771 Broadway, Circle 6300. Open evenings.

KISSEL, sport tourster; de luxe model, little used, original owner. Phone Vanderbilt 4900.

LAFAYETTES and a few other high-grade used cars now on display. Exceptional values while they last; at reasonable prices.
PORTER LAFAYETTE CORP.,
1,763 Broadway. Circle 8760.

LEXINGTON automobiles at bargain prices; must be sold at once. New York Automobiles Storage and Forwarding Corp., 310 Vernon Av., Long Island City. Queensboro subway.

LIBERTY sedan, perfect condition; any demonstration; $460 to quick buyer. Phone Mr. Gaff, Williamsburg 3300.

LINCOLN USED CAR DEPARTMENT—Lincoln phaeton 61; Imperial Cadillac sedan. run very little, and other makes. Caswell Motor, 651 West 125th St., Morningside 1707.

LINCOLN sedan, 1922, 7-pass.; guaranteed condition. Burrells, 1,920 B'way, Col. 2000.

LINCOLN PHAETON, 1923 model, run 1,400 miles; perfect condition. 651 West 125th.

LOCOMOBILE LIMOUSINE, 1919; in good mechanical condition; gray broadcloth interior in fine shape; good tires, including spare; car needs painting. to any one contemplating the purchase of a limousine of quality this car will give them thousands of miles of eminently satisfactory transportation.
PRICE $1,700.
THE CLEVELAND CADILLAC CO.,
EUCLID AT 20TH ST.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

1919 LOCOMOBILE LIMOUSINE, in good mechanical condition; gray broadcloth interior in fine shape, good tires including spare; car needs painting; to any one contemplating the purchase of a limousine of quality this car will give them thousands of miles of eminently satisfactory transportation.
PRICE $1,700.
THE CLEVELAND CADILLAC CO.,
EUCLID AT 20TH ST.,
CLEVELAND, OHIO.

LOCOMOBILE touring; delivered in 1921; repainted Brewster green; attractively priced. $2,000. Packard Motor Car Co., 1,045 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 3400.

LOCOMOBILE racer; bargain; fine shape; $387.50 takes it. Greenberg, 100 West 118th St.

MARMON, 1922
Seven-Passenger Touring.
Run less than 5,000 miles; newly painted; A1 condition; wire wheels and cord tires.
$1,800.
PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
1,877 Broadway, at 62d St.
G. M. Brock. Col. 8763.

MARMON 1923 Town car.
MARMON 1922 Sedan.
MARMON 1922 Coupe.
MARMON 1922 Touring.
MARMON 1921 Sedan, 4 pass.
MARMON 1920 Town car.
Above cars are rebuilt and refinished like new, and are sold with our regular factory guarantee at attractive prices.
MARMON COMPANY, 1,880 Broadway.

MARMON limousine, 1921; storage 1 year; little used; elegant condition throughout; never cord tires, original paint; cost $7,200; will sell for $1,500. Dr. Elsher's car, 904 Southern Boulevard. Intervale 5811.

MAXWELL 1923 sport, used as demonstrator; run 2,400 miles; only practically new; recovered; 2 extra tires, bumper, shock absorbers; bargain price. Maxwell Used Car Dept., 157 West 56th St.

MINERVA, 1921, six-cylinder chasis, used for demonstrating; complete with six wire wheels, tires, lamps; same guarantee as new car. Price $3,500. Also several attractive bodies, both open and closed, that can be fitted to this chassis.
MINERVA AUTOS, INC.,
135 West 52d. Endicott 5405-5539.

MOON SPORT TOURING, SERIES '22.
$374 cash and $56.10 monthly for 10 months. A beautiful car with disk wheels and many extras. A car you will be glad to drive as it looks and runs like new.
Also an Oakland Touring.
HULETT MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1,688 Broadway. Columbus 1011.

MOON 1927 five and seven passenger touring; refurbished and guaranteed; attractive exceptional values. Woods Co., Moon distributers, Bedford Av. and Fulton St., Brooklyn.

NASH SPORT ROADSTER, $318 CASH
and $52 monthly; painted a rich maroon, equipped with bumper, windshield wings, motometer, radiator ornament, &c.; has been overhauled and is, of course, guaranteed.
WARREN-NASH IS THE SAFE
PLACE TO BUY YOUR CAR.
WARREN-NASH MOTOR CORPORATION, 1,787 Broadway, at 58th St. Open Evenings. Columbus 7200.

NASH six, coupe, run 5,500 miles; excellent condition, should be seen to be appreciated. Phone Broad 6151, Allen.

OAKLAND 1922 SEDAN.
Cannot be distinguished from new; reconditioned throughout and guaranteed; many extras; $460.34 down, balance $60 monthly for 12 months; these figures include insurance, interest and carrying charges. Oakland Motor Car Co., 226 West 58th St. Circle 4300. Open evenings.

OAKLAND 1921 SEDAN.
Thoroughly reconditioned and guaranteed; car like new; $332.91 down, balance $39 monthly for 12 months; these figures include insurance, interest and carrying charges. Oakland Motor Car Co., 226 West 58th St. Circle 4300.

OAKLAND 1921 COUPE.
Newly painted beautiful shade; thoroughly reconditioned and is guaranteed; $332.91 down, balance $38 monthly for 12 months; these figures include insurance, interest and carrying charges. Oakland Motor Car Co., 226 West 58th St. Circle 4300.

PACKARD—Single six, 4-passenger sport touring, very good condition and full equipment. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., 1,861 Broadway, Columbus 8900.

PACKARD, late model twin roadster, Fleetwood custom body, with rumble seat; very smart; excellent condition; extremely cheap. Box 53, Yale Club, New York City.

PACKARD, single six; excellent condition; great sacrifice; need cash. Mr. Grass, 25 West 56th St. Circle 8730.

PACKARD, single six; excellent condition; great sacrifice; need cash. Mr. Grass, 25 West 56th St. Circle 8730.

PACKARD, 1923, single six, 7-passenger, touring, 804 7th Av. Circle 7185.

PEERLESS 1922,
Seven Passenger Sedan.
Rebuilt, repainted and equipped with new cord tires; sold, covered with new car guarantee; $2,250.
PEERLESS MOTOR CARS,
1,877 Broadway at 62d Street.
G. M. Brock. Col. 8763.

PEERLESS coupe, late 1921, German silver radiator, just recently overhauled; mechanically O. K., appearance like new, repainted this Spring, good tires, fine car for lady or doctor, owner going away and will sacrifice for quick sale. For particulars telephone Whitehall 5229.

PEERLESS 7-passenger, A1 condition; will sell cheap to quick buyer. E. Grant, 212 Main St., East Orange, N. J.

PIERCE-ARROW, late models, left-hand drive; newly painted; ready for the road. Pierce-Arrow Distributors, Used Car Department, 233 West 54th St., near 236 West 55th St., just east of Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW, full limousine; mechanically perfect; excellent condition throughout; replevined car. Chatham Securities Corp., 1,755 Broadway (56th). Circle 3877.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 1917, model 48; first-class condition; private owner; $1,000 quick sale. Ferguson, Vanderbilt 2865.

RENAULT sport touring, 1923; used 2,000 miles; reasonable for quick buyer; no dealers. 106 West 52d. Circle 5936.

STUDEBAKER 1922 light six, five-passenger sedan; sacrifice. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.

STUTZ 1922 sport touring, condition like new; must be sold. Bryant 0900.

WILLS ST. CLAIRE 1922 coupe; Wills St. Claire, 1922, roadster; reasonable. 804 7th Av. Circle 7183.

WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE roadster; 4,000 miles; late model; perfect condition; all accessories; privately owned. Broad 2780.

WILLS-ST. CLAIR 1923, brougham sedan; mileage 3,200; almost new. Circle 2405.

REBUILT Locomobiles—Series "4" limousine, $2,750; series "5" touring $2,600; three months warranty. Phone, wire or write for complete information. C. M. Bradford, Inc., New Haven, Conn.

Unused Cars.

CHEVROLET, new, 1923, touring and sedan; small cash payment; balance small notes; free instructions. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.

LINCOLN JUDKIN sport sedan, new; bargain. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St. Circle 9618.

BRAND-NEW CARS
AT USED CAR PRICES.
OLDSMOBILE touring, standard 8s.
GARDNER'S WAREHOUSE,
517-519 West 19th St. Chelsea 2084.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC, beautiful, late 7-passenger touring; beaches, roadhouses, anywhere; reasonable. Columbus 6061.

CADILLAC limousine, perfect condition; long trips; week, monthly preferred. Call Morningside 2944.

CADILLAC, Packard limousines; hour, day, month; $350 monthly; owner drives. Lehigh 6252.

CADILLACS, FOR HIRE; DAY AND NIGHT. ENDICOTT 9892.

PACKARD limousine, like new; daily, weekly, monthly; reasonable. Thos. Campbell, Columbus 5078.

Automobile Bodies.

NEW AND USED SEDAN bodies for all chassis, $275 to $1,250; also used limousine, roadster, cabriolet and touring bodies; attractively priced and painting. The Clayton Co., 427 West 42d.

FOR SALE

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

BANNERMAN'S ARMY BARGAINS.

TENTS .....$1.95 up Rifles .....$1.95 up
Cots ..... 2.95 Knife beg..... .95
Ponchos ..... 1.60 " Manacles ..... .15 "
Saddles ..... 4.50 " Uniforms ..... 2.50 "
Est. 1865. Large Catalog 50 cts. List 2 cts.
New York's Original Army-Navy Store,
FRANCIS BANNERMAN SONS,
501 Broadway, N. Y.

Cats and Dogs.

POLICE DOG, finely pedigreed; 2 years old, male, wolf sable color; wonderful companion and watchdog. Phone Miss White, Lafayette 6800.

House Furnishings.

GOING AWAY—Entire furniture of elegantly appointed seven-room apartment; large, small Oriental rugs; Welte Mignon piano, matching living room furniture; some antiques; three bedroom suites, bookcases, dining room suite; no dealers. Columbus 7509.

STEINWAY mahogany baby grand, excellent condition; banjo clock; living room suite, secretary, escart, choice rugs (Oriental, Chinese), antique twin beds, large poster bed, mirrors, chest drawers, other antiques. Sonora, refrigerator. 75½ Irving Place (East 19th).

ORIENTAL RUGS.

Special bargains beautiful Oriental and Chinese rugs; room size, $135, $150, smaller $20, $25, $45; hall runners, $55. Tatosian Bros., 306 Lexington Av., 41st.

REED and willow furniture, August clearance sale; lowest prices; your selection; single pieces or sets. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st St., near Lexington Av.

GREAT sacrifice, Sheraton bedroom, elegant dining room and library set; other wonderful bargains. Fenwick 6787, afternoons.

FURNISHINGS of 5-room apartment, best solid mahogany, whole or part. Phone Pelham 1679R for appointment.

CONTENTS of 9-room furnished apartment and lease. Riverside 8908. Houck.

Jewelry.

PLEDGED recently two diamond flexible bracelets $900 and $600; can be seen; lady sacrifices. Call Madison Sq. 10850.

LADY'S solitaire diamond ring, 3 carats; perfect; must sell quickly; bargain; $700; appraisal allowed. B 1188 Times Harlem.

WRIST WATCH—Diamond, platinum; very small; $135; appraisal allowed. F 567 Times.

Machinery.

OLIVER LATHE, new, double geared; will sacrifice. Call Madison Sq. 10850.

Musical Instruments.

Knabe Mahogany Grand, like new.....$750
Steinway Short Parlor Grand, fine..... 650
Steinway Grand, fine..... 650
Bohmer Grand 550
Weber Grand 425
Knabe Grand Ampico..... 2900
Chickering Grand Ampico..... 2150
Knabe Mahogany Case, Ancelus Player. 850
SALE OR RENT.
KIMBERLIN, 117 East 34th St.

STEINWAY, small parlor grand, $2200; Steinway miniature grand, like new, $3250. Steinway baby grand, $2650. Knabe baby grand; like new, $750. Twenty-five grands, Steinway, Knabe, Mason & Hamlin, from $800 up. Time payments arranged.
COURTIN,
2,065 Lexington Av. (125th St.).

PLAYER PIANO, MAHOGANY.
Harvard cabinet grand with cabinet and rolls, $295. Apply morning only, 241 West 97th St., Apt. 5-E. Lindow.

Musical Instruments.

PLAYER PIANO, 58 note, mahogany, bench rolls, $225. Paul, 229 East 42d.

STEINWAY upright mahogany; perfect; sell cheap cash. A 1180 Times Harlem.

PIANO, Small grand; $200; good condition. Wallace, Washington Heights 2431, Apt. 9A.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

ADDING MACHINES, $125 up; rebuilt; guaranteed one year; rentals, time payments. Elliott-Fisher, Moon-Hopkins, Burroughs and Underwood bookkeeping and billing machines, mimeographs, addressographs, multigraphs, typewriters, Monroe calculators and comptometers.
OFFICE APPLIANCE & EQUIPMENT CO.,
19 Park Place. Barclay 4216-7811.

SELLING OUT.
5,000 pieces of new and used office furniture at a saving of 25 per cent.
Dalick Bros., 499 Broadway. Canal 7951. Branch store, 73 Centre St., cor. Worth.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak and mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, safes; typewriter furniture, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time checks and safes. Nathan's, 457 Broadway.

ANY ONE in search of high class furniture can secure contents of 5 rooms, including dining room and living room. 412 West 110th. Apt. 12A.

BIG REMOVAL Sale—$250,000 stock; desks, office furniture, filing cabinets, leather seats, typewriters, adding machines, sacrifice price; moving 452 Broadway.

SECTIONAL BOOKCASES, mahogany, oak or walnut, for immediate delivery; period design desks, formerly $175, now $95. Charles Schachne, 43 John St., 71 Spring St.

SALOON fixtures; 25 sets complete, with bar, pumps and working benches, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 and 23 feet long. Furniture Co., 331 Bowery, between 2d and 3d Sts.

DESKS, chairs, files, &c.; finest quality; must be sold for liquidating firm; no reasonable offer refused. Retail Office Furniture, 2 Reade St., Worth 9600.

ADDRESSOGRAPH—Fewer ribbon; upper and lower case graphotype; frames; drawers. Whitehall 0321.

ADDRESSOGRAPH, model F-1, and Graphotype Holland, 158 West 17th.

Typewriters.

100 UNDERWOOD, Remington and L. C. Smith, late models, like new, originally intended for export, $35.50. Underwood Typewriter Co., 116 Nassau St. Beekman 4687.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

BOUGHT for highest cash price, contents of residences, apartments, hotels, pianos, works of art, bedding, bric-a-brac, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 East 125th. Harlem 8787.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 8795.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Poulson, 157 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

DIAMONDS, gems of every purchased from estates and individuals. Levinson, 1,472 Broadway (42d). Longacre Bldg., Room 810.

FURNITURE WANTED.
Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, &c.
WANTED a small harp; bring to Room 822, Bristol Hotel, between 7 and 8 A. M. Thursday.
OFFICE furniture and addressograph equipment bought for cash. Broad 1267.
GRAND PIANO wanted; pay good price; consider upright. Mogi, Harlem 6868.

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issues this order yesterday:

Pensioned.

LIEUTENANT Michael Hickey, 6th Inspection District, on his own application, at $1,658 per annum.

Transfers and Assignments.

To take effect 9 A. M., Aug. 15:
ACTING CAPTAIN.
Daniel Moriarty, from Detective Division, 12th Detective District, to 9th Inspection District, assigned to desk duty, designation as Acting Captain revoked.
SERGEANTS.
Albert V. Hill, from Detective Division, 12th Detective District, to 23d Precinct, designation as Acting Detective Sergeant, second grade, revoked.
To take effect 8 A. M., Aug. 16:
Harry Baer, from 125th Precinct to Traffic Precinct B.
To take effect 8 A. M., Aug. 15:
From Detective Division, 12th Detective District, to precincts indicated, designation as Acting Detective Sergeants, second grade revoked—Acting Detective Sergeants Charles Kommel, 91; Charles Zeman, 94; Thomas R. McGrane, 96.
To take effect 8 A. M., Aug. 16:
PATROLMEN.
William A. Carey, from 21st Precinct to Traffic Precinct J. William T. Whalen, from 3d Inspection District to 2d Inspection District, assignment to duty in plain clothes continued.
From precincts indicated to 2d Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes: William I. Ganar, 23; Charles H. McCarthy, 93; James J. O'Hara, 94.

Temporary Assignments.

John T. O'Hare, 1st Precinct, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve duty, for 30 days, from Aug. 16; Christian Muller and Daniel Leibman, 101st Precinct to Detective Division, to Aug. 18.
From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the Third Deputy Commissioner, for 16 days, from Aug. 15: James F. Bourke, 3; William C. Bemeke, 39.
For 16 days, from Aug. 16:
John Kaiser and William Robinson, 29th Precinct, assigned to duty inspecting vacant houses in uniform; John Cassetti and Walter Sargeant, 77th Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; August Schupp, 94th Precinct to 8th Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes.
From precincts indicated to 4th Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes: Timothy T. Keating, 4; Reuben Kaplan, 15; James F. Carroll, 29; James F. McNamara, 37; James J. Boland, 37.
From commands indicated to 10th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: John P. Goss, 3; George Sullivan 4; Henry Powell, 23; John O'Connell, 70; Charles McGowan, 76; Timothy J. Murphy, 77; Frank Snyder, 78; Timothy J. Cody, 87; Louis J. Heninger, 91; Dennis W. Callaghan, 91; Frank H. Pennell, 93; Peter Flood, 96; Charles Hanneman, 103; Joseph Anckner, 125; Carl F. Buck, H. D.; Michael C. Lee, H. D.; Charles R. Johnson, H. D.; James T. Carroll, H. D.; George Apfel, H. D.
From commands indicated to 11th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises: Henry Kohrn, 78; Anthony Villano, 103; William J. Falvey, 103; Michael Maloney, 106; William Nevins, 109; John J. Dust, H. D.; John M. Downie, H. D.; William Knapp, H. D.
From commands indicated to Detective Division—James Palmer, 101; Gustave Reich, 112; Patrick J. Doherty, 113; John Collins, Traf. B; Gustave Primont, H. D.; Joseph J. Craig, H. D.
From commands indicated to Headquarters Division, Bureau of Public Safety—Patrick J. Wade, 5; William R. Maher, 16; Albert F. Schobel, 21; Miller, 51; James 236 West 30th St., just east of Broadway.
PIERCE-ARROW, full limousine; mechanically perfect; excellent condition throughout; replevined car. Chatham Securities Corp., 1,755 Broadway (56th). Circle 3877.
PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 1917, model 48; first-class condition; private owner; $1,000 quick sale. Ferguson, Vanderbilt 2865.
RENAULT sport touring, 1923; used 2,000 miles; reasonable for quick buyer; no dealers. 106 West 52d. Circle 5936.
STUDEBAKER 1922 light six, five-passenger sedan; sacrifice. Oberweger, 136 West 52d.
STUTZ 1922 sport touring, condition like new; must be sold. Bryant 0900.
WILLS ST. CLAIRE 1922 coupe; Wills St. Claire, 1922, roadster; reasonable. 804 7th Av. Circle 7183.
WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE roadster; 4,000 miles; late model; perfect condition; all accessories; privately owned. Broad 2780.
WILLS-ST. CLAIR 1923, brougham sedan; mileage 3,200; almost new. Circle 2405.
REBUILT Locomobiles—Series "4" limousine, $2,750; series "5" touring $2,600; three months warranty. Phone, wire or write for complete information. C. M. Bradford, Inc., New Haven, Conn.

Unused Cars.

CHEVROLET, new, 1923, touring and sedan; small cash payment; balance small notes; free instructions. Bronx Chevrolet Sales, 361 East Fordham Road. Tremont 0311.
LINCOLN JUDKIN sport sedan, new; bargain. Oberweger, 136 West 52d St. Circle 9618.

BRAND-NEW CARS
AT USED CAR PRICES.
OLDSMOBILE touring, standard 8s.
GARDNER'S WAREHOUSE,
517-519 West 19th St. Chelsea 2084.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC, beautiful, late 7-passenger touring; beaches, roadhouses, anywhere; reasonable. Columbus 6061.
CADILLAC limousine, perfect condition; long trips; week, monthly preferred. Call Morningside 2944.
CADILLAC, Packard limousines; hour, day, month; $350 monthly; owner drives. Lehigh 6252.
CADILLACS, FOR HIRE; DAY AND NIGHT. ENDICOTT 9892.
PACKARD limousine, like new; daily, weekly, monthly; reasonable. Thos. Campbell, Columbus 5078.

Automobile Bodies.

NEW AND USED SEDAN bodies for all chassis, $275 to $1,250; also used limousine, roadster, cabriolet and touring bodies; attractive prices and painting. The Clayton Co., 427 West 42d.

Musical Instruments.

PLAYER PIANO, 58 note, mahogany, bench rolls, $225. Paul, 229 East 42d.
STEINWAY upright mahogany; perfect; sell cheap cash. A 1180 Times Harlem.
PIANO, Small grand; $200; good condition. Wallace, Washington Heights 2431, Apt. 9A.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

ADDING MACHINES, $125 up; rebuilt; guaranteed one year; rentals, time payments. Elliott-Fisher, Moon-Hopkins, Burroughs and Underwood bookkeeping and billing machines, mimeographs, addressographs, multigraphs, typewriters, Monroe calculators and comptometers.
OFFICE APPLIANCE & EQUIPMENT CO.,
19 Park Place. Barclay 4216-7811.

SELLING OUT.
5,000 pieces of new and used office furniture at a saving of 25 per cent.
Dalick Bros., 499 Broadway. Canal 7951. Branch store, 73 Centre St., cor. Worth.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak and mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, safes; typewriter furniture, adding machines, multigraphs, addressographs, time checks and safes. Nathan's, 457 Broadway.

ANY ONE in search of high class furniture can secure contents of 5 rooms, including dining room and living room. 412 West 110th. Apt. 12A.

BIG REMOVAL Sale—$250,000 stock; desks, office furniture, filing cabinets, leather seats, typewriters, adding machines, sacrifice price; moving 452 Broadway.

SECTIONAL BOOKCASES, mahogany, oak or walnut, for immediate delivery; period design desks, formerly $175, now $95. Charles Schachne, 43 John St., 71 Spring St.

SALOON fixtures; 25 sets complete, with bar, pumps and working benches, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20 and 23 feet long. Furniture Co., 331 Bowery, between 2d and 3d Sts.

DESKS, chairs, files, &c.; finest quality; must be sold for liquidating firm; no reasonable offer refused. Retail Office Furniture, 2 Reade St., Worth 9600.

ADDRESSOGRAPH—Fewer ribbon; upper and lower case graphotype; frames; drawers. Whitehall 0321.

ADDRESSOGRAPH, model F-1, and Graphotype Holland, 158 West 17th.

Typewriters.

100 UNDERWOOD, Remington and L. C. Smith, late models, like new, originally intended for export, $35.50. Underwood Typewriter Co., 116 Nassau St. Beekman 4687.

Ludwig Muller, 118th Precinct, May 5, absent from post—2 days.
Emil Lucafre, 118th Precinct, June 1, failed to salute superior—1 day.
Louis Miller, 118th Precinct, May 14, in conversation—1 day.
Joseph Coonan, 123d Precinct, May 7, absent from inspection of uniforms and equipment, absent from outgoing roll-call—2 days.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN.

Joseph F. Shea, 67th Precinct, April 23, did not properly patrol—1 day.
Joseph G. McGovern, 83d Precinct, May 9, failed to signal, 3 days; May 9, did not properly patrol, 2 days.

Reprimanded on Charges.

PATROLMEN.

Moses Schiefer, 67th Precinct, April 5, failed to take action relative to violation of corporation ordinance.
Mayer Greenberg, 67th Precinct, May 21, absent from post; failed to copy alarms in memorandum book.
James J. Cosgrove, 67th Precinct, May 22, failed to report holes in roadway.
Thomas S. Dunn, 82d Precinct, May 12, absent from post; not in proper uniform.
Max Labell, 91st Precinct, May 14, did not properly patrol.
Walter Stanwise, 94th Precinct, May 18, did not properly patrol.
Edward Dougherty, 102d Precinct, May 10, failed to signal, as directed.
Joseph F. Willmott, 109th Precinct, May 4, did not properly patrol.
Thomas F. Colfield, 111th Precinct, May 1, signaled from wrong box.
Harry Desmond, 112th Precinct, May 20, failed to promptly relieve patrolman.
Frederick Korel, 112th Precinct, March 22, absent from special assignment.
Paul W. Heinke, 123d Precinct, May 7, standing in booth with door closed.
Michael J. Lane, 123th Precinct, April 25, absent from post.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN.

Joseph F. Shea, 67th Precinct, April 23, absent from outgoing roll call.
John F. Maroney, 113th Precinct, June 4, sitting on chair in booth.

Charges Dismissed.

PATROLMEN.

Frederick W. Gloss, 67th Precinct, May 28, did not properly patrol.
Tom W. Kicklighter, 67th Precinct, June 4, absent from outgoing roll-call.
James J. Cosgrove, 67th Precinct, May 21, did not properly patrol.
James J. Sweeney, 67th Precinct, May 22, failed to report dead horse in street.
Meyer Greenberg, 67th Precinct, June 4, did not properly patrol.
John J. Moan, 12d Precinct, June 1, absent from post; abandoned mount.
Frank Cotone, 120th Precinct, April 27, stored department motor cycle in private garage; failed to store motor cycle in department stable; failed to report storing of motor cycle.
Daniel Griffin, 74th Precinct, May 7, signaled from wrong box.
Daniel Walsh, 74th Precinct, May 14, failed to signal as directed.
Daniel Walsh, 74th Precinct, May 14, failed to signal as directed.
Harold McKeon, 94th Precinct, May 14, absent from post.
Charles M. East, 102d Precinct, May 26, absent from post.
William Real, 105th Precinct, April 24, did not properly patrol.
Patrick J. Neville, 105th Precinct, April 24, absent from special post.
Charles Schofer, 118th Precinct, March 29, failed to prevent burglary.
William A. Duffy, 125th Precinct, April 25, failed to relieve patrolman for meal time period.

PROBATIONARY PATROLMEN.

William T. Frey, 67th Precinct, May 23, absent from outgoing roll-call.
John J. Fallon, 83d Precinct, May 11, absent from post; not in proper uniform.
Timothy J. O'Grady, 93d Precinct, May 12, failed to signal.
Theodore J. Woltaszek, 102d Precinct, May 11, absent from post.

Resignation Accepted.

PATROLMAN James C. McCormick, 67th Precinct.

Fire Department.

Assistant Chief Joseph B. Martin issued these orders yesterday:

Promoted to Lieutenant.

At the rate of $3,200 per annum, to take effect at 9 A. M., Aug. 16:
Fireman, 1st Grade—Edward J. Hartten, Engine 237; John King, Engine 287.

Appointed as Firemen.

At $1,700 per annum, to take effect at 9 A. M., Aug. 16.
Ununiformed firemen—Matt R. Wheeler, assigned Engine 5; Philip Silverman, Engine 7; William P. Corfield, Engine 204; Edward S. Mulligan, H. & L. 18; Henry A. Schultz, H. & L. 20.

Assignments.

To take effect at 8 A. M., Aug. 16.
Lieutenants—Edward J. Hartten, Eng. 16; John King, Eng. 160.

Transfers.

To take effect at 9 A. M. Aug. 16:
Lieutenants—William H. Taubert

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15—The weather chart of Wednesday night showed high barometric pressure along the northern border from the Great Lakes westward to the Rocky Mountains, low barometer over the Southwestern States in which there were two centres of minimum pressure, one over Kansas and the other over Arizona.

The temperature has fallen considerably in the last twenty-four hours in the region of the Great Lakes, the upper Ohio Valley, the upper Mississippi Valley and the Northern Plains States. It continued high over the Southern Plains States and in the Far West. The following high temperatures were recorded Wednesday afternoon: Fort Smith, Ark., 104 degrees; Oklahoma City, Okla., and Wichita, Kan., 102 degrees, and Dodge City, Kansas City, 100 degrees.

There have been local thunder showers within the last twenty-four hours in the North Atlantic States, Georgia, Florida, the East Gulf States, the Central Mississippi and Missouri Valleys and the Rocky Mountain region.

Heavy local rains have fallen within the last twenty-four hours in Central Missouri, Western Iowa, Nebraska and the Central Rocky Mountain region. Fair weather continued in other parts of the country during Wednesday.

The outlook is for generally fair weather Thursday and Friday in the New England and Middle Atlantic States, the lower lake region, the upper Ohio Valley and the Carolinas, in Georgia, Florida, the East Gulf States and Western Kentucky and Western Tennessee there will be local thunder showers Thursday and Friday.

The temperature will be somewhat lower Thursday in Southern New England and the Middle Atlantic States. It will not change appreciably in other parts of the country east of the Mississippi River during the next forty-eight hours.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Temperature-Seven-Rain- ster.	fall.	Weather.
Abilene	94	66	29.90	..	Clear
Albany	90	68	29.92	..	Clear
Atlanta	94	66	29.94	..	Clear
Atlantic City	90	72	29.90	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Baltimore	92	64	29.96	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Bismarck	70	66	30.16	..	Cloudy
Boston	84	76	29.84	..	Cloudy
Buffalo	68	64	30.04	..	Cloudy
Charleston	90	80	29.94	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Chicago	70	66	30.10	..	Cloudy
Cincinnati	88	60	29.98	..	Clear
Cleveland	70	66	30.04	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Denver	78	62	30.04	.39	Rain
Detroit	74	62	30.10	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Galveston	90	82	29.96	..	Clear
Helena	74	48	30.08	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Jacksonville	92	74	29.96	..	Cloudy
Kansas City	94	74	29.92	..	Clear
Los Angeles	80	72	29.86	..	Clear
Milwaukee	68	64	30.10	..	Cloudy
Minneapolis					
St. Paul	70	66	30.04	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	90	78	29.96	.01	Rain
New York	84	76	29.92	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Oklahoma	102	76	29.90	..	Clear
Philadelphia	88	80	29.90	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Pittsburgh	80	72	30.00	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	78	66	29.86	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	80	72	29.94	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	90	78	30.00	..	Clear
San Antonio	96	74	29.88	..	Pt. Cl'dy
San Diego	72	70	29.98	..	Cloudy
San Francisco	64	60	29.98	..	Cloudy
Seattle	64	54	29.98	..	Clear
St. Louis	86	54	29.92	..	Clear
Washington	90	80	29.88	..	Clear

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.
Official Temperatures.

2 A.M.	69	12 M.	82	6 P.M.	80
4 A.M.	69	1 P.M.	81	7 P.M.	80
6 A.M.	69	2 P.M.	84	8 P.M.	76
8 A.M.	70	3 P.M.	79	9 P.M.	75
10 A.M.	73	4 P.M.	79	10 P.M.	73
11 A.M.	80	5 P.M.	80	11 P.M.	70

Average temperature yesterday, 76.
Average same date last year, 76.
Average same date for 46 years, 74.

Barometer, 29.79 at 8 A. M.; 29.90 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 92 at 8 A. M.; 41 at 8 P. M.

Wind at 8 A. M., southwest; velocity 15 miles; at 8 P. M., north, velocity 16 miles.

Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; partly cloudy at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—North Carolina and South Carolina—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; not quite so warm in interior.

Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Local thunder showers Thursday and Friday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly thunder showers in extreme west; no change in temperature.

Ohio—Fair Thursday; Friday cloudy and unsettled; moderate temperature.

Illinois and Indiana—Cloudy and unsettled Thursday and Friday, probably showers; moderate temperature.

Lower Michigan—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly showers southwest Thursday and south Friday; continued cool.

Upper Michigan—Mostly cloudy Thursday. Friday probably fair; continued cool.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably showers south Thursday; continued cool.

Missouri—Unsettled Thursday and Friday, local thunder showers; cooler north Thursday or Thursday night.

Iowa—Showers Thursday, cooler southeast. Friday cloudy; slowly rising temperature.

North Dakota and Montana—Cloudy to partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably showers Thursday; rising temperature Friday.

Nebraska—Unsettled, probably showers Thursday. Friday mostly cloudy; slowly rising temperature.

Kansas—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably local thunder showers; not so warm Thursday.

Fire Record.

12:06—488 10 Av.: .....Not given.
12:50—195 W. Broadway: American Bleach Co.: .....Not given.
1:26—32 1 Av.: H. Berdetsky: .....Not given.
3:05—584 Columbus Av.: Alexander Patterson: .....Not given.
4:30—51 W. 6th St.: Adeline Francis: .....No damage.
A. M.
11:00—316 E. 45 St.: .....Not given.
P. M.
12:30—2,274 Ludlow Av., Bronx: Not given
1:15—193 St. and Fort Washington Av.: .....Not given
1:26—85 St. and North River: Burns Brothers: .....Slight
1:34—236 W. 17 St.: James Tirely: Not given
1:35—188 St. and Fort Washington Av.: .....Slight
2:00—307 E. 88 St.: Samuel Mendelsohn: .....Not given
3:00—601 W. 142 St.: William Segal: Slight
3:50—174 Attorney St.: Isaac Schaur: .....Slight
3:56—112 E 113th St.: Herman Greenstein: .....Not given
4:20—267 Fulton St.: E. J. Lanston Co.: .....Not given
4:30—White Plains Av. and Boston Road, the Bronx; brush: .....Not given
5:00—2,100 E Av.: "L" structure: .....Not given
6:15—2,065 Morris Av., the Bronx; Edwin Lock: .....Not given
6:25—2,065 Morris Ac., the Bronx; Edwin Lock: .....Not given
6:35—240 Bowery: Philip Warshaw: .....Not given
7:05—248 W. 37 St.: .....Not given
8:00—655 Lenox Av.: Mary Middleton: .....Not given
8:40—66 W. 15 St.: Rez Dress Co.: .....Not given
8:45—304 W. 119 St.: Emily Salem: .....Slight
8:50—Baxter and Leonard Sts.: .....Not given
9:50—2,703 Madison Av.: Mary Rooney: .....Slight
10:05—2,619 8 Av., auto: Bernard London: .....Slight
10:20—St. Clair Pl. and North River (recreation pier): N. Y. City: .....Slight
10:30—406 E. 110 St.: Samuel & Irvin: .....Slight
10:55—343 E. 24 St.: .....None

Estates Appraised.

New York.

COLEMAN, ANNIE S. (June 15, 1913)—Resident of New Jersey. Bernard Coleman, brother, is administrator of her estate of $48,128, and gets it.

COPPINGER, NORA LANGDON (Dec. 12, 1922)—Arthur P. Coppinger, husband, is executor and gets estate of $47,222.

EYLER, PETER B. (April 2, 1923)—Helen H. Eyler, widow, is executrix of his estate by $107,773. His interest in Eyler & Henry, an insurance agency in Pittsburgh, was $10,000.

LEVY, TILLIE (March 14, 1923)—Edna L. Bernstein and others, executors of estate of $279,223, the bulk of which goes to her three daughters and to grandchildren.

McCARTHY, PATRICK (March 16)—Mary, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $6,526.

Kings.

DODGE, DANIEL (July 24, 1923)—Estate, gross $41,515, net $39,109; to widow, Anna M. Dodge, executrix, 10,324 128th Street, Richmond Hill, Queens. The estate includes the realty at 83 Hamilton Street, $7,700; mortgages on realty in Queens and Brooklyn, and cash, $3,897.

LAW, THOMAS (July 3, 1923)—Estate, gross $41,816, net $39,389; to widow, Margaret Law, executrix, and four children, of 303 Seventh Street. The estate includes property at 319 and 323 Seventh Street, valued at 40,000 and cash, $1,340.

VAN ALST, LILLIAN (Jan. 8, 1923)—Estate, gross $4,000, net $3,400; to widow, Robert Van Alst, executor, 329 East Second Street. The estate consists of an equity in the family home at 303 Second Street.

WHITEHOUSE, MARIETTA (April 1, 1923)—Estate, gross $12,223, net $11,161. Specific bequests are to Brooklyn N. E. Church and the American Red Cross, each $500; the Home of St. Giles for Crippled Children at Garden City, the Industrial Home for the Blind and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, each $1,000; Sheltering Arms Nursery and the Blind Babies' Home, each $500, and Miss Ida Stone, $500. The decedent directed her executor, Charles A. Williamson, 200 Lafayette Avenue, to sell all of her household effects, her pictures and jewelry, and to give the proceeds to named monthly pensioners of persons. Small bequests are given to grandchildren and to several friends. What is left is to be divided among Mary Whitehouse, Inc., and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities. The estate includes realty at Fifth Avenue and Bergen Street, sold to Helen M. Ide, and railway bonds, $8,737.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

	THE TIDES. Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.	THE SUN. Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
High water	11:51	11:54	11:48	12:03	1:03	1:06	5:06	7:34
Low water	5:25	6:09	5:51	6:18	7:38	8:09		

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Olympic	Southampton	Aug. 8
Minnekahda	Hamburg	Aug. 4
Westphalia	Hamburg	Aug. 2
Laconia	Hamburg	Aug. 4
Alcyria	San Juan	Aug. 8

DUE TODAY.

Ft. Hamilton	Bermuda	Aug. 14
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	Aug. 14
Elvira	St. Johns	Aug. 9
Presidente Wilson	Trieste	Aug. 1
Panama	Cristobal	Aug. 9
Flora	Cape Haiti	Aug. 9
Sixaola	Santa Marta	Aug. 7

DUE TOMORROW.

Aquitania	Southampton	Aug. 11

DUE TOMORROW.

Reliance	Hamburg	Aug. 5
Vondyck	Rio Janeiro	Aug. 14
Hannover	Bremen	Aug. 4

DUE SATURDAY.

Franes	Havre	Aug. 11
Mexico	Havana	Aug. 14
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	Aug. 6
Lapland	Antwerp	Aug. 8
Dante Alighieri	Naples	Aug. 4

DUE SUNDAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	Aug. 11
Caracas	Curacao	Aug. 11
Pres. Arthur	Southampton	Aug. 9
Ulua	Port Limon	Aug. 11

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steames.	From.	Date.
Belgam	Sierra Leone	July 28
West Carthon	Naples	July 27
Robin Hood	Boston	Aug. 14
Hamilton	Norfolk	Aug. 14
Ala	Philadelphia	Aug. 14
Whitdale	Colon	Aug. 9
City of Savannah	Savannah	Aug. 13
Domino	Port Tarafe	Aug. 6
El Siglo	New Orleans	Aug. 9

DUE TODAY.

Nuria	Naples	July 17
Canadian Spinner	Melbourne	June 19
Diana Dollar	Gibraltar	July 24
Schoodic	St. Thomas	Aug. 6
Superga	Malmglore	July 27
Sutton Hall	Manchester	Aug. 1
Archimedes	Liverpool	Aug. 6
Iowan	Los Angeles	July 27
Ocania	Gibraltar	Aug. 2

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Gibraltar	Gibraltar	July 31
Robin Adair	Wilmington	July 26
Santa Olivia	San Francisco	July 14

DUE TOMORROW.

Camaguey	Cienfuegos	Aug. 7
H. M. Storey	Colon	Aug. 9
Hiburnia	Cananova	Aug. 11
Kathlamba	Cardiff	Aug. 4
San Mateo	Bocas	Aug. 9
Walter Jennings	San Pedro	July 30

DUE SATURDAY.

Badagry	Accra	July 31
Idomeneus	Genoa	July 30
Herbonkson	Cork	Aug. 6
Malinicock	San Pedro	July 26
Sinsinawa	Genoa	July 27
Victorious	Colon	July 27

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Mongolia	Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, (Africa, West Asia specially addressed.)
Bereley	Accra	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M	Canaries, Senegal, (Other parts of West Africa specially addressed.)
Mount Clinton,	Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany (specially addressed).
	Cameronia, Glasgow		12:00 M.	No mails.
Stockholm,	Gothenburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Sweden, Denmark, Norway and Finland.
Yucatan,	Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan, Campeche, (Cuba, other parts Mexico specially addressed.)
Ponce,	San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Frader,	Nederlander, Paramaribo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti, (Curacao, Venezuela and Dutch Guiana specially addressed.)

SAIL TOMORROW.

Maraval,	Georgetown	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Sama,	Kingston	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, (Cuba specially addressed.)
Munargo,	Antilla	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua, Fortuna Islands, City of Antilla, (Other parts Cuba specially addressed.)

SAIL SATURDAY.

Leviathan,	Southampton	6:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Lithuania, Latvia and Esthonia specially addressed.)
Olympic,	Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed.)
Baltic,	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Irish Free State. (Other countries specially addressed).
Veendam,	Rotterdam	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed.)
Morristown,	Helsingfors	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Denmark and Finland (specially addressed), Italy.
Giulio Cesare,	Naples	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
Pennsic,	Shan	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Northern Europe, Germany and Poland.
Orbita,	Hamburg		1:00 P.M.	No mails.
Silvia,	St. John's	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Ft. Victoria,	Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Venezuela,	San Jose de Guatemala	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Ecuador. (Colombia and Honduras specially addressed.)
Orizaba,	Havana	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba, (specially addressed).
Zulia,	La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao and Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Edith,	San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico and Virgin Islands.
Essequibe,	Valparaiso	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Ecuador, Bolivia, Chile and Peru, except Iquitos.
Pastores,	Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Cuba, Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed.)
North American,				Turks Island. (Dominican Republic.)
Iroquois,	Barahona	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	
Southern Cross,		9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.
	Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay.
General Goethals,	Guayaquil	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haiti, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc, (Other parts Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama and Ecuador specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Hour.	Date.
Clan Mathieson	Auckland	Aug. 23	1:00 P.M.
Menominee	London	Aug. 23	6:00 A.M.
Marengo	Rotterdam	Aug. 23	10:00 A.M.
Montcalm	Antwerp	Aug. 23	10:00 A.M.
Worcester Castle	Manila	Aug. 20	6:00 A.M.
Endicott	Kobe	Aug. 23	10:00 A.M.
Sutton Hall	Adelaide	Aug. 23	10:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Hour.	Date.
City of Harvard	Calcutta	Aug. 23	3:00 A.M.
Bristol City	Bristol	Aug. 23	9:00 A.M.
Falls City	Hamburg	Aug. 23	1:00 P.M.
Mississippian	Liverpool	Aug. 24	11:00 A.M.
The Lambs	Batavia	Aug. 30	12:00 M.
African Prince,	Cape Town	Aug. 30	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
George Washington	Bremen	Aug. 10
West Humbaw	Dakar	Aug. 11
Lafayette	Havana	Aug. 12
Roman Prince	Spes	Aug. 15
Suffren	Havre	Aug. 11
Cabo Ortegal	Lisbon	Aug. 6
Martha Washington	Trieste	Aug. 10
New Brooklyn	Dakar	Aug. 12
Colombo	Naples	Aug. 11

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Homeric	Southampton	Aug. 15
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	Aug. 15
Mayo Mark	Colon	Aug. 14
Santa Cula	Colon	Aug. 14
Panama	Colon	Aug. 14

Steamer.	From.	Date.
J. McGee	Colon	Aug. 14
Perry City	Colon	Aug. 14
Vasari	Buenos Aires	Aug. 12
Nile	Singapore	Aug. 18
Langton Hall	Singapore	Aug. 15
Monsonia	Oran	Aug. 11
West Saginaw	St. Vincent	Aug. 12
Volundam	Rotterdam	Aug. 15
Delagoa Maru	Tientsin	Aug. 15
Sandon Hall	Colombo	Aug. 14
Hayo Maru	Marseilles	Aug. 12
City of Cambridge	Calcutta	Aug. 13
Dimmel	Port Said	Aug. 13
City of Lahore	Hull	Aug. 14
Skipsea	Barcelona	Aug. 11
Keystone	Algiers	Aug. 10

Reported by Radio

SS Aquitania (Cunard Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, Friday afternoon.

SS Lapland (Red Star Line), incoming from Antwerp, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 14, North River, Saturday forenoon.

SS Rotterdam (Holland-America Line), incoming from Rotterdam, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of 5th St., Hoboken, Saturday forenoon.

SS France (French Line), incoming from Havre, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of North Moore, Saturday forenoon.

SS Reliance (United American Line), steaming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 84, North River, Friday afternoon.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Station, New York, at 8 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco.	Taiyo Maru	Aug. 16
Hawaii, via San Francisco.	Maui	Aug. 17
Hawaii, Guam and prints and parcel-post mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco.	U. S. A. T. Grant	Aug. 17
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Straits Settlements, French Indo-china, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo and Sarawak; also prints and parcel-post mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; and parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements.	President Lincoln	Aug. 18
Philippine Islands (letter mail only), also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Canada	Aug. 18
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle.	Tenyo Maru	Aug. 19
Hawaii, via San Pedro, Cal.	Calawali	Aug. 20
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only), via Seattle.	Arizona Maru	Aug. 21
Hawaii, via San Francisco.	U. S. A. T. Cambral	Aug. 22
Hawaii, via Seattle.	Lurline	Aug. 23
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel-post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia; also letter mails for New Zealand will be forwarded at Honolulu for connection with S. S. Makura, due there Sept. 8.	Sonoma	Aug. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco.	Wilhelmina	Aug. 24
Japan, Korea and China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Malay States, Straits Settlements, Brunei, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel-post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements.	President McKinley	Aug. 25

Post Office Notices

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Auckland, July 23; Wellington, July 24, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Manganui, were dispatched east on Aug. 10, and mails dated Melbourne, July 24, Sydney, July 24, and Honolulu, Aug. 7, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east on Aug. 14.

The mails from the steamer Minnesota are due in New York on the afternoon of Thursday, Aug. 16, and those from the steamer Sonoma on the afternoon of Friday, Aug. 17.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Batavia, July 11; Saigon, July 20; Manila, July 21; Singapore, July 23; Canton, July 27; Hongkong, July 28; Shanghai, July 31, Vladivostok, Aug. 2, Yokohama, Aug. 7, which arrived per steamer Empress of Canada, were dispatched east from Seattle on Aug. 14 and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Aug. 18.

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THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD
Beautiful 113-mile daily motor tour up the Hudson to West Point, Sing Sing, Tarrytown, the Sleepy Hollow country, crossing the ferry at Garrison to West Point, ample time for lunch and a guide conducted visit, returning by the West Side over the wonderful Hudson River Boulevard. Finest All Day Tour in America, in luxurious 18-passenger pneumatic tired cars

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Daily, tours to Atlantic City, by steamer to Atlantic Highlands, Royal Blue Line Palace Sedan Cars 105 miles to Atlantic City. Great Ocean Shore Route. Distinctive, dependable sight-seeing. N. Y. Upstairs, Downstairs, over Manhattan Bridge to Brooklyn. Guide conducted tour to public buildings, tours to Coney Island and Chinatown.
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Take a Week's Vacation at Sea
SAIL in luxury and comfort over calm and sunny seas. Revive tired nerves and weary minds with the pleasant rest and bracing air of a short sea voyage.
Send for descriptive booklet giving details and points of interest.
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To England and the Continent
The Magnificent "France"
Wednesday, August 22nd
Sailing 2 P. M.
Splendid accommodations available.
Reduced Winter rates now in effect.
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Local French Line Agts. or Company's Offices
19 State Street, New York City
N.Y.—Plymouth—Havre—Paris
LAFAYETTE Sept. 1 Sept. 29, Nov. 10
PARIS Sept. 15 Oct. 3 Oct. 20
FRANCE Sept. 19 Oct. 16 Oct. 31
New York—Havre—Paris
Roussillon Aug. 30
Chicago Sept. 6 Oct. 13 Nov. 17
La Savoie Sept. 20 Oct. 27 Nov. 24
Rochambeau Sept. 27 Oct. 18 Dec. 8
Suffren Sept. 15 Nov. 5 Dec. 11
New York—Vigo (Spain)—Bordeaux
La Bourdonnais Sept. 15 Oct. 30 Dec. 11
Roussillon Oct. 6 Nov. 20 Jan. 1
NEW ORLEANS—VIGO—HAVRE
Niagara Sept. 8 Nov. 3 Jan. 11
De La Salle Oct. 16 Dec. 11

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Pythe famous "ROTTERDAM" of world-wide reputation leaving New York Feb. 6, 1924 under the personal management of the Holland America Line.
65 days of delightful diversion. Itinerary includes Madeira, Lisbon, Cadiz, Gibraltar, Algiers, Tunis, Naples, Athens, Constantinople, the Holy Land, Egypt, and the Riviera. Carefully planned Shore Excursions, stop-over in Europe.
Cruise limited to 500 guests. Cost of cruise $825 up.
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Three Services
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East Bound
LEVIATHAN Aug. 18 Sept. 8 Sept. 29
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Sailings from Piers 2 and 4, Hoboken
To Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg
PRES. HARDING Aug. 24 Sept. 22
PRES. ARTHUR Aug. 28 Oct. 2
PRES. WASHINGTON Sept. 1 Oct. 6
AMERICA Sept. 11 Oct. 13
PRES. ROOSEVELT Sept. 15 Oct. 23
PRES. FILLMORE Sept. 18
Sailings from Piers 2 and 4, Hoboken
To London via Plymouth and Cherbourg
PRES. VAN BUREN Aug. 25 Sept. 29
PRES. POLK Aug. 29 Oct. 3
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South America from New York on American 535's
Oil-burners; 21,000 displacement tons. Modern Passenger Ships to Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Buenos Aires.
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*AMERICAN LEGION Sept. 1 Oct. 27
SAN AMERICA Sept. 15 Nov. 10
WESTERN WORLD Sept. 29 Nov. 24
[*Stops at Santos, Southbound]
Fortnightly thereafter
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South America
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Panama—Peru—Chile
For complete travel comfort sail on the palatial "S" steamers, 14,350 tons displacement, the largest and most luxurious ships to Peru and Chile.
CALLAO ..... Aug. 18
EBRO ..... Sept. 15
Special Reduced Rates for Round South America Tours
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THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
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To SWEDEN
In 9 Days On large, modern, comfortable steamers. Excellent cuisine. Make your 1923 European Trip via SWEDISH-AMERICAN LINE and stop over at the
TERCENTENNIAL EXPOSITION
in GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN
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Drottningholm ..... Sept. 3 Sept. 22 Nov. 1
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Joint Service with
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EUROPE
ENGLAND FRANCE GERMANY
To Cherbourg, Southampton, Hamburg
Reliance - - - Aug. 21
RESOLUTE ..... Sept. 4 Oct. 2
RELIANCE ..... Sept. 18 Oct. 16
To Hamburg via Southampton
ALBERT BALLIN Sept. 6 Oct. 18
To Hamburg Direct—Cabin Ships
WESTPHALIA ..... Aug. 23 Oct. 4
MOUNT CLAY ..... Aug. 30 Oct. 11
THURINGIA ..... Sept. 13 Oct. 25
HANSA ..... Sept. 20 Nov. 1
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Largest and Finest Modern Liner
ORBELIA CESAREA ..... Aug. 25 Sept. 29
TRAVE ..... Sept. 8 Oct. 13
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Two of the Largest and Finest Steamer of the visiting Scientific Cruise
Direct Mediterranean Service
NEW YORK-GENOA-NAPLES
S. S. Conte Biancamano Sept. 8 Sept. 22
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LARGEST AND FASTEST MEDITERRANEAN CRUISERS
TO NAPLES AND GENOA
AUG. 30 SEPT. 15 OCT. 3
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PERU AND CHILE
VIA PANAMA CANAL
17 DAYS NEW YORK TO VALPARAISO
Sailings from New York to Valparaiso
PENO ..... Aug. 31
ACONCAGUA ..... Sept. 28
(First and Third Class)
Offering Accommodations heretofore found only on the large Transatlantic Steamers. Spacious Social Halls; Gymnasium, Private Decks; Lofty Dining Rooms; Comfortable Staterooms and 2 Verandah Cafe. Excellent cuisine.
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Large, Fast, Steadily Comfortable Steamers. Spacious Staterooms and Promenade and Promenade Decks.
Unsecelled Cuisine.
Daily Concerts.
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Daily Service 2 Hours
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For Passenger Rates & Sailings apply to
Scandinavian American Line
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Compare the through fares, plus sleeping car rates and cost of meals on the journey, and you will be convinced that the lowest total cost and most comfortable route is offered by
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Shortest Rail Ride
From New York
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Cool ocean breezes, ample deck spaces and comfortable social halls. Oil burning steamers famous for high standards of service and wide range of stateroom accommodations.
Fast through passenger and Freight Service to all points in Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, and Pacific Coast.
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ROYAL MAIL
"The Comfort Route"
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Cherbourg, Southampton, Hamburg
ORBITA, AUG. 18th, 1 P. M.
Oran, 11 A. M. ..... Aug. 25 Oct. 6 Nov. 16
Orduna, 2 P. M. ..... Sept. 1 Oct. 13 Nov. 17
Otho, 1 P. M. ..... Sept. 15 Oct. 20 Nov. 24
Orbita, 10 A. M. ..... Sept. 22 Oct. 27 Dec. 19
All Sailings Daylight Saving Time.
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BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required. *Rate 15 cents per word.*

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, executive, broad experience, will invest several thousand with services in thoroughly established business. American, 42, B., Box 26, Nyack, N. Y.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTY having fully equipped ace manufacturing plant including sixteen Knitting Rand machines will either consider party with working capital to obtain equal interest or will consider sale, taking back mortgage for substantial part of purchase price. L 859 Times Annex.

GOING retail specialty shop in town of 600,000 within 200 miles of New York, now doing $100,000 annual in 100% location, needs additional capital to increase volume; will consider party with $10,000 to $15,000, active or inactive. Z 3479 Times Annex.

BUSINESS associate wanted, insurance experience preferred, to join established corporation as officer, executive and stockholder; legitimate; any investigation; $2,000 to $5,000 required. X 2236 Times Annex.

ACTIVE partner with $3,000 wanted by long established auto painting, trimming and repair concern; manufacturing auto accessory. M 41 Times.

WANTED, a man with $5,000-$10,000 to join us in a legitimate business; small plant, now equipped and ready to go ahead; big profits for right man. P 532 Times.

PRODUCER has New York musical comedy proposition; excellent prospects for big success; needs additional capital. A 62 Times.

ACTIVE partner with office experience wanted in very profitable wholesale import business, importing raw products; necessary capital, $10,000. G 45 Times.

LOAN wanted for business proposition; no collateral but interest in business; principals only. C 466 Times.

FINANCING AND LOANS.

LOANS TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS, CAR REMAINING IN YOUR POSSESSION. LOANS GRANTED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. EEKELESS SALES CORPORATION, 136 WEST 52D, CIRCLE 5743.

CASH CASH CASH
Immediately on accounts or other good collateral; confidential. Aetna Finance, 68 West 53d.

CASH on accounts, rents, mortgages, marketable stocks, bonds, other collateral. Davies (25 years' experience), 27 William St. Broad 4946.

LOANS on outstanding accounts, notes, acceptances, merchandise and other collateral; liberal terms, lowest rates. Standard Trading Co., 401 Broadway, Canal 1865.

LOANS on machinery, printing plants, real estate mortgages, &c. Wlodaver, 175 5th Av. Ashland 7337-7338.

CONFIDENTIAL loans easily arranged; second mortgages, outstanding accounts, automobiles. Suite 700, 3 West 29th.

AUTOMOBILE OWNERS obtain loans while using car; quick answers; confidential. Bryant 2260.

AUTOMOBILE loans made quickly and confidentially, lowest rates; representative calls Longacre 5138.

UNLISTED securities accepted as collateral on loans. Z 2861 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

FUR department to lease in one of our client's stores, which has been undergoing a rapid expansion during the last year; a splendid opportunity for the proper party. For details communicate by letter with Alfred Fanti, 120 West 32d St., New York.
P. S.—The right sort of a fur buyer might also be of interest to us if he or she would be willing to start at a fair salary and grow with the business; we would only be interested in a person who understands the business thoroughly from the retail viewpoint.

WANTED—Fiscal agent with organization of trained security salesmen, who have had experience and a record of successful sales, by a corporation in need of financing which can stand rigid investigation and has satisfied list of stockholders; this is not a promotion but an expansion; references of highest class expected and exchanged; write for an appointment. T 408 Times.

WE publish weekly bulletin listing new foreign specialties and processes in all lines for which American manufacturing rights or exclusive selling agency are open; subscription $25 per quarter; exclusive items coming from our own correspondents throughout world. If interested, address box 34, Station F, New York.

DECORATIVE art goods manufacturer's representative, with large, finely located showrooms, desires to make connections on divided expense or commission basis with manufacturers of lamps, shades, lighting fixtures, pottery, glass or allied lines who desire New York showrooms and representation. F 538 Times.

A FINE opportunity is open to a lady of good education and refinement, who is in a position to take a financial interest in a fast growing concern in the social and commercial engraving and printing business, with one of the finest stores in the best location in New York City. M 502 Times.

MANUFACTURERS having "specials" to offer can be placed in immediate touch with 20,000 buyers located in every State of the country; nominal charge; orders and inquiries come direct to you. Mailo Service, 119 East 28th.

WORTH SALES CORPORATION, Praetorian Building, Dallas, Texas, seeks silk line and cotton goods line on commission basis; we cover all important cities in Texas and Oklahoma; only well-known firms need communicate.

YOU DO WANT A BUSINESS of your own! $125 upward invested in a universally used article will establish you; substantial profits, both wholesale and retail; call and let us prove it. PERRY & SCHOYER, 1008 Knickerbocker Building.

SALESMEN—Good producers can have own business; small investment, large profits, can make arrange over-writing proposition. Ask for Mr. Hall, Room 1010-A, Knickerbocker Building. Telephone Bryant 0041.

ACCOUNTANT wishes to purchase practice of retiring accountant; will invest on partnership basis. 17 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

AN OPPORTUNITY is offered to a young man of good education and standing to associate himself with a high-grade business systems manufacturing house. M 502 Times.

PACIFIC Coast representations desired by salesman, 28, with proven record. Harry E. Smith, Ernest Smith & Co., 20 Broad St. Rector 0081.

INSURANCE executive, 28, present head department large corporation, seeks similar connection; can invest if necessary. F 541 Times.

CHICAGO manufacturers' agent wants good lines for factories. 902 Hunter Building, Chicago.

EXCLUSIVE territories open for rapid selling article; small investment necessary. Call Room 504, 311 5th Av., New York.

INVEST $250 in merchandise to start business for yourself; large earnings. Telephone Bryant 0041. Ask for Mr. Malin.

SOUTH AMERICA! Mail your commercial propositions to C. T. Holm, Casilla Correo, 1336, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

SALES ENGINEER (technical) returning England wants agency commissions. M 426 Times Downtown.

MAIL ORDER NEWS, 500 5th Av., explains small order business; 25 cents copy.

FOR SALE.

CANDY, ice cream parlor, lunch room, doing good business; best location; sacrifice first buyer; long lease. Box 119, 279 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

MODERN ornamental iron plant in complete working order, together with good-will of high-class business; will sell reasonable to competent parties. F 552 Times.

DELICATESSEN-Restaurant in Coney Island, all-year-round proposition, health is calling; sacrifice to quick buyer. Bernard Nilsen Realty, Inc., 30 East 42d.

WELL-KNOWN confectionery shop; exceptional all year round seashore resort; large profits; $10,000 cash, balance easy terms. L 7, 173 Times.

CIGAR STORE—Annual receipts $30,000; rent reasonable; stock and fixtures, cash, $6,500. 942 Broadway.

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SMALL broad silk plant, heart of New York, low rent, 5 years' lease, 43 West 21st St., 2d floor.

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STATIONERY and cigar store, established 30 years, 86 Bertle Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

OWING to the death of a member of an old established woolen jobbing business and for the purpose of liquidating the partnership, the executors of the estate of the deceased member offer for sale all the assets of the partnership and the good will of the said business, and will also offer the said premises for private sale or lease, any one who may be interested in the same, kindly treat with the utmost confidence. Apply to X 2261 Times Annex.

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EDWARD J. MAIER & CO., INC.,
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We Find Factories For You.

GARAGE, Cristobal Parkway section; 30,000 square feet; to be constructed; lease; security only.
EDWARD J. MAIER & CO., INC.,
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ACCOUNT partnership disagreement will sacrifice 28-year established hardware business, central Brooklyn location; fine lease; no reasonable offer refused. T 850 Times Downtown.

WANTED, party to buy interest in metal belt mfg. co., Danbury, Conn.; factory operating with plenty of orders; owner's activities fully on factory. Factory superintendent, W. W. Ferguson, Danbury, Conn.

OWNER retiring from business life will sell established retail buying or shopping agency; annual net sales $165,000; exceptional opportunity for man and wife or two women. Investigate, M 561 Times.

BOYS' CAMP, successfully operating; considerable profit this year; desirable party to buy out partner; phone Franklin 4688, ask for L. S. A 48 Times.

MUSIC store, excellent location, New York; moderate rental; well established; complete stock; wonderful opportunity to get in for Fall season. B 1165 Times Harlem.

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CONFIDENTIAL INVESTIGATIONS—Expert specialist in solving important personal and business problems of a delicate and intricate nature; acts in an advisory capacity and as confidential emissary; broad secret service experience; unquestionable credentials from prominent bankers, large corporations and high U. S. Government officials; commissions solicited exclusively from those who are able and willing to pay for an absolutely dependable and highly specialized service; consultation by appointment only. MORGAN BRADFORD JR., HOTEL CHATHAM, EAST 48TH ST. AT VANDERBILT AV. PHONE VANDERBILT 4900.

QUICK PRINTING—Small or large orders; fine work; low prices. CALL'S, 500 6th Av. (22d-24th). Gramercy 1010.

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ARE your sales letters producing results? We write result-getting letters; $5. Esser Advertising Co., 1,170 Broadway.

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RETAIL Millinery Opportunity—One of our clients, a smart specialty shop in the 40s, with fine trade, will rent millinery privileges to a live-wire millinery woman; must have a good clientele; exceptional opportunity. Please do not call or phone; write, give full particulars and experience; your letter will receive instant attention. T. L. McCready Complete Advertising Service, 18 East 41st.

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DOWN QUILTS RE-COVERED
25 YEARS OF SATISFACTORY SERVICE.
Specialty manufacturers of Bed Quilts Extraordinary for Homes of Taste and Refinement. Quilts called for, Re-covered and Returned in 3 days. Samples on request.
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Between 33d and 34th Sts.

BETTER QUALITY of FURNITURE
For Bedroom, Dining Room and Living Room, direct from the Manufacturers and Wholesalers' Warerooms to you. A service to consumer that is appreciated.
H. C. MEYERS, 18 E. 8th, Caledonia 4369.

3 PC. MOHAIR LIVING ROOM SUITE $198
FREE CRETONNE SLIP COVERS FREE. Custom Built, Choice of Coverings & Frames. Being Manufacturers Saves You Half.
STEIN FURNITURE COMPANY.
85 E. 125th St., n'r. B'way. Stuy. 1760

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CLOSING OUT AT RETAIL, ODD LOTS and salesmen's samples Linens
AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES
R. Seymour Co., Inc., 33 W. 34th, 10th floor

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ODD LOTS and SALESMEN'S SAMPLES of
BED AND TABLE LINENS
At Very Reasonable Prices
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WHY PAY MORE?
Cleaning $1
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New Crystal .25c
These prices include labor.
One year written guarantee.
LUGERNER & SON,
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30 years of scientific watch repairing guarantees absolute satisfaction

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Elementary and Kindergarten departments for boys and girls 3 to 12 years under guidance of experienced teachers. All-day activities. Hot lunches served. Pupils now being enrolled.
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New York School of Secretaries,
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HIGHLANDS RANCH, Box 9, Tarrytown-on-Hudson, N. Y. Individual training for boys; 2 hours motor from N. Y.; 1 hour from Albany; vocational principles; large playground; swimming pool; tennis; riding; all sports. H. Lehman, Tel. Tarrytown 1265.

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Blue Suits

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were $60, $55 and $50

The suits themselves offer the best argument for wanting one, being styled and tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx, which means they are Blue Serge Suits at their best. But see them today!

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Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits
in a Clearance at
$19.50

This Clearance only at our Two Broadway Stores

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3d Ave., cor. 122d

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Two-year course, including five college freshman subjects for students not desiring college, but wishing a cultural as well as business education.
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STANDS for the ideals of Theodore Roosevelt—robust health, clear thinking, broad culture. Physical and scholastic training for future leadership. Progressive curriculum, able tutors, supervised recreation. Forestry. Twenty-three acres. Athletic Field. Modern sunny buildings. Gymnasium, swimming pool, shower baths, recreation room, study hall.

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Senior and Junior Schools. Academic Term commences September 26th. Enrollments now being received. For further particulars and descriptive booklet write to John T. Carrington, Headmaster, ROOSEVELT MILITARY ACADEMY, West Englewood, N. J. Telephone 2363 Hackensack.
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EPISCOPAL BOARDING SCHOOL
For Boys
Grades 5 to 8 and Coll. Prep.
Fall Term begins Sept. 26.
Open to Visitors daily
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For Boys and Girls From Nursery through Junior High School
Write for booklet.

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Preparing for Qualifying Certificates and College entrance. Send for booklet.
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The one hundred and tenth year begins September 26th. Address
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20th Summer term for Fall college entrance examinations, Aug. 1 to Sept. 15.

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Founded 1893. Has fitted 1,000 boys for college. Write for catalogue.

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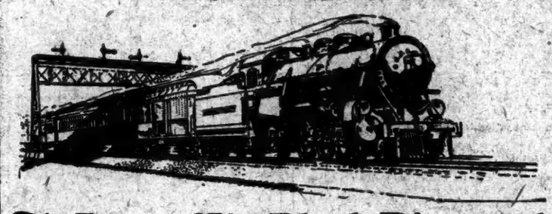

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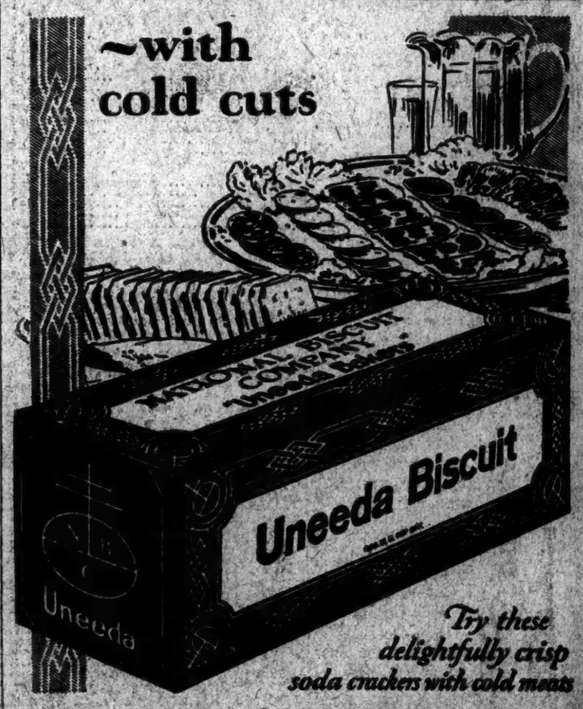

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